



THE RELING PRICES: AUSTRIA Sch 15: BELGIUM Fr 25; DEMMARK Kr 3.5; FRANCE Fr 3.5; GERMANY DM 20; ITALY L 600; NETHERLANDS FI 2.0; NORWAY Kr 3.5; PORTUGAL Esc 25; SPAIN Phs 50; SWEDEN Kr 3.25; SWITZERLAND Fr 2.0; EIRE 200

Belgian

close to

low limit

franc

NEWS SUMMARY

BUSINESS

la jur facing Brighton storm

The Labour Party's animal conference in Brighton looks set to face precisely the kind of internal symbole which Mr. James Callaghan, the party leader, has been trying to avoid stace his General Election de-

Many of the 387 resolutions submitted to conference are highly critical of the Parliamenhighly unliked of the Parliamentary leadership and contain proposals for clieping the powers of the party leadership.

All the causes which Mr. Aprilians Wedgwood Benn has been pushing in his position as member of the party's
National Executive Committee
are down on the list for discussion. Back Page

Lebanon raid

Israeli sircraft raided Lebanesa coastal villages south of Beirut. First reports said that 18 people were killed and 65 wounded.

Still on fire

And the last

The naphtha laden tanker Arlantic Express was still ablaze at sea but the oil sticks left after its collision last week with the tanker Aegean Captain pose no immediate threat to Caribbean beaches, according to coastguard officials.

Pope's visit

The Rev. Ian Psisley, leader of Ulster's Democratic Unionists. said he was launching a campaign to resist any attempt to bring Pope John Path II to Northern Ireland during his visit to Ireland in September.

Nicaragua toll

About 40,000 Niceraguans were killed in 52 days of agricing by Sandinists guerrillas to mail. General Anastasio Somoza, said a member of the new Govern

Massacre claim

Vietnamese soldiers massacre 85 refugees from Victnam 45 of them children when their boat ran aground on one of the Sprailey Islands in the South China Sea, said Philippine military officials. Back Page

Royal Oak move

A team of British Sub-Aqua Company profit Club and Royal Navy divers is to film the wreak of the 20,000 ton battleship HMS Royal Oak Squeeze feared torpedoed at Scapa Fibw 49 FALL IN OUTPUT over years ago with the loss of 883 PERIL IN OUTPUT over years ago with the loss of 883 PERIL IN OUTPUT over

Easing controls

Proposals for abolishing/or easing a wide rauge of central government controls over local authorities are expected in be announced by the Government this week. Page 4

Gift endorsed

Members of the League Against Cruel Sports voted in favour of their executive committee's controversial £80,000 giff to the Labour Party, made during the

General Election campaign. Briefly ... One man died and six other

people were taken to hospital after a fire in an old people's home in Bristol

Sixteen buses, worth a total of 1750,000, were destroyed in a fire at a bus depot in Durham

Two men and a woman, convicted of sexual crimes, were executed in Tehran.

Britain's Barry Sheene scored his fifth successive friumph in the Swedish motor cycle Grand Prix at Karlskoga.

won the Tour de France cycle year, sprinting to a final stage and broadcasting staff over a victory on the Champs Elysees. wage claim. Page 5 face for the second successive

space and shipbuilding are expected British Aerospace, but will move in the Commons this afternoon. The more cautiously on British Ship-Government is likely to follow last builders, where union opposition to

By MICHAEL DONNE, AEROSPACE CORRESPONDENT

sharply within the European Monetary System on Friday, coming close to its instimum permitted divergence limit against the European Carrency Commons today.

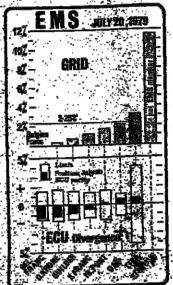
Siddeley £322m.

Unit.

On Friday all members of the EMS lest ground against the dollar following the rise in the U.S. discount rate. The D mark remained the second strongest member of the EMS behind the Italian lira

Earlier in the week the Belgian franc was quite firm, and was well above its lowest permitted limit against the German currency. This may have encouraged the Belgian National Bank to leave its discount and Lombard rates unchanged this week, despite expectations to the contrary.

the contrary.



constraints on exchange rates within the European Monetary System, the grid of cross rates from which no currency (except the live) may move more than 21 per cent; and the constraints of the live which each problem of the live of the purying degrees by which each central frate against the PUBLIC SECTOR borrowing \$8.5bn in European Currency Unit (ECU), itself a basket of Euro-pean currencies. The "grid" is also shown by reference to Unit the beakest currency in the eystem, which is the base line in the top chart.

Company profits

FALL IN OUTPUT over the next 18 months, with a sharp rise in unemployment and s severe squeeze on company profits, are predicted by the London Business School's Centre for Economic Forecasting. Page

• CONSUMER CONFIDENCE has not shown any sign of re-covery following the sharp decline after last month's Budget, according to the Finan-cial Times survey. Page 18

 MAIL ORDER companies will find it increasingly difficult to continue to raise their retail sales, about 8 per cent of nonfood purchases, as competition intensifies, reports a broker. Page 14

BRITISH AIRWAYS is fight ing to retain its monopoly of the London-Bong Kong route in the face of rival applications from British Caledonian, Laker and Cathay Pacific. Page 3

• HOME MARKET orders for engineering products fell to the lowest level for two years in the January-April period, says the latest official trend estimates. Page 4

• INDEPENDENT TELE Frenchman Bernard Hinault VISION programmes could be disrupted today because of industrial action by electricians

CONTENTS -

British industry: Now feel- Management: Status ing the squeeze 12 engineers in Ireland ... 11 Third airport: Unloved but Editorial comment: much needed 13 Carter under siege;

8 Survey: Property ... inset

man's Dry.

Unit Trusts World Econ. Ind.... World Trade INTERIM STATEMENT ANNUAL STATEMENT
Chemberian and Hill
PROSPECTUSES
Schrisch Agri Secs
Union Bank of
Switzerland

For latest Share-lader phone 01-246 8026

week's precedent on British Airways such a step has been strong.

Major policy statements on aero- and allow a public equity interest in

British Aerospace shares sale likely

British Aerospace group is expected to be made in the It will cover the future

capital structure and financing of the corporation, formed by the nationalisation of British Aircraft Corporation, Hawker Aviation, Hawker Siddeley Dynamics and Scottish It has assets of

The Government's plan is expected to take two main

It is thought likely to offer for sale to the public a substantial minority of the shares, along the same lines as proposed for the State airline, British Airways. It is also expected to require

A GOVERNMENT statement on the group in future to borrow money on the open capital British Aerospace group is market to help finance its new civil programmes, rather than continue to seek Government cash support. Military programmes will continue to be Government supported.

The latter decision will mean that British Aerospace in future will operate on the same terms as its major rivals in the U.S., such as Boeing and McDonnell Douglas, who have to borrow money from banks and other institutions to finance new civil programmes where they do not have expectations to some still programmes where they do not have expectations of their have sufficient resources of their

The aim will be to make
British Aerospace, while still
majority Government-owned,
more competitive in the civil

intend to dismember the group, by selling off parts of it as going concerns to other companies. British Aerospace has a number of major civil pro-grammes in prospect or under way. In addition to the Government-financed participation in the European Airbus programme, it is spending its own internally-generated cash to develop new versions of the Jet-stream commuter-liner and BAe

125 executive jet. It is also developing the BA6
146 four-engined feeder-liner
which is expected to cost over
£200m in the years ahead, and has to consider what to do to replace or redevelop the now ageing One-Eleven airliner

Editorial Comment Page 12

Shipyard closures expected

BY IAN HARGREAVES, SHIPPING CORRESPONDENT

FURTHER yard closures and early sale of the healthy parts of subsidies and tapering cash heavy redundancies in Britain's British Shipbuilders during a limits.

British Shipbuilders during a limits.

Mr. Adam Butler, the Industry period when merchant yards certain to result from a Govern-ment statement on shipbuilding

The Government, which is under pressure to put up for sale British Shipbuilders' profitable warship yards and one of its repair yards, is likely to stall mitments. on the question of denationalisa-

are severely contracting would be too provocative towards the industry's trade unions. A repetition of the general commitment to offer shipyards

expected, but no specific com-

on. will concentrate on financial Ministers consider that the matters, proposing reduced

building, has already cleared the important hurdle of winning European Commission accept-ance for the Government's shipback to the private sector is

building package. He visited Mr. Raymond Vouel, the EEC competition The shipbuilding statement commissioner, at the end of last ill concentrate on financial week and assured him that the Continued on Back Page

Warning on borrowing as Cabinet considers cuts

BY PETER RIDDELL, ECONOMICS CORRESPONDENT

School-London Business differences between the Treasury and the spending minis-ters over the level of public expenditure in 1980-81.

Some spending ministers are concerned that after the large cuts amounced in the Budget for this year, a further squeeze on the public sector will mean a sharp rite in council house rests, in school meal prices and in other public sector charges as well as a reduction in the standard of services.

Some ministers are also worried about the implications for unemployment of the cuts at time of world recession. But the Treasury Ministers apparently have the support of Mrs. Thatcher and the volume of spending looks likely to be held to within £500m—£1bn of this year's expected level.

In its latest Economic Outtook, the Business School fore-casts a rise in borrowing from the Labour Government, how-

could rise sharply next year year to £10.9bn in 1980-81, unless further fiscal action is mainly as a result of the extaken. This forecast—from the pected recession in the next 18 months. This is on the assumpcomes on the day the Cabinet tion that the volume of public meets in an attempt to resolve spending rises by about 2 per cent next year.

The Business School, however, says the rise should not cause concern since it reflects the operation of built-in stabilisers in the economy and does not represent a deterioration in the underlying position.

This projection is much higher than the estimate commonly assumed to date in the City. It is bound to strengthen the hands of Ministers arguing for a significant reduction in spending below previously planned levels to curb monetary, growth and to allow further

large tax cuts. The expenditure argument is essentially about whether the volume of spending next year should be slightly higher or lower than the level expected

in 1979-80. The cut from the level of spending originally planned by

financial ever, might be very largeabout 5 per cent of the total or £3.5bn.£4bn.

This is because last January's Labour White Paper proposed a rise in the volume of spending 2 per cent both this year and 1980-81. The Budget cuts have meant that spending for current financial year should be roughly the same in real terms as in 1978-79.

Therefore, in order to keep spending in 1980-81 at around this year's level there would have to be a reduction of 5 per cent in previous plans.

In addition, Mr. John Biffen, the Chief Secretary, asked spending ministers to prepare plans on the basis of a 71 per cent reduction equivalent to about 2-21 per cent of £1.5bn below this year's level. The hope is still that the

Cabinet will agree by the end of this week on the overall totals of spending in 1980-81 with final details to be resolved in the early autumn. The annual White Paper is likely to be published before

Doubt over £50m microchip factory planned for Scotland

been in the past few years.

BY MAX WILKINSON

PLANS TO build the world's largest microelectronics factory in Scotland have been thrown into doubt by the Government's review of its support policy for the industry.

The proposed £50m factoryplanned by National Semiconductor of California, the world's density computer memory comthird largest producer of micro-electronics circuits—is dependent upon receiving about £7m It will also make micro-from the Department of computers using silicon wafers Industry's microelectronics in of four inches diameter—75 per dustry support programme, cent larger than those used in established with £70m by the many parts of the industry.

last Government. However, Mrs. Margaret Thatcher, the Prime Minister, last week called for a thorough review of the scheme with a view to saving public expendi-

Before this review, National's plans had been agreed in detail with Department officials and with the Scottish Development Agency. It is understood that Sir Keith Joseph, the Industry Secretary, had also agreed to

give the go-ahead. The Department was anxious to attract National's investment, regarded as being of great strategic importance in the development of Europe's semiconductor

The factory is planned for Greenock where National already operates a smaller semi-Three joint venture agreements in France followed, between Motorola and Thomson CSF, between National and St. conductor manufacturing plant. Gobain Pont a Mousson, and between Matra and the U.S. National plans to use the most modern techniques of metal company Harris. oxide semiconductor manufacture, probably making high A sixth new venture in Europe was announced recently by Mostek of Dallas, Texas,

ponents including the 64,000element random access memory. Ireland.

The new plant would be a direct competitor of INMOS, the National Enterprise Board's heavily. microcircuit venture funded with £50m. It is building its first production plant in Colorado, U.S., but intends later to build a factory in the UK.

National will also be in competition with a jointly-owned factory which the General Electric Company and Fairehild of California are to build in Lancashire. National's venture is the seventh major semiconductor operation to be announced in

GEC-Fairchild venture.

include this item. Support of £7m has already been agreed for the GEC Fairchild venture, and the indications are that INMOS will be allowed to continue because Europe since last summer. The about £25m of public money has first was the formation of been committed and it will be INMOS, followed closely by the too expensive to close down.

port programme, which

defends **Cabinet** changes By David Buchan in Washington

Carter

PRESIDENT CARTER and his new Chief of Staff, Mr. Hamilton Jordan, launched a public relations campaign at the weekend to counter adverse Press and Congressional reaction to last week's Cabinet shake-up in which five Cabinet Secretaries resigned or were

fired. Mr. Carter admitted the depth of criticism might check briefly the new momentum which followed his energy address a week ago. That speech raised sharply the President's opinion

poll standing. Mr. Carter called selected reporters to his office on Saturday, and justified the Cabinet changes as producing a stronger and more loyal administration team, better able to present policies to Congress, which he hoped would pass several new energy measures before it recesses next month. But Congress—whose time-table will be further loaded with the task of confirming new Cabinet appointees—and the Press were still preoccupied with the reshuffle. None disputed the President's right to and fire, but many regarded the process as need lessly clumsy,and damaging to foreign confidence in Mr. Carter's leadership and thus the U.S. dollar.

Tactician

Mr. Jordan, at only 34 the key tacticism in Mr. Carter's re-election bid, urged the country in a television interview vesterday to pass over the Cabinet shake-up—which he said was of interest only to the said was of interest only to the Washington Press corps—and on to supporting the Administration's policy initiatives.

Democrats have generally taken more kindly to Mr. Carter's re-ordering of his Cabinet than have Republicans, several of whom suggested the

several of whom suggested the President had taken leave of his

not to isolate himself further powers in the 1979 constitution. the Householder with his group of Georgian So far the Bishop has refused not readvisers. Re-election depended to make any such constitutional autumn. on policy successes, not p ality changes, he said. Not all Presidential advisers

are confident that Mr. Carter, with new energy policies and a new Cabinet, will enjoy a second political honeymoon with Congress and the public. Mr. Robert Strauss, the President's Special Trade Representative, who has publicly Continued on Back Page Editorial Comment Page 12

Muzorewa's majority threatened

BY TONY HAWKINS IN SALISBURY

will come under intense pres-sure in the Zimbahwe-Rhodesia Parliament this week to show that there has really been a change of government since he came to power Moves already afoot as the Parliament prepares

to recognise Bishop Muzorewa's Government. His remarks were made shortly before the Queen and the Duke of Edinburgh left

Mrs. Margaret Thatcher, the Prime Minister, will open the debate on Rhodesia in the House of Commons on Wednesday.

Warning A warning to Bishop Muzorewa came yesterday when a spokesman for the Zim-babwe African National Union, led by Mr. Ndabaningi Sithole, said his party might take up its, 12 Parliamentary seats and

form an anti-Muzorewa alliance with Mr. James Chikerema and the seven Zimbabwe Demo-cratic Party (ZDP) MPs. If this were to happen, Bishop Muzorewa would lose his overall majority in Parliament.

If the Zanu men, who hither-to have boycotted Parliament,

saying voting in the April elec-tions was rigged against them, were to take up their seats, a Zanu/ZDP alliance would have 19 Parliamentary seats against 44 for the Bishop and 37 for the Bishop's two coalition partners

Mr. Iaa Smith's Rhodesia

Front (28 seats) and Chief

Ndiweni's United National

Federal Party (nine seats).

President had taken leave of his senses or that he should renounce a second term.

But Senator Robert Byrd, the Democratic leader in the Senate, warned the President not to Isolate himself further with his group of Georgian majority is secure so long as

Conference if the British Govreturn for changes to the consti-

Yesterday a leading white African leaders since becoming liberal politician — Mr. Nick Leader of the Opposition and McNally, leader of the tiny may well take Mrs. Thatcher to minority National Unifying Force—called on the Bishop to Labour may decide again drop Mr. Smith and his Rhode pushing the matter to a vote.

BISHOP ABEL MUZOREWA sian Front colleagues from the coalition Cabinet. The country needed a complete break with the past, he said, and it was no good having Mr. Smith in the cabinet "clutching the Bishop

by the throat." Meanwhile there has been a muted reaction to the Bishop's amnesty call and his promise to to open its new session tomorrow suggest that the Bishop's amnesty call and his promise to majority could be in danger.

Over the weekend, President Julius Nyerere of Tanzania threatened to withdraw from the Commonwealth if Britain were to recognize Richan Muzorawa's The plan is seen as an effort.

The plan is seen as an effort to stem the flow of whites from the country which was averag-ing 1,100 monthly in the first

five months of this year. The amnesty call was felt to have got away to a poor start, having been launched only 24 hours after Rhodesian military headquarters confirmed that they had been forced to kill 183 so-called auxiliaries (former so-called auxiliaries (former guerrillas) in a "regrouping" exercise. Most of the auxiliaries killed were supporters of the Sithole Zanu Party and there is concern here that relations between Mr. Sithole and the Bishop will deteriorate sharply. The main business to be discussed in the second session of the new Zimbahwe-Rhodesia

the new Zimbabwe-Rhodesia Parliament will be the country's 1979 Budget.

Proposed

Elinor Goodman adds: In the Commons debate on Wednesday the Government is not expected to go into detail about its promised new proposal for Rhodesia, preferring to keep its hands free for the Commonwealth Conference next week But the Opposition may well try to use the debate to explain

its policies in more detail. In particular Labour may well The Bishop's Parliamentary spell out the circumstances in which no British Government

So far the Bishop has refused not renew sanctions this Mr. James Callaghan, the tion that this attitude might former Prime Minister, has soften after the Commonwealth made it clear that he is concerned about the way Mrs. ernment offers recognition in Thatcher seems to be approaching the Rhodesia situation. He has kept in contact with some task during the debate. But

Labour may decide against



TENDERS MUST BE LODGED NOT LATER THAN 10.00 A.M. ON WEDNESDAY. 25TH JULY 1978 AT THE BANK OF ENGLAND, NEW ISSUES, WATLING STREET, LONDON, ECAM SAA OR NOT LATER THAN 3.30 P.M. ON TUESDAY, 24TH JULY 1978 AT ANY OF THE BRANCHES OF THE BANK OF ENGLAND OR AT THE GLASGOW AGENCY OF THE BANK OF ENGLAND. TENDERS MUST BE IN SEALED ENVELOPES MARKED "TREASURY TENDER".

ISSUE BY TENDER OF £1,500,000,000

113 per cent TREASURY STOCK, 2003-2007

MINIMUM TENDER PRICE £96.50 PER CENT

PAYABLE AS FOLLOWS

Deposit with tender On Monday, 20th August 1979 £40.00 per cent On Thursday, 6th September 1979 Balance of purchase money INTEREST PAYABLE HALF-YEARLY ON 22nd JANUARY AND 22nd JULY

This Stock is an invostment falling within Part II of the First Schedula to Trustee Investments Act 1961. Application has been made to the Council The Stock Exchange for the Stock to be admitted to the Official List. THE GOVERNOR AND COMPANY OF THE BANK OF ENGLAND are authorised

THE GOVERNOR AND COMPANY OF THE BANK OF CARSTON THE RESIDENCE OF The principal of and interest on the Stock will be a charge on the National The principal of and interest on the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom. Loans Fund, with recourse to the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom. If not previously redeemed, the Stock will be repaid at par on 22nd January 2007, but Her Mejesty's Treasury reserve to themselves the right to redeem the Stock, but Her Mejesty's Treasury reserve to themselves the right to redeem the Stock, in whole or in part, by drawings or otherwise, at par on or at any time after 22nd January 2003 on giving not less than three months' notice in the London Gazatte.

Gazatte.

The Stock will be registered at the Bank of England or at the Bank of Ireland
The Stock will be registered by the Bank of England or at the Bank of Ireland

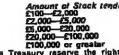
and will be transierable, in multiples of one new penny, by instrument in accordance with the Stock Transfer Act 1963. Transfers will be trae

in writing in accordance with the Slock Transfer Act 1905. Transfers will be free of stamp duty.

Interest will be payable heli-yearly on 22nd January and 22nd July, Income tax will be deducted from payments of more than £5 per annum. Interest warrants will be transmitted by post. The first payment will be made on 22nd January 1980 at the rate of £4.8845 per £100 of the Stock.

Tenders must be lodged not later than 10.00 a.m. on Wedneaday, 25th July 1978 at the Bank of England, New issues, Watling Street, London, ECAM 9AA or not later than 3.30 p.m. on Tuesday, 24th July 1978 at any of the Branches of the later than 3.30 p.m. on Tuesday, 24th July 1978 at any of the Branches of the later than 3.30 p.m. on Tuesday, 24th July 1978 at any of the Branches of the later than 3.30 p.m. on Tuesday, 24th July 1978 at the Branches of the later than 3.30 p.m. on Tuesday, 24th July 1978 at the Branches below which the for one amount and at one price. The minimum price which below which the stock will not be accepted, is £96.50 per cent. Tenders must be made at the minimum price being stated will be deemed to have been made at the minimum price.

A separate cheque representing a deposit of £15.00 per cent of the nomina amount tendered for must accompany each tender; cheques must be drawn on a bank in, and be payable in, the United Kingdom, the Channel Islands or this of Man. Tenders must be for a minimum of £100 stock and for multiples



E2,000—25,000
E5,000—20,000
E5,000—20,000
E5,000—20,000
E75,000
E75,000—20,000
E75,000

THIS FORM MAY BE USED

ISSUE BY TENDER OF £1,500,000,000

112 per cent Treasury Stock, 2003-2007 MINIMUM TENDER PRICE £96.50 PER CENT

TO THE GOVERNOR AND COMPANY OF THE BANK OF ENGLAND in a multiple as follows:— Amount of Stock tendered for

AMOUNT OF STOCK AMOUNT OF DEPOSIT(a)

mount of deposit enclosed, being £15.00 per of the nominal amount of Stock tendered

The price tendered per £100 Stock, being a hiple of 25p and not less than the minimum der price of £96.50:---

TENDER PRICE (b)

l/We hereby engage to pay the instalments as they shall become due on any allotment that may be made in respect of this tender, as provided by the said grospectus.

1/We requeet that any letter of allotment in respect of Stock allotted to me/us be sent to me/us by post at my/our risk.

(c):1/We declare that the tanderer is not resident outside the Scheduled Territories(d) and that the security is not being acquired by the tenderer as the nominee of any person(s) resident outside those Territories.

PLEASE USE BLOCK LETTERS SURNAME OF TENDERER

SIGNATURE

MR/MAS/MISS OR TITLE FIRST NAME(S) IN FULL

A separate cheque must accompany each tender. Cheques should be mad payable to "Bank of England" and crossed "Treasury Stock". Cheque must be drawn on a bank in, and be payable in, the United Kingdom, to Channel Islands or the Isle of Man.

b The price tendered must be a multiple of 25p and not less than the minimus tender price. If no price is stated, this tender will be deemed to have bee made at the minimum tender price. Each tender must be for one amount and at one price.

and at one price.

If this declaration cannot be made it should be deleted and reference should be made to an Authorised Depository or, in the Republic of Ireland, an Approve made to an Authorised Depository or, in the Republic of Ireland, an Approved Agent, through whom lodgment should be effected. Authorised Depositories are listed in the Bank of England's Notice EC1 and include most benks and stockbrokers and solicitors practising in the United Kingdom, the Channel islands or the lale of Man: Approved Agents in the Republic of Ireland are defined in the Bank of England's Notice EC10.

d The Scheduled Tarritories at present comprise the United Kingdom, the Channel felands, the lale of Man, the Republic of Ireland and Gibraitar.

Council of The Stock Exchange: It does not constitute the public to subscribe for or to purchase any sheres in the capital of

AURORA HOLDINGS LIMITED

(Incorporated in England under the Companies Acts 1908 to 1917: Registered No. 201071.)

A maximum of 6,920,445 8.25 per cent. Convertible Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares of £1 each fully paid

The Council of The Stock Exchange has admitted the abovementioned 8.25% Convertible Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares to the Official List. Particulars of the rights attaching to these shares are available in the Extel Statistical Service and copies may be obtained during usual business hours on any weekday (Saturdays excepted) up to and including 6th, August, 1979 from:

N.M. Rothschild & Sons Limited, Panmure Gordon & Co., New Court. St. Swithin's Lane London EC4P 4DU.

9 Moorfields Highwalk London EC2Y 9DS.

23rd July 1979.

Prague, Budapest announce fuel price rises

Charan Singh . . . insists on Prime Ministership

Chavan fails to form Indian government

MR. Y. B. CHAVAN, leader of the Opposition in the Indian Parliament, yesterday told the President that his efforts to form an alternative viable Government had not ded, so that the Indian political crists which began with the resignation of Mr. Morarji Desai, remains

Mr. Chavan had been asked to explore the possibility of forming a government last Wednesday and was given four days in which to do so. He failed after being told by Mr. Charan Singh, leader of the breakaway Janata (S) the "S" for secular - that the Prime Ministership was "not negotiable.

Mr. Charan Singh, who is a leading contender for the vacant post, offered the Deputy Prime Ministership to Mr. Chavan in a coalition of the Janata (S), the Con-gress (to which Mr. Chavan belongs), Left-wing parties and some regional groups. But he insists on being the Prime Minister in the coalition.

With Mr. Chavan's failure to form a government, the two left in the race are Mr. Charan Singh and Mr. Desai, the caretaker Prime Minister. Mr. Charan Singh wrote to Mr. N. Sanjiva Reddy, the President, on Saturday night, staking his claim on the ground that he had the majority

Parliament

Mr. Desai, who stoutly refuses to resign as leader of the Janata Parliamentary Party thus blocking the chances of Mr. Jagjivan Ram, the Hartjan (Untouchable)
Deputy Prime Minister,
claims that he should be asked
by the President to form the government again and thus succeed himself.

This is not yet acceptable to the President, who feels that Mr. Desai resigned before a vote of confidence could be held

AP adds from New Delhi: More than 150 employees of the National Herald news-paper, closed by a strike for more than four months, were arrested yesterday when they demonstrated outsied the home of Mrs. Indira Gandhi. home of Mrs. Indira Gandhi. The National Herald is managed by leaders of Mrs. Gandhi's opposition "Indira" Congress Party, and the demondstrated outside the ing against the dismissal of a trade union leader.

electricity, coal and coke were £156m at the tourist rate of fuel and energy prices and dren's allowances have been in reduce petrol consumption in announced during the weekend by the Czech Government in a bid to reduce subsidies and trim the large import bill. The increases were announced at the same time as steep price

rises in neighbouring Hungary. Czechoslovakia imports 18.3m tonnes of crude oil from the Soviet Union, about 93 per cent of its oil needs. The Moscow Government has repeatedly told Prague and its other East European allies that fuel prices would have to be raised to dampen demand, since the Soviet Union can increase its oil deliveries only slightly in the next five years.

phone rates also went up by 100 per cent on average. Mr. Nichal Sabolcik, the chairman of the Federal Price

STEEP PRICE increases average fuels and energy would amount had also been subsidised up to the effects of the latest call for stringent economies in ing 50 per cent for petrol, to some 3bn crowns (about now to the tune of Cr 327m Both measures, pensions and chil- energy consumption. It hopes to exchange) this year and unless postal services would continue creased. The salaries of teachers cut would increase 21 times in to be subsidised but at a less and health personnel will be level this year and by a further

the next few years. The communication services

coviet Union can increase its year's official prices, according able starting on January 1, 1980; measures at the Gulf's Strait of he next five years.

Weekly, Iraq wants the pre-apparently be limited to "end navigation, it was reported users" and would involve vary yesterday. The measures follow that the form of a "signature ing volumes," depending on the propring less Thursday by the doubled, while postal and tele-

"signature bonus" envisaged Office, stressed in an article in the payment as a simple cash

excessive rate, he added. raised from next September.

Meanwhile, to offset some of ... The Government has issued

raised from next September. 20. per cent next year.

The Government has issued a Czechoslovakia's fuel problems

Iraq asks oil buyers to pay premium

bonus"), before commencing customer's needs."

new supply deals. Existing clients Earlier references to an Iraq

NEW YORK - New buyers seek in addition to official prices. For the first half of 1979. The ing crude oil from Iraq on a The proposal has thus far supposed rationale is that Iraq gas during the 1981-2003 period term contract basis for 1980 been limited to new customers, should share in big profits that under a \$2.5bn scheme. have been asked to pay a price. It is mentioned specifically in certain customers reap by re-premium equivalent to \$3 a connection with the one-year selling the oil. barrel or more, on top of next supply contracts currently avail . Oman has tightened security

Existing clients Rude Pravo, the central party advance toward the purchase of retroactively-added premiums tinian commandos planned any paper, that state subsidies for crude, not an outright premium have been sought from some action in the strait.

(in the form of a "signature ing volumes "depending on the a warning last Thursday by the bonus"), before commencing customer's needs."

U.S. State Department of a poshave sible tanker hijacking today. In apparently not been asked to Kuwait, the daily newspaper

have been made even more acute through the recentlyannounced cancellation of a three-cornered Soviet-Iranian-Czech deal, which would have provided Czechoslovakia with massive deliveries of natural

Meanwhile neighbouring Hungary yesterday officially announced drastic price increases coming into effect today. details of which were reported on Friday.

Electricity goes up by 51 per cent, fuel oil by 40 per cent and coal by 25 per cent. Petrol prices, which have already been increased twice this year, were pay such bonuses though there. Al-Siyassah quoted Palestinian left unchanged. In addition are unconfirmed hints that officials as denying that Pales prices for baby foods and many consumer goods and services have been sharply increased.

18 die in Israeli air raid on Lebanon

BY IHSAN HIJAZI IN BERUT

and 50 wounded yesterday in Israeli air attacks against coastal villages in Lebanon. It was the worst raid since the Israelis initiated their war against Palestinian guerrillas in the wake of the Israeli-Egyptian peace treaty.

The casualties yesterday raised to over 200 the number of Palestinians and Lebanese killed in Israeli attacks since the treaty was signed. It was also the first strike over Lebanon since the air battle between Syrian and Israeli aircraft last month. In yesterday's action, the sraelis hit Damour and

Naameh, about six miles south of Beirut, and three coastal villages, Sarafand, Aoloun and Khaizaran, on the Mediterraneanan between the southern ports of Sidon and Tyre. Four Israeli jets escorted by four others, believed to be

EIGHTEEN people were killed attacked the coastal plain. It is believed that the escort was to guard against possible intervention by Syrian aircraft. There was no interference this Agencies

Jerusalem: Israel yesterday said that its settlements in occupied Arab territory were legal and rejected a UN call to stop building new ones. Lorn Daniel adds: Israel has decided not to accept the U.S. compromise proposal that the UN emergency force in Sinai,

whose mandate expires in two

days; be replaced by UN Truce Supervision Observers, a body

established in 1956 after the

Sinai campaign. Israel rejects the presence of personnel on the grounds that it contradicts the provisions of the Camp David agreement and side letters. Israel fears that the Soviet Union and other countries not F-15s, struck at Damour and maintaining diplomatic relations Naameh, while eight more with Israel might be included

Swiss real wages rise by 2.7%

SWISS WAGES increased by some 3.1 per cent during the 12-month period ended last October, according to figures; just released by the Government in Berne. However, as

the cost of living had gone up

by only 0.4 per cent for the year, employees received a rise in real wages of 2.7 per This higher than the preceding 12 month period when there was a 0.8 per cent increase in real terms and nominal pay

levels rose 2.4 per cent. With regard to actual pay, a male adult wage-earner was receiving an average of some SwFr 13.45 (about £3.65) an hour by last October Meanwhile, according to final figures issued by the Swiss National Bank Swiss balance of payments

current account showed a

of SwFr

Fraser attacks unions

we continue to behave as we said

CANBERRA—Prime Minister have as a nation over the past Malcolm Fraser said yesterday couple of months, with totally that Australia's run of indus unreasonable strikes, with union trial disputes was tearing the leaders advocating disruption country apart, and that some instead of reason, then the union leaders were trying to future prosperity of this nation destroy the basis of Australian will be destroyed."

destroy the basis of Australian democracy.

A new law allowing civil cannot be employed during transport, telephones, coal industrial disputes has prompted more strike calls. If they log of 20m letters has built up think that will induce us not to use the law, they faistake the nature of the Government's determination. servants are working to rule.

The Prime Minister said: "If determination," Mr. Fraser

Reuter

Soviet growth estimate cut WASHINGTON-The Central years down from an earlier

Intelligence Agency has lowered. its estimate of the Soviet fall gradually.
Union's economic growth, say- Admiral Turner's testimony ing it was suffering from rising costs of resources and faced energy and labour shortages. mittee, Admiral Stansfield

estimate of 4 per cent—and then

was released yesterday by Sepator William Proxmire, chairman of the sub-committee In a briefing to the Joint on priorities and economy in Congressional Economic Com- government, who said it showed government, who said it showed that the Soviet economy was in Turner, the CIA's director, said deep trouble now and faced the agency expected Soviet GNP bleak prospects for the next to grow at less than 3 per cent decade. annually over the next few Reuter

Banda gains a new respectability

surplus

BY QUENTIN PEEL IN JOHANNESBURG

ONE OF the most startling the most popular destinations Africa it is Malawi's external topacco industry with vital provisual impressions of Malawi, for development aid in Africa, relations which are most imtection.

the second stop on the Queen's with an enviable record of susmediately controversial. It is the have regular world-wide tour of Africa, is of white stained economic growth from only state in Africa to maintain

Topacco remains by far the painted flagpoles lining both sides of every main road, flying the national colours, combined with huge portraits of Dr. Hastings Kamuzu Banda, the head of state. On triumphal arches at the entrance to each

The Queen's visit, which began yesterday, provides a rare glimpse into one of Africa's most politically conser-

cratic, arrogant and paternalistic rule of Dr. Banda.

Polical dissent is effectively nil and the puritanical decrees of the President-no women in trousers, no bell-bottoms for men. skirts must be worn below the knee and men's hair above the collar-dictate people's lifestyles in a way unacceptable in most other countries. Yet Malawi remains one of

an extremely low base at indefull diplomatic and trade remost important export crop, lations with South Africa, as with agriculture providing

Ngwazi (the conqueror) to Malawians. and His Excellency to his expatriate advisers, which It is a source of cheap imports term of estate farming goes on town, they give a clear indication of the all-pervasive personality cult which surrounds
the Malawian Life President.

The Queen's visit, which

The Queen's visit, which journalists visiting the country.

he began his Press conference pertise.

South African companies

South African companies iniquities of the Press.

all, we are one of Africa's loan, of RSm (\$9.5m) for the success stories," a senior civil construction of Malawi's new servant says. But the ban was capital at Lilongwe. swiftly reimposed when Dr. Banda claimed that one report only country, spart from South had labelled his one-party Africa, to profit from the elections, the first since indepenturmoil in Rhodesia. Apart from "Why should we allow liars into Malawi?" the President

pendence in 1964.

It is largely the personality well as having continuing links almost half the gross domestic product. Tea comes second.

have diverted investment which ful regimes. It is a country of his supporters and advisers totally dominated by the auto-have tried to overcome. "After cratic, arrogant and paternalis-

Indeed Malawi is probably the dence, as not having been free.

"Why should we allow liars into Malawi?" the President asked.

In the context of Southern in knowesta. Apart from in the might observed investment which bined with a sharp drop in the might otherwise have gone to prices of tobacco and tea.

Nevertheless, the trade deficit is almost entirely offset by the have provided the Malawian inflow of international capital.

with Rhodesia. product. Tea comes second, His relations with the white followed by sugar and ground-south are entirely pragmatic. while the colonial patconcentrated on raising the surplus produced by smallholders.
Malawi has just suffered a
setback on its balance of trade and GDP growth in 1978, with the visible trade deficit widen ing from R29.5m to record-R127.1m, and the real GDP growth rate slowing from 7.9 per cent to 6.4 per cent.

. The major reason has been a slowdown in growth of output in the agricultural sector, com-



In spite of Dr. ruthless political rule, he has decision in the last 18 months to release almost all of an estimated 2,000 political prisoners and hold elections suggests a greater political confidence. The visit earlier this mouth of President Daniel Arap Moi of Kenya, followed by the visit of the Queen, gives his regime a new respectability.

Financial: Times published deily except Sundays and holidays. U.S. subscription rates \$365.00 per annum. Second class postage paid at New York. N.Y. and at additional mailing centres.

HIGHEST RATE **EVER** FROM THE HALIFAX

From August 1st the Halifax Building Society introduces a 5 year Term Share at a guaranteed premium of 2% above the Paid-Up Share rate (which is variable). This means that the initial rate will be 10.75% net, which is equivalent to 15.36% gross if you pay income tax at the basic rate of 30%.

Ask your local branch or agency for full details (see Yellow Pages).

HALIFAX THE BIGGEST BUILDING SOCIETY IN THE WORLD.



this announcement appears as a matter of record only

Caisse Nationale des

U.S. \$100,000,000 91% Bonds 1986 Unconditionally guaranteed by the French State

Credit Suisse First Boston Limited

Télécommunications

All of the Bonds having been sold,

Goldman Sachs International Corp. Banque Bruxelles Lambert S.A.

Banque Nationale de Paris

Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas Barclays Bank International Limited Caisse des Dépôts et Consignations

Manufacturers Hanover Limited

Swiss Bank Corporation (Overseas) Limited Westdentsche Landesbank Girozentrale

margines.

Berghann

Turboc and tracks performat Carrett Terican in Europe nine years

> GRETINH And Smelt industrial If you w Dove fast

> Skelmers Corporation penny and lancashir Telephone

> SID Code

BA faces battle to retain Hong Kong route monopoly

A FOUR WAY Shalls has broken out over the Continue. Hong Rong at route currently a British Caledonian Laker, and Cathay Pacific have all put in rival applications to dry the cours BA will oppose all of them and light to retain its monomety.

The route is unime because ping between two points of brigh territory it is not subject to international regulation and offers lower territories are systematically able on other regular services between Europe and the Far

There have applied for a daily Cathay, be given some traffic 1610 service and Cashay for rights and the colonial govern-source times a week 747 flight ment has a say in the matter.

BY OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT

Philippine tariffs cut

duty-exemption for certain other had been reluction to make

imports.

Changes in the tariff code pending fresults of a minister of the Sr. Marcos, to ensure steady bilateral and multilateral negotiations with trading partners.

World Economic Indicators

TRADE STATISTICS

26.9 24.9

April 79

Starch 79

Fre bn Esports : 143.758

-1,223 April 79

17.053

11.212

0,112 4,648 5,386

126.32J ..

128.140 -- 1.833

tive Government is expected to be more amenable to ending the BA monopoly. Once one con-tender moved, the others had to

Quite how serious Laker and Quite how serious Laker and Caledonian are about bying to move into the Far East is not clean. But Mr. Adam Thomson, Caledonian's managing director was in Hong Kong all iss week looking at the market. And Laker has simultaneously put in applications for trans-Pacific routes from Los Angeles to Hong Kong and other Far East points.

Hong Kong meanwaile is expecting that its own carrier,

April 77 June 78 33.800 28.925 33.300 28.466

+0.459

3.895

22.4 19.4

#,-0,218 11,754

33.300 +0.506

Jan. 79 117.881

It is not clear what sparked the flarry of applications at this time except that the conserva-Hong Kong are entirely at the disposal of Britain, the Hong Kong Government has its own licensing procedures for flights between two British territories. In theory it is possible that Hong Kong and UK licensing authorities could come to different conclusions stymeing

> all applicants. BA is expected to argue before the UK licensing authority that there is already sufficient capacity on the route and that due to the high proportion of low fare travellers it is not especially profitable. The applicants will argue that it is a strongly growing market and one needing a higher standard of service than has been provided by BA's monopoly. Certific the standard of the stand tainly in Hong Kong BA has an appalling reputation

Sweden in oil pact PRESIDENT Ferdinand Marcos the imported items. The assur-of the Philippines has approved once is that the position of changes in the tariff code in local producers will not be volving cuts in tariff duties on adversely affected." The Philippines previously contain imports and complete. The Philippines previously

with Nigeria By William Dullforce in Stockholm

SVENSKA PETROLEUM, the Swedish state oil company, will get 1m tons of crude oil a year from Nigeria over the next wto years under an agreement with the National Nigerian Petroleum Company. This will cover some 3 per cent of Sweden's oil

import requirements.

Mr. Sture Agvald, SP's Managing Director would not disclose the price, but it is assumed in oil quarters here to be close to the new OPEC top price of \$23.50 a barrel. SP also has not indicated where it will have the crude oil refined

Last month SP bought 22 per eetn of British Petroleum's 5mton refinery at Gothernburg and 20 per cent of its distribution network. That deal involved guaranteed BP crude deliveries of between 500,000 and 1m tons a year over a 10-year period.

Mr. Hadar Cars, the Trade Minister, said the Nigerian contract would make a considerable contribution to the country's oil supplies. It is the largest single deal so far made under the Liberal minority Government's drive to secure direct contracts with oil producing countries.

industry team to

Peking By Colina MacDougall CHINA and France have had high level discussions on the development of projects in the fields of energy, elec-tronics, telecommunications

and metallurgical machinery. They were held during a visit by a French delegation to Peking last week. The group, led by Industry Min-ister Andre Girand, rep-resenting France's 18 largest companies, included officials in charge of electronics and trade as well as technical and economic advisers.

Among the sectors resented by industrialists were electronics, petrochemi-cals, machine building, metallurgy, mining and civil

engineering. The French mission had meetings with senior Chinese economic officials including Vice-Premier Wang Zhen.
Vice-Premier Gu Mu, the
Minister in charge of the
State Capital Construction Commission, and Qian Min.
Minister of the 4th Ministry
of Machine Building which
deals with the radio and

telecommunications industries. China's economic readjustment policy, in force since early this year, has meant the reduction or postponement of purchases of capital plant from the West.

Peking has reportedly deci-ded to build hydro-electric or coal-fired power plant instead of nuclear because the capital outlay is less. Although Peking has reactivated the contracts it had previously frozen with Japan, there is no sign yet that it is about to pursue contracts that it was negotiating earlier with the European countries.

Hitachi near to computers deal

By Richard Hapson in Tokyo HITACHI is in the final stages of negotiations with China on the purchase of medium-size computers for use in a Chinese financial institution, reportedly the central bank, company officials said here.

The company declined to give details of the talks but it appears that Hitachi has won out in competition with IBM

French send Turkey opens up to foreign capital

UNDER STRONG pressure to in- Sabanci and Hollander controlcrease exports and boost the near-empty coffers of the Central Bank, the Turkish Government has digressed from the country's traditionally unfriendly attitude towards for-

eign capital and has begun to solidated turnove encourage a new type of joint (£860m) in 1978. venture Turkish companies are being urged to enter into partnership with foreign trading companies to benefit from their expertise in marketing in order to increase Turkish exports, and encouragement is also being given

to Turkish concerns to open

trading offices abroad. Prime Minister Covit's Government is seen to be attaching importance to these new ventures, and the Ministry of Pinance is even going to the extent of making foreign currency allocations to them. Three examples have recently come to light, and more are understood to be under preparation.

Although not yet receiving an official go-ahead, the most mbitious and biggest of these joint ventures has been under taken by the large Sabanci group of industries in Istanbul. Sabanci has just reached agreement with A. J. Hollander of New York for a joint trading venture. Two companies will be established - Holsa in Istanbul and Holsa in New York, with

ling 51 per cent of the equity

Sabanci ranks 80th in the Fortune Magazine's list of the biggest companies outside the U.S. It declared a record consolidated turnover of \$2.1bn

The group, which is run by the six Sabanci Brothers, has its main interests in banking, insurance, textiles, natural, artificial and synthetic fibres and yarns. Manufacturing also includes plastic products, cord fabric and twres and agricul-

tural products. Sabanci's exports last year Bulent totalled \$31.5m just under 1.5 per cent of total turnover. Mr. Ahmet Tufan Gul,

senior Sabanci executive, said in an interview that exports at the end of the second year of the Holsa operation would be \$100m The Istanbul-based Holsa would do export business, giving priority to Sabanci products.

In general, Turkish manufacturers have no tradition of exporting because the large size of the domestic market and huge profit margins have orientated sales to the home market. Around 60 per cent of exports are made up by traditional agricultural crops like cotton, tobacco, hazelnuts and

third year, seems to have started bringing about a change of mentality, both in the Government and in private

enterprise. The recession resulted in a drop in imports of raw materals and capital goods. Factories started working at low capacity, and the availability of foreign exchange for new investments took a nose

To encourage exports, the Government passed a decree allowing manufacturers to use up to 50 per cent of the export proceeds to finance imports-an attractive proposal for manufacturers who either had to go without imports or, more common, import through the expensive and illegal channel of double financing.

Durusel Carpet Manufacture and Trading Company of Istanbul has just received a Government authorisation to set up a joint trading company in Switzerland. The Finance Ministry helped assist the transfer of SwFr 50,000 as initial capital. Ninety per cent of the equity will be held by Turusel which is currently Durusel, which is currently looking for a suitable Swiss

The case of the Istanbul-based Borusan, a pipes manufacturing

But the recession, now in its company, is slightly different. Borusan has been authorised to to take DM 400,000 to establish an company in Dusseldorf, West Germany. However, the money will come from export proceeds of the company itself. Also different from Durusel, Borusan appears to have been given freedom in equity ratio.

It is likely that the examples of such joint ventures will multiply in the months ahead. We are prepared to give our favourable consideration to any trading venture with foreigners and will be flexible," said a senior Finance Ministry official. We will do everything possible

to boost exports." Many Turkish companies realise that they must export if the country is not to relapse into a prolonged recession, even if profit margins in exports are lower. Moreover, they appear to feel that the Government will force them to export, whether they like it or not. However, most lack marketing expertise, personnel and organisation which they often have to seek out in foreign

partners. Foreign bankers in Istanbul see the new joint ventures as a providential departure. "With their backs to the wall," said the Turks have started doing what they should have done years ago.

SHIPPING REPORT

High rates bring tankers into use

TANKER RATES in the Gulf in operational ships slipped back last week, but not as far as most shipbrokers had expected.

A decline was inevitable from 100 for a very large crude carrier recorded 10 days ago, but the going rate settled last week at around WS80 for this type of

Some charters clearly expect this still fairly high level of freight rates to continue. Amoco, for example, has taken a 240,000 dwi vessel to load at the end of August for WS721.
Not surprisingly, this im-

provement in rates has brought more idle ships out of lay-up berths, and brokers estimate that there are now only between 90 and 100 tankers out of use, aggregating 14m to 16m dwi. A year ago, the figure was 47m

Broker E. A. Gibson points

occurred without any significant rise in the amount of oil available for shipment. One result is that a large number of ships the six-year high of worldscale are accepting part cargoes, 100 for a very large crude carrier which Gibson regards as "a very uneconomical transport

> Another encouraging sign for the bulk shipping industry is the fact that in spite of such attractive oil freight rates, combined oil and dry bulk carriers are not swarming to

the oil loading ports.

Broker John L Jacobs puts the current figure of combined carriers trading in oil at 41.4 per cent of the total.

This is in spite of the fact that dry cargo rates in the Atlantic have started on a seasonal decline, related to the closure of steel mills in Europe for the holiday period.

Freight rates in the grain trades were also slightly lower

last week, but brokers are optimistic that the big gains made in the early part of this year will not be wholly eroded by seasonal factors. Fay Gjester reports from

Oslo: Wilhelmsen Offshore Services, a Norwegian shipping company specialising in offshore activities has secured a charter from Superpesa, Brazilian construction concern. for one of its ships for service offshore Brazil

The deal is partly the fruit of a sustained Norwegian Government drive to promote the export of Norway's offshore know-how, to areas outside the North Sea.

The vessel concerned, the Tender Contest, has been chartered by Superpess initially for one year, with options for two additional years, and de Janeiro.

Change sought on Greek crews

By Our Athens Correspondent

GREEK SHIPOWNERS are seeking to change an 1835 law which allows them to sign on foreigners on Greek-flag ships only up to 25 per cent of the complement.

They also want to be allowed to sign more agreements with foreign seamen's associations so that they can employ seasoned seamen to replace the present contingent of mostly untrained foreign crewmen. Both moves are opposed by the Greek seamen's association.

According to Mr. Anthony Chandris, President of the Union of Greek Shipowners, an acute shortage of Greek crews is forcing owners to violate the

Official statistics show that 30.9 per cent of crews on board. two additional years, and Wilhelmsen's offshore services is now opening an office in Rio per cent of the lower crews.

Remersdale Butope a boost

Turbochargers are now fitted as standard to 8 production cars and many commercial vehicles and tractor units. They reduce smoke, boost usable power and cut fuel consumption relative to performance.

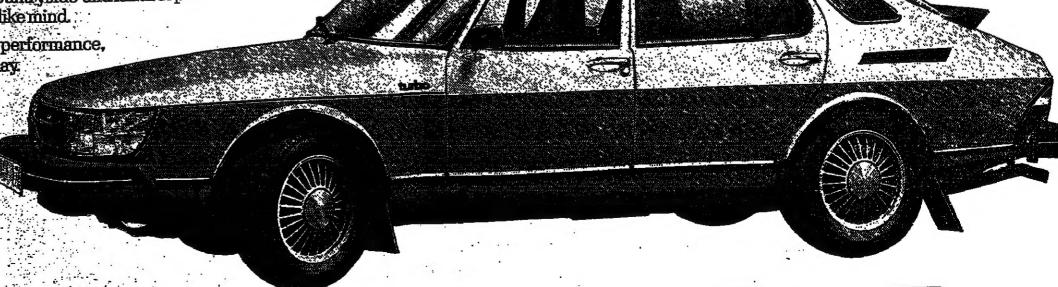
Garrett AiResearch, the world's leading manufacturer of turbochargers, is a very go-ahead American-based company which chose Skelmersdale to ensure optimum boost to its performance in Europe. It is already planning a second major expansion since it came to the town nine years ago...

Garrett found Skelmersdale an ideal environment for fast growth. And Skelmersdale, with its rolling countryside and landscaped industrial parks, found a partner of like mind.

If you would like to improve your performance, move fast and call Skelmersdale today.



Skelmersdale Development Corporation Pennylands, Skelmersdale, Lancashire WN8 8AR, England. Telephone: Skelmersdale 24242



STD Code [0695] Telex: 628259 Grow with Calmolis Cola Industrial Correspondent

THE LEVEL of domestic orders for engineering products dropped 12.5 per cent in the first quarter of this year. The April figure was the lowest for two years, according to the publication of Trade and

In contrast, new export orders increased by 10 per cent between January and April against the previous quarter. This brought the overall decline in new orders to 5 per cent. The figures cover electrical, mechanical and instrument

Disruption

The downturn in the home market could be linked with the industrial disruption at the beginning of the year. Industry may have delayed orders because the disputes were holding up deliveries.

The rising export trend coinstrength of sterling. The index for the volume of new orders in April was 124 (1975=100). the highest for two years. Orders have outpaced sales.

NFU president attacks 'bias' welfare groups

By Christopher Parkes

SOME ANIMAL welfare groups and certain sections of the media are guilty of bias and misrepresentation in the debate on the care of farm animals, according to Mr. Richard Butler, president of the National Farmers' Union.

"The public debate on farm animal welfare has now reached the lowest level of emotion, rabble-rousing and plain bias," Mr. Butler told the Universities' Federation for Animal Welfare at Sutton Bonington, Notts.

Defending the record of the farming industry, Mr. Butler also attacked "misinformed" criticism. "At worst, I believe that there have been deliberate attempts to mislead."

A statement on the Government's view of conditions for livestock on UK farms and in transport is expected next week. NFU officials yesterday said they objected to recent BBC television productions which concentrated almost exclusively on the worst aspects of intesive

Occidental to pay full rates

THE OCCIDENTAL Oil Consortium have agreed to pay full rates on the Flottz terminal in Orkney except for the gas processing area.
Occidental have now become

ordinary ratepayers for most of the £121m enterprise which stores North Sea crude from Pier and Claymore oilfields rior to shipment to refineries in

Mr. Graeme Lapsley, Orkney's chief executive, said: "There is no doubt that considerable benefit will be felt by Orkney ratepayers in the next financial year."

Government ready to lift 1,000 controls

bureaucratic controls over local wasteful and unnecessary. government are expected to be

government controls over local authorities ordered by Mr. welcomed by the three main local authority associations. The proposals will include the

government and will seek to cattle grids. limit central government The local interference in local authority complained to affairs to areas where controls are "essential."

Mr. Heseltine is expected to follow closely the proposals in a 190-page report on controls. published by the local authority associations in March. That report described many and practices.

of the controls particularly those involving local authorities

PROPOSALS for abolishing or in additional administration—as easing a wide range of being "time-consuming, costly,

The associations talked of "a announced by Whitehall this nightmare world of bureaucratic week.

nightmare world of bureaucratic controls " and identified 227 The announcement follows a different forms that have to be review of the system of central filled in on financial matters.

Regulations

More than 700 rules and Michael Heseltine, Environment More than 700 rules and Secretary, and is likely to be regulations give Ministers the power to dictate orders to local councils on such matters as the type of post which should be abolition of some of the esti-used for road signs and what mated 1,000 controls over local size rungs should be used on

> The local authorities also complained that systems like the Transport Supplementary Grant -introduced to give local authorities more freedom on transport matters within a spending framework-are now being used by central government to impose its own policies

On transport and planning the local authority associations

complained that technical controls have been replaced by " string of financial and other constraints," while the key sector system has left "mini-mum discretion" to local authorities over capital spend-

Mr. Helseltine has expressed far more sympathy with these complaints than did his Labour predecessor, Mr. Peter Shore. But it remains to be seen how far he will agree to local authority demands.

The local authorities see an easing of the controls system as one way of reducing local gov-ernment expenditure in line with the Government's request to cut manpower and reduce spending in 1980-81 by up to 7.5 per cent

Mr. Heseltine has already said he will not hesitate to penalise local authorities which reject Government public expenditure policy and this would imply some tightening of financial controls.

Law Lords ruling this week on international seamen's boycotts

THE RIGHT of seamen and port for about a quarter of the world suing a legitimate trade dispute. workers to boycott ships in an fleet. international campaign for higher seafarers' wages will be tested in the House of Lords

On Wednesday, three Lords will hear an appeal on behalf of a Hong Kong shipping company against a ruling by Appeal Court judges earlier this month that the campaign is within the

The campaign, led by the International Workers Federation, has resulted in hundreds of ships throughout the world being stuck in port whilst pressure is applied to shipowners to increase their crews' wages. The federation's objective is

to prevent, as it sees it, the exploitation of cheap labour, mainly on flag of convenience

This week's hearing, which is expected to last at least two days, concerns the Narwala, a bulk carrier owned by Scandi-

navian interests through a Hong When the ship called at a British port, the ITF attempted are themselves opposed to the a boycott in an attempt to force. ITF campaign, because they the owner to increase the pay of regard it as a threat to their the Narwala's Chinese crew.

Trade dispute

This took place in spite of the fact that some crew members issued a statement that they were satisfied with their pay and conditions. On July 4, three Appeal Court

judges ruled that the federation was entitled to protection under the Trade Union and Labour resulting in the payment of Relations Act in that it was pur- 25m in back pay.

The owner, NWL, says that as the crew was satisfied with its conditions, there was no ques-tion of such a dispute. Counsel for the owner is also

expected to argue at the hearing developing Far East countries members' chances of employ-

The Narwala itself was reported to be unloading cargo at the Norwegian port of Narvik at the weekend after being refused entry at the port for several days by workers supporting the ITF campaign. last year its members carried

The federation estimates that out about 250 ship boycotts,

BBC warns of 400 jobs loss

grant by 10 per cent could mean the loss of 400 jobs, Mr. Gerald Mansell, managing director of the BBC's External services of about 75m. The proposed cut would affect services.

. The Foreign Office proposed the cut last week as part of the reduction in size and cost of the Civil Service.

Mr. Mansell, speaking on the BBC radio programme World This Weekend, warned that a £4m reduction in the grant would force a 17 to 25 per cent drop in programme output. Up to 300 jobs would be lost as a direct result of the cut and a further 50 to 100 jobs could be

Asia, the Far East or Caribbean. The BBC is also considering

cost-cutting proposals for its UK services. One medium-term option is for Radio 2 to replace some local radio station

The suggestion that Radio 2 should become "a sustaining service" has already been put to the BBC's 20 local radio station managers along with a series of other cost-paring pro-posals. The BBC plans to The cut would place Britain reduce local radio programme behind Albania, North Korea output by 25 per cent for an

GOVERNMENT PLANS to cut and Egypt in the international experimental period.

drive for skilled engineers

By Hazel Duffy,

AUSTIN MORRIS is launching major recruitment drive for skilled engineers and techni-cians in Glasgow and Merseyside. The drive is in preparation for BL's Longbridge factory launch of the super Mini in the second half of next next.

Specialists will work through the Job Centres in these two areas and a campaign has been mounted at particular universities to attract graduating

Austin Morris estimates it needs at least 35 graduate engineers by the end of the year, and about 500 skilled engineering workers. Skills particularly in short supply are pattern makers, maintenance fitters, jig and tool fitters, and maintenance electricians.

Birmingham City Council has agreed to do everthing it can to provide housing for those responding to the campaign. Austin Morris recruiting officers are hoping this will be a guarantee of housing before

long.

The skills shortage, which has intensified sharply in recent months, is further confirmation. of the problem summarised in a joint Manpower Services Com-mission/NEDO report submitted to the last NEDC meeting. The shortages are created by a num-ber of factors, one of these the difficulty in promoting geo-graphical mobility.

The report concluded that the shortages are already causing some companies to turn away orders, and could threaten to slow down any significant up-turn in economic activity in kev sectors.

Talks on park hydro scheme

THE PEAK DISTRICT National Park Board, the Countryside Commission, and electricity and water authorities are to take part in a conference on a planned £500m hydro-electric scheme at Longdendale in the park. The park board opposes

Gazette fee up THE FEE for notices in the

London Gazette rises from £3.75 to £5.75 today when the Bankruptcy Fees (Amend-ment) Order 1979 and The

Major BL Co-operative Union wants drive for national trading body

Mr. Perrow suggested that the

The Co-op's share of total

retail trade fell from 7 per cent in 1977 to 6.8 per cent last year

BY DAVID CHURCHILL, CONSUMER AFFAIRS CORRESPOND

THE PROPOSAL to create a new Co-operative Congress in May by behind in the tougher trading 23.5bn national Co-operative Mr. Howard Perrow, president expected in the 1980s. trading organisation—instead of of the union. The Co-operative the present fragmented retail Union acts as a central cosocieties - has won qualified ordinating body for the coapproval from the central executive of the Co. operative Union. 201 individual retail societies

The executive has agreed to and the CWS should come circulate details of the proposal together in response to the to all retail societies for companies to the proposal together in response to the total societies for companies war. He suggested that retail cussed again at its post together in response to the more companies. ment before the issue is dis. war. He suggested that retail cussed again at its next meeting competition was now more In particular the Co-operative the movement's history." Wholesale Society and the Cooperative Retail Services have been asked to give their com-

monetary policy BY PETER RIDDELL ECONOMICS CORRESPONDENT

Greenwell supports

CAUTIOUS BACKING for the on the banks and do not as in

In their latest monetary butletin the firm says there is no doubt that the behaviour of the

broader monetary aggregates is Indeed, but for the rise in Minimum Lending Rate on June 12 and the pressures of the corset restrictions on the banks. the tone of the bulletin would

be highly critical. "As it is, neither we nor, probably, the authorities can yet be confident that the reme-

In their latest monthly mar-ket review, brokers Phillips and Drew argue that the monetary aggregates could be largely unaffected by the strength of sterling.

This is on the assumption that the authorities adhere to a tight monetary policy, take advantage of the restraining effect of the corset restrictions

effectiveness of the Govern 1977, rely almost solely on sales ment's present monetary stance of public sector securities to comes this morning from City offset the expansionary effects stockbrokers W. Greenwell on the money supply of heavy In their latest monetary init foreign currency inflows. If these conditions are met there would be a prolonged and sus-tainable advance in the giltedged market. The Treasury is accused of

being too pessimistic in its inflation forecasts for 1980 by City stockbrokers Hoare Govett in their July economic

The firm projects a moderation of inflation in the second half of 1980 as a result of falling commodity prices, dial action will prove to be ade-quate. Our guess is that the 2 per cent rise in MLR will be sufficient providing the authori-ties maintain the pressure of of next year.

Consequently the 12-menth period of retail price inflation is forecast to peak at about 17.5 per cent this winter before declining to 11.5 per cent by the third quarter of next year and 10.7 per cent in the fourth quarter. This compares with the Treasury projection of a 13.5 per cent rate of increase in the third quarter of 1980.

M20 inquiry to reopen

MR. L. G. VINCENT has been Companies (Department of Inspector to hold the re-opened Inquiry will start on September Order 1979 come into operation. The inquiry into the M20 Cheston Motel,

10 at the Voglios Motel, Chatham Road, Maldstone,

re-opened for the Hollingbourne section because information on one of the routes submitted by Maidstone Council during the further consultations, was not available at the previous motorway inquiry ...

of Mr. Perrow's plan means that serious discussion will now take place. A special report on ments. and there is growing concern take place. A special report on The proposal to form a in the movement that the Co-ops the talks may be prepared in national Co-op was made at the will continue to slip furfiler time for next year's congress. the talks may be prepared in Paisley in move to

Under Mr. Perrow's plan, the

CWS would merge with the

large retail societies and especially the Co-Op Retail Services, which operates 21

branches with a turnover over

Other societies, who jealously

guard their independence, would eventually be forced to

join the new national move-ment by competitive trading

The executive's endorsement

DTESSUFES.

from Ulster By Our Belfast Correspondent

keep Pope

THE Rev. Ian Paisley is to launch a campaign to resist any attempt to bring Pope John Paul II to Ulster during his visit to Ireland in September. Mr. Paisley, a leader of the hard-line Democratic Unionists —he also described himself as "the leader of the Ulster people"—said yesterday that

> More UK News. Page 14

Protestants would not tolerate athers a the Pope's presence in Northern

His outburst was described as that of a megalomaniae exhibitionist by Mr. Gerry Fitt, leader of the Roman Catholic Social Democratic The Pope will visit the Republic of Ireland from September 29 to October 3. A full itinerary has not yet, been arranged but he will travel to Co. Mayo in the west of the

country to visit the town of Knock which is celebrating the centenary of an apparition of the Virgin Mary. approach to the British Government about the possibility of the Pope travelling to Northern Ireland but Mr. Paisley said in would organise demonstration and protest to the Foreign

The main Protestant church in Freland reacted favourable the proposed visit, though - Rev. - William . . Crair moderator of the Presbyterial Chuch, said he would not personally wish to meet the Pope Cardinal Tomas O'Fiaich, the head of the Roman Catholic Church in Ireland, said the Pope's pastoral visit would be a challenge

> i. autam

WITISH

ECURITIES

5'000'000 13%

Section 124 Seem

Contract of the Store

the state of the

Telescond

to and

SCHARLOTTE SON

ACONGATE, LON

LAWRIE MACGINE

SOLUTION SON

OF SCOTLAND HE MOUND, EDW POWE BONK THE

1997 99 15

ABBEY NATIONAL KEEP YOUR SAVINGS ON TOP LONGER

Abbey National Open Bondshares offer higher interest

to longer term savers. But they're

very different from most schemes 1. You don't have to start again after a few years. Instead, at the 5th year your savings can remain at the same high rate for as long as you stay. in the scheme (at only 3 MONTHS' NOTICE).

2. You can come in at any level. (From I to 5 years.) If you feel you can commit your savings for longer than one year with Open Bondshares, you jump straight on to the appropriate higher interest rate. 1 year 0.25% over our share rate of 8.75%, 2 year 0.50%, 3 year 1.00%, 4 year 1.50%, 5 year 2.00%. Rates correct as from August 1st 1979. 3. You can have your interest as monthly

income. Or half-yearly, whichever suits you best. And of course, Open Bondshares have all the security of Abbey National as a built-in extra. The minimum investment is £500. Come on in!

Fill in the coupon now to: Beat BS. Abbay National Building Society FREEPOST, Baleat Street, London NW1, 67H.

to be invested in Abbey National 15-year 4-year 3-year 2-year 1-year oppropriate for

or at Smorthly interests: and whichers is applicable. I/With understand that the investment cannot be withdrawn before the end of the initial contracted term, except in the case of death and that after the contracted term is completed the investment will continue by the scheine amplent to 3 woulds, indicated formation have a continued by the scheine amplent to 3 woulds, indicated formation have a continued by the scheine amplent to 3 woulds, indicated formation have a continued by the scheine amplent to 3 woulds, indicated for the scheine amplent to 3 woulds, indicated for the scheine amplent to 3 woulds, indicated for the scheine amplent to 3 woulds.

AND REAL PROPERTY AND REAL PRO ABBEY NATIONAL BUILDING SOCIETY
ABBET HOUSE, BAKER STREET LONDON WIEST

Lloyds Bank Group Results

First six months of 1979

Group profit before tax was £123m Out of this, taxation takes £39m and the interim dividend takes £10m, so profit retained is £74m.

This goes to support growing world-wide operations and a balance sheet which now totals over £15,700 million.



Short-term outlook depressed but recovery forecast for 1981 BY PETER RIDDELL, ECONOMICS CORRESPONDENT 1980-81 from this year's level. This is both in absolute terms work - presenting revenue, spending and money supply

A FALL in UK output over the next 18 months, a sharp in-crease in unemployment, and a severe squeeze on company profits are the bleak short-term conclusions of the latest Economic Outlook from the ondon Business School's Centre for Economic Forecasting.

The main reason for this depressed outlook is the increase in oil prices, which is expected to cause a world recession, with no growth in world industrial production in 1980. The UK will also feel the impact of public expenditure cuts (perhaps particularly severe if cash limits continue to

be applied rigorously) and the squeeze on real money balances—pushing up savings and restraining consumption—hecause of tight monetary conditions and resident inflation. tions and rapid inflation. The increase in VAT will aggravate problems already caused by the oil price rises. The immediate burden is likely to fall on the company sector, with expenditure on stocks and fixed investment likely to be particularly hard hit as com-panies seek to restore liquidity.

Inflation The school says the outlook

beyond 1980 is more encourag-ing. World output should recover fairly strongly in 1981 and 1982. In the UK inflation should be falling steadily, and there should be a reasonable output growth. North Sea oil should shelter the UK from the worst effects of the world re-cession and is likely to finance a steady growth of consumption. In a special viewpoint, Dr. Alan Budd and Mr. Terry Burns say the problems of in-flation and recession should be temporary. If there was immediate recognition that neither the VAT increase nor the oil price rise justify increases in market prices as a whole-but require a fall in wages and profits—then the problems could disappear completely.

"However, past experience suggests that such price shocks lead to higher inflation in the short term and that the eventual restoration of economic balance involves transitional costs of lost output and higher unem-ployment. In brief we are expecting a re-run of 1975, but on a less dramatic scale."

plans for more than a year ahead—and argue that the practical difficulties are not overwhelming. The detailed projections are

for total output growth of L6 per cent this year, followed by a 0.4 per cent drop in 1980, and growth of 1.7 and 3.4 respec-tively in the following two years. Adult unemployment in Great Britain is projected to rise from an average of 1.28m this year to 1.55m in 1980 and 1.87m

and as a percentage of Gross Domestic Product—up from 5.1 to 5.9 per cent. The 1978-79 figures were £9.4bn and 6.5 per Apart from the absence of about £1bn asset sales, the main reason is the recession fore-cast for 1980 to reduce revenue

-up from £8.5bn to £10.9bn-

and leave expenditure un-This deterioration in borrow ing should not cause concern, according to the school, since

Gross Domestic Product (Excluding North Sea oil) 1.1 3.0 24 2.7 9.2 12.2 8.5 9.1 Average wholly un (millions, GB) 1.28 1.82 -610 -- 230 -1.230

Although the projected slow-down in activity should improve the balance of real exports against imports, the current account of the balance of payments is expected to remain in substantial deficit. This is because of adverse movements in terms of trade (following a fall in sterling) and a deteriorating invisibles balance, partly due to higher contribu-tions to the EEC.

Consumer price inflation is expected to be around 16 per cent by the end of this year, but should drop to 124 per cent by the end of 1980. The school forecasts a rise in earnings of about 14 per cent in the next pay round. Main constraints will be rising unemployment and extreme pressure from

overseas competition.

The latter will be partly relieved by a forecast fall of about 10 per cent in the sterling trade-weighted index by the end of 1980, and of roughly 6 per cent in each of the next two years.
Inflation is forecast to fall below 10 per cent in 1981 and to roughly 7 per cent in 1982.

built-in stabilisers, and not a deterioration in the underlying or constant employment level Money supply This estimate is on the assumption that public spend-

it reflects the operation of the

ing rises in real terms next year at the 2 per cent rate projected in January's White Paper, but on the much lower base resulting from the Budget cuts, in the A fall in public borrowing in the current financial year and a

slowdown in bank lending to the private sector, as a result of lower stockbuilding, are expected to be reflected in a marked slackening in the rate of growth of the money supply over the next two years. The squeeze on the company sector is expected to be reflected in a fall in company profits

(net of stock appreciation and of North Sea oil) of 13.8 per cent this year and of 13 per cent in 1980, following a 15.2 per cent rise in 1978.

Economic Outlook 1978-82, assuming monetary growth is volume 3 numbers 9 and 10. The authors criticise the kept below 10 per cent a year available from Gower Press, 1 Government's failure to provide medium-term financial frame-forecast to rise sharply in shire GU14 7RO.

المكذا من الأمل

HK NEWS_LABOUR

LIV faces stoppage over wage claim :

COMMERCIAL Electron conpanies face discipling to programmes, today likewise of
grammes, today likewise of
grammes, today likewise of
grammes, today likewise of
grammes to grammes throughout the week
and staff over a wage claim.

Fev electricians still intended
last night to go ahead with a
last night to go and hamper future preductions
A meeting of ahon stewards
of the Association of Chiemano
last night to go ahead with a
last night to go ahead with a
last night to go ahead with a
last night programmes throughout the week
and hamper future preductions
A meeting of ahon a
last night to go and all the
last night to go and all th

weekend they heped to keep pay talks will be held on Fri-e makeshrif, schedule of pro-dry. Mr. Ronald Carrington, grammes, but this depended on ITCA's labour relations adviser the cooperation of pilier broad—has warned staff that anyone not usiging mulous.

The National Association of day will be suspended.

Chemical industry unions may leave joint groups

BY OUR LABOUR STAFF

working parties, and they want of the last five years, the Government to clarify its. The Chemical Unions Counview on planning for the in-

The Chemical Unions Coun-Workers Union to reconsider The council is also to be the basis of continued talks asked to endorse total opposition with Government departments to any move by the Governon the development of the in-ment to sell off part of PP. The

CHEMICAL INDUSTRY unions of extending dialogues with the will consider this week a move. Government when it was deterto withdraw from the sector's mined to reverse all the efforts

cil also involves the Transport and General Workers Union, the Union of Shop, Distributive and cil is to meer on Tuesday. On Allied Workers and the Asso-the agenda is a reference from ciation of Scientific Technical the General and Municipal and Managerial Staffs

and Managerial Staffs.
The council is also to be asked to endorse total opposition on the development of the ment to set on part of the desiral strategy next meeting of the Chemicals Mr. David. Wharburton the Economic Development Complication and secretary the unions, companies and the council said the unions could Government is scheduled for be asked to consider the true August I.

Teachers asking TUC to fight spending cuts

BY OUR LABOUR STAFF

THE NATIONAL Union of Teachers is to ask the TUC to authorities will really store up start a campaign against spend-ing cuts in aducation which it calls a "series of body blows to

hasic education.

The union has drawn up lists of cuts local authorities propose to make on educational spending in the current financial year. Mr. Fred Jarvis, general secre-tary of the NUT, said the cuts would, inflict real and under-lying damage on all parts of the

"If these early cuts go ahead, trouble for themselves. The information on the cuts is a blueprint for lowering standards

in education," he said.

The NUT plan to send out leaders to parents and preduce campaign material against the cuts during the school holidays.

Union members have already been told they will get speedy

9% for new towns' staff

distributed rates.

They have also accepted a 1980.

reference to the Clegg Com-

receive increases of between
45 and 55 per cent. This is to
maintain percentage relationship with new town chief
officers, according to the
National and Local Government of 2250,000 a year, is to review
Officers Association. A total of National industrial Fuel
settlement.

WHITE COLIAR staff in the of £10-a month on account dur-new towns corporations have ing the comparability study. agreed to a pay settlement The settlement is backdated to worth 9 per cent on consoli- July 1. Any award from Clegg will take meet on Janaury L.

settlement

The agreemat which is in asked to carry out the study. In line with most local authority 1977-78 the council's energy bill deals, also allows for a payment was £2.3m.

This advertisement is issued in compliance with the requirements of the Council of The Stock Exchange.

S (Taret)

SCOTTISH AGRICULTURAL SECURITIES CORPORATION LIMITED

ISSUE OF 2 000 000 13% DEBENTURE STOCK 1997/99 ISSUED AT £97%

Application has been made to the Council of The Stock Exchange for the admission of the above Stock to the Official List.

In accordance with the requirements of the Council of The Stock Exchange, £200,000 of the Stock is available in the Market on the date of publication of this Advertisement.

Particulars of the Stock are available in The Exchange Telegraph Company Limited statistical services and may be obtained during usual business hours on any weekday (Saturday excepted) up to and including 6th August, 1979,

DUNDAS & WILSON, C.S. 25 CHARLOTTE SQUARE, EDINBURGH EH2 KEZ

MULLENS & CO.

15 MOORGATE, LONDON ECZR 6AN

BELL, LAWREL MACGREGOR & CO. ERSKINE HOUSE, 68/73 QUEEN ST., EDINBURGH EHZ 4AE

THE ROYAL BANK OF SCOTLAND LIMITED 31 ST ANDREW SQUARE, EDINBURGH EHZ ZAB, and 16 OLD BROAD ST. LONDON ECZN IDL

BANK OF SCOTLAND

5 THE MOUND, EDINBURGH EHI TYZ

CLYDESDALF BANK LIMITED 30 ST, VINCENT PLACE, GLASGOW GI 2HL

PLANT & MACHINERY SALES

1) ROLLING MILLS

20in x 30in x 350 h.p. Two High Reversing Mill. Sin x 12in x 10in wide variable speed Four High Mill. 3.5ih x 8in x 9in wide variable speed Four High Mill. 10in x 16in wide fixed speed Two High Mill. 10in x 12in wide fixed speed Two High Mill. 6in x 16in x 20in wide Four High Mill.

2) CUT/LENGTH LINE 1,000 mm x 2 mm.

3) CUT/LENGTH LINE 750 mm x 3 mm,

4) CUT/LENGTH LINE 400 mm x 3 mm.

5) WIRE FLATTENING & NARROW STRIP ROLLING MILL, two

6) SLITTING LINE 920 mm x 10 ton coil by Cam.

7) SLITTING LINE 300 mm x 1 ton coll by Cam.

8) SLITTING MACHINES 36" and 48" by Weybridge. 9) 350 h.p. REVERSING MILL, 20in x 30in rolls. Farmer Norton.

10) PLATE SHEAR 4ft x 1in Cincinnati,

11) GUILLOTINE 8ft x 0.125in Pearson. 12) No. 1 FICEP SCRAP SHEAR, 75 x 35 mm bar.

13) SHEET LEVELLING ROLLS, 920, 1,150 and 1,850 mm wide.

14) HYDRAULIC SCRAP BALING PRESS. Fielding & Platt.

15) FORGING HAMMER 3 cwt, slide-type. Massey. 16) YACUUM FURNACE 100 kw. Herdiekerhoff.

17) AUTOMATED COLD SAW, non farrous. Noble & Lund.

18) WIRE DRAWING MACHINE 8 BLOCK (16in). Arbogs. 19) WIREDRAWING MACHINE 6 BLOCK (22in). Marshall Richards.

20) ROD DRAWING MACHINE 9 DIE. Barcro. And spooler max.

21) HORIZONTAL DRAW BLOCK 36in. Farmer Norton.

22) BAR & TUBE REELING MACHINE (2in), Plate. 23) WIRE DRAWING MACHINE 9 DIE cone type. Unity.

24) WIRE DRAWING MACHINE IS DIE cone type. Marshall

25) COMPLETE BICYCLE RIM MANUFACTURING PLANT to disposal, capacity 300 rims per hour.

> Wednesbury Machine Co. Ltd. Oxford Street, Bilston West Midlands Tel. 0902 42541/2/3 Telex 336414

McKay 8' SHEET METAL PROCESSOR

UPSET FORGING MACHINE 4 in dia. 750 ton

WICKMAN 12 6SP AUTOMATIC. Reconditioned WICKMAN 2 6SP AUTOMATIC. Reconditioned CINCINNATI CENTRELESS GRINDER. Excellent

1500 TON CLEARING D A PRESS Bed 180" x 96" 200 TON SCHULER HIGH SPEED PRESS, 200 spm

LUMSDEN GRINDER 84" x 24" magnetic chuck FISCHER COPY LATHE TYPE 18/150

NATIONAL COLD HEADERS !" x | dia. recon. BARBER & COLMAN 16-16 HOBBER, as new

> Rolls Tools Ltd., 154/6 Blackfriars Road, London SET-8EN Tel: 01-928 3131 - Telex: 261771



CONTRACTS AND TENDERS

THE INDEPENDENT STATE OF PAPUA NEW GUINEA MINISTRY OF WORKS AND SUPPLY DEPARTMENT OF WORKS AND SUPPLY

MAJOR ROAD AND BRIDGE PROJECTS PREQUALIFICATION OF CONTRACTORS

The Independent State of Papua New Guinea has the intention of proceeding with the construction of major Road and Bridge Works. Financial assistance with the Project may be provided by an International Lending Agency.

The work consists of upgrading an existing gravel road in the Highlands and comprises earthworks, pavement, sealing, bridgework, piling and drainage. It is intended to invite tenders from suitably qualified Contractors for this major project in three packages.

> Package 1 Kassam Pass - Henganoffi Package 2 Henganoffi — Daulo Pass 67 km Package 3 Kassam Pass - Daulo Pass 137km

The magnitude of cost for any single package is anticipated to be from Ten Million Kina to Twenty Million Kina (30th May: K1 = US\$1.38).

It is anticipated that invitations to tender will be issued during November, 1979 for construction to commence about July, 1980. Invitations to tender will be sent only to those Contractors who have been prequalified and whose interest has been registered with the Independent State of Papua New Guinea.

Contractors who are locally incorporated and are already qualified with either the Asian Development Bank or the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development should apply again together with any other locally incorporated: contractor who wishes to prequalify.

Prospective tenderers must be able to show relevant experience in projects involving highway construction and to show a history of successful contracts.

Locally incorporated tenderers should consider the possibility of associating themselves with overseas contractors for the purpose of bidding for the project contracts.

Information and forms of application may be obtained from:

Department of Works and Supply, P.O. Box 1108, Boroko, Papua New Guinea

and marked "ATTENTION": Principal Engineer, Roads and Bridges.

The closing date for application is 31st August, 1979.

The Independent State of Papua New Guinea will notify Contractors who have successfully prequalified to tender for the work and will supply them with tender documents and information regarding the preparation of bids. Reason for rejection of applicants for prequalification will not be given.

ARGENTINE REPUBLIC

Ministry of Economy

State Secretariat of Energy

Hidronor S.A. Hidroeléctrica Norpatagónica Sociedad Anónima Alicopa Complex

Alicurá Hydroelectric Project

Prequalification of contractors:

In connection with a subsequent call for tenders for design, manufacture, transport, erection, testing and commissioning of the following hydromechanical equipment for the spillway, intake works, draft tubes, bottom outlet and conduction to the turbines, Hydronor will receive and analyse the qualifications and references of those firms or consortia of firms, both national and international, that have adequate technical and financial capacity and wish to take part in the call for tenderers.

Subcontract No. 533/1 - gates, trashracks and auxiliary equipment

Three spillway operation radial gates. One set of six spillway maintenance sliding stoplogs. Three intake operation fixed-wheel gates. One intake maintenance sliding gate.
Fifty sections of removable trashracks. One gantry crane for the intake and the spillway. One set of four draft tubes maintenance sliding stoplogs. One gantry crane for the draft tubes. Four bottom outlet sliding gates. Steel lining for th bottom outlet.

Subcontract No. 533/2 - penstocks Times penstocks for the main hydarulic turbines.

Terms of reference:

The procedure for submission of data for this purpose and the characteristics of the supply object of these biddings are set out in corresponding prequalification documents which may be obtained either from Hydronor S.A., Av. Leandro N. Alem 1074, 5th Floor, 1001 Buenos Aires, or at the main offices of Electrowatt Engineering Services Ltd., P.O. Box, Bellerivestrasse 36, CH-8022 Z, Switzerland, and SVECO AB, P.O. Box 5038, 2 Linnegatin, S-102 41 Stockholm 5, Sweden, as from July 12, 1979.

The envelopes containing the qualifications and references of the firms or consortia concerned must be submitted to Hydronor S.A., Av. Leandro N. Alem 1074, 5th Floor, 1001 Buenos Aries, Argentina, before 4 p.m., September 3, 1979.

YEMEN AIRWAYS

PREQUALIFICATION FOR CALL OF TENDERS

DESCRIPTION OF THE WORKS Detailed design, supply, construction and erection on a turnkey

- An aircraft hanger 130 x 88 m and 28 m high;

A completely equipped extering complex for the preparation of approximately 4,000 meals per day; Appartenant site development works such as roads, water supply, diesel power station, etc.

PREQUALIFICATION PROCEDURE

Prospective contractors who are interested to tender for these works are hereby invited to submit documentation presenting their company, references and capabilities together with an indication of their ability to finance the works. The relevant documents are to be submitted not later than 2nd August, 1979, 47

Elektrowatt Engineering Services Limited P.O. Box, CH-8022 Zurich, Switzerland Ref. No. 3603

Prequalified tenderers will be invited not later than 10th August, 1979, to collect tender documents. The last submittal date for the tender is 10th October, 1979, in Sana'a. CHAIRMAN, YEMEN AIRWAYS

CONTRACTS

TENDERS

Advestisements appear every Monday

Rate: £17.50 per single col. cm Minimum 3 cm

For further information regarding advertising please telephone:

FRANCIS PHILLIPS 01-248 4782

TENDER NOTICE

Tenders are invited for the supply of under-mentioned items:

DESCRIPTION TENDER No.

01 Ramp Passenger Coaches for use in airport area with low base, diesel engine manual transmission having seating capacity of 25 to 35 passengers, standing capacity of 60 to 80 passengers, equipped with public address system. Quantity 10.

02 Automatic Hydraulic Copy Milling Machine with two milling heads and accessories.

Heavy Duty Copying Lathe Machine with swing over 04 Heavy Duty Copying Lathe Machine with swing over

bed 690 mm. 05 Heavy Duty Copying Milling Machine Mounting Surface 2000 x 5000 mm.

Tender documents with complete specifications, terms and conditions can be obtained from the General Manager, Stores & Purchases, PIA, Karachi Airport, Pakistan, or the Manager Purchases, PIA, Heathrow Airport, London, Tel: 01-759 2544 on payment of US\$100 or equivalent (which is

All tenders must reach the General Manager, Stores & Purchases, PIA, Karachi Airport, by 14.00 hours on 23rd August, 1979.

PIAC reserves the right to accept/reject any or all the tenders or extend date of opening without assigning any reasons.



IT-819/79

IT-256/79

IT-261/79

--do.--

IT-701/79

SYRIAN ARAB REPUBLIC

G.A.D.E.B. No. 1443-M-D-3

Call for Tenders for the Second Time

The General Administration for the Development of the Euphratos Basin expresses its desire to receive tenders to purchase a refrigerating tank of "10" tons capacity to transport milk; divided into 4 equal parts and fabricated from anti-contosive materials immune to milk and desirents. Each part should contain an agitator to stir the milk continuously. Moreover the refrigerant tank should be equipped with a machanical pump to discharge and fill the milk with a counter showing the quantity of milk passing through

the four parts.

Also, the tank should be transportable on a vehicle equipped with an adequate engine, with a refrigerating unit attaining a temperature of +4°C and automatically operated. Moreover, the said units should be operated by an engine independent of the vehicle engine, with the possibility of connecting it with these units in case of necessity.

Bidders are kindly requested to supply estalogues and technical data concerning the tank and its equipment with detailed specifications, together with a guarantee to supply the necessary spare parts for a 3-year parts.

Delivery time: Provisional deposit:

" 10,000" S.P. (ten thousand Syrian Pounds) to be stacked to the bid.

5% of the contract value. Finel deposit: 0.1% one per thousand for each day of delay.

Period of bid angagement: "90" (Ninety), days. Bids should be forwarded to the General Administration for the Development of the Euphrates Başin in a

assist envelope consisting of: . 1—Envelope No. "A" Containing information concerning the bid and the bidder. 2—Envelope No. "B" Containing the provisional deposit.

3—Envelope No. "C" Containing financial Information. Bids should be sent to the General Administration for the Development of the Euphrates Basin et Al Thaward or Regge towns or one of its centres at Aleppo or Damascus not leter than 1400 hrs. Thursday 3/8/1979. The Administration will categorically reluse any bid received after the storementioned date.

DIRECTOR GENERAL MICHEL ABDULLAH .

Atlas Copco compressed air

systems.

A force put to work for you.

SERVICES

a world

network

ACCESS TO the Mark III Service, the world's most extensive

information network, is avail-

in fliat tentre, customers are able to operate on a "walk-in"

basis. Interactive and remote

batch processing services are provided for low, medium and

high speed terminals. Full tech-

nical, customer support and customer education services are

/ailable. Mark III Service was also re-

cently extended to Venezuela and as a result is now available

on a local telephone call basis fro mover 600 cities in 34 coun-tries. Access points in Venezuela

able in Rivadh, Saudi Arabia.

Riyadh in

METALWORKING

Driving a range of power tools

tial power source for the manu- relief plates. Panels, supplier of pressed, formed and fabricated sheets in less steel and titanium.

It provides all the necessary press operations. power for the company's two press shops, extensive range of air-power tools and a variety of pneumatic controllers.

To meet such large air demands with consistency, this company selected three Broomwade VM1000 compressors to install in its recently commissioned compressor house.

Each compressor is capable of supplying up to 1,130 cfm (535 litres/sec) at 100 psig (7 bar). In order to recharge the numerous air receivers distributed throughout the plant, two compressors are used at the start of the morning shift. Thereafter one is normally Paul capable of satisfying the London majority of air demands during 3462). the day.

To meet any sudden increase in air consumption, the compressor installation is designed to switch on the second unit automatically. The third is a standby for use during emergency situations.

The largest press employed by Abbey Panels is an 800-ton Cowlishaw Walker machine. Air demand by this one press is so great that it requires three individual air receivers each of 31 cubic feet capacity. Two receivers supply air to the cushion while the third meets all ancillary air demands including damping of the top platen movement. This press is capable of forming sheet up to 6 feet by 8 feet.

Also situated in the main press shop is a selection of smaller presses the pressing capacities ranging from 150 to

CompAir Industrial, POB 7, Broomwade Works, Hig Wycombe, Bucks, 0494 2118,

e PRINTING

Polymer use at New York

Manhattan printing plants.

close to 2m copies—and has bracket. ordered 13 Leterilex 290A plate- Major making machines.

SNAM's activity in 1978

1978 Balance Sheet

Net worth

-reserves

Labour costs

Employees (number)

Pipeline network (km)

Gas sold (million cubic metres)

—share capital

Real property, Plant & Equipment

Accrued Depreciation and Amortization

Depreciation and Amortization for 1978

- Imports reached a total of 14.2 billion cubic metres.

- The financial year closed with a net profit of 24.5 billion line.

the semi-submersible barge "CASTORO SEI".

COMPRESSED AIR is an essen- equipment will provide shallow

Leterflex tailored to meet the needs of large newspapers with lettermaterials such as steel, stain- press equipment who have converted to computerised pre-

> As with all the company's equipment, the Letterflex 290A is equipped for the recycling of used photopolymer, which cuts and avoids waste disposal

• INSTRUMENTS Long scale manometer

PRECISE MEASUREMENT of pressures up to 3.5 atmospheres can be carried out on gas mains, process plant, etc., using long scale manometers developed by Paul Poddy, 16, Minerva Road, London, NW10 6HJ (01-965

Ideal for use with gas, com-pressed air, water and many other liquids, the manometers available in scale lengths of 1.9 and 2.5 metres, are machined from a solid block of perspex for improved safety, eliminating the risk run with glass instru-ments where a sudden upsurge glass. The manometers can be used in the most rigorous site conditions without being dam-

Mounted upright on backing boards the units provide great accuracy due to the scale length and can withstand 10 atmospheres (bars) when used to me-sure differential pressure.
There are also high pressure

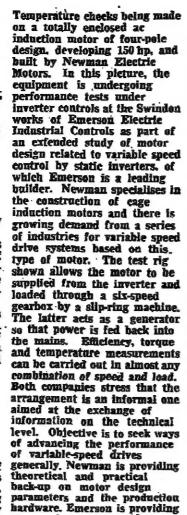
measure small differential pres-sures at up to 35 bar static

e COMPONENTS Design for Design for big trucks

INTRODUCTION of a new range of road vehicle transmissions has been announced by Eaton Corporation, Eaton House, Staines Road, Hourslow, Middle-

Daily News is to convert all daily printing to a platemaking platemaking system at both its Brooklyman and 900 Series Eaton Fuller twin convert all daily printing to a platemaking and 900 Series Eaton Fuller twin convert all daily printing to a platemaking and 900 Series Eaton Fuller twin convert and some statematical statematics and 900 Series Eaton Fuller twin convert and some statematical statematics and 900 series Eaton Fuller twin convert and some statematics and 900 series Eaton Fuller twin convert and statematics and 900 series Eaton Fuller twin convert and statematics and 900 series and 900 series Eaton Fuller twin convert and statematics and 900 series and 900 ser ystem at both its Brooklyn and countershaft transmissions. They are intended in general for This publication has the vehicles of up to 38 tonnes GVW highest circulation in the U.S.- having engines in the 260 hp

Major advantages claimed for these transmissions are the wide Brooklyn plant will be con- ratio-spread, light weight and verted to the new equipment by compactness, particularly in cannot be used, particularly mid-July and the Manhattan terms of length, and the pro- where heat distortion is unplant is to be converted by the vision of a wide choice of power end of September. The new take-off drives.



BROADCASTING

its experience of the wide range of inverter supply conditions encountered in industry. Newman is on 0272 559875.

Flat screen TV tube round the corner

DEVELOPMENT by Sinclair that the electron beam, which interested in flat screen designs technologies involving light-Radionics of a "revolutionary" pocket-sized flat screen television will be based on a tech-nique developed 25 years ago, but which was never commercially exploited.

Sinclair has working proto-type versions of the screen, which is to form the heart of the new television, though an industrial partner to provide suitable financial and technical

ray tube which is used for the television. Gabor had suc-all televisions, but suitably ceeded only in making a monomodified. The difference is that chrome set, the tube has been flattened so Clive Si

Beam makes fine welds

-conventional welding -simply chamber. A deep, narrow, full

cannot be used, particularly penetration weld is produced.

acceptable. An advantage is LED weld timing display and

that there is no contamination modern control facilities.

WELDING

7.AA (01-452 0011).

SNAM SPA (ENI GROUP) Milan-Italy

ANNUAL REPORT 1978

SNAM is the ENI-Group company which transports and distributes nationally produced and

imported natural gas in Italy. The company also operates oil pipelines and a tanker fleet

transporting crude and oil products.

The following is an extract of the Annual Report for 1978.

The SNAM tanker fleet transported 23.5 million tons of crude and oil products, with an increase of 5.5% in respect of 1977.

- Crude and oil products conveyed by means of SNAM pipelines totalled 27.8 million tons, with an increase of 21.2% in respect of

- Investments in property, plant and equipment amounted to 97 billion line, while investments completed and ready for

Work is in progress on the Transmediterranean pipeline which is expected to begin transporting 12.36 billion cubic metres of

- The Algerian Company SONATRACH completed the engineering for the section from the gas fields to the Tunisian border.

— As regards the section crossing Tunisia engineering for both the line and the compressor stations was in an advanced stage at the end of 1978 and order had been placed for the 48" pipes.

-- The engineering work for the crossing of the Sicilian Channel, which will involve the laying of a series of 20" pipes continued

- The laying operations for the crossing of the Straits of Messina were well advanced at the end of 1978. (In fact, the work was

- As regards the Italian section, the engineering and acquisition of the rights-of-way were in progress. By the end of 1978, 450

PRINCIPAL ECONOMIC DATA ABOUT THE COMPANY

1976

179,672

1,200,184

1,384,751

192,374

91,821

5,500

13,304

26,104

22,982

(thousand tons)

1977

million lire

200,000

182,301

1,600,587

1,516,864

918,009

208,955

13,654

25,663

40,702

1978

200,000

182,940

1.817.727

1.576.632

1.104.876

194,171

98,524

5,640

13,881

26,580

31,549

40,894

through the year. The pipe-laying contract has been awarded to SAIPEM (another EN! Group Company) who will operate with

- 26.5 billion cubic metres of natural gas was delivered in Italy, an increase of 3.7% compared with the previous year,

- At the end of the year, the SNAM natural gas transport system reached a total length of 13,881 kilometres.

Depreciation and amortization for the year, applying the maximum fiscal rates, totalled 194.2 billion lire.

completed in the spring of 1979 with the laying of three 20" pipes, in addition to the existing 10" pipe).

kilometres of 48" pipes were already on site and other lots, had been ordered.

Crude oil & oil products transported by SNAM pipelines (thousand/tons)

Crude oil & oil products transported by SNAM-owned and chartered ships

- Revenues were 1,818 billion lire, an increase of 13.5% in respect of the previous year.

Ideally suited to industries

assembling large numbers of

small, high-precision parts, the unit can deal with up to 4,000

welds per day using an un-skilled operator.

It will also be useful where

When the idea was originally proposed 25 years ago by Denis Gabor, inventor of the hologram, it was with the intention of producing television sets with screens 8 ft across. The project was dropped when funding from the National Research Development Council was with-drawn, NRDC is now supporting support is yet to emerge. How-ever details are expected soon. Sinclair's work to develop colour The screen will use a cathode and black and white versions of

Clive Sinclair has

differing composition and un-equal thicknesses—no differen-

tial thermal problems will

EBW 300 has TV viewing.

an evacuated

produces the picture, enters for several years. He worked emitting diodes, liquid crystals, from the side, instead of the back, of the screen.

When the idea was originally proposed 25 years ago by Denis miniature TV screen.

The ameliost creen the screen design to suit a quire more complicated ways of generating a picture on the screen the creen the screen are complicated ways.

The smallest screen the company was able to produce was 18 in. across. Clive Sinclair eventually turned to AEG-Telefunken to manufacture minia-

. If Sinclair is successful in manufacturing and marketing flat screen Microvision, the company plans to enlarge the screen ture tubes using conventional technology for his Microvision a colour version which had been "pocket" TV.

His company appears to be the only one working on the only one working on the coloured stripes of phosphor. Sign. Others, such as the big But the electronics to control the pany plans to enlarge the screen makes the screen which had been coloured stripes of phosphor.

Japanese Matshushita group, beam will be extremely compilare considering more exotic cated. ELAINE WILLIAMS

ELECTRONICS

Protecting the load MADE BY Electron Beam Weld- or oxidation because welding ing Inc of Los Angeles, the EBW 300 machine is to be made available in the UK by T.I. Rockwell, Welsh Harp, shrinkage is small. Such welds Edgware Road, London NW2 will similarly join materials of contraction declarate welding for contraction declarate welding for contraction and shrinkage is small. Such welds will similarly join materials of difference competition and the contraction of the contraction and the contraction

PUT ON the market by Moore red-yellow-blue. Reed and Company is an elec- While the unit was designed tronic protection system for as an adjunct to a static re-loads connected to three phase quency converter made by the 400 Hz supplies.

for example—are protected by input from inverters or con-disconnection should undesir-verters made by other comable supply variations of five panies, kinds occur: voltage exceeding generators. in these machines the weld is produced by the impact of high/energy electrons on the high/energy electrons of the high/energy electr less than 100 V for more than four seconds; a drop of fre-

00 Hz supplies. company, it will operate with Logica, 64 Newman Street.
Sensitive loads—computers a three phase 400 Hz 115V London W1A 4SE 01-637 9111. verters made by other companies, or from rotary Ferranti to

More from the company at ADETUCEI

Simpler relay control

many still do-a hard wired system can be from four to 192 relay control panel from a con-trol logic diagram, the diagram can be programmed straight into the memory of the IPC 90 programs the memory and can

can also be incorporated and the control scheme can also be made. program can be rapidly modified available.

INSTEAD OF constructing-as at any time. Capacity of the

microprocessor-based system in- discover the status of any part troduced by IPC-Merten, 31. of the control system while run-Sheep Street, Wellingborough, ning. In the event of failure Northants NN8 1BZ (0933 the maintenance engineer can use the portable unit for Programming language used diagnosis. It gives complete is standard relay ladder logic lines of the logic control which is already familiar to both diagram on a video display, designers and maintenance engineers. Timers and counters and outputs. A printout of the

Solid state drivers

relay driver by National Semi-telecommunications systems where low cost and low power conductor, which can be linked to either LS/TTL or CMOS logic, is to drive a relay operated from a battery with from the logic power supply

In standby mode, the DS3680 uses practically no power, typically less than 50 microwatts per driver. This, com-bined with low input drive currents, of the order of only 10 Horne Lane, Bedford. (0234) micro-amperes, makes the de- 211262/47147.

BASIC PURPOSE of a new vice particularly attractive for consumption are the paramount considerations. Each circuit can drive a load of up to 50 mA, and it is possible to operate all a ground reference that differs four: simultaneously without concern for overall package

heat dissipation.

DS3680 has a ±20 volt common mode input range, and high noise immunity.

More from National Semiconductor, 301, Harpur Centre,

Ultra-clean garments

RECENTLY FORMED by the engineering. Huntleigh Group is a new company called Countdown Clean laboratories. Systems which is to manufacture, sell, hire and process ultra-clean garments for indus- of Derby will house the new trial, scientific and medical company which, in due course, applications.

Such outer clothing minimises damaging particle genera- about 80 people. tion in the very clean environdustry and also in precision DE55 4DA (077384 3983).

pharmaceutical manufacture and in research

A purpose-built 10,000 sq.ft factory about 10 miles northwill employ its own fleet of vehicles and employ a total of

More from the company's imments essential in a number of mediate parent, Micro-Image segments of the electronics in- Technology, Riddings, Derby

random generator and display make up Signature II from Nimrod Electronics and provide a cuit under test is put into a quick way to test faulty syn- state where the data stream is chronous circuits such as micro-

box of electronics containing a tectable-pulse width is 10 nano

seconds. To use Signature II the cir-

constantly repeating, the cona self-test routine the data provide clock, start stop, ground probe is then ready to investi gate the circuit by taking logic signatures and comparing them

• COMPUTING **Powerful** intelligent

terminal

cating with a mainframe.

Commands to LITMOS are either obeyed instantly or

The user can interrupt the the same position.

LIT's are made by Logica

Data Systems, at Its factory in Barnet.

puter products in the North Sea, the company has added an lacquer offshore computer projects lacquer office to its Aberdeen liaison

Its main function is to corelay control panel from a con-

division in Manchester.

office so that immediate en- ventional air-less spray. during the project commission tools is using the lacquer for rust-ing and acceptance phases, but proofing and improved presentaalso with any problems arising

way, Wythenshawe, Manchester, non-flammable form as SIF M22 5LA. 061-437 5391. 9380/NF.

LOGICA'S intelligent terminal (LIT) can process data and print files at the same-time.
LITMOS, a multi-tasking opersting system enables it to do
this—provide local processing. while simultaneously communi-

flagged as errors and there is no long wait as the system fruitlessly searches its programme files for a misspelled command.

processing of an applications-screen, for instance, to examine the operating system's list of disc files, then instantly restore the original screen image. This will show the same contents as before and have the cursor in

quency below 380 Hz; or if the Waiworth Industrial Estate, phase sequence is not the correct Andover, Hants. (0264 4155). BECAUSE of the extensive use Fast-drying

projects and to provide a direct marketed by Synthetic and link with the design and pro- industrial Finishes. Imperial duction units in the Manchester Way, Watford, WD2 4JW, Herts. area. (Watford 37035).

gineering and programming. The manufacturer says one help can be provided not only maker of saw blades and hand tion in preference to a cellulose during operation. laconer which involved string-Ferranti Computer Systems, ent fire precautions. The product Wythenshawe Division, Simons is designated SIF G880 and in

Support for new venture

trading methods in the UK, though strongly established in America. A new company with Anglo-American management is through local agents. about to launch such an operation in Britain.

Feasibility of the project, which involves offering credit account facilities, depends to a large extent on a computerised monitoring system developed by group.

Set up in only a matter of menths, thanks mainly to experience gained in the U.S. by the new company's management team, the operation's first phase will involve testing reactions to several hundred lines which the company proposes to offer.

SELLING jewellery direct from in a trial area of the market. the manufacturer by mail order. The feed-back from this will be is a major departure from usual, used to compile the eventual list of items to be included in the 1980 catalogue, which will distributed nationally

Master Credit Systems, the Centre-file service, will be used to enable the company to offer deferred terms to customers and eventually for the operation of a budget account scheme. Computer - printed 'statements Centre-file, the computer will give the sales department bureau subsidiary of the a direct means of communicatthe a direct means of communicat-National Westminster Bank ing with customers. Centre-file will punch data from bill sets supplied by the agents and from cash sets supplied by the company—the only forms of input required. From this the computer will produce detailed information for management on the state of each account and the progress of the company. This will be done by distribut. Centre-file. 75 Leman Sing a limited edition catalogue London E1. 01-488 3131. Centre-file, 75 Leman Street,

Testing the logic A PAIR of probes and a small and MOS families. Minimum de-

One of the probes is used to and reference voltages while the other is a 100 MHz data probe which will either detect, with the appropriate logic like most probes, pulses as they tables or a schematic cross high or low threshold, or will only detect valid pulses Station Road, Billingshurst, Suscrossing both thresholds in TTL sex (Billingshurst, 3833).

trol probe is connected and after

BANQUE DE L'INDOCHINE ET DE SUEZ US \$40,000,000 Floating Rate Notes 1979-1989

For the six months
10th July, 1979 to 10th Jaminy, 1986
the Notes will carry an interest rate of 11% per annun and
Coupon Amount of US\$56.22 Listed on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange By Bankers Trust Company London Reference Agent supersedes the one published on 18th July, 1979, la which the issue dates were incorrectly shown.

ien her

will be extended next year to other cities, and investigations are under way to provide the service in other South American countries.

Based on three computer supercentres two in the United States and one in Holland and

remote communications links the service is now accessible from over 90 per cent of the world's business telephones.

GEISCO: 114-118 Southampton Row, London WC1B 1AB.

01-242 5725.

COMPANY

• TRANSPORT trailers

CRANE FRUEHAUF has introduced a new range of bydraulically coupled detachable front end low loading semi-

There are four basic models, of 25 ton, 30 ton, 40 ton and 50 ton capacity, incorporating tandem and tri-axie running gear. One of the aims of this new design, says the company, has been to ptilise standard components, particularly in the suspension, where well proven types have been used, giving the operator increased service and parts availability.

The 25-ton model uses an under slung single leaf suspension, while there are additional auxiliary rubber springs on the 30-top model, the 40 and 50ton models use single-leaf tri-axle suspension, again with the addition of auxiliary rubber springs on the 50 ton version.

A CLEAR, sir drying lacquer, said to be, suitable for steel, nonferrous metals and wood is being

Site manager Mr. Peter It is quick drying, and using Whalley, was previously a the dipping process at normal senior projects manager at the withdrawal speed the material ompany's Wythenshawe Gries within seconds on contact with Mr. The material can also be applied by brush or by con-

PUBLIC NOTIC

के स्थाप्त है

ART GALLE

100

The same of the sa

Com

-

P.O. Box No. 6, Park Hall,

Salford Priors, Evesham,

Worcestershire

Tel. Bidford-on-Avon

3721 (20 lines)

STD (078 988) 3721

New headquarters for Camm gets £5.4m work General Accident

PLAMS FOR a new international space. About 1m bricks will beadquarters and staff accommo be used to clad the pre-cast dation unit at Pitheavlis, Perth. Scotland, have been settled and The company also plans to it is expected that the award of build a few houses to accomthe contract will be announced modate caretakers and maintenwithin the next few weeks ance staff. In addition, there Value of the contract is expected are to be lessure facilities to be at least £15m.

318 303

Work is in start spon on the mis, football, howis, and general initial groundwork, which will athletics.
mainly havolve excavation of The architect is James Parr
100,000 rubic metres to form and Partners, quantity surveyor terraces in a billside. The main all-conditioned and consulting engineer Ove

office building will provide Arap and Partners Completion about 25,000 so metres of floor is programmed for 1983.

£5m Plymouth theatre

won a 25m contract to build a on slate. new 1,275 seat civic theatre at Supers the junction of Royal Parade insitu reinforced concrete confor the City Council.

Project consists of a main fly tower.
octagonal theatre building of Work will include many of the about 52 metres diameter, with general fittings scenery sup-an 18-metre octagon on one side port systems and stage curtains forming a studio theatre.

Foundations for the tanked external works. basement will be vibrated conings on a concrete sub-base; lowered to form an orchestra office foundations will be of pit. Goods and passenger lifts reinforced concrete pad bases will also be provided.

COSTAIN CONSTRUCTION has to columns or lift shaft founded

Superstructure is generally of Darrys Cross, in Plymouth, struction with steelwork roofs to the auditorium, scene dock and

as well as the necessary

Two lifts will be installed in crete slab with integral foot the main stage and these can be

GUILDWAY BUILDING DACK-

ages are being supplied through its Nigerian distributor to a

government department there

for use as offices, admin build-

Contracting company, Adamog Nigeria, will erect and

complete the 32 baildings, mak-

ing up a £1m contract, on 12

ORDINARY SHARES BORS ISSUED BY CITIEANK N.A.

NOTICE IS MERESY GIVENS that a vicinal disease 20th July 1978 to holders 1978 and 1979 may now claimed at the rate above, below as claimed at the rate above, below as 1 described

and residential buildings.

Awards to Warings

LARGEST OF the latest con- mouth (£350,000) and constructracts awarded to Warings (Contion of a bleck of flats for tractors) of Portsmouth is worth elderly people for the CESSAC £31m and so for a 168-bed hotel Housing Association (£400,000) for Holiday Inns at Paulsgrove, in Portamouth.

The site is an old refuse tip and there is to be an 3-storey Buildings accommodation plus a two-storey block to house banqueting storey block to house banqueting for Nigeria is due in 74 weeks.

The company has also been awarded a fim contract by Vosper Thorneycroft (UK). This is a design and construct package deal for fitting out a workshop at Porchester alongside the ings, classrooms, dormitories new plate shop just completed by Warings under a £1.1m con-

Other contracts include the fitting-out of a Sainsbury supermarket at Winton near-Bourse-

COMPANY NOTICES

YCE IS HERREY GIVENS that a of due 18th Law 1978 to holders is as at 31st March 1979 may now med at the rest shown below on action of company No. 21 to the thined.—

st 15% Jahanets
Witchholdles Tax USSO.002408
Witchholdles Tax USSO.002408

Divident USSO.002408

Kingdom Income Tax at the reretre of 15% in the 5 will be
from the amount of this divident
in cases where compons are accomby a United Kingdom Indust

United Kingdom Indust

Bidding forms are available from
dersigned:

PUBLIC NOTICES

Hallamshire Group.

stockholder James Fairley inconcrète frame volves the design and construclow Meadows Industrial Estate, Rotherham covering squash swimming, ten-

Design and construction of new factory and office accommodation at Canal Wharf, Chesterincludes car parking, access R G R Christie and Partners, roads and site works.

First unit at the Bury Industrial Estate, in excess of £300,000, consists of the build- £297,800 is for the construction ing of a 90 metre x 30 metre two sections incorporating an internal office, we and amenity

Extension of a Brown and Tawse (Sheffield) factory is worth over £220,000 and includes site work and drainage.

Rehabilitation of the Catherine Ward in the female

CONTRACTS worth £5.4m have block of Rampton Hospital for office and laboratory buildings been won by Camm (B and H), the Property Services Agency at Cultam for the United linked to an existing factory treatment works extensions. subsidiary of the Burnett and comprises a contract in excess of £380,000 and work involves erection of a new single storey Just under £1m work for steel extension.

Nene Housing Society has awarded a contract of £308,500 tion of a factory on the Cank- for the construction of St. Neot's flats plus warden's house, resi-dents lounge, laundry, tea room, will be used for the production

gained through PDNCB Consultants for the Doncaster area field, is worth £319,623 and also of the National Coal Board are for civil engineering works in connection with the electrification of No. 1 winder at Markham factories Main Colliery.

A contract in excess of steel framed factory split into Whittlesey food process factory of a settlement lagoon at the of McCain International.

> Final job, worth . OVET for Clayton £239,000, Chambers Installations for the National Coal Board, North Notts and South Midlands areas and includes three boiler houses, associated ductwork and site works.

Pipeline in South Wales

£2.4M contract to lay a 20 km pipeline near Cardiff, South Wales, has been awarded to Nacap of Doncaster by Wales

Running from Rhiwderin to Cefn On, and including some 3 km of marshland, requiring pipeline reduces in diameter from 900 mm to 450 mm.

The contract includes the about £185m.

take off stations and a 200 mm spur line. Work has begun and is expected to be completed by this October.

Nacap is a member of the Royal Bos Kalis Westminster Group N.V. and sister company special construction techniques, to Nacap B.V. of Holland, which is currently laying nearly 1.100 km of gas pipeline in Algeria in contracts worth

Water supply control

prehensive telemetry control system will form part of a new Cork harbour and city water supply scheme.

Cork County Council intends trial development in the Cork area. The County Council funded project will also involve extensive new civil engineering works, including pumping stations and other buildings.

Cossor will provide the complete computer-based telemetry system including design, manufacture and installation, together with supplying and fitting the monitoring instrumentation to operate with each telemetry out-The Authority's treatment

works at Inniscarra will be equipped with a central station to monitor and control the network. A central computer, developed by Cossor specifically for telemetry application in the water, gas and electricity industry, will be installed, together with colour monitor, alarm and

WORTH over £250,000, a com- log printer-and chart recorders.

Operators at the central station will communicate with the system via the keyboard and a multi-colour alpha/numeric visual display unit screen will this scheme to meet the in- provide a complete picture of the creased demand brought about overall system conditions. Mimic by population growth and indus- diagrams representing remote plant will be displayed with precise data up dated and stored as the system continuously scans the outstations. A wall mounted mimic complete with illuminated indicators will also provide an overall picture of the water distribution network.

> A total of 10 outstations are included in the system, each equipped with its small processor. This enables the central computer to interrogate directly each outstanding memory for specified data.

Building work on the project is expected to be finished by 1982, but the Cossor system will be operational before then. The central computer is scheduled for delivery early next year.

Cossor Electronics. The Pinnacles, Harlow, Essex CM19 5BB. 0279 26862.

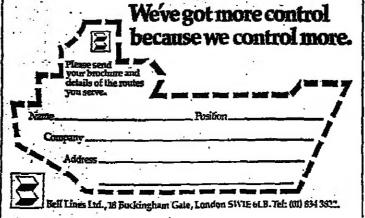


Send today for the new Bell Lines brochure.

It'll fell you all you need to know about our door to door delivery system that's totally integrated throughout our European road, sea, rail and inland waterway network.

With complete operational control over 8 sea routes between the British Isles and mainland Europe—using 6 different port terminals you can be sure of a fast, efficient service.

So cut out the coupon and let Bell Lines control your distribution.



Sir Alfred **McAlpine**

awards UNDER A £5m design and build contract Sir Alfred Mc- Blaenau Gwent Borough Coun-Alpine and Son is constructing cil-

three steel-framed, two-storey Kingdom Atomic Energy Authority. A second contract awarded to

McAlpine is worth about £1.8m and is for a 74.4 by 45 metres building for McKey Food of meat products. Contracts worth over fim

Houses and by Finnegan

COUNCIL HOUSES at Pontefract and industrial units at Huddersfield and Rugby are to be built by J. F. Finnegan under contracts worth a total of £2.3m

The largest contract is worth just over £1m and, awarded by Wakefield Metropolitan District Council, is for the construction of 93 dwellings at The Maltings, Pontefract. Work starts next month and completion is scheduled for July 1981. Maingrove has placed a

£737,000 contract for the construction of two factory units, plus ancillary services, at Glebe Farm Industrial Estate, Rugby. Work has already started on contract worth

£566,000 is for the provision of small factory units at phase three of the Ringway Estate of Slough Estates at Huddersfield.

trol glass, glazing is still carried

out with hand-grade glazing com-

pounds with a life expectancy of

Tremco, Key House, Horton

Road, West Drayton, Middlesex

More sophisticated methods of

glazing however, call for up-to-

the-minute adjuncts, and free-

dom from maintenance-for up

should now be the order of the

Additions to the company's range of thermo glazing products promise to meet standards now

being set down for high-

performance in this industry,

and include a silicone construc-

tion sealant. Propglaze, which is

a one-part, moisture curing, sili-

to a quarter of a century-

(08954 40641).

Mixture for Fairclough

INDUSTRIAL AND public sec- covers the Port Louis Water tor work worth more than £3.9m Supply Project, for the Central is to be undertaken by Fair- Water Authority, Mauritius.

clough Building. Largest job, worth £1.8m, is reservoirs, pumping station and for, 129 houses of traditional siteworks at Pailles, Plaine construction in Tredegar for Laubun and Priest's Peak, is worth £1.6m and second part of

the overall contract is worth At Ferndale, near Pontypridd, £1.4m for the construction of the company is constructing a sand filters, chilorinator house single-storey factory building and siteworks at Pailles water operated by Chubb ecurity.

Extensions to the club pavilion county cricket and rugby ground. St. Helens, Swansea, will be carried out by the com-pany's division at Taffs Well, Cardiff, plus a travel centre for British Rail at Port Talbot, and flats for Blaenau Gwent ELEVEN INDUSTRIAL units Borough Council at Llanhilleth, are to be built at Woolborough near Pontypool.

Modernisation of the Kensington Palace Hotel, in London, is a £1.4m project under which 317 bedrooms will be refurbished and upgraded. Public areas of conference rooms, restaurants, bars, coffee shop and lifts will also be refurbished and the whole of the exterior

£3m water project

OVERSEAS WORK, totalling veyor is Kinsler and Partners about £3m, has been awarded to Johnston Construction, and

Supermarket and studio

It is said to produce a long recessed between sash and glass,

WORK HAS begun on a super- contract from Thames Television market and multi-storey car park for the demolition of the studio at Shenley Road, Borehamwood, at Euston West Block, Euston Herts, for Tesco Stores. The Road, London, and the construc-2.1m contract is being undertion of a new studio at ground floor including ancillary rooms. taken by Kyle Stewart which expects to complete the work by Value of the contract which will August, 1980. Architects are be controlled by the Ware Mac-Gregor Partnership is about Inskip and Willezynski. The company has also won a £800,000.

environmental glasses, such as rapidly cures to produce a Neoprene sponge is the com-insulating glass and solar con- durable, flexible seal. pany's CNN-Sponge. Used

life, weathertight seal in com-

bination with glass, metal, most

A precision extruded spacer-

shim, Aro-Shim, is compounded

used between sash and glass or

plastic sheet in conjunction with

a sealant cap bead and promises

many advantages over the use of

separate spacer shims, control-

ling and assuring the recom-

mended cap bead spacing and

providing a cushion along the

entire perimeter of the glass.

it eliminates the use of make-

cone elastomeric product which mended clearances, and is easier glazing sealants for new con-

Available in 1. &, and 1 inch

with or without an integral lock-

from EPDM rubber.

Modern methods of glazing

DESPITE the increasing use of of weather conditions

only five to ten years, says painted surfaces, and plastics.

is easily gunned under all types to install than round shims.

Wiltshiers'

£1½m award

Work on the site of one of

Consisting of closed-cell

in conjunction with a sealed

cap bead, it is designed to be

compressed between 15 and 40

per cent and offers definite

advantages over pre-formed

glazing tapes, especially when

serrated stops are not present.

minimum of surface prepara-tion, this should provide a

uniform cushion to the glass

latitude in glass and metal

Known as maker and supplier

contractor, the company's pro-

overlays, roofing materials and

struction and remedial work.

tolerancing.

in feature for compatible metal, industry, and specialist flooring

shift spacer shims, keeps glass duct range also includes flooring accurately spaced at recom- overlays, roofing materials and

compensates for a wide

Construction of water storage

IN BRIEF

• Two new offices in the south of England have been opened by Mears Contractors. One is at Plymouth, Devon, and the other at Maidstone.

• Curwen and Newbery has supplied three heat regenerators Lane, Crawley, Sussex, by Wilt-(thermal wheels) to reduce the shiers for Old Burlington air conditioning load of the new Estates Development and Bar-medical pavilion built by air conditioning load of the new clay Trust Value of the contract Bernard Sunley and Sons in Abu is £11m. Bernard Sunley and Sons in Abu equipment was £20,000. Fuel cost savings for cooling season the larger units, providing 46,000 sq ft, has been started. alone will amount to £6,000 per annum.

This unit will be occupied by Gatwick Flight Catering, a com-pany formed by Spinney's Mechanical and electrical services costing £1.2m have been (1948) to provide catering serinstalled by Haden Young at vices to airlines. The latter company is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Steel Brothers and Bain Dawes House, an office block in Aldgate High Street in the City of London.

 Volta River Authority and Merlin Gerin have signed a The architect is Dennis Lister and Associates. Quantity surcontract worth Frs 7m for equipment and supervision of and structural engineers are White Young and Partners. the transformer centre for the Kpong hydro project on the Volta River. This contract was won by the company working in conjunction with the Acres consulting engineers' group of

> International Water Supply Association (IWSA) has pub-lished the first edition of the International Who's Who in Water Supply, price £10 per copy or exchange equivalent (plus VAT at standard rate UK only). IWSA operates from Queen Anne's Gate, London SW1H 9BT, 01-222 B111.

> · First phase of residential accommodation at Great Yarmouth District General Hospiwill be undertaken by Walter Lawrence under a contract worth £3m. South West Gas has also awarded a contract to the company for work at Stapleton Road Depot, Bristol, worth £200,000. • Lesser Building Systems has

won two contracts, worth nearly £150,000, for two buildings for Fairey Marine. Easily installed with the Mobile crane operators'

Safety Guide is just published by Construction Industry Training Board, Glen House. Stag Place, London SW1, price £1. edge without pressure points @ Contract for the erection of

a large acoustic wall has been awarded to ICI Acoustics by Shrewshury Tool and Die Co. of products to the building and is worth £75,000. A £im contract has been

placed by Sommer Allibert (UK) with D. T. Bullock and Company for an extension of warehouse facilities at Droit-

Fast, responsive, reliable horsepower.

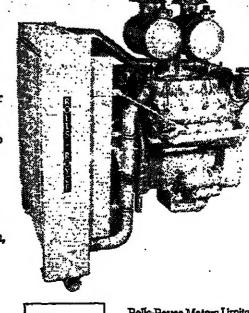
Powering out from the starting gates at the off, race horses are a supreme example of instant response. It is that same sort of instant response

you find with generator sets powered by Rolls-Royce diesel engines. Which is why so many of the world's leading electrical generator manufacturers rely on Rolls-Royce to provide immediate power wherever and whenever it is needed—all the way from 130 to 806 hp (106 to 692KVA.).

Based on many years of extensive research and using advanced manufacturing technology Rolls-Royce diesel engines are simply yet effectively designed precision built, checked and rechecked during every stage of manufacture, economical and trouble-free to run, needing the very minimum of maintenance. They give immediate response and reliability whether in the blistering heat of the desert or the sub zero temperatures of the Antarctic.

Our world-wide sales and after-sales support covers 114 countries so you can be sure when you buy Rolls-Royce powered generators that parts and service are readily available.

Comprehensive colour literature on all our diesel engines is available on request.



DOLLS. MOYCE **MOTORS** Diesel Division

Rolls-Royce Motors Limited Diesel Division, Whitchurch Road Shrewsbury SY1 4DP. England. Telephone: 0743 52252.

All these manufacturers supply Rolls-Royce diesel engines in their generators.

Aggrein (Scotland) Ltd.
Alter Craig
Altern Power Squipment Co Ltd.
J.E. Raderwell Ltd.
Rates Disnels Gently Ltd.
Rates Disnels Gently Ltd.
Retional Stationary Ltd.
Broadcrown Ltd.
Connect (E.M.) Ltd.
Connect Co.M.) Ltd.
Connect Co.M.) Ltd. Coccupy Land in Coccupy Then Ltd Date Electric of Great Science Ltd Dawson-Scith Ltd Lennes Debag Power Plant Ltd Depart Pelapone Ltd Elec Power Flant Ltd Electroplant Ltd Electroplant Ltd. Hectroplant Ltd.
Elegany Ltd.
Equipmine 1st.
Forest City Electric Co Ltd.
G & M Fower Plant Ltd.
Generator Construction Ltd.
Generator Construction Ltd.
Half Conduct International L

Separators Ltd Separators Ltd

opson & Son (Plent Hire) Ltd. C Diesel Systems Laf og W. Ward Laf (Machin iding Industries Laf

Rolls-Royce Australia Dini Ing Hitzinger & Co Austria Belgium Diesel Electric Belgium Stamford Power Belgium NV, Belgium Finland Finland Asea

Birnbeam & Co **GEMCO** Custruzioni

IRPEM J.Whyte Socopim Dynaf BV Warner Ba Tatelinea

THE THOROUGHBRED POWER OF OVER 800 HORSES!

الظ0,

The second

MARIBOROUGH, 5, Albemarke St., W.1. FEGOR, SCHIELE Exhibition of water colonies and drawings; until 31 August Stop. Fri. 10-530, Sat. 16-12.30. MALL GALLERIES, The Mail, Society of Woman Arrists 117th 1 1800. Daily (for. Sons.) 10-5. 1 sp. 25th July. Adm. 20p. SANDFORD GALLERY, 1, Metter Street, tong Acre. W.C.2. 379 8305: Mon:-Sal. 11-5. MIXED SHOW LANDSCAPES TO ABSTRACT, Inc. Jet Pickering and Sandra Mow.

WADDINGTON GALLERIES, 14, Cork Street W.1, 439 1866, PATRICK CAUL-FIELD—Recent Paletings, 30th June 20th July 10-5-20, 388, 10-1. FIELDBOURNE GALLERIES, 63, Queens Grove, N.W.S. 536 3600. RODNEY. BURN, R.A. Eightieth Birthday Exhibitions. Ir. GALLERY. Contemporary Artists of the English School.

LEFEVRE GALLERY: CONTEMPORARY PAINTINGS. Weekdays 10-5 At 30, Burton Shreet, London, W1. 7st. 91-493 1572.

MALL GALLERIES, The Mall, S.W.1.
Wetercolours by George Aldstow, Mon-Fr. 10-5. Sats, 10-1. Until Joly 30.
Adm. free: CREW GALLERY, 43. Old Band St. W.1 11-629 5176. PERSIAN MINIATURES. IN Exhibition of seventeen papes from the Houghton, Sixandmen. Until 24 logust. Mon. Fri. 9.30-5.30. Thurs.

CLUBS

TRAVEL

CITIBANK N.A.

LEGAL NOTICES IN THE MATTER OF

THE COMPANIES ACT. 1948 AND IN THE MATTER OF ROVEBURY LIMITED Registered Office: 1 Wardrobe Place, Carter Lane, Loodon, E.C.4.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN pursuant to

Section 293 of the Companies Act, 1948, het a MEETING of the CREDITORS above-named Company will be ield at 1 Wardrobe Place, Carter Lane. London: E.C.4, on Wednesday. 25th August, 1979 at 11.30 a.m. for the purpose mentioned in Section 294 st eq of the said Act. Dated this 17th day of July 1978.

By Order of the Board, J. T. HIGH, Directo THE COMPANIES ACT, 1948

KEMPF ENTERPRISES LIMITED NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN PURSUENT Section 293 of the Compar 1948, that a Meeting of the creditors of KEMPF ENTERPRISES LIMITED will be held at 1 Wardrobe Place, Carter Lene. Sr. Pauls, London ECAV 5AH, on Tuesday the 24th day of July 1979. at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose provided for in Sections 294 and 295 Dated the 10th day of July 1979. H. J. KEMPF, Director.

ART GALLERIES

MADDINGTON GALLERIES, 31 Cork Street, W.1. 439 1866. HERRY MOORE Drawings and Watercolout 1927-59. 3rd July-28th July. Daily 10-5.30. Sats. 10-1.

EROWSE & DARRY LTD. 19. Cork St.
W.1. KEITH GRANT—RECENT PAINTINGS. A WINTER JOURNEY.
FINE ART, SOCIETY, 148, New Bond St.
W.1. 01-225 5116, SUMMER EXHIBITION and WORKS UNDER 500.
KAMILTONS, 13. Carlos Place, Mr.
Grosvagor Steare, W.1. 499 \$495-45.
ONE HUNDRED BRAZILLAN PRIMITIVE
AND NATIVE PAINTINGS. SUBTURES
BY BELLA KARAWAEWA PRADO.
SOUTSOITED BY the Brazilian Embassy, 5
July-S1 July. EXHIBITIONS

EVE has outlived the others because of a policy of fair play and value for money. Suppers from 10-3.30 am. Disco and top suppers from 10-3/0 art. Disco and top musicians, glambrous hostesses, exciting floor shows. 189. Regent St. 734 0887. iARGOYLE 60 Case St. 734 0887. GARGOYLE, 59. Dean Street, London, W.1.
NEW STRIPTEASE FLOORSHOW

"AS YOU LIKE IT

11-3-20 am. Show at Midnight and 1 am.
Mon-Erl. Glosed Saturdays. 01-437 6455.

Using chips to forecast doom

BY SAMUEL BRITTAN

the term "nonsense on stilts" for the high grade rubbish generate a never-ending rise in which passes for political and unemployment economic wisdom. On no sub- different figures it could geneject can one find more nonsense rate an ever-increasing labour on stilts than on unemploy- shortage). This is arithmetic ment. Examples include the without economics and indeed supposedly inevitable growing without common sense. job shortage and the need for compulsory work-sharing, early rigidities, real wages do move to refirement and so on.

of labour fallacy "—the view lations for 1948-77 showing how that there is a fixed amount of a 1 per cent reduction in real work to be done, and that there- wages led to a 0.1 per cent rise fore improvements in human in the demand for labour and a productivity, which ought to similar fall in supply. If populamake us all better off by giving tion grew by 1 per cent. some us the choice between more 0.7 per cent would be taken into It found that in all countries, goods and more leisure, in pro- employment at the expense of a portions of our own choosing, 0.5 per cent reduction in real are instead a calamity threaten-ing enforced idleness. wages. These responses are if anything too low, being based

underground trains are being put as given. Beenstock makes cancelled because of staff too many concessions to the shortages and a person who arithmetical tricksters. knows the name of a good self a favourite dinner party

Demolition

Unfortunately, no amount of logic will prevent people who should know better from presenting scarifying projections of unemployment rising over up-wards to say 15 or 17 per cent climb still higher. In the new London Business School Economic Outlook Michael Beenstock carries out a long overdue demolition job on these doom

To begin with such forecasts fly in the face of all known history. In the 19th century the unemployment figures, for what they were worth, fluctuated between about 2 and 10 per cent. when the UK suffered from the the Wall Street crash, and the growth of worldwide trade controis, unemployment did not continuously upwards. but fell steeply from its 1933

The various doom projections effect of rising output on employment is estimated (the

BBC 1

South-East only).

6.20 Nationwide.

6.40-7.55 am Open University (Ultra high frequency only), 9.30 Roobarb. 9.35 Jackanory, 9.50

JEREMY BENTHAM coined pendently of the other factors. The procedure will inevitably

Despite all the well-known balance the supply and demand It is all based on the "lump for labour. Beenstock cites calcu-One might start by asking on short term changes when the what would be the effects of supply of capital would not have what would be the effects of supply of capital would not have enforced early retirement or time to react. Moreover by hours cuts when, despite 11m accepting, even for the purpose on the unemployment books, of a hypothetical calculation, out-

His most valuable contribution plumber is likely to find him- is when he drops this assumption to puncture the hysteria about microprocessors. If these gadgets would really do all our work for us-paint our flats, drive our vehicles, wash up, and reply to messages—this would be more like heaven than disaster. More sensible estimates suggest that 16 per cent of the labour force might be affected by microprocessors, which will reduce costs by 1990 and then poised to for the products concerned or enable new electronic gadgets to be made. People will thus have more real purchasing power either to buy such products or to spend on other goods.

Improvement

If the labour displacement effect from microprocessors is spread over 16 years and there is a delay of as long as two years before the offsetting employment creation, the maximum triple shock of a return to gold. extra unemployment is 2 per cent of the labour force. After that, labour demand and real wages both begin to rise. Eventually real wages are 4 per cent higher and employment is up, not down, by a per cent. As with most other 20th Century technotabulated by Beenstock are logical improvements, the result based on very similar fallacies. is neither nirvana nor doom but First, the fall in employment a modest improvement in living due to trend growth of product- standards. But no amount of ivity is estimated. Second, the economic education will prevent effect of rising output on em-GDP employment elasticity), supply. That is an industry Third, a likely growth rate of which will also expand as the

7.20 Explorers of the Deep. East (Norwich); Look North 8.10 Frank Sinatra, A Man and (Leeds, Manchester, Newcastle); 7.20 Explorers of the Deep. his Music (part 1).

11.20 The Devil's Music.

the following times:-Scotland-5.55-6.20 pm Reporting Scotland. 11.45 News and

C. B. Bears. 10.10 Why Don't You. . ? 10.35 The Flashing Blade. 1.15 pm News. 1.30 Trumpton. 3.35 Your Songs of Praise Choice. 4.13 Regional News for England (except London). 4.15 Play School. 4.40 Weather for Scotland. weather for Scotland.
Wales—1.36-1.45 pm Pili Pala.
5.55-6.20 Wales Today. 6.55
Heddiw. 7.15 Lena Zavaroni and
Music. 7.45-8.16 The Royal Welsh Deputy Dawg. 4.45 Jigsaw. 5.10 Big John Little John. 5.35 Captain Pugwash. Show. 11.45 News and Weather

aptain Pugwash.

5.40 News.

Northern Ireland A.13-4.15 pm
Northern Ireland News. 5.55-6.20

S.55 Nationwide (London and Scene Around Str. 11.45 News Ireland.

output is assumed quite inde- use of chips spreads.

9.00 News. Points West (Bristol); South
9.25 The Monday Film: "The Today (Southampton); Spotlight
Serpent," starring Yui South-West (Plymouth).
Brynner.

11.45 Weather/Regional News.

for Wales Weather for Northern

England-5.55-6.20 pm Look

F.T. CROSSWORD PUZZLE No. 4,028

ACROSS

1 The dossier about the theologian is a swindle (6) 4 Fabric worker gets army 9 People are always around to help a young girl (6)

iudge (8) 12 Female has to inform against 8 Mavis has a throat complaint a furniture designer (8) 13 Casts for loud swimmers (6) 11 The fellow with the sculptor 15 Abandoned party (4)

10 Musical instrument for a

16 A post for two beginners in 14 Catch-phrases from record the Council (7) 20 "From wine what sudden 17 They add cordiality to welfriendship — " (Gay) (7) come (4, 4)

21 Part of the natural mountain 18 Approach with feature porrange (4) 25 Church service needs money 19 Co-operate as they do at in degrees (6)

(2, 3, 3)29 A group in the plant making money (6) 30 Novel island, produces the

perfect domestic (8) 31 Mother Carey's chicken has no stormy start (6)

DOWN

2 The excursion is cancelledstart the round (5, 3) 3 Little rise in song to be made up by those who lag behind (6)

5 Once a premier garden (4) 6 Vehicles for those who complain (8) 7 Fervid study in skill (6)

is a musician (7)

article on board (7) come (4, 4)

RADIO 2
5.0 am News Summary. 5.03 Tony
Brandon (S). 7.32 Terry Wogan (S).
10.03 Jimmy Young (S). 12.15 pm
Waggoners' Walk. 12.30 Pete Murray's
Open House (S). 2.15 David Humilton
(S). 4.15 Much More Musrc (S). 5.00
Waggoners' Walk. 5.20 John Dunn
(S). 6.45 Sports Desk. 7.02 Music
from the Movies (S). 7.30 Sports Desk.
7.33 Alan Dell including 7.33 The
Dance Bend Days and 8.02 The Big
Band Sound (S). 9.02 Humphrey
Lyttleton with The Best of Jazz on
records (S). 8.55 Sports Desk. 10.02
Funny You Should Ask. 10.30 Star
Sound 11.02 Brian Matthew with
Round Midnight, including 12.00 News.
2.02-5.00 am You and the Might and
the Music with Fatrick Lunt (S).
RADIO 3 trayed (4, 4) Lords and Wimbledon (4, 4) 26 An obstruction en route 22 I must get a politician with skill to communicate (6)

24 Savoury suggestion before taking a shot (6) 27 A domestic god on the wing

The solution of last Saturday's prize puzzle will be published 1 Feel some upset for a widow with names of winners next

Court of Appeal refers equal pay problem to European judges in Luxembourg

interpretation of Article 119 of the Rome Treaty, which rules that men and women should receive equal pay for equal work, female and male employees are

the Court of Appeal last week employed by the same employer in Smith v. Macarthys Ltd. may have spared the Government the embarrassment of censure from, and future enforcement his job? action by the European Commission in Brussels. In April, the European Com-

mission reported on how the nine member states were implementing the Community's equal pay policy for men and women. in practice, national legislation fell short of the principle enshrined in Article 119. The Commission has written to all the governments outlining why it considers that national legis-lation does not conform. In relation to the UK, it states that the concept of work of equivalent value seems to be given a restrictive interpretation on the basis of the Equal Pay Act. 1970. While the British Government maintains that its legislation fully complies with Community law against sex discrimination. it will now be for the judges at

point: does a case fall within the equal pay provisions where the on like work only at the same time, or does it cover the employment on like work where the woman succeeded the man in

Macarthys is a wholesale dealer in pharmaceutical products. In its stockroom at one of its warehouses a manager is employed. From 1974 to 1975 a Mr. McCullough held the job. He left in October, 1975, and his post remained vacant for four months. On March L 1976, Mrs. Wendy Smith was appointed to the post. Her duties were slightly different, although the Industrial Tribunal found that she was employed on like work to her predecessor. However, she was paid £50 a week compared with her predecessor's £60. The tribunal found that the inbalance was due to the difference in sex. She was awarded the extra remuneration on

Under the Equal Pay Act, which establishes equality of pay between the sexes, it was clear that Parliament intended Luxembourg to indicate, in at to confer such equality as be-

The quality of the small but

select field was underlined by

that speedy juvenile, Loyal Manacle, who had either won

or taken second place in each

Greville Starkey's mount was

always struggling in vain to

Although Golden River failed

to justify favouritism in the

Morland Brewery, being worn down close to home by Born

to Reason, he could hardly have

run a more satisfactory St.

Leger trial. Mr. Joel's three-year-old was attempting to give the winner 20 lbs. The fact

that he almost succeeded will

not go unnoticed by the ante-

one of his most ill-judged races

since he lost the job of stable

jockey to Henry Cecil for

Stakes, later had an armchair

Gravilla Starkey, who rode

post odds-makers.

maintain that record.

Smith v. Macarthys Ltd in phrase: Where the woman is junction with the Rome Treaty case involving 14,000 women was calculated on gross pay and volved an essentially simple employed on like work with a provisions, where the woman employees and over £3m, held in consequence there was a employees and over £3m, held in consequence there was a

man in the same employment."

The use of the present tense succession to her male pre-ontemplates a man and woman decessor, it was right that the Equal Pay Act. Under the prospectively in April, 1977, but contemplates a man and woman decessor, it was right that the being employed at the same comparison in pay should be

THE WEEK IN THE COURTS

BY JUSTINIAN

tation produces anomalies. One principle. The majority was example is where the woman unconvinced that the Comsucceeds to the man's job the munity law was in conflict with day after he has left, instead of there being a gap such as the 41 months in Mrs. Smith's case. There would also be anomalies on the other side. If an employer wanted to reduce the employer could take on a woman as replacement at the. lower rate only at the risk of a law suit under the Equal Pay Act. He would have to establish economic reasons for paying the

The majority of the Court of Appeal felt no doubt that the English legislation ruled Mrs.

PONTEFRACT

3.45—Sound Type***
4.15—Casbar Lady**
4.45—Prince*
5.15—Majestic Maharaj

leisurely backward glance as

the Newmarket filly (a 12th individual winner out of 13 to

race for the mare Pelting),

passed the post ahead of some

Work on filter

CONSTRUCTION work on a

£15m filter production plant

which will be the most modern

in Europe has started in Bolton.

1980. It will manufacture air,

oil, fuel and hydraulic filters for cars, aircraft, trucks and indus-

SCOTTISH

10.30 am Steel Awsy. 10.55 Advantures in Reinbow Country. 11.20 The National Benzole Mester Bowler Championships. 11.50 Occar and The Great Wooferoo. 1.25 pm News. 3,00 Leverne and Shirley. 3.25 The Life and Times of Graztley Adams. 5,15 Popeys. 5,20 Croseroeds. 6.00 Scotland Today—

Croseroads. 6.90 Scotlend Today— Summer Extra. 6.30 Crimedeak. 6.45 The Sounds of . . New Seekers. 10.30 Colgate World Mixed Golf Championship. 11.30 A Question of Sex. 12.15 am Lete Cell.

SOUTHERN

SOUTHERN

10.30 am Steal Away. 10.55 Well's
Way. 11.20 National Banzole Master
Bowler Chempionship, 11.50 Oscar and
ithe Great Wooleroo. 1.20 pm Southern
News. 2.00 Houseparty. 2.25 General
Hospital. 3.20 Rumpole of the Balley.
5.15 Betty Boop. 5.20 Crossroads. 6.00
Day By Day, including Southeport.
10.30 Southern News Extra. 10.35
Doctors' Private Lives. 11.30 Electric
Theatre Show. 11.30 Scene in Profile
(South-East area only), 12.00 Farm
Progress.

TYNE TEES

9.25 am The Good Word and North
East News Headlines. 10.30 Steal
Away. 10.55 Weir's Way. 11.20 The
National Benzols Master Bowler
Championship. 11.45 Oscar and the
Great Wooferoo. 1.20 pm North East
and Lookeround. 3.00 Monday Mattnes:
"The Family Kovack." 5.15 The Best
Disco in Town. 6.00 Northern Life.
11.30 Tendares. 11.30 A Question of
Sex. Islicowed by North East News
Headlines. 12.15 am Epilogue.

ULSTER

10.30 am Steal Away. 10.55 Weir's Way. 11.20 The National Benzole Bowler Chempionship. 11.45 Oscar. 1.20 pm Lunchtime. 3.00 Monday Matines: "Dead Man on the Run." 4.18 Ulster News Headlines. 5.15 Certoon Time. 5.20 Crossroads. 6.00 Ulster Television News. 8.15 Family Matters. 6.30 The Mery Tyler Moore Show. 10.30 Monday Movie: "The Bedford Incident." 12.20 am Bedtime.

WESTWARD

10.30 am Steel Away. 10.55 Welr's
Wey. 11.20 Neutonal Benzole Mastar
Bowler Champronships. 11.45 Oscar
and the Great Wooteroo. 12.27 pm Gus
Honeybur's Birthdays. 1.20 Westward
Naws Headlines. 3.00 The Monday
Matines: "Lanigen's Rabb." 5.15
Cabbages and Kings. 5.00 Westward
Diary and Soorts Desk. 10.32 Westward late News. 10.35 Sounds of
Summer. 111.05 Foature Film: "Don't
Take it To Heart." 12.40 am Faith for
Life. 12.45 West Country Weather and
Shipping Forcest.

YORKSHIRE

WESTWARD

TYNE TEES

trial equipment.

The plant, which will be built

plant begins

poor opponents.

taking Hardgreen to the front for Automotive Products should far too early in the Steventon be fully operational by late

2.45—Shelford Lad 3.15—Strengara

English law, but did not feel sufficiently confident to decide the point of Community law itself. It favoured asking the European Court for a ruling. Lord Denning, who has not been the rate of pay of a male noted for his willingness to employee, who refused and left, invoke the aid of the European

The use of the reference procedure is infectious. Tomorrow additional 5 per cent was not a service for like work either the Court of Appeal is being term of the contract of employ simultaneously, contem-asked by both parties to refer ment, but was merely a book poraneously, or in close successive. Smith's case out of court. Lord another, more knotty, equal keeping transaction. It was con- sion.

worker succeeded in close that a pay scheme contravened differential in favour of the scheme, male bank clerks under such inequality was covered by time. No doubt that interpre- made to test the equality 25 were paid 5 per cent more the pensions exclusion. than women under 25 because the men had to contribute to the bank's pension scheme, while the women did not. Both Lloyds Bank and two women employees are agreed that the tribunal's decision can be

> ditions of remuneration, including pensions. Section 6 of the Equal Pay clause operates in relation to membership of an occupational pension fund so far as those stons. But it does not operate Court, reluctantly agreed. This in relation to terms concerned is, in fact, the first reference with death or retirement. The

> > The bank has argued that the

BY REFERRING certain ques least one area of equal pay betions to the European Court of tween the sexes, whether that is
in the same job at the same He considered that the Equal Last November, the Employ that there was discrimination—
tions to the European Court of tween the sexes, whether that is
time. The section includes the Pay Act, when read in conment Appeal Tribunal, in a test largely because overtime pay
time. The section includes the Pay Act, when read in conment Appeal Tribunal, in a test largely because overtime pay

piche:

By invoking the parallel jurisdiction of the European Court to resolve litigation involving EEC law, the Court of Appeal appears to have wrested the problem away from the politicians into the courts. That justified only if Article 119 of assumes the European Court will approach Community law in he Rome Treaty applies to literally all aspects and con- the same lawyerly way as English judges usually construe Acts of Parliament. But it has in the past seemed inclined to Act provides that the equality interpret the Rome Treaty and Council Directives in a purposive way. In short, the European Court is likely to say that the terms relate to any matter- principle of equal pay is not just involving social security pen for the present but applies as much to the past and future and covers pension schemes as well as current earnings. Equality from the Court of Appeal (Civil difficult question is whether is not about male and female Division). All other courts, the death and retirement employees working side by side, including the House of Lords, pension provisions fall foul of but all workers employed at any have made references.

Community law. pay and financial conditions of service for like work either

Jim Joel's day at Newbury

enced Canio.

THERE WERE few happier stage of foiling the more experimen leaving Newbury on Saturday than 84-year-old owner-breeder Mr. Jim Joel, who had seen Canio land the Donnington Castle Stakes and Golden River go down narrowly of his five previous races. the Morland Brewery

Trophy. While some may argue that Canto achieved little in con-quering newscomers Bozovici

> RACING BY DOMINIC WIGAN

and Prince Nonoalco, I feel otherwise. There was no mis-

taking the air of enthusiasm connections radiated for Borovicl, a Queen's Hussar colt. The grey Prince Nonoalco was also expected to make his presence Both ran well and are likely to make the winners' enclosure before long. But neither looked capable at any

Midlands Today (Birmingham);

BBC 2

4.50 pm Open University. 6.55 Pick of the Philpott File.

7.45 Mid-evening News includ-

9.00 Pete Sayers Sings

11.05 Return Call to Brass

Closedown reading.

LONDON

Tower of London. 12.00 Jamie

and the Magic Torch. 12.10 pm Pipkins, 12.30 Emmerdale Farm.

IBA programmes may be

disrupted by industrial action

1.00 News, plus FT Index. 1.20

Thames News. 1.30 All About Toddlers. 2.00 Rumpole of the

5.45 News. 6.00 Thames at 6.

7.30 Coronation Street. 8.00 Spooner's Patch.

8.30 World in Action.

7.00 Oh Boy!

9.00 Spearhead.

Redgrave.

ANGLIA

(S) Streophonic broadcast
5.00 am As Radio 2. 6.00 Andy
Peebles. 9.00 Simon Bates. 11.00 Radio
One Roadshow. 12.30 pm Newsbeat.
12.45 Paul Burnett. 2.00 Tony Blackburn. 4.31 Kid Jensen 7.00 Staying
Alive. 8.00 Mike Read. 9.50 Newsbeat.
10.00 John Peel (S), 12.00-5.00 am As
Radio 2.

#8.55 am Weather. 7.00 News. 7.05 Overture, part 1 /S}. 8.00 News. 8.05 Overture part 2 (S). 8.00 News. 9.05 This Week's Composer Mozart in 1786 (S). 10.00 Dalme String Quariet concert, part 1 (S). 10.55 Interval

RADIO 2

RADIO 3

ing sub-titles. 7.55 For Valour.

8.10 The Waltons.

Country. 9.25 Inside Story.

10.25 Best of Brass.

11.30 Heute Direkt.

11.15 News on 2.

ride in the Chattis Hill Stakes. Making all the running on Biding, Starkey indulged in a Oscor. 1.25 pm Anglia News. 2.60 Houseparty. 2.25 The Love Bost. 3.20 Rumpole of The Bailey. 5.15 Get Some In. 8.00 About Anglia. 10.30 Speedwsy March of the Week, 11.00 TV Movis "Cotter." 12.40 am Reflection.

. ATV

11.20 The Devil's Music.

11.45 Weather/Regional News.

All Regions as BBC 1 except at the following times:

Section 5.56.20 nm Report.

4.50 pm Open University.

BBC 2

11.35 am Sect. 13.30 am Sect. 13.35 am Sect. 1 BORDER

10.30 am Steal Away. 10.55 Weir's Way. 11.20 The National Benzole Master Bowler Championahip. 11.45 Queen and The Great Woolerop. 1.20 pm Border News. 2.00 Houseparty. 2.25 Young Remsay. 3.20 Rumpole of The Sulley. 5.15 Cabbages and Fings. 6.00 Looksround Monday. 6.20 The Sound of ... The New Seekers. 10.20 S.W.A.Y. 11.30 A Question of Sex. 12.15 am Border News Summery.

CHANNEL

1.20 pm Channel Lunchtime News and What's on Where 3.00 The Monday Matines: Lanigan's Rabbi 5.15 Cabbages and Kings. 6.00 Channel News. 6.10 The Beverley Hilbilities. 10.28 Channel Late News. 10.35 Sounds of Summer. †11.05 Feature Film: "Don't Take It To Heart." 12.40 am News and Weather in Franch tollowed by Channel Gazette.

9.30 am Beyond the Moon. 10.00 The Open Air. 10.30 Cartoon Time. 10.45 The Coral World. 11.35 Ceremonies of the GRAMPIAN

9.25 am First Thing. 10.30 Steal
Away. 10.55 Weir's Way. 11.20 The
National Benzole Master Sowling
Championshipa. 11.45 Oscar and The
Grest Woolsroo. 1.20 pm Grampian
News Heedlines. 3.00 Monday Metines.
"The Going up of David Lev." 5.15
Out of Town. 6.00 Grampian Today.
6.05 Flair. 10.30 Reflections 10.35 The
Monday Thriller: "Ride Bayond
Vengeance." 12.25 am Grampian Lats
Night Heedlines. Bailey. 3.00 Monday Matinee:
"The Hands Of Cormar Joyce."
4.20 Clapperboard. 4.45 Why
Can't I Go Home? 5.15 Survival.

GRANADA

10.30 am Sesame Street. 11.25 Velley of the Dinoseurs. 11.45 A Handful of Songs. 1.20 pm Dick Tracy. 3.00 Monday Metines: "A Cry for Help." staring Robert Culp. 5.10 Felix the Cat. 5.15 Crossroads. 6.00 Granada Reports. 6.30 Got Soms In! 10.30 The Monday Film "King of the Khyber Rifles," staring Tyrone Power.

HTV 10.30 am Steal Away, 10.55 Welr's Way, 11.20 The National Benzole Master Bowler Championship 11.45 Oscar and The Great Wooleroe, 1.20 pm Report West Headlines, 1.25 Report 10.30 Monday Star Movie:
"Blood Kin," starring
James Coburn and Lynn pm Report West Headlines. 1.25 Report Wales Headlines. 3.00 The Monday Matines: "A Brand New Life." 5.15 The Undersea Adventures of Captain Nemo. 5.20 Crossroads. 5.00 Report West. 6.20 Report West. 6.20 Report West. 6.20 Report Wales. 10.35 Cinema 12.25 am Close: Personal Choice with Michael Burrell.
All IBA Regions as London The Fly."

CYMRU/WALES—AS HTV HTV CYMRU/WALES—As HTV
General Service except: 1.20-1.25 pm
Penawdau Newyddion y Dydd. 6.00-8.22
Y Dydd. 8.30-9.00 Yr Wythnos.
HTV WEST—As HTV General Service
except—1.20-1.30 pm Report West
Headlines: 6.22-7.00 Report West except at the following times:-10.30 sm Steel Away. 10.55 Weir's Way. 11.20 The National Senzole Master Bowler Championship. 11.50

RADIO 4

10.30 am The Herbs. 10.45 Sixty Incredible Years. 11.35 The Roman Holidays. 1.20 pm Celender News. 3.00 Untamed Frontier. 3.25 Stars on Ice. 3.50 The Sultivans. 5.15 University Challenge. 6.00 Calender (Emley Moor and Belmont eds.). 10.30 The Celender Question. 11.00 Barney Miller. 11.30 A Question of Sex.

Reading. 11.00 Concert. part 2. 31.45
BBC Symphony Orchestra (S). 1.00 pm
Nows 1.05 Stravinely and Bax concert
(S). 2.00 Music for Organ (S). 2.45
Mattnee Musicale (S). 3.45 New
Records (S). 5.25 Homeward Bound
(S). 55.45 News. \$5.50 Homeward
Bound. \$8.75 At Home. 7.10 Pied Pipar
with David Munrow (S). 7.30 Proms
79 part 1: Elgar, Schumenn (S). 8.10
Words, Words. Words with lan McKellan (S). 8.30 Proms part 2: Beethoven (S). 8.35 The Sinning Country
(S). 10.30 Baroque Violin Sonatas (S).
11.25 Jazz in Britain (S). 11.55-12.00
News. Jazz in Britain (S). Time. 5.00 PM News magazine. 5.50 Shrpping lorecast 5.55 Weather, programme news. 6.00 News. 6.39 I'm Sorry I Haven't Got A Clue (S). 7.00 News. 7.05 The Archers. 7.20 The Monday Play (S). 9.15 Klivert in Season. 9.30 Kalaidoscope. 9.59 Weather. 10.00 The World Torlight 10.30 Thank God It's Monday. 11.00 A Book at Bedtime. 11.15 The Financial World Torlight. 11.30 Today in Parlie-World Tonight, 11,30 Today in Parlia ment, 12 00 News. BBC Radio London 5.00 am As Radio 2 6 30 Rush Hour 9.03 London Live, 12.03 pm Call in 2.03 205 Showcase, 4.03 Home Run 7.03 Black Londoners, 8.00 Bronk News. VHF ONLY—6,00-7.00 am and 5.45-7.10 pm Open University. through, 10.03 Late Night London, 12 &

> London Broadcasting
> 500 em Moming Music. 600 The
> AM Show. 10.00 Brian Hayes. 1.00-8.00
> pm LBC Reports with George Gale et
> 3.00, 8.00 After Eight, 9.00 Nightline.
> 100 em Night Evra. Canital Radio

Carrillat Radio

8.00 am Graham Dene's Breekfast
Show (S). S.00 Michael Aspol (S).
12.00 Dave Cash (S). 3.00 pm Roser
Scott (S). 7.00 London Today (S). 7.30
Jazz on a Summers Day with Afrian
Love (S). 5.00 Nicky Horne's Your
Mother Wouldn't Like It (S). 11.00
Miko Allen's Late Show (S). 2.00 am
Ian Davidson's Night Flight (S).

OPERA & BALLET

OPERA & BALLET

COLISEUM, Credit Cards, 01-240 S258;
Reservations 01-836 3181.
Season opens Aus. 6: 2 Cycles, The Ring or the Nieblung Die Fledermais La Travisata. Booking in new open.

COVENT GARDEN. CC 01-240 1086.
(Gardencharpe Credit Cards 01-838 6982)
25-july4 August
MARTHA GRAHAM DANCE COMPANY with LIZA MINNELLI 123. 25. 26, 28, 28, 30 Julyt, Ton't, 7.30. Gais perf. Introduced by Martha Graham in the presence of Her Royal Highness Princess Alexandra. Partons should be seated by 7.20. Sests svall.

61.082 THEATRES

THEATRES

FORTUME, 836 2238 2895 8.00. Mais.

GARRICK. CC 01-836 460.0 Evgs. 8.00.

GARRICK. CC 01-836 460.1 Evgs. 8.00.

GARRICK. CC 01

BS Ampni seats avail from 10 am.

GLYNDEBOURNE, 2273, 812411-813424.

Sold Out—possible returns only Tonight.

Wed. Fil. & Sun. at 5.107 Cosli far,

tutte, Tomor. Thurs. & Sail at 5.201.

Le fedelta premiata with London Philiharmonic Orchestra. SUNDAY PARONS.

are advised that performances will start

punctually and will not necessarily be
delayed in trains are late.

punctually and will not necessarily be delayed in trains are late.

ROYAL FESTIVAL HALL 01-928 3187.

Until Set.—For One Week Only.

FEKING OPERA

Evss. 7.30, Tonient: At the Crescroses Inn. Phoenix of Fire. The Automa River.

The Yandang Mountains.

ROYAL FESTIVAL HALL 928 3191.

GALA BALLST SEASON

Maina Gelegud, Yoko Mortshitz. Galina Samovs. Martine Van Hamel. Jonathan Kelly. Kevin McKenaie, Peter Schagfung.

Kelly. Kevin McKenaie, Peter Schagfung.

Kelly. Kevin McKenaie, Peter Schagfung.

Tetsutaro Shimize. Gala Ballet Orch.

and corps de ballet. Act 2 Swan Laka.

Act 3 Sieeping Beauty, and 3 selection of segular divertissements. Evss. 7.30.

Mat. Sat. 3.00.

THEATRES ADELPHI THEATRE, 01-836 7611.

Mats. Thurt, at 5.00. Sees. at 4.00.

JOHN INMAN in
GLORIOUS FARCE. Day. Tel. "Thoroughly enjoyate." Sun. Tel.
"Laughs flow treely." N. of World.

"Laughs flow freely." N. of World.

ALBERY, From 8.30 am mcl. Suns. 838
3878, CC bookings 838 1071-3, 8vg.
7.45. Thurs. and Sat. 4.30 and 8.30.
A THOUSAND TIMES WELCOME IS
LIONEL BART'S

COLIVER

"MIRACULOUS MUSICAL."
Financial Times
With ROY DOTRICE
GILLIAN SURNS, MARGARET BURTON
Party rates and student stand-by avail. ALDWYCH, CC. 536 6404, Int. 636 5332.

ROYAL SHAKESPEARE COMPANY
In recercity
In recercity
Ton't, Tomor, 7:30

John Concercity WILD OATS

"More fun than almost anything on the
London stage." Goardian. With:
ANTONY AND CLEOPATRA (sold out
until 4 August) and Bulnak "5 T"48

WHITE GUARD Onext per? 27 July).
RSC also at THE WAREHOUSE (see
under W).

AMBASSADORS. CC. 01-836 1177

Eys. 8.0. Fr. and Sat 5.32 and 8.30.
DINSDALE LANDEN. GWEN WATFORD.
DAVID BURKE. ANGELA DOWN

DINSOALE LANDERS GWEN WATORD.

DAVID BURKE. ANGELA DOWN

BOOTES

"THE IMPACT HIT ME LIKE A
THUNDERSOLT FROM JOYE THE
LANGUAGF BLAZER WITH WIT AND
INTELLIGENCE AND ITS. THEME
ELECTRIFIES." DRIP MBIT.

"WHEN WE HAVE LAUGHED AT ITS

"WHEN WE HAVE LAUGHED AT ITS
WIT. BEEN HELD IN THE GRIP OF ITS
DIRAMA AND REVELLED IN THE
COLOURS AND LAYERS OF ITS LANGUAGE, BODIES STILL RAISES ECHO
APTER ECHO IN OUR MINDS AND
HEARTS. DINSDALE LANDERS PER
FORMANCE IS WORTH GOING MILES
TO SEE. SEMTAT LEVEL.

"MR. LANDEN GIVES WHAT I INSIST
IS THE BEST PERFOMANCE IN A
MODERN PLAY PERFOMANCE IN
LAVENDER TIMOTHY

LAVENDER TIMOTHY

A VERY UNINN NEW COMEDY BY
THE ALTHUMY NEW COMEDY BY
THE ALTHUM NEW

Daily Mark.

ARTS THEATRE, D1-838 2132 TOM STOPPARD'S DIRTY LINEN

"Hilarious . . . do see it." Snn. Times. Monday to Thursday 8.30, Friday and Saturday 7.00 and 9 15, NOW IN ITS 4th YEAR. SABURDAY 7.00 and 9 15.

NOW IN ITS 4th YEAR.

ASTORIA- Charine X Rs. S. CC. 01-724
4291 or 439 8031, Mon-Thurs. B Dm.
Fri. and 5st 5 and 8.45 pm.
LIVE ON STAGE
"GREASE"

"ENERGY AND VITALITY AND SHEER EXUBERANCE." DIV EXDITES.
"AS SLICK. SECONDE". The SUn.
GREASE". The SUn.
GREASE The Sun.
Thur. 8.00. Fr. and Sat. 5.00 and Mon. Thur. 8.00. Fr. and Sat. 5.00 and The CRITICS RAVED ABOUT .

CHICAGO
THE HIT BROADWAY MUSICAL
FROM AUG 6. Mon. to Fr. 8 pm.
Thur. 3. Sat. 5 and 8.30 pm.
GROUP bookings 01-437 3858.

CHICAGOS THE FESTIVAL THEATPE, 0241

HIFFESTER FESTIVAL THEATPE, 024.7
781312. Season soonsored by Marthr &
Rossi, Today, Wed. Trur., Frl., Sat.
7.00 The IMPORTANCE OF BEING
EARNEST, Tomor. 7.00, Thur., Sat. 2.00.

COLLEGIATE THEATRE 01-388 7824
387 8629. Toon stoopard's latest play
books HAMET, CAHOOTS MACEETH
by the British American Recordory
Company. World Primier Tour. Limited
Engagement. July 9-Sept 1. COMEDY THEATRE, CC. 01-930 2578 Mon.-Sat. 9 00. Mats. Fri. and Sat. 6.30 YHE ONLY POCK 'N' RO'L SNOW THE ROCKY HORROR SHOW

CWITERION From 8.30 am incl. Sun.
930 5218. CC bookings 836 1071.
MON.-Thurs. 8. Frl. & 521. 5.30 and 8.30

1 IAN MCKELLAN TOM BYLL.
"I DOUBT THAT THEPE APP TWO
FINER PERFORMANCES IN LONDON,"
Punch.
Directed by Wartin Shorman
Directed by Robert Cherwon
"FASCIMATING A WORK OF
CONSIDERABLE DIGNITY AND PASSION," Gdn.

DUCHESS. 01-836 8243. Mon. to Thurs.
Evs. 8.00. Fn. and Sat. 5-30 and 8.15.
ON: CALCUTTA!
"The nucley is sturning." Daily Tel.
10th INCREDIBLE YEAR DRURY LANE. CC. Q1-536 8186.
Evgs. 8 pm. Friday and Sat. 6 pm and
The Rise Pm. Friday and Sat. 6 pm and
BRASIL TRANSICAL
BRASIL TRANSICAL
dancers vibrate. Scillete and
pulsate, while topics. Vet retaining their
haubles. bangles and beads," Ev. News. THEATRES

MURDER AT THE TOTAL TOTA A new musical by MONTY NORMAN and JULIAN MORE

and JULIAN MORE
GREENWICH THEATRE. CC. D1-858-7755.
Evenings at 8.00 (sharp), Mat. Set. 2.30
"Pirandello's great play." Ev. St. Set.
GLARACTERS IN SEARCH OF AN
AUTHOR. "I urge everyone to see C."
5. Tel. Tickets from 21.50. HAYMARKET. CC. 01-930 9832. Evenings 8.00, Wed. 2:30. Set. 4.30 and 8.00. SUSAN HAMPSHIRE MICHELL

THE SHERLOCK HOLMES MYSTERY
THE CRUCIFIER OF BLOOD
THE CRUCIFIER OF BLOOD
THE CRUCIFIER OF BLOOD
TO BY PAUL GIOVANNI
The kind of spectacle I cannot recall
place boyhood terrific stuff. News. HER MAJESTY'S. CC. 01-930 6506
Jeothars 8:00. Frl., Sat. 5.15 and 8:45.
AIN'T MISSERAVIN'
The New Pats Walter Musical Show.
AIR JOHN HIT. Day Mail 11.
"JUBILANT, THE BEST PERFORMANCE
OF ANY MUSICAL IN LONDON." Obs.

KING'S HEAD, 01-225 1916. Der. 7:30. Show 8:30. FIFTY WORDS, BITS OF-LENNY GRUCE. Certain acts are just sheer brilliance." Time Out. INDS B. HUME-JESSICA RUME-CROMYN In the 1978 Pullither Prize play THE GUE GAME

Afrected by
Afrected by
Afrected NICHOLS

"An extraordinary pow compay, For the
performances there can be nothing but
superfatives "Bescen Herald
Limited Season Erock Now.

NATIONAL THEATRE. \$ CC. 928 2252. OLIVIER Losen stage: Frt. 7.30 (low Brice pres.) AS YOU LIKE IT by Shakespare. Brice prive? AS YOU LINE IT by Shakes pears.
LYTELTON (proscentum stape): Ton't, 7.45 CLOSE OF PLAY new play by Simon Gray. Tonner. 7.45 Retrayab by Simon Gray. As adopted for the stage by Bill Bryden and the company terhaps not syltable for children.
Lerning by Bill Bryden and the company terhaps not syltable for children.
Lerning by Bill Bryden and the company terhaps not syltable for children.
Lerning by Bill Bryden and the company terhaps not syltable for children.
Lerning by Bill Bryden and the company terhaps not syltable for children.
Lerning by Bill Bryden and the company terhaps not syltable for children.

NESTAUPHY 282 2032. Creen care bookings 928 3032. Air conditioning.

OLD VIC. COMPARION
Season coems July 28th HAMLET.
ROMEO 5 JULIET. THE GOVERNMENT
INSPECTOR THE PADLOCK MISS IN
HER TEENS WHAT THE BUTLER SAW.
THE 88 Ceneral booking now open.
Gala parlormance of Hamlet in the
presence of HRH Princess Alexandra.
July 26, 7.45 pm.
DPEN AIR REGENTS PK. CC. 486 2431.
A MIDSUMMER NIGHT THIS DREAM.
Tonight & Tomorrow 7.45 Wed. 2.30. 4.
7.45. TWELFTH NIGHT. THIS. 5 Sat.
2.30. 5 7.45. Frl. 7.45. Lunchtime
Today. Temorrow 6 Frl. 1.15 Shaws
OFFLAHERTY V.C. Sunday at 7.30 OLD
TIME MUSIC MALL starring Derek
Grifton.

DPEN SPACE 187 5000 TONGER 28000

Win Freddie Jones & Patrick Rycart.

A very tumny comedy. Fin. This.

PÉLACE C. 01.437 6834.

Mon.-Thurs. 8.00. Fr., Srt. 6.00, 8.40.

JESUS CHRIST SUPERSTAR.

By Tim Rice and Andrew Love-Weither.

PALLADHUM. C. 01.437 7373.

Rodgers and Hammer-Stelo's THE STAR AND 1 AND STAR AND STAR

Evening Standard Drama Averd

PICCADPILLY, From 8.30 am invi. Sure.
437 4505. CC bookings 835 1071.
Eves. 8. Thurs. 5. 8. Sats. 5.30, 8.30.
PETER BARKWORTH

HANNAH GORDON

IA. Brian Clark's now play

CAN YOU HEAR ME AT THE HACK?

"WONDERFUL PLAY WITH WONDER."

"WONDERFUL PLAY WITH WONDER."

"ARTICULATE" AND WITTY."

"A SUPERBLY ABSORBING PIECE OF
ENTERJANMENT." THE SUR. PRINCE EDWARD, CC. 01-437 6877.
Evenings 8.00. Mais. Thurs., 598. 3.00.
EVITA
by Tim Rice and Andrew Lloyd-Webber.
Directed by Haroid Prince.

Director by Haroid Prince.

PRINCE OF WALES. CC. 01.930 8581.
Card beokings \$30.0546. Mon. Trurt.
8.00. Fri. and Sats. 5.00 and 8.45.
Michael Deolson. Ducke Gray.
ALAN AYCKBOURN'S smass-bit comedySECROOM FARCE
"If you don't lough sup mo." D. Exp.
A National Theatre Production.
Over \$00 Performances.

Over 500 Performances.

QUEEN'S THEATRE. CC. 01-734 4766.
Eves. 5. Sala, 5 and 8.15. Wed, mat. 3.

"HILARIOUS," D. Tel.

"MOVING." Pin. Times.
GEMMA PATRICIA
JONES PATRICIA
"AND A HIGHTINGALE SANG,"
A new comedivity C. P. TAVLOR
"EXTRAORDINARY." Gdn.
"EXTRAORDINARY." Gdn.
"FUNNY' AND TOUCHING. MAY IT
SING LONG AND LOUD." D. Mail. RAYMOND REVIEBAR, CC. 734 1507. At 7.00, 9.00. 17.00 pp. Open Suns. PALE RAYMOND PRESENTS THE FESTIVAL OF ERGITICA Fully sig-conditioned, 21st YEAR.

Fully alt-conditioned, 27sf YEAR.

ROYALTY. 01-405 8004.

Monday-Thursday evenings 8.00, Friday
S.30 and 8.45. Seturday S.00 and 8.00.

"One of the most exciting
missics to year." Now.

BUBBLING BROWN SUGAR
"An explosion of delight." D.M.

BUBBLING BROWN SUGAR

"An explosion of delight." D.M.

BUBBLING BROWN SUGAR

"An explosion of delight." D.M.

BUBBLING BROWN SUGAR

"An explosion of delight." D.M.

BUBBLING BROWN SUGAR

"An explosion of delight." D.M.

BUBBLING BROWN SUGAR

"An explosion of delight." D.M.

BUBBLING BROWN SUGAR

"An explosion of delight." D.M.

BUBBLING BROWN SUGAR

"An explosion of delight." D.M.

"An explosion of delight." D.M.

"BUBBLING BROWN SUGAR
"An explosion of delight." D.M.

"BUBBLING BROWN SUGAR
"An explosion of delight." D.M.

"BUBBLING BROWN SUGAR
"An explosion of delight." D.M.

"An explosion of delight." D.M.

"BUBBLING BROWN SUGAR
"An explosion of delight." D.M.

"An explosion of delight." D.M.

"BUBBLING BROWN SUGAR
"An explosion of delight." D.M.

"An explosion of delight."

ROYAL COURT: 730 1785 Air Cond. Mon. to Sat. at 7.50. REGGAE BRITANNIA by Leigh Jackson.

Regge music live on stage

BY WAILER SAWN.

ST. GEFIRGE'S. THE ONLY ELIZABETHAM
THE Topical Park Rd., MY. 507 1728.
Mars. Tues. and Sat. 407. 8vgs. 7.50.
Topical Park Rd., MY. 507. 1728.
Mars. Thus. Fr. 5at. As you lake it.
Mon. to Wed. best Julios Caesar.
ST. Martin's. Credit Cards. 836 1443.
Evenines 8. Mat. Thurs. 2.45. 838. 3.48.
AGATHA CHRISTIES
WORLD'S. LONGEST-EVER RUN
27th VEAR. SAVOY THEATRE '01-836 8888.

SAVOY THEATRE '01-836 8888.

"BILL PAIERSON ' one of these rare yangs loss of Entitle Theatre." FI. WHOSE LIFE IS IT ANYWAY? PLAY OF THE YEAR.

West End Theatre Awards.

"By Fran Clark." Monentous 1884.

Luine Yun to see it. 'Guardam.

Evet. 6. Sat. 5.48 and 8.48. Red. price Majinee Wed. 3.00. 2mi GREAT YEAR.

MAJINEE Wed. 3.00. 2mi GREAT YEAR.

SHATTESBURY, 836 6596, CC 836 4285, Eygs. 745, Fri. and Set. 5.0 and 8.0. EARLY COMEDY MUSICAL CANTERBURY TALES Final Week—Must and Saturday. STRAND, 01-856 2660. Evenings 8.00.
Mail Thur, 3.00. San. S.50 and 8.30.
NO SEY PLEASE
WE'RE BRITISH
LONGEST-RUMNING COMEDY IN THE
WORLD.

TALK OF THE TOWN. CC. 01-714 5051.
AIR CONDITIONING CREDIT CARDS.
CELEBRATING 21 YEARS.
From 8.00. Diming and Dancing.
9.30: SUPER REVUE
At 11: SUDDY GREOD VAUDEVILLE CC. 836 9988.
Eys. 6. Mat. Wed. Z.45, Sah. 5 and 8.30.
EDWARD FOX in
THE FAMILY REUNION
by T. S. ELOT
"Sheer Magic." Fin. Times.
"This 1-s. Eliot's greatest play." D. Tel.
Theatre is faily airconditioned.

Eyes. 7.10. Mate: Wed. and Sat. 2.45.
STRATFORD JOHNS IN
ANNIE
"BLOCKBUSTING SMASH HIT
MUSICAL Daily Mell.
Best Musical of the Year 1878, Ev. Std.

WESTMINSTER. CC. S. 01-834 0285-EVE. 7.45. MILE. Wood. and Ser. 3.00. Y. Glebert AND SULLIVAN'S The best Mikado I've men. What's On. A supprise and a delight, The Stage— Ticket 63.5. 64.25. 65.25. WHITEHALL CC. 01-930 6692-7765.
Monday to Thursday 8.00, Fr. and Sat.
6.10 and 8.50.
1PI TOMB!
1t is a febtatemping, suisating, actionpacked African musical. N. at W.
FOURTH GREAT YEAR.

TOUNG VIC. 928-5363, Eugs. 7.30, A ROCK Musical FAUST CINEMAS ? ASC 1 & 2. Shafterbury Ave. 836 8861. 5ep. Peris. ALL SEATS BOOKABLE. 1: THE DEERMUNTER CO. WICL'S SOR. 2:15, 7.30. 70mm Dolby stereo. 2: LOVE AT FIRST BITE (AA). Wk. and Sun.: 2.00, 5.00. 8.15.

CAMBER PLAZA. Camden Town. 01-855
2443 (opp. Tubel. PITER HANDKE'S
THE LET HANDED WOMAN CAN.
Props. daily 2.00, 4.10, 5.25, 8.45, 8.40,
July. 25. July 26.

CLASSIC J. 2. Haveserber (Piccadilly Circus Tube). 6.183 Feb. 1537. Piccadilly Circus Tube). 6.183 Feb. 1537. Piccadilly Circus Tube). 6.185 Feb. 1537. Piccadilly Circus Tube. 6.185 Feb. 1537. Feb. 1 6.00. 5.20.

CLASSIC 1. 2. 3. 6. Oxford Street. 635
0310 topp. Tettenham Court Rd. Tubel.
11 1. R. Tettenham Court Rd. Tubel.
12 1. R. Tettenham True Lond or Tubel.
13 1. R. Tettenham True Lond or Tubel.
14 1. R. Tettenham True London True.
15 25. 5.50, 8.20. Special concessions for CLASSIC, Leicester Square. 930 6915 Lee Marvin: Robert Shaw AVALANCHI EXPRESS (A). 12.25, 2.00, 4.10, 6.25 CLASSIC POLY, Cutord Circs (Under Resen St.), 637 8861. THE BUYS FROM SPAZIL CU. 104 655 840. ISLAND

GEDEATH (NI. 3.15, 7.00)

CURZON, Curado Street, Wi. 409, 3737.

Fully Air Candiscondi.

LES REMICION.

LES REMICION.

Frogs. 2.00 (not Son.): 4 10: 5.20, 8.40.

As near periodicion as one civil wish

Walter. Evening Standard.

Malter. Evening Standard.

LEICESTER SCHARE THEATRE 930 9257

BUTCH. AS SON, Peris, Wir. 1.45, 5.00.

2.15. Seats Dicks. for 8.15 progs. Mon.

Fr. 4. 3ll progs. 531. 6.50n.

Green Peris College 1.40. 6411.

MOORKRAKER (A) 2.07. 7.45. Late Night

Ail seats bookside in advance: at 60x

ODEON MARLE ARCH, WZ. 223 2011.2 OPEON MARIE ARCH, WZ 723 3011 2 THE SNAPS OF THINGS TO COME (A), See, perfs, week facers open 2.00. 4.45, 7.45, Last 3 days.

A.S. 7.45. LEP 3 days.

PRINCE CHARLES, Lett. Sci. 457 3181.

PINE West.—Fraz July 25.

- DUSTIN HOFFMAN

VANNSYA REDGRAVE

Sep. Part. Dis 6647MA (A)

Sep. Part. Dis 6647MA (A)

Sep. Part. Let G. Sar. Prom July 25 World

Premiers Breather Eacles Wing

(A) Eco Office Open—Book, Now. SCHWE 3. LCT. So. (Whether St.)
4470. A Mcf. Breaks Double IT
VOUNG TRANSCENSIFIN (AA). 1
5.20. 8.55. Sillent MOVE (A). 7
7.15. LSto show Fri. and Set. (8.85. STUDIO 1 & S. Ommet Circle, 457 3300 Icented Ba. THE DEER MINNER (N. 72.45. A.GS. 7 SU. Lis Show Sat. 10.50 Agents Christle's DEATH ON THE NICE (A). Front 7.30. 5.25. 8.10. Late Show Sat. 10.40.

RADIO 4
6.00 am News Briefing, 6.10 Farming Wask, 6.25 Shipping forecast, 6.30 Today Including 6.45 Prayer for the Day, 7.00, 8.00 Today's News, 7.30, 8.30 News Headlines, 7.45 Thought for the Day, 8.35 The Week on 4, 8.45 Ray Gostling with the BBC Sound Archives, 9.00 News, 9.05 Start The Week with Richard Beker, 10.00 News, 10.06 Wildlife, 10.30 Daily Service, 10.45 Morning Story, 11.00 A Question of Standards in education, 11.45 Listen With Mother, 12.00 News, 12.02 pm You and Yours 12.27 Brain of Britain 1979 (S1, 12.55 Weather, programme news, 1.00 The World at One 1.40 The Archers, 1.55 Shipping forecast 2.00 News, 2.02 Woman's Hour, 3.00 News, 3.05 Afternoon, Theatre (S), 4.35 Story

RICKET BY T

Programme State of the Control of th

Arrest P. may

The second was

Contraction of the second

The second

1000

The grant of the second of the

The same of the sa

1.7

-1. her

THE PERSON and the same

The part of

Track.

Section 2

10 - 100

Rest for

The same of the same

The second secon

Architecture

Riches in Paris

by COLIN AMERY

the Stalingrad Metro station 1900. Both countries began to stands the striking building by develop rationalism alongside a Ledoux, the Rotinde de la continuing kind of neo Palla-Villette. Despite the fact that dianism and both countries were the overhead railway almost under the influence of the touches its upper edges the Vienda Secession. After the stern, gione rotunda retains a Russian Revolution architects in great dignity in a part of Paris both countries yearned after the that has seen belter days. This spirit of modernism but they that has seen belter days. This spirit of modernism but they summer, the ground floor of did not always see it in the the rotunda is occupied by an same light exhibition. Ledour and Paris. To see Melnikov's pavillon for it provides a unique opportunity the Paris 1925 exhibition and Le to see artefacts and drawings Corbusier's Pavillon de l'Espirit by Ledour in the setting of one Nonveau reveals the way both of his own buildings.

for a rich Swiss banking family, in this exhibition The house in the quarter

The house in the quarter

d'Antin, was demolished in

1826, when an estate of stucco
houses took its place. The
drawings some of which
belonged to George III and are
lent by the British Museum, so called fantasies of the 1930s

show how the house was come to the resitival modern

houses that are shown in the and the architects who most exhibition most were destroyed often misunderstandsthem—but in the early years of this central is bard to prove that is bard to prove the try. One of them, however, the Hotel d'Hallwyl in the Marais, the Art in France under the Hotel d'Hallwyl in the Marais, the Art in France under the is now being restored. An Second Empire exhibition at the example of the gilded panelling Grand Palais is small but not that adorned its main saloon is unimportant. Somehaw the shown here and is an intriguing whole spirit of the period is example of the early use that summed up in the designs by Ledoux made of the neo Garnier for the Paris Opera, classical arabesque. The motif Garnier's work is well known of a retirer's holding plott e and it is more interesting to of a chimera holding aloft a and it is more interesting to lyre with her arms, entwined see the charming designs by with roses is a subtle and sen. Auguste-Décdar Couvrethef for

on four stone boats with swan prows is perhaps the finest. To see this exhibition in the cool interiors of the Rotonde de la Villette brings Ledoux closer to Palladianism that he admired so much when he was in England Ledoux emerges as

very much the 18th century man but, one who reached beyond classicism to an exploration of form that is still us Visitors to Paris at moment will particularly enjoy the architectural aspects of the Paris Moscow, 1900-1930, exhibition at the Centre Pompidou.

- -

kind of full-scale interdisciplinary treatment of the plastic arts, architecture and urbanism does give the visitor some sense albeit probably a contrived one, of the synthesis in the arts of this particular period. The links between

In a small park, that parallel currents of architec-almost a traffic island, by tural thought from the year

of his own buildings. designers were using architecture of the Micelan Ledoux (1736 ture as propagands: As the 1808) is probably better known excellent catalogue explains Le 1808) is provably better known on the works that he designed corbusier's designs were not and built outside Paris, particularly the inputmental salt stames of his contemworks at Arcter-Senans. As poraries, alarmed by his love this exhibition reminds us the affairs with the Soviets, saw him provincial works of Ledoux have affairs with the Soviets, saw him provincial works of Ledoux have affairs with the Soviets, saw him provincial works of Ledoux have affairs with the Soviets, saw him as the Trojan horse of Bolshevism. At the same time sarved than his Parisian ones, as Le Corbusier was being attacked other French architects saw more hopeful signs in Russian urbanism that were leading towards the social ideals that Ledoux designed—often of the garden city. No one could fail to be impressed by for the conveaux riches. could fail to be impressed by
The most fascinating of these the range of both French and
is the Hotel Thelusson designed Russian architectural drawings

show how the house was come to the reality of modern approached through a giant public architecture in England arch on an elevated path that and America as well as in Russia crossed a most charming and France. It is the litting to see arrangement of rocks and a architecture and painting disgratto. Here is Ledoux being played together as it is at the sublime and pictures out at the Pompidou centre and it reinforces the belief that it is the same moment forces the belief that it is the Of the other grand Paris painters who invent the forms

with roses is a subtle and sen. Auguste-Deodal Couverher for suous carved image. There are a cottage and a clift top sentry several other fragments of box on the imperial estite at panelling which when they are Biarritz. The stylistic bonfission seen accompanied by drawings of the Second Empiric period of the interiors, show the shines forth in the architecture restrained magnificence of but the individual drawings by Ledonx's world.

timbered and stone buildings of the 16th century. The French. listing and preserving the verna-cular architecture of towns like Aubigny, and this exhibition their thorough approach:

Paris is an architectural ecca this summer. There are three small shows of Pavilions. Urban Alternatives and Thirty Architectural Choices also at the Centre Pompidou and a good display of drawings from the British Architectural Library at: the Hotel Sully. As there is nothing of comparable architec tural interest in London architecture buffs will have to make the fourney across the Channel.

Northern Arts' £lm in grants

Northern Arts spent over £1m convincingly demonstrated in artistic organisations in the this exhibition. region for the first time in its Ceranne and early Picasso do history, the association's lead naturally to Constructivism annual report for 1978-79 has and Russia were following arts, and £138,000 on films, else refashion Milton's language seems to stick; simplification the use of these, the con-

Octagon Theatre, Bolton

Good Morning, Bill

by MICHAEL COVENEY

version of it, not seen since the Just as the Master made Molnar bend to his own rules of style and characterisation, so it is with Fodor. The time is the mid-

Paradene is to Lord Tidmouth what Kipper Herring was to Bertie Wooster, an old chum from prep school days currently in thrall to a female pincer movement in the form of a golfing doctor, Sally Smith, and a flighty flapper, Lottie. Para-dene intends to ditch Lottie in favour of the doctor, but is resisted for two-and-a-half acts by the determined working girl whose leg muscles are as hard as her heart. Only when Paradene accepts the worst and gets on with his paper work as a dairy farmer does the course of true love run smooth in an bilarious love scene disguised as a discussion on the bacterio-

logy of milk. Tidmouth is as hopeless as

I have no idea what Ladislas Wooster with women, although Fodor's play must have been he differs from his prototype in like, but P. G. Wodehouse's having been married, briefly, to three of them. The doctor, examining him, enquires after 1930s, is typical Wodehouse. his sex life. "There have been women in my life," "Say 99," "Good Lord, not half as many as that!" There is plenty of similarly snappy counter-punching in the dialogue, which is 1920s, the scene a suite in a as brittle as it is felicitous. The Sussex hotel and, for the last plotting is deceptively well two acts, Bill Paradene's country house in Hampshire.

Paradene is to Lord Tidmouth

As orrite as it is reliction.

Pleasantly olled by the presence of Bill's uncle, Sir Hugo Drake (John Pickles) the nerve specialist, another of Wodehouse's "loony doctors."

The style and rhythm in Colin Bean's in-the-round production is especially well caught by Peter Walmsley as the monocled aristocrat, splendidly angular in movement, spraying the furniture with soda when surprised at the cocktail bar and keeping his upper lip stiff by tugging at it with the lower; and by Elaine White as the whiningly Cockney Lottie. It is, in all, competent and

refreshing evening's entertain-ment, an adventurously offbeat exercise at one of the country's most delightful and invaluable small theatres.



Peter Walmsley and Elaine White

Munich Festival-1

Paradise Lost by MAX LOPPERT

acts termed a rappresentazione dramatic substance. by its creators Krzysztof Penderecki and Christopher Fry, was one of the two works from Festival. (The other Reimann's Lear.) Since Reimann's Lear.) Since the troubled first performance at been making the tour of the major European opera houses and Stuttgart (which provided this Munich Festival Gastspiel) during the past season, Dusseldorf in the one forthcoming, and productions projected for Hamburg, Paris, and Stockholm at a later date. (As usual, Covent Garden figures nowhere on the itinerary.) The exposure is not undeserved. Paradise Lost, encountered (in German transla-

restrained ingrificence of but the individual drawings by Ledour's world.

Ledour's world by Countered (in German translation) in the boldly inventive and the poem are touched upon, not very handsome Stuttgart production by August Everding designs and there are some memorable examples in this above The project for a bridge over-the Loue supported on four stone boats with swan flecting the scale and the sense, in dramatic music, of his monumental poetic periods and hent is in the process of mighty concepts. In almost the same breath,

however, I should say that the overwhelming sensation left by a single encounter with the work, bolstered by study of score and libretto, was of the distance that yawned between worthiness of attempt and its successful fulfilment. Who, after all, could have composed a worthy Paradise Lost in our day? Who could ever have done so? As the evening passed, and the conviction strengthened that Penderecki had failed to do more than string together a sucession of superficially imposing and effective tableaux, I tried to imagine how Wagner might have confronted the task. He would surely have drawn from painters and architects is very in grant aid to artists and the poem a series of works along the epic lines of his tetralogy; this supposition literal meaning to produce a from Lohengrin, but also the matters less than that he alone complex and moving statement "dies irae" plainchant and the among composers might have of the great paradox of the first chorale from the St. John commanded the musical apparahuman condition." "Literal Passion (following Christ's tus, the dramatic initiative, the meaning" is the level on which intervention). Whatever the

Paradise Lost, an opera in two and his cosmos into musico- and denudation of the Miltonic sequences-of the Bach quota-Pendericki's

Fry's and approach exposes them as mere mortals faced with an Herculean the present decade played at labour. Intelligent mortals: the this year's Munich Opera compression has been achieved with some canniness. Milton (a spoken part) opens with the invocation to Book III, very Chicago last November, it has much potted-where the work is given in English, Fry's habit throughout, of picking from this reserved for those few new and that, of flipping from here operas deemed to be of inter- to there, sometimes making national importance: La Scala pointless little alterations of diction on the way, may well disturb those with the original fresh in their minds. Immediately, we are introduced to Adam (lyric baritone) and then Eve (lyric soprano) after the Fall, a remorseful and mutually recriminatory pair.

Most of the remainder of the action is then viewed, as it were. in flathback. All the peaks of the interval, her temptation by the serpent; the plea of Christ (baritone) on behalf of the disgraced couple; the final guidance of the Archangel Michael (tenor). Choral commentary and the commands of God, communicated by an amplified spoken voice supported by "solo" choral accompaniment,

punctuate the narrative. The overall effect is of a guided tour in quick time through one of the scenic wonders of the world. And the music, which ought to have parts (of the poem)-and the

of Penderecki's music since the Penderecki's ambition and his Polish composer first made his taste, depth and range as a name in the West will not be creative artist surprised at the medley of The label r apple. As in previous large-

The score sounds impressive,

and commands expressive sounds; the sense of it is essentially incoherent. A patchwork of tonal and Penderecki's of tonal and Penderecki's familiar atonal and post-serial devices results in an idio decoration rather than of articulation. The control and release of dramatic tension prove haphazard, reliant apparently very little on a nexus of harmonic. such as the subject would seem to demand, and greatly on aural sensation. Of course, we can fetch up from the score examples of portentous-looking musical elaboration; but the givesway is in the want of dramatic electricity sparking between plodding bass lines and the colourless writing for the redressed the balance, com- voices, whether solo, ensemble, pounds and completes the or choral Paradise Lost leaves effect. The chapter on Paradise very few vocal memories; the Lost in David Daiches' study of music for Eve and for Sin, a Milton sums up its achievement glamorous, wide-spanning mezzoas follows: "The most interesting and the most important grateful of these. What I glittered; Eve (Uta-Maria Flake, parts (of the poem)—and the rember most clearly is the sense a soprano fresh though somemost impressive and enjoyable of faint but real indignation -are those where Milton's use caused by the composer's use of 'Death (Paul Esswood), and the of language expands the core of musical quotation-not only and the works of Tatlin and revealed. About £293,000 went commanded the musical apparahuman condition." "Literal Passion (following Christ's Reich-stre
Rodtchenko, It is interesting to on promoting drama, £264,000 tas, the dramatic initiative, the
meaning" is the level on which
intervention). Whatever the very little
observe the ways that France on music, and £155,000 on visual intellectual range, to subdue or
Penderecki's use of language composer may have intended by
grandeur Passion (following Christ's Reich-strong, clean singing, intervention). Whatever the very little in the way of dark

statement are the result. Those tion most especially-is to listeners who have kept abreast underline the disparity between

The label rappresentazione sounds he employs to score his was presumably intended to site effects: grandoise, abrasive, the work somewhere between sweet-toothed, and sensational opera and oratorio, as a stage by turns. Deep, long-held pedals work statuesque and static commence each act. The Fallen rather than "operatic" in the Angels provoke chattering more usual sense. (The most bursts of acrid brass: Satan's famous work bearing such a characteristic instrument is the name is Cavalieri's Rappresenbass clarinet. Boys' voices pipe tazione di Anima e di Corpo of out to accompany the creation 1600.) Though it seems to me of the animals (the swan incites an evasion or an excuse rather from the orchestra a few than a just use of musical tasteless bars of the Lokengrin terminology, the term was prelude). A long vocalise for made sense of by the novel, Eve and a lascivious saxophone describe the tasting of the production. Schneider-Siemssen the tasting of the production. ranked the 96 choristers in scale compositions, Penderecki tiered galleries on either side closes the work on a big unison of the stage, leaving a central major triad—here, a D major arch through which passed triad. props and slide projections. The floor was wooden planks; red light glowed up through the gaps to suggest the burning lake to which the Failen Angels were chained after their rout from heaven.

> under the baton of Janos Kulka, Stuttgart Generalmusikdirektor familiar Penderecki advocate, spoke of a wellprepared ensemble. Choral tone tended to go through thin patches when multiply subdivided, but the notes were for the most part accurately pitched. The large cast seemed never less than musically secure, and often—as in the case of Siegfried Jerusalem's handsome Michael and Raymond Wolansky's Christ-able to draw more from the notes than they had promised to give. For Adam, there was a new, and richly promising young baritone, smooth of voice and sensitive of manner, in Bodo glittered; Eve (Uta-Maria Flake, times impure and unsteady). high-soprano Zephon of Rebecca Little deserve at least a mention. The single disappointment was the Satan of Gunter or majesty

Albert Hall/Radio 3

First Proms

by DOMINIC GLLL

The 85th Prom season evening's single serious dis-opened last Friday and Saturday appointment, the contrails of with two concerts from the BBC Helen Watts smooth and coolly. week on the basis of the same turned clairvoyant—or plain

Not clairvoyant, certainly: and in any sense plain wrongfor the very stuff of live performance is its unpredictability. Loughran's was not a great or an overwhelming account (as some, rare in their passion and momentum, can be); but it was more than merely decent, and had real stature. The reading grew firmer as it progressed. Some few small details that should ideally have been picked up were awry in the huge first movement. But they were small things: and the general specially good to hear for once real triple-pianissimo from both strings and brass. The heartfelt, as it should be, more than

The māssig minuetto was held clear and steady, unfolded with simple grace; the scherzando was set loose in a ripple of strings and reeds, without genius burry. "Gib Acht!" was the est"?

Symphony Orchestra under proper, staid rather than steady; the whole movement lacked substance of mystery. But the finale burned with gentle, fire—inhy a Guardian columnist last by a Guardian columnist last wardly proposed, and taken slow on that slow-swelling wave, very conductor's direction of a dif- firm and grand, to its apotheosis, ferent work with a different Not a great, but a serious and ... orchestra on a different considered performance, that I occasion. Has the Guardian was glad to have heard.

On Saturday Loughran returned with Ravel's L'enfant ct les sortileges—a goodhumoured, even-tempered aceasily over the surface of the music, nor indulged it too lavishly. Not all of the dramatic timing was perfectly deft; but there was warmth and lightness' to the texture—and, splendid support from the best of a good team of soloists, notably Cynthia Buchan, Sarah Walker and Linda Finnie.

In the first half, Michael Lankester presented his new. concert-arrangement of music impression was admirably fresh, from Britten's ballet The Prince precise, carefully shaped. It was of the Pagodas: a doubtful confection, doubtfully selected, and shorn of its context, at more than one hour, far too long. beat pulse of the bass drum was There is still room for a tough. compact concert version of the best of this long and uneven score—but can even the high-lights justify Doneld Mitchell's mystifying assertion that "throughout the piece Britten's genius burns at its very bright-

Arts, Cambridge

The Master Builder

by B. A. YOUNG

ing what on earth life was like ful automation. in Dr. Wangel's home after the Lady from the Sea had ditched ber mysterious sailor and one of the family at any rate, was life in a cage; so, transform-ing herself into the image of Ibsen's young friend Emilie Bardach, she set off in her mountaineering kit with, as far

The question of what The Master Builder is "about is no longer a difficult one. It is about an old and successful man forget the magic of Maggie I will." Into their life comes the man. It is, in fact, about Bardach. Ibsen was strong enough to prevent Emilie from ruining his life as Hilde Wangel ruined Solness's life by daring him to climb a tower (whose symbolism need not be explored) when he is afraid of

The Cambridge production under Patrick Lau's direction is free of overt symbols, apart from a non-functional tower of wooden slats in the middle of first two acts. It is a little handicapped by a stiff translation from the world of the trolls.

by James Walter MacFarlane. "What a lot of books!" she Build what you will, you will never build me another home." says Mrs. Solness. (Compare ness's sitting-room. "Yes, I've Michael Meyer: "You can build collected quite a few," says as much as you like, Halvard, Solvess proudly. His visible colyou'll never be able to build a lection, all in big uniform proper home for me again.") This artificiality drains the Hilde, as she tells us, has given humanity from the characters. up reading, and the 10 feet or

No Ibsenite can help wonder- already little more than a duti-

chosen a domestic future. For Hilde the younger daughter, it as we can see, the sole object of destroying Solness the Master Builder, a clear selfportrait of the author.

heights. It was perhaps lbsen's warning to himself.

Solness suffers least, for she is seem a lot to her.

Barry Foster's Soiness has a

touch of the automaton about it too, but an automaton about grammed to believe itself obsessed with the power of its own mind (not hard when Kaia and Ragnar and Brovik are so wet). Even when he is totally under Hilde's wanton thrall, he imagines that he is in charge. Sometimes a curious suggestion of split personality results: a younger, less confident character seems to be peering through that grim, grey-bearded visage.

Hilde is such an improbable girl that every hint of real life is a bonus. (Even now I can't with a wife who, like Captain Smith at the Old Vic in 1984.) Reece of the Mantelpiece, keeps Janet Maw, looking very tidy repeating "It is my duty and after her cross-country hike, that her hair hangs in Rastaa tough young lady who hijacks farian dreadlocks, is very convincing as long as Hilde be-Ibsen and his wife and Emilie haves as a 22-year-old girl might be expected to behave; Though she does her best, however, she is not convincing when she tries to persuade this ageing craftsman that she has been longing for him to keep his promises, made to her as 2... 12-year-old, to build her a castle and, by implication, 'to settle in it with her. The weird frown she puts on when Mrs. Solness talks, weirdly enough, about the dolls whose loss in the fire she felt more deeply Saul Radomsky's set, half- than the loss of her own twin hidden by the celling in the sons, suggests that it is she rather than Solness who comes

"What a lot of books!" she exclaims, looking at the wall in Mr. Radomsky's version of Soleditions, is indeed a few; but Georgine Anderson as Mrs. so of shelf-space might well

CRICKET BY TREVOR BAILEY

Essex at last win in great style

county has at last won a major nonour. And the grand manner in which they achieved their breakthrough suggests this could well be the first of several similar triumphs in the next few

Essex have in fact been close to success on several occasions in recent years, only to stumble at the last hurdle-not through lack of ability but because they did not have enough confidence in themselves.

Pressure on the players in a team that has never experienced in a Benson and Hedges final in the 52nd over. a championship is considerable, as Charles Palmer, MCC presicaptain of Leicestershire, re- also the first ever century. minded me at Lords on Satur-

his side inch its way to the of excellent strokes, that kept between 230 and 240-1 still target while their hardened old the scoreboard busy.

them ever harder to catch in and put Essex in control. capture: -

Having won the toss Surrey gave Essex-first use of a good flat pitch against a depleted attack. The outcome was Gooch and company proceeded to capitalise fully on their good fortune. They stormed their way to a the Essex bowling and fielding,

massive 290 for 6, easily pass and they did exceptionally well ing the previous highest total to reach 255 before being all out and shattering numerous other records including the biggest

Partnership

He recalled how; in 1972, Gooch opend with Denness, Leicestershire climbed to the who considering the occasion top for the first time in the and his current form was same competition when they correctly preferred to the best Yorkshire in a low-scoring highly talented, and promising their task, was probably one of contest Even their tough and Lilley. The two openers prothe reasons Surrey scored quite as the impeccably sporting was phlegonatic captain. Ray Illing vided the innings with the so many. If the target had been it was played. And there was worth, could not bear to watch right, bright start with a series more within their reach—say plenty of noise from the sup-

The departure of the former made it, while I would not have taccided and its supporters, in tears.

Kent captain was followed by fancied Essex, if they had been when the country akilfully led. In the Essex dressing room a period of comparative calm, chasing 240.

With some luck, like a couple by Keith, Pletcher, beat Surrey after their victory there was not before McEwan began to savage with some luck, like a couple in the large and leading and leading but size a feeling the Surrey because the initial care. in the best Benson and Hedges only elation but also a feeling the Surrey bowlers in a principle of relief. A heavy burden has brilliant partnership of 124.

After more than 100 years the been lifted which should make which increased the impetus

the Schweppes Championship, Although the South African which is easily the most import was eventually caught behind tant of the four titles available off. Wilson, Fletcher made and also the most difficult to certain there was no reduction of the galloping tempo with a sparkling 34 - a gem of improvisation while Gooch strode purposely and powerfully, towards his chanceless century. Nobody, not even Surrey, really fancied their chances of making 291 in 55 overs against

Although there were moments when Howarth and Knight were dent and chairman, and former individual score, which was together and later during the Smith and Roope stand when there appeared to be glimmers of hope, inevitably, and logically Gooch opend with Denness, the need to maintain the high run rate required meant taking

chances. And it cost wickets. The sheer impossibility of doubt whether they would have less chanting.

of snipped fours, the tail can slog 24 off the last three overs when batting first, but it is a rather different story when they need 24 to win and the pressure is on. Another reason why on a good pitch, it usually pays

Although picking the man of task on Saturday was made easy by Graham Gooch—just as well with my Essex connections.

Cover drive

Graham hit a majestic 100 which began in the first over with a beautiful cover drive to the boundary and contained many superb shots, including a spectacular six high over midon, when Knight was in the middle of an excellent spell and another when he heaved a reasonable ball from Wilson. onto the top of the stand. It was an innings to remember and treasure.

It was also a match remember for the quality of the batting of both sides, as well porters, but not too much mindGOLF - BY BEN WRIGHT

Victory for the brave Spaniard

Championship victory by three strokes at Royal Lytham St. Annes on Saturday will not (78 for 289 and 6th place) and extract a fearful price in terms of back trouble, Certainly the tie for 27th place) helped Balvoungest winner of the event at 22 years of age since young Tom Morris, in the last century, and the first Continental to win professional. Young Crenshaw the title since Frenchman (71) agonised long into Saturthe title since Frenchman Arnaud Massy won in 1907, he day night over his 4th second the match can be difficult, my never spared himself physically. If he stays fit his commercial prospects are limitless as the sive tournaments. swashbuckling successor to Arnold Palmer, who first made more complete since he has

> either muscle or finesse it from wherever it landed. Ballesteros had rounds of 73, 65, 75 and 70 for a one under 4th place) redeemed himself par total of 283 that earned him eventually, and fought to the £15,000, while Jack Nicklaus last. and Ben Crenshaw shared £22,500 for finishing at 286. A Irwin at the second hole after question-mark remains, how- opening with a brilliant birdie

European ever to do so.

The inexplicable collapse of Tom Watson (81 for 297 and a lesteros to thwart the visitors' hopes of a first-ever victory at Royal Lytham by an American place finish in major championships and his third in succes-Watson's agony was even

it fashionable to drive a golf just thrown away the Canadian ball all over the place and and Western Opens with last rounds of 78 each time, and now his collapse is total.

Mark James (73 for 287 and

Ballesteros took the lead from ever, over Ballesteros' chances two, thanks to a 20 foot puft of playing in the Ryder Cup at the first. Then the match in September as the first eccentrically brilliant Japanese Isao Aoki and perhaps the most The Royal and Aucient golf contrastingly classical stylist club of St. Andrews must now among the young Australians surely insist that the rough be Rodger Davis came at the fertilised forthwith at Muirfield Spaniard with a significant run. to protect the integrity of their Davis took the lead when reachgreat championship in 1980 if ing the turn in 32 shots with they believe—as I do-that it Aoki never far away until he shots there, only Ballesteros assured.

ONE CAN ONLY hope that should be won by the straightest destroyed himself on the home-could beat himself. But this seve Ballesteros' so exciting hitter and not the strongest. ward run. mercurial character was not

Ballesteros hooked his drive five here was in reality like The Spaniard promptly over-powered the 551 yards 7th with a phenomenal one-iron shot from the tee and six iron second 8 for par wrapped it all up. feet from the hole. But he missed the putt for an eagle

When Ballesteros hit his worst shot of the week, a 13th place, amateur Peter horribly pulled five-iron away to the left of the tenth green Davis took an outright lead again only to drop two strokes at the 14th two more at the 15th. And then oblivion.

Nicklaus and Crenshaw thus emerged as the most serious pered the former and a scrappy five at the 14th was the 1969 at Royal Lytham. beginning of the end for

Crenshaw. For the second day in succession Ballesteros was to find only the 17th.

the overnight leader Hale Irwin so far at the 6th hole it most for- from 15 feet at the 16th hole. tunately reached the sanctuary after a drive right into the car of the 14th fairway. But a par park, virtually assured victory and was so typical of the man in dropping a stroke to the field. that he blasted the ball from nowhere again with a sand wedge. A brilliant bunker shot: at the 17th and a 12 foot putt Apart from James' valiant

effort, the British were as customarily pathetic as ever. Ireland's John O'Leary shared McEvoy thoroughly earned his. silver medal by tieing with Lee Trevino for 17th. Nick Faldo. Sandy Lyle and Ken Brown who tied for 19th were the only other Britons in the top 20. Jacklin at least gained exemp.

tion from pre-qualifying in 1980. threats to Ballesteros but three by tieing for 25th place, but he putts at the 13th green scup- never gained inspiration from the memories of his heroics in . Only 10 more British golfers

even reached the final day, a . shameful performance.

But the all time record attenone fairway with his driver, and dance of 135,000 further certainly he missed them all filled the coffers of the Royal with that club, from the 13th to and Ancient Golf Club of St. Andrews, and the future of the When Crenshaw, made a sorry Anest-run championship of them mess of the 17th, taking six all seems more than ever

Your opportunity to sell in Korea

Industrial and Trade Fairs International Limited announce a series of major exhibitions to be organised in Koex, the new EXHIBITION CENTRE IN SEOUL, REPUBLIC OF KOREA. The programme commences with:-

KORMARINE '80

International Shipbuilding, Marine Equipment, Ports & Harbours Exhibition, 28 July-4 August 1980.

KORPACK '81

International Packaging Exhibition, 12-19 January 1981.

KORCHEM'81

International Chemical Engineering Exhibition, 2-9 February 1981.

KORTEX '81

International Textile Machinery Exhibition, 20-29 July 1981.

KORFISH'81

International Fishing Exhibition, 2-9 November 1981.

For full details, please write to:-



Korean Exhibitions, Industrial and Trade

Fairs International Ltd., Raddiffe House, Blenheim Court, SOLIHULL, West Midlands, B91 2BG Tel. 021-705 6707 Telex 337073



A day in the Citibank trading room

DAVID LASCELLES IN NEW YORK

Street: at 8.15 am you could hardly see the ground from the 47th floor where Citibank's money market traders were screen. gathering for their morning

grouped round a table with cups of coffee, discussing the day's prospects in rapid tones. Their talk was laced with market jargon: "shorts are scared . hit 'em . . . lift 'em."

They needed a clear strategy that morning because it was a Thursday, the most important day of the week in the credit market. At precisely 4.10 pm, the Federal Reserve would publish the weekly money supply figures—key economic data with a direct bearing on interest rates. A quick poll of the traders showed they were expecting a rise of \$1bn in M1, and \$2bn in M2, give or take a billion out of totals of \$373bn and \$913bn respectively, enough to push prices down a shade.

It was also a special Thursday: the previous day, on July 11, the Fed had held its monthly meeting to set credit policy and interest rate targets for the weeks ahead. The meeting, as always, was secret and nothing would be known of its decisions though, the Fed might move to implement a policy change by intervening furtively in the key Fed funds market, the highly sensitive overnight inter-bank market The Fed cannot conceal these interventions, but it leaves the market to guess what they

Citibank's traders were unchanged, bond prices divided over what the Fed strengthen slightly. But at 9.32 might do. Some argued it could am the giant ticker screen at raise interest rates to help the the end of the room flashes news dollar and tighten credit. Others that the Bundesbank has in-(the majority) said tighter creased the German discount credit would only tip the rate, and a few moments later. economy into a steeper recession. Another unknown was the international side, relays President Carter, who had re-reports of similar rises in treated to Camp David to formulate a new energy policy. The traders decided to play it

the main trading room, a long, low-cellinged area with windows on three sides, and banks of desks fitted with flashing but-tons and TV monitors. Opened only a year ago the room has direct lines to dozens of brokers and traders around

some years ago to expand its were responding to somebody ing to buy \$27m worth for the merchant banking division else. They'd lose face." But arbitragents—people who move which includes money market Mr. Eckhardt's eyes never leave from one security to another to operations. The new trading either the Fed light or the TV exploit interest rate differentiations. room is one product of that screen with the latest bids and tials.

The market does not open. There are a lot of cross-until 9 am. But one trader is currents Mr. Eckhardt explains. already busy. Mr. Bernie Porzig, If the dollar is weak, foreign who handles Earodollar CDs central banks will have to buy (certificates of deposits), is on to support if and invest the the line to his counterpart in proceeds in U.S. Treasury Bills,

Everything is discounted in this market. What you must try and do is decide whether something has been discounted too much or too little?

"Someone's sniffing around

buzz and flash, the TV screens blink out numbers, urgent chatter fills the air. Fed funds, the key figure everyone will be watching today, are quoted at 101-16, exactly the Fed's last known target.

Partly because Fed funds are Mr. Joe Nolte, a salesman on France and Holland.

"It's uncanny," mutters one trader. "Sweden, Britain Japan, and now those. They're trader. all pushing up rates together."

ashing but U.S. interest rates too, which; division, says "You have got to right: Mr. Carter's energy mesors. Opened would push down bond pricess let them have their own head, sage and Cabinet-reshuffle did to room has traders keep a close eye on the sy you can't tell if they're good. little to boost confidence, and sof brokers small telephone light at their or not. We don't expect them last Friding the fiel increased and "The desks marked "Fed." When it to be right most of the time, the discount rate from 91 to 10 backroom flashes, the Fed is on the line. But we like them to be right per cent.

London checking the rates driving up prices. So a lot of "10.5 per cent," he notes traders stock up on bills in Someone's sniffing around anticipation. On the other here."

On the dot of 9 am, the whole-up U.S. interest rates, in which no springs to life Telephones. ease traders would have to dump bills as prices fell.

"Everything is discounted in this market." he explains. What you must try to do is decide whether something has been discounted too much or

At mid-day news comes-across on to, but not much. Will he:

powerful computers record all probably announcing a trade more often than they are trades and store market infor which will affect the market wrong."

mation which every dealer can But the light doesn't flash. As the afternoon wears on, call up instantly to his TV "I don't think they'll do it the pace begins to slacken in screen.

today, remarks Mr. Gary anticipation of the money supply Citibank, New York's largest Erkhardt at the Treasury Bill figures. Mr. Russell Abbott, bank, made a policy decision desk. "It would look as if they trader in two year notes, is trysome years ago to expand its were responding to somebody ing to buy \$27m worth for the several traders and brokers and him because Citivink is one of

the ticker that the money supply figures will be delayed. Yells of disappointment echo round the room. Traders shift uneasily as

the minutes tick by.

The Fed light flashes. A trader grabs the phone and relays the news that the money supply figures are on their way.

A moment later, the ticker springs to life.

"M1 up \$13bn M2 up \$3.2bn There are whoops of

"That's a zero figure," said Mr. Paul McCormack, the intermediate bond trader, meaning them accurately and would react neutrally. But the TV flashes. Someone out in the street did a quick trade. a knee jerk reaction," said Mr. McCormack. # If he'd waited a

minute more he could have got

that Mr. Carter will address the and the tension evaporates nation on Sunday. That's some quickly. Traders joke with each thing for the market to latch other, and make their plans for come up with some solid room is almost empty, and the measures to bolster the TV screens go blank. It had economy or will it be another been an eventful day, but not a let-down? Most Citibank traders -spectacular one. The New York Citibank imposes limits on been thin and prices closed the positions its traders may virtually unchanged. The Fed take up. But it also encourages had clearly not tightened credit, them to use their instincts and and the market was now await-The rises are bad news for distractive.

The market because they post. Mr. Jim Stevens, senior vice. As it turned out, Citibank's pressure on the Fed to raise president in the money market desiers' expectations were



Who put the "Royal" back in the Albert Hall?

Watching the last night of the Proms at the Albert Hall, it is easy to forget that correctly it should be the Royal Albert Hall. But look up at its splendid tiers and boxes, and the arched gallery, and you see that our best-loved public hall looks very royal indeed.

The building sparkles today with the pristine brilliance it must have enjoyed at its opening in 1871. The auditorium redecoration was carried out by Holloway White Allom for the

restoration architects, Ronald Ward & Partners. Unless you are in the restoration business, you could be forgiven for not having heard of Holloway White Allom. However, they are a very important subsidiary of John Laing, who specialise in putting back the lustre into fine old buildings.

Traditional techniques such as rag-rolling, water-glazing and brush-dragging were employed in the redecoration of the Royal Albert Hall, which was only closed to the public for five

weeks during the six month restoration period.

Other Holloway White Allom contracts have included extensive redecoration and alterations to the Bank of England, and remodelling the interior and restoring the exterior of the Nash Terraces in and around Regents Park.

It is all too easy to think of John Laing as only concerned with major new buildings and massive civil engineering projects. But we are

human enough to know that you cannot build for tomorrow unless you have an understanding of the buildings of yesterday At Laing, that understanding takes practical form, in keeping alive traditional arts and crafts, so that we can keep alive our building heritage.

LAINCmake ideas take shape

For full developmen The Civic Co

July 17, 1978

FIE MANAGEMENT PAGE

Hazel Duffy explains the reasons behind Ireland's decision to boost training facilities at all levels in engineering

Why Irish engineers are smiling

The expansion which lowers in a last introduct in the expansion which lowers gramme of financial assistance taking over presides coccupied to companies already manufacturing and assembling in the entire same of one 200-year ireland to establish research old building in the grounds of and development units as well. Trinkly, is only past of a cam the Government is anious that paign lainched within the past foreign companies should not paign lainched within the past foreign companies should not paign lainched within the past foreign companies about not paign lainched within the past foreign companies about not paign lainched within the past foreign companies about not paign lainched within the past foreign companies about not paign lainched within the past foreign companies about not paign lainched within the past foreign companies about not paign lainched within the past foreign companies about not paign lainched within the past foreign companies about not paign lainched within the past foreign companies about not page the country as his another within the past page the page that the past page that the page couple of neonths by Government industry and higher edu-cation astablishments to boost the supply of graduate engineers technicians and skilled craftsmen over the next

five rears.
Engineering courses have traditionally attracted students with good school leaving grades in Ireland. History has a part m play. Professor Leaby dean of engineering at University College Dublin, says engineer ing has developed more along professional lines in Ireland, in common with the European hadison, rather than from the

see the country as just another assembly base; as the inward investment policy nears a more mature stage, it and wants to encourage companies to replace their own skilled personnel with local people.

Surplus

The activities of many of these companies electronics, pharmaceuticals, etc.—means that product and process devel-opment units in the country of manufacture are also particularly appropriate.

common with the larly appropriate tradition, rather than from the larly appropriate.

The combination of these factors in Britain, and which has tors has turned the surgineering into engineering and's traditional sugmeering.

As a source of ideas for in discipline has been civil and's traditional sugmeering while the requirement a packward glance from ments of the new companies are increasingly for electron of the Government's five-year sudden realisation that it now duction, and mechanical sudden realisation that it now duction, and mechanical engineers. Mr. Fadraic White, lobs a year between now and loss of the Industrial Development Authority (IDA) in attracting foreign investment—whole basis of the country's industrial revelation.

The shortfall in skilled manpower, both current and future, was quantified with the help of the Government's five-year economic plan and the recently published plan of the IDA. In executive director of the IDA. In which aims to create 15,000 new lobs a year between now and 1982. A programme was rapidly drawn up by a committee on manpower policy formed late last year by the Government's National Manpower Service.

Representatives of both sides of industry sit on the com-

For full details - fast - about new industrial and commercial

The Civic Centre, Newport, Gwent. Telephone Newport (0633) 65491

development sites, contact Steve Wehrle (Dept. F.T.)

TRINGIPAL COLLEGE, Dublin, computer software. Alongside ing to pay to get the people they want, and using them to their a seal of learning for Steradure attraction for oversite investors and the arms will be doubling was the pool of trained people that are seal of its confidence of the people in the seal of its confidence of the people they want, and using them to their full potential. Many Irishing the arms will be doubling was the pool of trained people they want, and using them to their full potential. Many Irishing the arms of the people they want, and using them to their full potential. Many Irishing the arms of the people they want, and using them to their full potential. Many Irishing the arms of the people they want, and using them to their full potential. Many Irishing the arms of the people they want, and using them to their full potential. Many Irishing the arms of the people they want, and using them to their full potential. Many Irishing the arms of the people they want, and using them to their full potential. Many Irishing the arms of the people they want, and using them to their full potential. Many Irishing the arms of the people they want, and using them to their full potential. Four or five years ago, the panies do not use their engineers IDA, also introduced a proson for their feeling frustrated. Engineering companies in Ireland also tend to be smaller than in Britain, and engineers. testify to the fact that they can feel much more involved in smaller units.

Britain has been the focal point for the first part of Ireland's campaign to boost its supply of skilled manpower, including professional engineers. The IDA provoked some criticism in Britain recently when it put advertisements in the papers about the job opportunities at home.

The IDA's reply is that 80 per cent of the people who responded are Irish or have Irish connections, and therefore they may well have been thinking of returning at some stage anyway. It is hoped that at least 200 vacancies will be filled

according to most estimates - have been provided for this In 1974, the EDA began a and that they are given response September. Also starting in programme for assisting service ribility at a younger age.

September is an expansion property of the gramme of four-year courses in growing need for engineers, (the norm for engineering in legiting to companies being will Ireland) at universities and legiting to companies being will.

for Ireland is a necessity. The mechanisation of agriculture has accelerated through mem-bership of the EEC, resulting in fewer jobs on the land in a country where unemployment is around 10 per cent. Skilled manpower is an essential ingredient in ensuring this expansion. In a small country without natural resources it very often represents the only extra incentive for footloose industry over developing countries, where labour is much cheaper. This is a fact which Irish governments of different political persuasions have had no



polytechnics, which will build up to an extra 1,500 graduates annually by 1984. The numbers may seem small, but have to be judged in the context of a working population of just 1.1m, compared with 26m in

the UK. The image of industry is very important. Although industry in Ireland is long enough established for sectors like textiles and footwear to have gone through periods of contraction, generally it is associated more with expansion and with newer, cleaner industry than in Britain,

Mr. Tom Hardiman, chairman the Government's Board for Science and Technology, trained as a mechanical engineer and is an ex-director general of RTE, the State broadcasting authority He says: "Industry is perceived successful in Ireland, and this has been helped enormously by the fact that successive governments have maintained a policy of encouraging industry

industrial resonances in white in the content of the development in the content of the content o

Also starting in ment Programme. Many of the people it plans to help have engineering backgrounds. Further industrial expansion

> difficulty in endorsing, and brings an urgency to getting things done which is absent in Britain. There just is not time for committees of inquiry and wide-ranging debates.

These Bonds were offered and sold outside the United States of America. This announcement appears as a matter of record only.



Unilever N.V. US\$ 100,000,000

91/4 % Bonds due 1987

Amsterdam-Rotterdam Bank N.V.

Deutsche Bank **Aktiengesellschaft** Swiss Bank Corporation (Overseas)

Citicorp International Group

Morgan Guaranty Ltd.

Algemene Bank Nederland N.V.

Crédit Lyonnais

Credit Suisse First Boston Limited

Dresdner Bank Aktiengesellschaft European Banking Company Limited

Kredietbank International Group

Union Bank of Switzerland (Securities) Limited

July 17, 1979.

Ford tightens the strings of its European net

BY-KENNETH GOODING

FORD'S

Manufacturing/

week strike which shut its UK transmission machining and plants last autumn cost \$175m. assembly the figure was 500,000 But the dispute rices not seem to have shaken the group's belief that it has now got its Enropean manufacturing and distribution system into the

As an example of the faith it now has in these operations obliged to look first to suppliers Ford of Europe recently in in their own countries for their structed its assembly plants to requirements. cut inventories from stocks of components from the equivalent of 20 days worth to 15 days. This should produce substantial savings in financing costs.

But, as the accompanying map stock" on the move.

manufacturing and Asia. Individual plants have to deal with a relatively large number of Ford factories-from a long list of countries.

Take as an example Valencia, Ford's newest plant and one developed after the European concept was fully established to make the Fiesta and engines for this small car. It takes 350 parts from 212 suppliers in Spain itself, a further 256 parts from 151 West German suppliers, 100 parts from 71 UK suppliers, five parts from four handling, components are suppliers in the Netherlands, packed into containers or closed four parts from four Italian suppliers and 14 parts from two

suppliers in the US.

There is, of course, nothing new in an assembly plant dealing with many component suppliers. But traditionally in those Europe suppliers were usually clustered close by the assembly plants, thus producing areas like the UK Midlands, which relied heavily on the automotive industry for its prosperity. By taking the view that Europe should be seen as one

market and reduce the range of cars it makes for Europe, Ford has attempted to maximise the economies of scale so important in car manufacturing.

A report by the UK Central Review Staff - the Think Tank "-some years ago covered this topic and suggested that the minimum efficient size for a manufacturing operation making identical castings for an engine block was a annual out-

FORD estimates that the nine- put of 100,000. For engine and and for final assembly 250,908. It has certainly been easier for Ford to organise its operations to benefit from such Renault or BL, both Stateowned companies which are

Every working day Ford expects to build more than 7,500 cars and commercial vehicles in enough components at its 25 manufacturing centres to cope But, as the accompanying with orders from shows, Ford's European network with orders from shows is complex, supply lines are sidiaries in North and Latin America, Africa, Australia and America, Africa, Australia and Carland the Middle East New Zealand, the Middle East

Computer controlled move ment of production material suppliers—some of them other makes all this possible. Computers make sure that the individual parts and sub-assemblies for a particular Fiesta ordered by say, a UK customer arrive at just the right time to be assembled at various. stages on the Valencia produc-

High-speed

For protection and ease of components rail wagons. In the UK, Bel-gium and Germany there are special trains which carry only Ford components in closed wagons. Within the company these high-speed express links are known as "Blue Trains."

From the UK plants containerised components are taken to the port of Harwich on the East Coast then shipped across the North Sea on a twice daily ferry service to Zeebrugge in Belgium and then by rail to Ford plants in Belgium, West Germany and Spain. Transmissions manufactured

in Bordeaux are moved to the UK and Spain by road and to rail. Exports to Ford companies outside Europe are by

Genk (Belgium) plants are culties so that components, sub-transported by road to Liege assemblies and even complete where they are removed from the trucks and transferred on than one place or substituted by



to rail wagon; and then taken similar products made from Liege to Valencia by rail. From Saarlouis in West Germany "drop body" containers are moved by road to Metz and then by rail from Metz to Valencia. On the return trip Fiesta engines and body panels travel by rail from Valencia to Metz and then on to Saarlouis

Delivery from the plants in Britain to those in Belgium and West Germany by the rail and sea service requires three days and to Spain eight days. Delivery of transmissions from Bordeaux to other European plants is completed within 48 bours by the regular scheduled.

Ford estimates that at any time it has more than 1,500 containers, rail wagons and "drop body" containers in service in Europe and that there are more than 12,000 tonnes of components in transit between the plants.

The system obviously involves some calculated risks and when Ford decided to "Europeanise Belgium and West Germany by in this way it must have built considerable flexibility into it. After all, it was Ford which led the industry into dual-sourcing Special "drop body" con- to protect itself should an im-tainers from the Cologne and portant supplier get into diffito protect itself should an imcars can be supplied from more

where. Even so there were times dictated that there could be only one plant. There is, for example, the Ford Autolite plant at Belfast, the sole supplier of carburetters and some other equipment for the whole of Ford's European This fact is well operations. known to both the workforce and, one assumes, activists. But the Belfast plant has a history of trouble-free production.

Strike

Some trade unionists have suggested that the long supply chains across Europe bring Ford benefits when there is an industrial dispute. Goods in transit can be used during a dispute and then replaced by rush transport afterwards.

Indeed, Ford managed 10keep its Continental operations; going for the first six weeks of the UK strike without any apparent difficulties.

Certainly the lessons Ford has learned in Europe in the 1970s will be invaluable in the 1980s when the world automotive industry enters the era of the "world" car. When that arrives components will not just be shunted around Europe. but right around the world.

Business information... where can I get the answers I need?

The Financial Times as the businessman's newspaper, is probably one of your prime sources of information. But often, you will need to go deeper and cast the net wider; and, to that end, the FT can help you even more by putting its own

information centre at your disposal.

Over the years we have built up an extensive library and a network of information contacts which is almost certainly unequalled elsewhere in the business community. We have developed a research centre of people experienced at using these resources and matching them to particular business needs.

This FT information service can now be made available to a further limited number of subscribers who will be given direct access to the research staff through an ex-directory number.

The scope of our service is so broad that it is

best explained through demonstration and discussion, but two examples of how our current clients make use of the service may help to clarify the possibilities.

Client A: A Merchant Bank A merchant bank finds we can supply the

back-up information needed to analyse individual companies as prospects for investment and loans. Not only in the form of 'hard' detail on the published financial standing of a company but also the 'soft' information gathered from press coverage of their

policies, the people who own and run the company and their new product development stance. Sometimes the information available to the FT information service is so 'live' it has not yet percolated through to the business community at large. The bank also finds we are the authoritative source of foreign exchange rates, which are often needed as far back as 5-10 years.

Client B: A leading Advertising Agency A leading Advertising Agency looks to us for information on new markets which are being investigated for the agency's clients, and data is drawn from many sources gathered together at the FT. Interpretation and analysis of the information. is also provided when required. Frequently this research has to extend beyond the UK and here our worldwide network of contacts becomes extremely useful. The agency also finds we can brief them on organisations who are their potential clients, right down to autobiographical details on the senior managers.

There are of course, many other possibilities and our clients cover the entire field of business and industry. It would certainly be in your company's interests to join the exclusive circle of well-informed organisations we serve. Why not telephone the Financial Times Business Information Service and discuss the facilities in greater detail with us.

From the FT Business Information Service



If you would prefer to have a brochure... please have your secretary type or print your name and address below and send it to THE SALES DEPT.

FINANCIALTIMES BUSINESS INFORMATION SERVICE

Bracken House, 10 Cannon Street, London EC4P 4BY

Name Position

FINANCIALTIMES

BRACKEN HOUSE, CANNON STREET, LONDON EC4P 4BY Telegrams: Finantimo, London PS4. Telex: 886341/2, 883897

Telephone: 01-248 8000

Monday July 23 1979

Carter under siege

Washington establishment. He list campaign around cutting down the biggest trees and leaving the monkeys" and drawing his wagons into a tight circle from which all but his fellow Georgians are excluded. Certainly the manner in which the re-shuffle was conducted. and in many respects its outcome, have gone down badly on Capitol Hill—ironically just as the President had succeeded in re-establishing some of his credibility in Congress with last Sunday's televised address on energy policy and the more complex psychological problems currently afflicting the nation.

Loyalty

By sacking Mr. Joseph Califano, the Secretary for Health, Education and Welfare, Mr. Carter has rid himself of probably the most popular member of his Cabinet in Congress—and also, incident-ally, an ally of Mr. Edward Kennedy, still his main rival for the Democratic Presidential nomination next year. The promotion of the youthful Mr. Hamilton Jordan to White House Chief of Staff, potentially a position of very considerable will be intensely disliked in

The departure of Mr. James Schlesinger, the Energy Secretary, was widely expected. He has gone, partly as a fall-guy for the fallure of the Administration's energy policles, partly for his supposed lack of political judgment and partly because he kapt disagreeing with the White House. This last sin was also layed at the door of Mr. Michael Blumenthal, the deposed Secretary of the Treasury. It is clear that henceforth the key to survival in the Carter Cabinet is going to be not so much personal ability as loyalty to the President and his White House team.

But Mr. Carter has not made his changes in order to appeal to the Washington establishment. His admitted aim is to line up what he believes to be the right team for his reaimed at the American people In Washington, he is doing two Cabinet.

PRESIDENT CARTER'S things. He is giving himself Cabinet changes have been the time and the opportunity scathingly by the to go out and conduct a popuhas been variously described as country with less fear that his Cabinet will relapse into infighting behind his back, and he is once again surrounding himself

So far, there has been no clear indication as to whether the American people will react to his Cabinet changes with the same approval that they apparently gave to his nationwide address seven days ago. It is possible that they will see evidence, at last, of a firm band In the White House. That is unlikely, however, to be the ease on this side of the Atlantic. Taking an inordinately long time to make up one's mind, and then settling for a Cabinet that is in many respects weaker than its predecessor, is not universally accepted as a sign of decisive leadership. In today's world, it is not

just Americans who have a vital interest in the effectiveness of the Presidency of the United States. The conduct of American economic policy, and now, above all, of energy policy, has a key bearing on the course wer, is another move that of the West's, and indeed the world's, economic and political There is as yet no evidence that Mr. William Miller, the Chairman of the Reserve, will be a Secretary of the Treasury than Mr. Blumenthal. Nor is there any reason to believe that Mr. Charles Duncan better than Mr. Schlesinger at Energy. been concerned by the weak ness of Mr. Carter's leadership. loyalty to the President hardly a quality that should be regarded as over-riding.

Congressional approval of the Energy policy-or indeed of major international issues, like the SALT Treaty—will not be made any easier if President Carter antagonises the rest of Washington, including many of his own political allies. If he really has, as he claims, conve up with a better team, most of his Western partners will be his group of trusted Georgians proof rests with his new

The wrong time to sell B A

THERE ARE good and bad sell nationalised assets to the private sector. The plan, announced on Friday, to sell a substantial minority shareholding" to private investors in British Alrways in the near future is either misguided or motivated by the wrong reasons.

The attractions of denationallsing BA include the further loosening of government loosening of government influence over its management, a greater exposure to competitive pressures and more freedom for it to take risks and seek rewards like a commercial enterprise. The experience of government control over the past 10 years has certainly been unhappy enough to justify seeking a radical change in BA's status.

Erratic

But the Government must consider, in addition to its ideological inclinations, its duties as a trustee of the tax-payers' wealth. While the decision in principle to sell BA is welcome, its timing is unfortunate. A government whose injunction to others is to emulate private husinessmen, should itself be able to look at BA from a businesslike point of view. It is a company with uninspiring and erratic profit record facing in the immediate future a massive and risky investment programme of will pay off and that profits will improve dramatically over the tial increase in capital invest-next few years. In the private ment" it will require in the tations or a desperate need for the time is so unripe.

prospective, earnings, Britain's now, but wait a few years taxpayers will suffer a loss of before selling its shares?

several hundred million pounds. If, on the other hand, the airline proves unable to service the huge debts it incurs in financing its capital programme, the government may be unable to resist the clamour of private shareholders, tempted into the shares by the government, for subsidies and assistance.

It makes little sense to sell a company at the start of its recovery, as any of the several merchant bankers in the Government must be well aware. A sale in three or four years' time would be fairer on both the taxpayer and the stock market.

But the Government seems to have given priority to another reason for selling off public assets—to raise money and reduce the public sector borrowing requirement. Economists are well aware that the "cut" in Government borrowing that results from a sale of equities rather than of gilt-edged stock affects only the method of financing the Government's deficit. It provides investors with a welcome variation on their monotonous diet of fixedaffect the size of the deficit, the demand for credit or the

Independence

But, with the sale of British Airways, a further statistical fiction seems to have entered the Government's calculations. Mr. John Nott, the Trade Secreabout £2.4bn. Its management is tary, has said that he wants to convinced that the investments change BA's capital structure partly because of the "substanment" it will require in the business world only doubts next few years. Reconstituting about the management's expec- BA as a private limited company along the lines of British cash would account for the sale Petroleum, with a substantial of such a huge company when Government shareholding, will enable the whole of its borrow-Potential investors will, ing to be removed from the rightly, discount heavily the tar- PSBR. Since BA's demand for get of a 16 per cent return on external funds is likely to be assets that the BA management about £1bn over the next five have set themselves, given that years, a stroke of Mr. Nott's pen the prospectus will show a could reduce the PSBR by much lower, and uneven return around £200m a year. It may over the past five years. If the be that this is one of the attrac-commercial independence that tions of selling off part of BA BA wrested from the last even at this unpropitious time. government and the fleet of new But if this is the game the aircraft it is currently buying Government wants to play, why enable it to perform up to its not reconstitute BA, stop management's expectations, but guaranteeing its borrowing. the government sells its shares take them out of the PSBR as at a price that is bound to be a limited company and give based on current, rather than management total independence

The tightening squeeze on British industry

By PETER RIDDELL, Economics Correspondent

INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL COMPANIES

RITISH industry faces a Bgrim 12 months. Profits and liquidity are likely to be squeezed severely. The very survival of some companies may be in doubt. The prospect is reflected in increasingly gloomy forecasts. economic industralists are showing signs of alarm, notably about the impact of the apparently

unstoppable rise in sterling. There already is talk of simiwith a tightly knit caucus of larities with the liquidity crisis the people who first won him of 1974-75, when the Labour the Presidency. industry by giving tax relief on the increase in value of stocks. The comparison cannot be taken too far-not least because both industry and the City are and are trying to anticipate them. A further crucial dif-ference is that the squeeze is the direct-and fully expected -result of the Government's commitment to a tight monetary policy and a strong pound.

The warning signs first appeared last year. The strong recovery of company profits from 1975-76 onwards came to a halt in the late summer. This has been only partially reflected in the published profits of quoted companies; since these figures are based on historic costs and do not take account of the distorting effects of

Trading profits

The best guide is the official estimates of gross trading-profits net of stock appreciathe amount needed merely to finance the impact of inflation on stocks of materials and goods. It is necessary to make a further adjustment for the rapidly growing profits from North Sea oil in order to see the underlying position of British industry. On this basis, industrial and

commercial companies' profits fell slightly in the final three months of last year. As last month's Bank of England quarterly bulletin pointed out: "By the end of 1978 various factors were combining to erode profitability: increasing raw material costs (reflected in an 18 per cent increase in stock appreciation in the second half); a firmer exchange rate (squeezing competitiveness at home and abroad); the increase in the national insurance surdelighted. But the onus of charge; and the stagnation of output and productivity."

> The Bank bulletin went on to show that it had occurred with a vengeance. Profits, excluding North Sea oil, dropped by nearly 23 per cent in the first three months of this year compared with the October-to-December period of 1978. In part, this decline was due

to loss of production caused by the bad winter weather and by industrial disputes. But gven The reasons are straight-

1973 '74 '75 '76 '77 '78

GROSS TRADING

North Sea

forward. Costs have been rising rapidly and companies have not been able to pass them on fully in the form of higher prices. Hence margins have been squeezed. Unit labour costs are now rising by roughly 13 to 14 per cent a year while raw material costs have jumped by 91 per cent in the first half of this year in spite of the favourable impact on import prices of the steady rise in sterling.

The strength of the exchange rate - up by 9# per cent on average against other leading currencies so far this year has been the main restraining influence on prices. But for exporters the strength of the pound reduces the sterling value of sales and profits. In volume goods like textiles and chemicals there is little scope for raising prices which are

price of imports relative to home-produced goods and the ability had probably continued limit the scope for raising prices and cut profits. This may show that it had continued to the scope for raising prices and cut profits. This may show that it had continued to the scope for raising prices and cut profits. be more significant than the pressures on exporters since less successful at competing in its own market than it has been overseas.

> highlighted by last week's health of industry is determined warnings from Courtaulds, as much by the level of spend-Wedgwood and Gestetner. Sir ing on investment and stocks. Arthur Knight, chalrman of

trend of profits is clearly down-year to March 31 would have risen by £30m, rather than by the actual £10m, if sterling had adjusted to the faster rise in costs at home than abroad. And that was before the latest sharp rise in sterling. Industry is

unanimous on this point and some companies would instead stress the favourable impact of appreciation on costs. But the net short-term effect is to squeeze profits and these pressures are reinforced by high interest rates and by a Moreover, it is likely to become increasingly difficult to pass on cost increases because of a weakening in demand both at home and overseas during the next 12 months. A recession normally hits profits more than

Estimates of the possible impact vary considerably but the latest projections from the London Business School, published this morning, forecast in the next 18 months, Indeed. when the sharply rising contrideducted it is possible that the profits of the rest of British industry could drop by nearly 14 per cent this year and by 13

Profits are only one side of The resulting pressures were the picture and the financial This expenditure has been very after allowing for all these Courtaulds, estimated that its buoyant over the last couple of special factors, the underlying pre-tax profits for the financial years so that with a squeeze on

revenue the financial position gial shape than in the mid-1970s). of industrial and commercial companies has deteriorated.

20

and 1978 and was £1.19ba in the final three months of last year.

Financial^{*} deficit

published later to-day are likely to show a very large financial deficit in the first three month of this year. This new be erratically large but the combination of a profits squeeze and a further rise in spending on fixed investment and stocks internationally determined. A lished this morning, forecast could push the deficit up to high pound may pose less of a only a very slow growth of 54bn this year and to nearly threat to more specialist goods. profits net of stock appreciation 55bn in 1980 according to City ockbrokers Phillips and Drew This would mean a continued high level of bank borrowing, though the rise in VAT will ironically boost liquidity.

Other applysts believe that while industry's financial posi-British industry has been much per cent in 1980, and the fall it may not get worse in 1980 less successful at competing in could be larger for manufacture and could even improve, as it tion will deteriorate this year, did in 1975-76, as companies react to the onset of the recession. The London Business School, for instance, expects the company sector to maintain its financial position in spite of the squeeze on profits by cutting back on investment and stock-

heavily influenced both by the level of sterling and by whether companies correctly judge demand and do not get left with excess stocks.

But even relatively optimistic economists expect the deficit next year to be higher than the previous peak of £4.4bn in 1974, the year of the liquidity crisis. But because of inflation the déficit would be smaller, in real terms and as a percentage of total output, than four or five years ago.

Moreover, industry is in a generally stronger position to withstand these pressures than five years ago. This is so partly because of the wave of rights issues in 1975-76 which resulted. in a reduction in the ratio of debt to equity in company balance sheets. Phillips and Drew, for example, estimate that gearing is now down to 18 per cent compared with 26 per cent at the end of 1974. The brokers delieve the squeeze is only named to push up gearing to 22 per Intervention to hold down to push up gearing to 22 per Intervention to hold down to push up gearing to 22 per Intervention to hold down to to push up gearing to 22 per Intervention to hold down to the push up to the inflower were the per liquidity of on such a scale as to threaten to includary There has also been an improve-ment in the net liquidity of industry since the mid-1970s even if this is now coming under

Yet this is an overall picture and the experience of different sectors and companies is likely. to vary considerably. In parti-cular, manufacturing industry could be hit much harder than. say, the North Sea oil sector, property (in much better finanand much of service industry.

The cost competitiveness of The commonest, yardstick is manufacturing is already 15 to the financial deficit which 20 per cent worse than two years measures how much industry ago and its financial deficit controls beyond the two stage has to raise from other parts could be as large as, if not dismantling already introduced, of the economy, notably by larger than, in the mid-1970s consideration of a fwo-tier issues of equity or by hand even after adjusting for infla- interest rate structure (difference of the control of the borrowing, or from overseas. Son. Here again the pressures. This deficit increased from are unlikely to be uniform. The £1.82bn to £2.3bn between £977 most obviously vulnerable commost obviously vulnerable com- repayment of overseas debts panies are those manufacturing position has already been seriously eroded in the last few

has already been speculation about whether some companies will be pushed into bankruptcy or into seeking assistance from the Goyernment. Few people either in the City of in Whitehall would be surprised by one or more fellures either this winter or, more likely, in 18 months' time.

manufacturing industry. The Government's response of policy will undoubterly is to make a virtue out of what mount over the saturant and

it sees as necessity. Ministers recognise that a tight monetary squaeze, high interest rates and the consequent strong exchange rate will hit industry but they believe this price has to be. paid if inflation is to be reduced. Indeed, both Mrs. Thatcher and Sir Geoffrey Howe, the Chancellor, have gone further

severity of the squeeze will be directly by reducing import costs and indirectly squeezing margins margins restricting the ability of companies to pay high wage The Conservatives believe there is no alternative if Britain is to break into a virtuous circle.

The opposition ranges from those who favour a deliberate depreciation of sterling—however that might be achievedvia supporters of import controls to industrialists who favour some attempt to stabilise the exchange rates. But as Sir Geoffrey pointed out in the experience of successive governments shows how difficult it is to control the exchange rate even if this is thought to be desirable.

Monetary growth.

an acceleration in monetary growth and faster inflation, and thus to force the Government to allow a free float. Similarly, a cut in interest rates in an attempt to discourage inflows had little impact on overseas investors but encouraged

Recognising these problems some of the industrialists most concerned about a rising rate action. Sir Arthur Knight of further relaxation of exchange controls beyond the two stage dismantling already introduced, entiating between home and are unlikely to be uniform. The overseas borrowers) and early

The official view is that none in sectors such as consumer of these measures will have durables whose competitive much effect on the demand for sterling in the short-term-however desirable a further essing of exchange controls might be in its own right to build up overseas assets against the day when North See oil revenues decline Moreover, the experience of other committees suggests that artificial barriers so discovinge inflows so not work and leakages appear the

where in the system.

Ministers have specially The question is already being ruled out the option of tempoasked by MPs and industrialists rarily abandoning their monewhether this intensified squeeze tary target and intervening as is inevitable and whether the other countries, such as Switzer result will not be a permanent land, have done in the face of loss of market share and a a sharp rise of their exchange further shrinking of British rates. The pressures for a change

TOLET

54

winter as profits fall and unemployment rises. And there is presumably a point or rather an exchange rate—at which the Government will reconsider Its approach, apart from synomicng a further liberalisation of exchange controls. But at present the Prime Minister and Chancellor appear steadfast in in proclaiming the advantages their preference for a strong of a strong pound. This, they pound and a freely hoating rate believe, will curb inflation whatever the short-term cost.

Art of seeing Whitehall's way

with laterest the outcome of what promises to be a somewhat heetic meeting tomorrow morning at the Historic Houses Association's offices in St. James's Street. The association will be proclaiming its acceptance of the Treasury's proposals to do away with the system by which works of art may be accepted in lieu of death duties.

Several Influential groups have been invited by the association's president, George Howard — of Howard Castle, George York — to discuss this view. I gather that some of those invited are bitterly opposed to the The Treasury argues that

when the £17m National Heritage Fund has been set up, with annual subsidies from Government, this will be sufficient to cope with any works

art or historic buildings ently altered by some anony-nich need "rescuing" after mous functionary before which need "rescuing" after mous the owners die. The attraction McCore of this idea is that Treasury men will be "off the backs" of The Treasury will be awaiting the heritage groups, thus avoiding any new Mentinore muddles.

The opponents claim that it will merely let the Treasury "off the cultural hook," and that whatever happens it need never concern itself with the said: "The 1841 imperforate year, works of art valued at £1.7m were taken in lieu of capital transfer tax. The Museums Association.

which will be represented at of shock about it." tomorrow's debate, has already It had been my said it believes the "in lieu" provision should stay. There also seems to be a division on the matter between the Treasury and Norman St. John-Stevas, the Minister who embraces the arts. He has repeatedly praised the pro-

Penny red faces In dozens of countries, postal

authorities will be putting out commemorative issues next month, to mark the centenary of the death of Rowland Hill. founder of the British postal system. Only one country has an historical gaffe with any of these issues.

The British Post Office is augmenting its Hill series with a pictorial air-letter, price 14p, showing a number of his stamps. One is captioned "The Penny Red, 1841 "-but is a completely different stamp, a Penny Red plate of 1877.

About 1m of the air-letters have been printed, and a Post Office spokesman tells me that they are likely to be pulped. The P.O dare not issuename of Hill. especially-a blunder which will be spotted any third-form stamp How did it happen?

air-letter was designed by Clive "Drinks, eigarettes and share Abbott, a prominent artist in certificates are now on sale."

McCorquodales embarked on the million print run. The error was spotted from

preview reproduction in a a philatalist living in Haywards Heath, Sussex. He specialises in Penny Reds and Blacks. When Bray telephoned me he was Hill's creation, the 1877 stamp had nothing to do with him. They are as different as the Financial Times and the Morning Star. I'm in a state It had been my sad duty,

after being approached by Bray, to apprise the P.O. of its slip-up. Of course, a hurried re-print of the air-letter, would only modestly dent the P.O.'s philatelic profits (£12m last year out of £40m last year on the postal side). It is just the loss of face. But somebody could make a

killing if any of the condemned air-letters slip out into circulation. Expert collectors say they could be worth £500 each.

Death in the park An incidental result of Presi-

dent Idi Amin's downfall is the most ruthless slaughter of game which East Africa has known in recent years. Buffalo, water, buck, elephant, hippo and lion Early warning are being cut down by the guns of 40,000 Tanzanian troops stationed in Uganda. The troops, with time on their hands after the liberation

of Uganda, are shooting the game in the national parks and sciling the meat to local people. Chief Warden William Ochira, in the Ruwenzori National Park, told a correspondent of the Financial Times who visited the park last week: "We fear that if this kind of devastation continues we shall be virtually left with nothing. We complain to the army officers but it has the stamp world, but was appar- no effect."

During a tour of the park a Tanzanian government truck casses of bushbuck. The soldiers are starting to pull out of Uganda, but 20,000 are expected to remain. Game warden Ochira fears that their depredations will be a severe blow to Uganda's hopes of regaining its tourist appeal: before Amin's country's game parks every

Scoring-stroke

A novel form of sponsorship by Jardine Matheson Insurance has proved a big hit. The group backed Essex to win the Benson and Hedges Cup, staking £1,500 at odds of seven to one. This was a fairly bold venture, since Essex had never won a trophy in 103 years, but the victory at Lord's by 35 runs on Saturday showed that the county was a good risk after all. The £10,500 is now being

given to the club. This kind of sponsorship, for companies with an instinct for winners, has all manner of possibilities. But to ask one delicate question, would stake money be tax

A reader who was travelling on the 17.40 shuttle from Heathrow to Edinburgh last week says that the plane was off the ground when the stewardess called over the intercom: "Would you please remain in your seats until the aeroplane comes to a complete stop."

Everyone frozc. Then after a

moment came a second message: "We will try that again. You may now smoke, but would you keep your safety belts fastened."

Observer



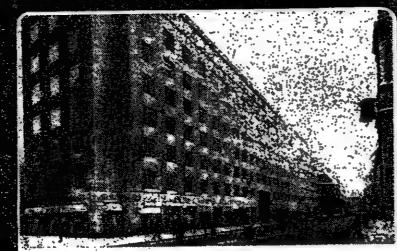
The UK property market is currently healthier than at any time since the early 1970s. Much institutional money is being invested, although the institutions have been criticised for preferring to invest overseas rather than broaden their portfolio spectrum in the UK. The office sector seems set to become the dominant area for developers in the near future.



Audrey House

22 mark 12 to

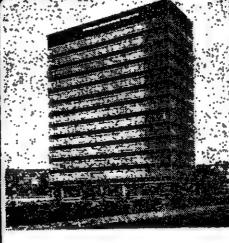
- Automatic Lifts: a Car parking for 16 Vehicles Air conditioned throughout.



107 Cheapside

70,000 sq.ft. City Office Accommodation

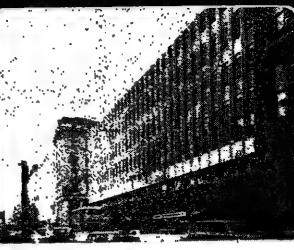
- **TO LET**
- Central heating Automatic Lifts ■ Carpeting throughout ■ 4 floors, 17,630 sq.ft. per floor.



Offices, 54,000 sq.ft.

■ Ample car parking ■ Fitted carpets

Contact Bruton Street Office Joint Agents Hillion Pather May & Rondon



Scottish Life House

3rd Floor Prestige City Centre Offices, 10,000 sq.ft.

On the Instructions of Burmah Oil Trading Ltd.

54 Regent Street LONDON MA

Self-contaiged Offices, 22,000 sq. ft. approx. Long Lease.

Lifts Carpeting Central heating

47 Marylebone Lane LONDON WI

Elegant Self-contained Office Building 11,000 sq. ft. approx. Immediate Vacant Possession of 8,100 sq. ft.

FREEHOLD FOR SALE

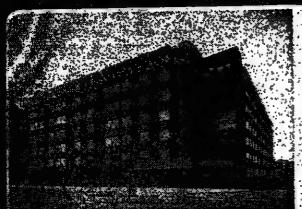
■ Lift ■ Central heating ■ Telephones

48 Charles Street LONDON WI

Period Office Building Maytain 8,000 sq. ft. approx.

TOLET

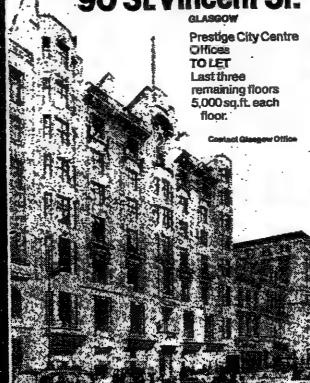
■Lift ■ Central heating ■ Carpets ■ Telephones



Inter-City House

Prestige Office Accommodation. Only 50,000 sq. ft. remaining

- TOLET Automatic Lifts :
- Air-conditioned Carpeted throughout.
- Joint Agents Lalonde Bros. & Partiett



90 St. Vincent St.



Number One Hammersmith Grove

New Luxury Office accommodation. 56,000 sq.ft. TOLET

- Air conditioned ■ Automatic lifts to all floors Carpeting in basement.

Old Orchard Poole New Office Building

- Only 28,715 sq. ft. remaining TOLET Suites from 2,055 sq.ft.
- Gas fired central heating
- Automatic lifts Joint Agents Goadsby & Hard

Richard Ellis, Chartered Surveyors

64 Cornhill, London EC3V 3PS, England

- Telephone 01-283 3090. Telex 887732
- 6/10 Bruton Street, London W1X 8DU, England
- Telephone 01-408 0929. Telex 262498 Tratalgar House 75 Hope Street, Glasgow G26AJ, Scotland
- Telephone 041-204 1931. Telex 778647
- Belgium, France, Holland, Spain, U.S.A., Singepore, Hong Kong, South Africa, Australia

Richard Elis

New confidence is firmly based

By Michael Cassell

Jounded coundence which will For while Labour has been not be easily undermined.

from whichever angle the mar- for encouraging institutions to ket is viewed—look good and invest direct in properties, the that the traumas of the not-loo- effect of the Conservatives' analysis have proved as posi-property in the 1970s has been tively instructive as they were "dismal." destructive.

The property sector currently Freeze sports all the signs of the classic bull market. For the most vigorous sales programmes, short-term interest rates.

In the investment market, interest. there has been a further spread irrespective of fluctuations in creased demand for space. interest rates and returns from competing investment media.

regional exceptions—continued to outpace available supply in Conservatives, remain sparse.

many areas. The increased In essence, the severe potendemand for space on top of the severe reductions of development activity has sparked off improved the rever-potential of many sionary potential of many the scene altogether by the time recent relaxation properties in advance of an their presence has had the control regulations. active rent review period.

But it is difficult not to believe office rents and property values. that the prospects for property- since the mid-1960s, as well as distant past will in the final various economic measures on

It was, reminded Quilters, part, property companies look Conservative policy which led healthier than they have done to the big rise in short-term for years, following a pruning borrowings, the freeze on com-of development commutments, mercial rents and the introduction of development gains tax. large-scale degearing and the So the question of what lies in resulting lack of exposure to store now that the Tories are back is of more than passing

To date, they have announced investment portfolio, alongside Development Land Tax from equity and gilt edged stock. An the temporary 80 per continuation of the temporary 80 per continuatio of the realisation that property proposals to dismantle the Comunprecedented weight of insti- to 60 per cent, two measures tutional money continues to which may conceivably raise the seek sound investment opportunities, pushing down and inflationary rental trends which maintaining yields at low levels, followed in the wake of in-

But, as in the case of office development permits which are Demand from occupiers for now due to be stopped, any all types of accommodation has details of the new generation -notwithstanding some notable of development controls (or non-controls) proposed by the

> tial constraints to development activity imposed by previous legislation have rarely had the they will have disappeared from chance to affect the course of

paucity of . prime investment opportunities it is hardly surprising that the institutions are

is happening to some extent, sions likely to stand the test though there is an army of of time.

On a more domestic note that the process could, given a fair quota of caution, extend much further than has so far been the case.

Equally with the funding of new development projects, the institutions are seen in their most cautious stance. One of the major differences between the current property scene and the post-crash days of the early 1970s is the substantially lower level of development activity and while no one would suggest a repeat of that situation there is without doubt a need for a fresh phase of development involving certain types of projects in specific locations. Certainly, the surviving ranks of developers cannot be expected to tackle the job alone.

The institutions could possibly do well to consider more of this type of involvement, rather than simply spreading the standing prime investment net further afield to foreign markets in which they are not necessarily so well versed.

The search for investments sharp rent increases—a 14-20 opportunity to make any major abroad is not a new phenomenon per cent compound rental impact, given the depressed but the major upturn in institugrowth across the three main state of the property developments during 1978 was the ment market since their intromarkets has been maintained in Richard Ellis estimate—and duction. The chances are that the past year and looks like increasing further with the recent relaxation in exchange Few institutions or advisers

But over and above the events.

Solutions of direct and immediate in a section of the funding institutions investment and development in house sector, attractive areas sector, the emergence of a new which will have the biggest say any overseas market but the for potential investment remain Conservative government and in the course of events. Last advantages of operating in some its implications for the property world have become a major talking point.

As brokers Quilter Hilton to rise substantially over the U.S. has, for example, been

IT IS perhaps tempting fate to Goodison pointed out at the time medium-term, despite the created not simply by a famine suggest that the UK property of the Conservative victory, the problems of identifying sufsector now looks to be on a firm property market has generally ficient numbers of properties ties at home but by changing footing, displaying an underly-done better under a Labour which qualify for their "blue market conditions in the U.S. ing strength, maturity and well-administration. chip" portfolio approach. which provide foreign funds which provide foreign funds Given the weight of money- with a chance of allocating a largely responsible for rising searching for a home and the proportion of their money in a sound long-term market.

> It is nevertheless worth asking whether all the funds now shownow being exhorted from every ing an interest in markets like angle to broaden what they consider to be the acceptable property spectrum.
>
> There is evidence that this soundly-based investment decision as much as they are taking soundly-based investment decision.

> > there have been some fairly significant switches in emphasis during the past 12 months. Last year, offices began as perhaps the least popular sector from the investment point of view, the investment point of view, though they are now perhaps the most sought after. As a result of reducing yields and the improved level of confidence both in the letting and investment markets, development activity is again on the increase. Some agents anticipate the office sector will become the dominant area for developers in the next 12 mooths—despite some well publicised reservations about the prospects for office pension fund.

While the retail sector has been consistently the most active and most sought after for the past two years, there are now some doubts about its ability to maintain recently achieved levels of rental growth. There has been increasing institutional resistance to accepting current low yields, which were justified by such large rental increases, and one of the effects of the funds' reluctance has been a widening of the definition of acceptable retail investments. Second line towns, vacant units and department stores and supermarkets

have been the beneficiaries. although the threat of oversupply persists and this sector above all perhaps demands a more cautious approach than



The CBI has leased 103,000 sq ft of Oldham Estates Centre Point (seen here from Oxford Street) at a rental of just over £7-å sq ft on a 45-year lease

LEGISLATION

Changing the rules

IN THE few months that the activity many property groups Conservative Government has balance-sheets are healthy been in office a number of Short-term Interest rate fundamental legislative changes have been implemented which have improved the prospects for the property companies.

Among the changes so far implemented by the Government are the repeal of the Community Land Act, the abolishing of Office Development permits (ODPs) and the lifting of the exemption limit on industrial development certificates.

The most significant change has been the reduction of the Development Land Tax from 80 per cent to 60 per cent. The relief it brought was welcomed. But the move had a more symbolic quality than that for the tax was a legacy from the pre-vious Conservative administration of 1970-1974

Many professional property men have not forgotten the boom, which was followed by legislation to curb development. conservative policy caused the property world a host of problems in the early 1970s. The sharp increase in the money supply simulated heavy borrowsupply stimulated heavy borrowing — largely short term — by
property groups in 1972 and
1973. So when interest rates
eventually jumped in 1973
property groups were squeezed.
So far what the present
Government has done for the
property industry has been of
help. The abolition of the
Community Land Act and the
Development Land Tax amend-Development Land Tax amend-ment should encourage an increase in the supply of land

available for development. Property companies are ready to take advantage of the new conditions. The recession which followed the boom of 1970-78 had its positive side. It caused many property companies to proceed with more caution, a caution which has been carried forward into the more buoyant market conditions. After sub-stantial programmes of sales

movements are not such a critical issue in the life of a pro-perty group's affairs as they once were. Moreover, com-panies are very cautious of ax-would

over the next few years owing to a reduction in the supply of new space caused by the ext-back in development activity. There should be an increased demand for space, especially if the Government keeps the eco-

But for the short term the relaxation of the Development Land Tax and the repeal of the Community Land Act could lead to an increase in development activity and therefore a rise in the supply of space in the medium term, which might prevent a sharp increase in

The Government is committed to a wide-ranging property programme. Council houses are being sold at improved discounts to increase the level of home ownership. The Government has lifted restrictions on new town development corporations building houses for sale.

A new register may be created to allow the public to challenga unnecessary land boarding by local authorities. As a first step the Government has abolished the requirement that Crown land be offered first to local would be expected to offer sur-plus land on the open market.

The Government has also cancelled a rating revaluation on 22m properties in England and Wales, which means that thoses longitation all too easily who have improved their houses undermined by uncertainty. As in the last five years will not a result, the political climate have to pay higher rates as a for property has improved, but

cal issue in the life of a property group's affairs as they once were. Moreover, companies are very cautious of expansion, particularly when the developments are not prefinanced or pre-let.

Rents are rising, a trend which is expected to continue over the next few years owing red-blooded capitalism.

These measures, some of the out that a future government will again wish to divert attention from its owin short on the electoral case, and that comings by seeking to impose is the way they would like it to further punitive legislation."

Stay What they want to see is under the present Government interment that seems some way off, and a chance to practice some economy is altogether different red-blooded capitalism. red-blooded capitalism.

The property man has often 1970s. been seen as a convenient. With a new Government and bogey-man by governments of improving market conditions, the day, and one whom it is easy, the property industry is lookto take legislative action against ling for a chance to pursue its

life even in a mixed sconomy,

from the criteria of the early

nomy on an even keel, which while remaining popular with opportunities with the entreshould lead to a further streng the wider electorate.

The wider electorate the prenatural fish with which it established liself the property stack established liself to brokers Quilter Hilton Gooding the conservative Government seems to have ment the industry is likely to realised that property is still proceed warily.

John Moore

The Value of Professionalism

Those in property who lay claim to the title of professional form a special echelon. Thoyal services to those with assets in property is, therefore Consider the extreme diversity of delan-requir-in respect of any transactions involving property. The Esta Agent must be in touch with all current marketing signate

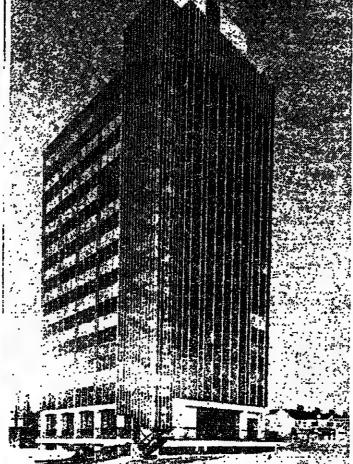
Maintaining complex records which must be p classified and kept up to date. For sales or acquisitions, a mass of

correspondence or telephone, dealt with swifty an afficiently, visits for viewing arranged and the mire transactions recorded just us thoroughly as the mire

offered by the property professional invariably m in the Client time.

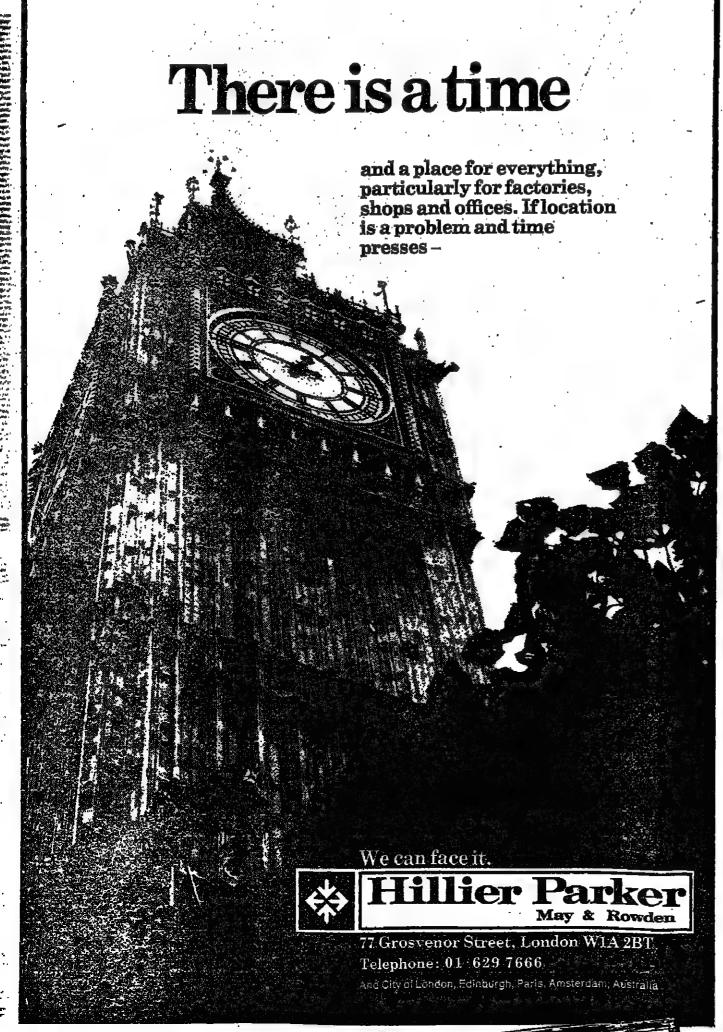
Additionally a good Estate Agent ren





Wundam Investment, the property holding company of Allied Breweries Pension Fund, recently purchased Essex House, Southend, for £3m. The block is let to Access





THE YEAR IN REVIEW

Brisk investment market

IN THE past 12 months, yields yields rose to close it. Now, which paid £33m for the lease hold of EMI's new headquarters development on London's Total Ludgate Hill, which fetched just under £16m, indicating an initial yield. Even it worst, the past are a few property have seen that gave no pointer to the property have seen that gave no pointer to the property have a remarked in the defensive powers of their that gave no pointer to the values institutions are prepared to place on properties as it was a remarked in the building was development on London's Total Ludgate Hill, which fetched just under £16m, indicating an initial yield of 4.7 per cent.

The Post Office Pension Fund obtained a 6 per cent yield when it bought 129. Kingsway, was already the freeholder) in the property have seen that gave no pointer to the values institutions are prepared to place on properties as it was a special arrangement (the Pru was already the freeholder). However, the building was development on London's Total Ludgate Hill, which fetched just under £16m, indicating an initial yield of 4.7 per cent.

The Post Office Pension Fund obtained a 6 per cent yield when it bought 129. Kingsway, was already the freeholder) in the property have seen that gave no pointer to the values institutions are prepared to place on properties as it was a special arrangement (the Pru was already the freeholder) bought 129. Kingsway, was already the freeholder bounds and a high level of rent by the bought the nearby St. Post of the property have seen that the property have a full buyer of Juxon House on Ludgate Hill, which fetched just under £16m, indicating an initial work as a special arrangement (the Pru was already the freeholder).

The Post Office Pension Fund obtained a 6 per cent yield when it bought 129. Kingsway, was already the freeholder. London, W.C.2, for £12.5m, as did the BBC pension fund obtained a 6 per cent yield when it bought 129. Kingsway, was already the freeholder. London, W.C.2, for £12.5m, as did the BBC pension fund obtained a in the difference of being the initial yield. Even at under followed in again as observers. I per cent, shop rentals since work, about the solution of results and openly factors pate output, and openly growth they have needed to be found the long term failure achieve to match gits at peak. The assurance of this level of growth has kept institutional forces on the nicro of growth has kept institutional forces on the nicro of growth has kept institutional forces on the rise in high level of competitive wishing. Rate has activity, thereby underwriting that fittle wishbe effect the capital values wish of indicates of the property perty yields used to be vidual buildings and diproperty which proved that prime buildings compared with those companies portfolios.

The single biggest purchase value, command as low yields as the erstwhile favourites worth

17/472

ANTA COL

e interior

18720 54 25

A 1000

to there are

3 OM 🕿

7 (1) TO 10

S - 123 15 2

7 a.: 9 &

AND SECTION

. 不是正正规处理:

2595 322<u>225</u>

1000

lism

mith

11 003.0 W. O.

tic surgery to cure its financial III health. Other deals, however, pro-

liferated, which dispelled once and for all the myth that institutions demand a heavy reduction in price for large scale pur-The Prudential was involved in yet another purchase

Catherine's House for £14m.

The high prices paid by the institutions began to be reflected in valuers' certificates by the beginning of the year. Most spectacular of all was that produced by the Corn Exchange Company in defending itself against takeover. The company's assets consist of one buildingthe Corn Exchange whose lease, ings, whatever their capital physical appearance and overall specifications have remained unchanged for several years. By

Capital and Counties which announced a 34 per cent increase in its portfolio over the 12 months. (Even after allowing for the freak performance of the Victoria Centre, Nottingham, this still meant an overall 24 per cent for the remainder. Then Land Securities, whose biennial valuation is the sector's bench mark, produced a valuation certificate of £1.2bn-a 43 per

The investment market was particularly Brisk throughout the year in all sectors, particularly shops where sales and leasebacks on department stores were sufficiently numerous to Weatherall Green and Smith's Spring Property Review, Standard units sold at auction and at yields below the 4 per cent level on the basis of rental growth in prime locations of upwards of 20 per cent annual-

Agricultural investments, too, proceeded apace and in-cluded the largest ever single purchase although the publication of the Northfield Committee report on agricultural land ownership revealed that institutions were buying only six to 10 per cent of the land offered for sale each year, and that predominantly in the let land

Northfield, in fact, dispelled fears of a massive redistribution of the country's land ownership. By the year 2020, it be-lieves, financial institutions will be hard pressed to obtain even 11 per cent of the total and will probably fall far short of that

The high level of prices obtaining in UK property, combined recently with the relaxations of exchange regulations, has fuelled the search for property investments

cent increase over two years.

Board pension funds topped the field with the announcement of a \$144m (£70m) offer for the quoted U.S. group Continental Illinois Properties, a property holding company.

British Gas pension funds have committed themselves to \$10m per year investment in a special mention in U.S. property but the U.S. was not only for institutions. European Ferries has put down \$33m (£15m) now and committed itself to a \$250m (£123m) 10ised over five years. year multi-purpose development

of 300 acres of downtown Notwithstanding the activity in the investment market during the year, both at home and abroad, the limelight was stolen the property companies themselves.

Centre

Star performer was English became the centre of a four-way Dutch / English / Canadian from asset revaluations. Since auction which started at a the early spring, the retail through to the six and seventh round) for 60p. The successful in the Canadlan quoted group Trizec which was the real prize -of £230m. And the fun may stance, itself a newcomer to the abroad. All year, news was only now be starting. Word is market, was prepared to pay

percolating through of indivi- out among the London estate £27m for 180 shops owned by dual purchases on the Continent agents that the entire European Hardy and Co. but making no -mostly of shops—but in the early summer the National Coal portfolio, £132m of it in the UK,

Lating Properties is to refurbish 4 and 5 Fitzroy Square, London, W1, part of an

18th-cenutry terrace designed by Robert Adam. Strutt & Parker and Stuart

Neils & Co. are joint letting agents

may be up for sale. Takeover rumours mergers amongst the smaller property companies also kept the sector buoyant in the stock market where shares already, in many cases, standing at a premium to rising asset values, supported by a steady return to the dividend lists of all the giants wounded during the 1974-76 debacle.

By summer, the analysis were welcoming back to the fold even such troubled groups as British Land, Capital and Counties and Town and City. Before that MEPC had held its own special celebration by announcing a £36.3m rights issue the proceeds of which were to be earmarked for an ambitious development programme. Shareholders responded with alacrity as they had done earlier for untroubled Slough Estates and unruffled Hasiemere.

A number of other takeovers. Property Corporation which strictly outside the property cheeky 37p per share and finally sector has been alive with the was knocked down to the Reich- flotation of new companiesman family (one of two sets of such as B and Q (Retail)-a Canadian brothers who survived chain of 26 DIY shops whose issue was oversubscribed 64 times on expectations of asset bidder received a property port- growth as much as earnings folio-excluding the half share potential-and the takeovers of new and old. Harris Queensway, for in-

Hardy and Co. but making no profits. International Stores bought the MacMarkets chain of 64 shops from Unilever at a deferred price worth £25m or so despite the fact that the

Macmarkets chain is thought to

be only barely breaking even. Ostensibly all these deals were retail mergers supported by the high price of shops, but Leslie Porter, chairman of Tesco, openly declared early in July that they were really about buying sites and not businesses. Tesco bought out the Cartiers Superstores chain of 17 stores with a combined net sales area of 240,000 sq ft, for £19m. Eight new sites on which building has yet to start were also involved. Mr. Porter admitted that acquiring such a string of sites and shops in the open property market would have cost him

His observations put the gloss on the property year which had begun to shine under the new Tory Covernment that immediately set about dismantling the Community Land Act, abolishing Office Development Permits virtually indus-Certificates, Development approving the presence of institutions in the agricultural

anywhere between £25m and

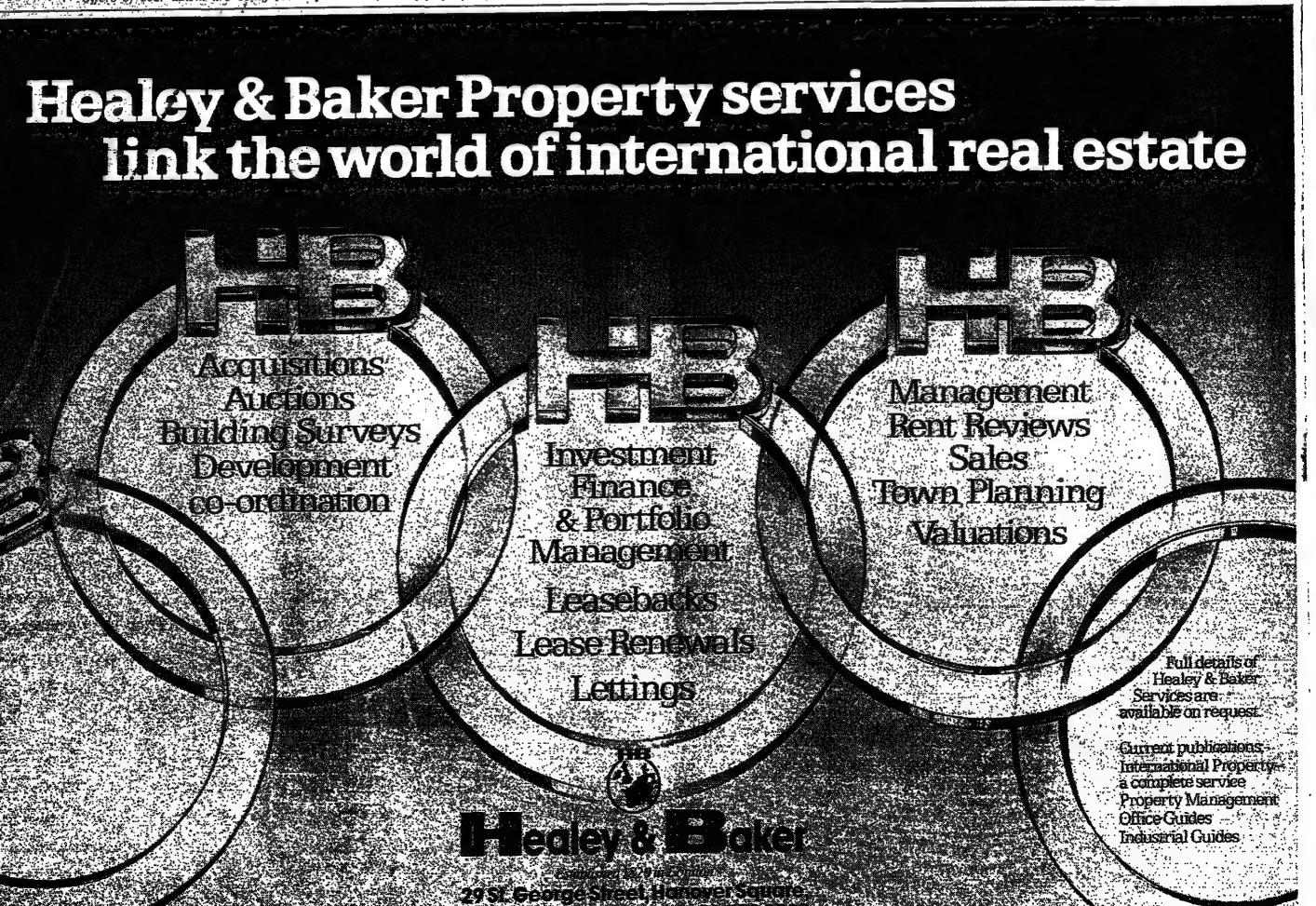
Land Tax to a supportable level. It was also the year in which Centre Point, empty since 1965, was let to the CBI.

field, and reducing Development

Christine Moir



The freehold of 26 40 Broodwick Street, London, W.I., is on the market through Debenham Tewson & Chinnocks. Offers of over £2.5m are being asked for the 64,000 sq ft property

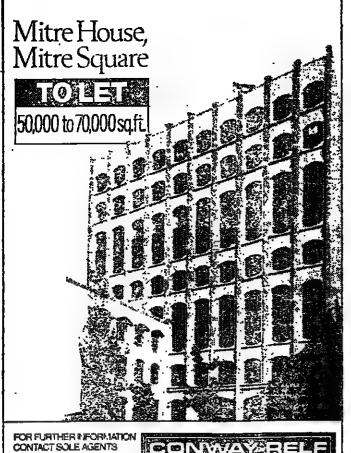


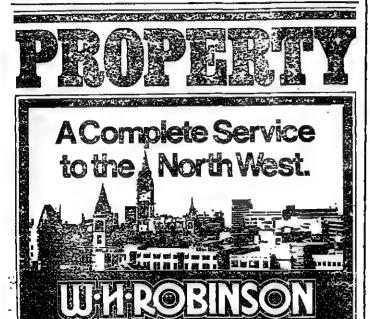
London WtA386

City of London () (18 Char Brood Street London (1621) IAR Anistantom (Brussels Lilasgow Jersey New York Paris

SHARES

Headquarter Office Building. London E.C.3





CONWAYERELF

1. Cox62991062 ...

The recovery continues

THE FINANCIAL TIMES proprime property has never been recover from the crash. Figures share index has risen by almost 50 per cent during the last 12 months during which against inflation and recession.

Thus conditions in the early only a slim discount to net asset indicates that the sector nazy months of this year were values and in some cases even a be over-valued and that insome cases even a be over-valued and that insome cases even a property as an excellent field indicate that the sector nazy months of this year were values and in some cases even a property as an excellent field indicates that the sector nazy months of this year were values and in some cases even a property as an excellent field indicates that the sector nazy months of this year were values and in some cases even a property as an excellent field indicates that the sector nazy months of this year were values and in some cases even a property as an excellent field indicates that the sector nazy months of this year were values and in some cases even a property as an excellent field indicates that the sector nazy months of this year were values and in some cases even a property as an excellent field indicates that the sector nazy months of this year were values and insome cases even a property as an excellent field indicates that the sector nazy months of this year were values and insome cases even a property as an excellent field indicates that the sector nazy months of this year were values and insome cases even a property as an excellent field indicates that the sector nazy months of this year were values and insome cases even a property as an excellent field indicates that the sector nazy months of this year were values and indicates that the sector nazy months of this year were values and insome cases even a property as an excellent field in the sector nazy months of this year were values and insome cases even a property as an excellent field in the sector nazy months of this year were values and insome cases even a property as an excellen time the outlook for property

since the boom days of the Since July last year the property index has climbed from around 237 to 348.79 (at the beproperty boom. ginning of last week). For much of this period property has been the top performing sector of the Stock Exchange. By com-parison the FT 500 share index per cent over the past year and the FT 750 share index by just

over 12 per cont. During this period property shares have continued the recovery begun in 1977 when the first signs began to emerge that the UK commercial property market had at last begun to turn the corner—with interest rates and property yields falling and rental growth beginning to take off. This improvement has continued and in some areas rents have now surpassed their previous peak struck in the boom market of 1972-73.

early 1970s.

crash—from a previous best ever level of 357.4. This peak was surpassed earlier this year, reflected first in the deceleration with the index standing at over 370 in May, but since then ning of 1976 and in a rising prices have eased back across rental trend by the middle of all sectors following the preelection stock market fever.

bination of falling yields and interest rates, rising rents and a predictable Government policy towards property, preferably favourable. Most important of all there should be strong and stable demand for investment opportunities chasing a falling supply of available space.

Most of these factors-particularly the two most important ones—were present in the property market last year. It has been estimated that the institutions, the major pension funds and the like, spent more than £1bn on property last year and this sum may be surpassed in the current year.

Institutional demand

the twin evils which erode their shares had not looked so bright earnings and cash balances. which was not present; certainly in such force, during the last previous 12 months.

At the same time the strong institutional demand for top properties has led to a diminishparison the FT 500 share index ing supply of prime office, retail has risen by only just over 13 and industrial space with new per cent over the past year and development at a low level. This has only served to push up rents and capital values and chase down yields to around a current average of 4 per cent for prime retail space and around 47 per cent for prime office space.

Reduced

Brokers Joseph Sebag in its Property Share Guide for 1979 points out: "In December 1972 available space in the City was in excess of 3m sq ft, which was reduced very rapidly to 700,000 sq ft by December 1973. By market of 1972-73.

In October, 1976 the property index was still languishing at around the 95.5 level, having during this period clearly resunk as low as 79.19 during the flect these figures, and the subcrash—from a previous best sequent flattening out of the average of 257.1. This beak increase in available mage was increase in available space was in the fall in rents at the begin-

Sebag points out that avail-The ideal conditions for a able space in the City had rising property share market reduced from 5.4m sq ft in are the anticipation of a com- December 1975 to around 3 m

sq ft by last year.
At the same time interest movements over the past 18 months have proved to have had much less impact on property company balance sheets than previously. Most companies have learned the lesson from the 1973-74 crash, and gearing ratios have been brought back down to more realistic levels. Thus, although movements in the minimum lending rate have been volatile during this period, most companies with a reduced level of debt have been able to weather the periodic interest rate storms.

An extreme example of this is perhaps Town and City Properties, still struggling to

£25.3m two years ago to £13.9m

This has been achieved. through a massive property disposal programme. The growing strength of the property market is further shown by the fact that this year Town and City has raised £20m through the sale of properties with a book value of £7m. In the previous five years Town and City had raised a total of £345m from disposale but with a

reduced interest bill, to reduce to move upwards, yields were is annual pre-tax loss from down to historically low levels, This increasing involvement of £25.3m two years ago to £18.9m and the level of available space the institutions has perhaps last year, despite the fact that was continuing to be eroded in added a stability to the market interest rates were generally the face of strong institutional higher in 1978 than in the demand. Moreover interest movements during the early

> the rise in property shares. In addition hopes of a Conservative Government brought the prospect of an end to dividend restraint and, given that property companies tradition ally distribute most of their earnings to shareholders, this-

past few years where for top companies share prices have been at least at a 20 per cent discount to net asset values.

Hilton Goodison to suggest that part of the year were on a down- some of the recent upward ward path further accelerating movement in share prices has been prompted as much by anticipation of dividend yield as by the rise in asset value — the more recently accepted measure of share value.

This has led brokers Quilter

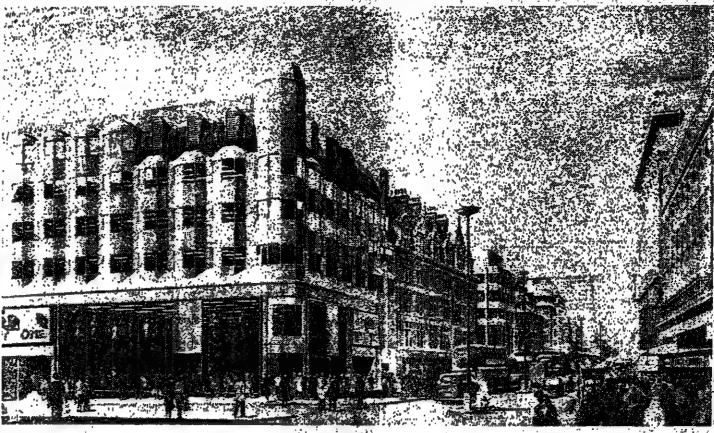
However, the upsurge in share prices over the last 18 months or so may have now run City had raised a total of £345m further enhanced the value of its course, at least for the time from disposals but with a property company shares. The being Some brokers suggest surplus over book value of only £24m.

pects, including rent review.

Since then, of course, minimum lending rate has risen-to 14 per cent, which may add some pressure to the sector. Another question mark over the sector is the still low level of new development, and there is still no sign of increasing confidence in this area despite the unwinding of restricted legisla-tion and a lower level of

development land tax.
But medium term the pros pects for property shares con-tinue to look good, with institutions still urgently seeking prime property

Andrew Taylor



An impression of MEPC's £25m shopping centre over Bond Street tube station in Oxford Street, London, W1.

construction of which is under way

OFFICES

ANGLESEA CENTRE, Gravesend, Kent 5,000 sq. ft.—13,000 sq. ft.

MALVERN HOUSE, Upper Thames Street, E.C.4 5,000 sq. ft. - 20,000 sq. ft.

CITY HOUSE, Southwark Street, S.E.1 — 6,800 sq. ft.

INDUSTRIAL

HARPENDEN, Herts — Factory 14,600 sq. ft.

WITHAM, Essex — Factory/Warehouse 32,400 sq. ft.

RTNERS 01-407 5321

DEVELOPERS

Back to the risk takers

the political restrictions which acres had been resold. have been claimed as the brake

and Industrial Development legislation is the single element Certificates are both virtually on which there had been fairly abolished in the wake of the general consensus. new approach to regional planning. Intention has already been given by the Government to dismantle this cumbrous and it through granting planning expensive piece of bureaucratic permission. That gain will conexpensive piece of bureaucratic machinery "-otherwise known as the Community Land Actwhich, contrary to its alms, "had, reduced the supply of land and created higher prices,"

The Community Land Act was brought in in 1975 as a tool whereby the community would reap the benefit of the gains in value when land is transformed by planning permission. But, as it transpiredand property men had known all along-local authorities are just not the sort of institution which can, in the words of one leading developer, transform rubbish land into Triple A

In certain areas, such as Wales, the Act was used the reasons why property men imaginatively by Government are dusting down their development bodies to strengthen their existment programmes. The central ing powers of compulsory purchase under the planning acts. Elsewhere, activity under the Act was negligible. In England as a whole only 3,600 acres of land had been acquired under the Act. Furthermore, although it was always intended that the authorities should pass the land rapidly through their handsdevelopment extracting the

SINCE THE Tories became the value en route—and back to lopment. Mr. Sidney Mason, littles to be donated free by the Government in May many of builders and end users, only 200 chairman of the Hammerson company as the price of content.

The Tories now intend that on property development have site assembly goes back where been dismantled.

Office Development Permits All that is left of the former principle of redistributing part of the capital gain back to the

community which had created tinue to be taxed through Development Land Tax, but the level has been dropped to one which recognises the risk taken by the land purchaser and which does not seek to catch

minnows in its net. Combined with the ending of ODPs and (almost certainly) IDCs, the political climate for development is now better than it has been for many years. And development has begun to gather pace after several years of virtual stagnation.

Ironically, the two are only coincidental. The change in the political chimate, though welcome, is only peripheral to the reasons why property men factors are to be found in the combination of the shortage of supply due to the slowdown in construction since 1974, and the uneven impact of infiation, which is increasing rental values more than building costs in certain areas.

Not everyone believes that the economic climate is yet right for a resumption of deve-

Group, for instance, is one who fears that a new bout of development is inappropriate just

pathetic legislation may well be dismantied, but the intermin-able maze of planning remains despite committees of inquiry and strong recommendations. It still takes far too long for a scheme to win final approval. and that means the developer taking anything up to 10 years' risk on his project. That risk, according to Mr. Mason, is unjustified.

There is some reason to believe that planners are attempting to reduce the duration of the consent system, but too many projects are still being abandoned on the grounds of delay for that belief to have crystallised yet into real

Only two months ago the come to nothing.

Heron Corporation pulled out Other recent of its proposed 560m multi-announcements in purpose development on the not just involved Coin. Street site next to down of old pl. London's National Theatre. Estates is currently

lopment is inappropriate lust ahead of what looks like a schemes because the local major, worldwide recession suthority, has had another change of attitude towards traffic flow or site use after perhaps 15 years of discussion. Other companies, however, factor which has yet to affect have girded their looks for one the halls of bureaucracy. Anti-more assault. In receast months a number of projects which have been in the pipeline since the 1960s have got the green light. One such is Town and City's 110m development in Cambridge Circus on Charing Cross Road, which could now produce the estimated 145,000 square feet of offices, 20 years after it was first mooted.

So far advanced is Piccadilly

company as the price of consent.

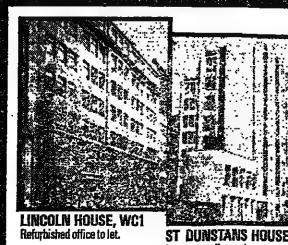
commercial groups have finally refused to resubmit altered

Other examples abound where

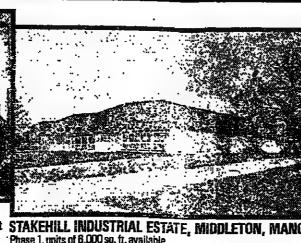
that the disclosure by Inter-european Property is as plans for a £10m entertainment com-plex sparked off a bid from Associated Communications Corporation (formerly ATV). It would not always here been to would not always have been so. In the 22 years since the first redevelopment plans for Picca-dilly were drawn up many a developer's blueprints have

Other recent development announcements however, have not just involved the dusting Estates is currently undertaking London's National ineatre. Estates is currently undertaking Planning was taking too long, 500,000 sq. ft. of new building the company claimed, and the and 100,000 sq. ft. of refurbishquid pro-quie for getting coasent—ment. It plans to spend 446m on was too high. Planners were development toyer the next demanding 11m worth of re-three to five years, of which creational and community faci. 17m is to be spend on modernis

CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE







Chartered Surveyors with the right properties.

St. Quintin, | Park Place, Leeds, IS1 2RU, Tel: 0532-460236. St. Quintin SA, Rue Joseph II, 36-38, 1040 Bruxelles. Tel: 010-322-219-32-88, Telex: 61182. Vintry House, Queen Street Place. London EC4R1ES. Telex: 8812619.

Tel: 01-236 4040.

INVESTMENT

Worthwhile yields

THE CONTINUING strength of the hands of receivers and alternative as gilts or equities, tions, in regard of weight of are therefore confronted with money, could eventually be ment interest during 1878, in the same time, developthe face of rising interest rates and a volatile soulty market, seems to have fully sindicated the purchasing activity recorded during 1977. during 1977.

In the past year, yields trends location only recently begun to for property remained remark justifines programmes abily constant and investment in Tractionally, offices and the sector proved randomication shops have predominated in the sector proved fundamentally immine to all outside factors, underlying the belief that pro-inderlying the belief that property still provides the most stable investment with the capacity for growth to combat inflation.

The principal factors which enabled the market to behave in this way included, first and foremost the sheer weight of institurional money seeking a home. An increasing cash flow has been made available for property investment from the traditional property-investing institu-tions in the UK, so much so that sharpening yields and rising connection for good in-vestments coupled with the need to extend portfolios, has led to a resurgence of interest in overseas acquisitions.

In the UK, official figures for last year show that the net. investment of superannuation funds totalled 53 69bn, of which about £641m went into property either directly or through unit trusts Insurance companies property acquisitions were thought to have totalled 2549m. or about 12 per cent of their total investments for 1978.

notal investments for 1978.

At the same time, property investment and it outlook suggesting a continul shortage of properties, it is ifficult to envisage any market variation of £100m and competing, very in yield rates.

toldators time develop-met activity has been sluggish, laraly a legacy of the last pro-

pert crash, which left funds levelopers hyper-cautious. ecause the economics of instruction bave in most

shops have predominated in institutional portfolios, and an institutinal portfolios and an attempt to redress the balance provoked the sharp fall in industria yields towards the end of 177 and in the early mouths d 1978. As a result, some instutions were saying last sprin that the industrial sector hadverheafed.

sector hadoverheated." By the smmer the prospect of higher iterest rates, and a decision by some institutions that the cerainty of a 4-5 percent return on purchased investments was becoming relatively universal in value. relatively untractive in rela-tion to 2.7-8 pr cent return on the successful completion of developments, topped the fall in yields.

Scarcity

Currently, yiels on prime offices stand at around 41-41 per cent, prime shop at around 4 per cent or eve below and industrials at about 7 per cent. Further falls sist largely depend on an increased aromium balus blassed on premium being placed on scarcity value. Withhe amount

strongly for prime locations. Every forecast not suggests

Additional pension fund that the weight of money and opportunities to property to such an extent that major determinant in the property to such an extent that major determinant in the property to such an extent that major determinant in the property to such an extent that major determinant in the property to such an extent that major determinant in the property sector. The such an extent that major determinant in the property sector, the property sector of the property sector. With pension fund continues at considerable profit. As an alternative, if the such and the such as a pressure of the content of their contents has been created by and the Hanley Centre reently suggested that the estimated the trend is on the included put by property companies ried out by property companies were following the 1976 and 1977 peak—and the disposal of property left in is now as much valid portfilio.

The dilemma for the content of the structure. They also the scope for active management is sufficient and the scope for active management is sufficient to property sector.

As an alternative, if the pressure of the property is difficult to overseas mar although it is difficult the extent of their cut the trend is on the included put by property companies year could reach £145bi by the relaxation of exchangement is sufficient to property in the scope for active management is sufficient to property sector.

As an alternative, if the sound that the sectors of the property is difficult to great in foreign in the trend is on the included problem.

The funds sunk into property is the extent of their cut to great in foreign in the trend is on the included problem.

The funds are property and the scope for active management is sufficient to property sector.

As an alternative, if the scope for active management is sufficient and property sector.

As an alternative to property is sufficient to great the scope for active management is sufficient to property sector.

As an alternativ

a dilemma; they can either pursue yields down further, effectively widening the yield gap between property and other investment media, or they can broaden the spectrum of properties which fall into the acceptable category.

The "non prime" argument is likely to provoke heated debate whenever it is raised, but there is no doubt that the institutions' attitudes are pre-ceptibly, if slowly, changing as their experience and confidence

There are no end of observers telling them that the time has come for a broadening of old and somewhat narrow horizons, with their excessive attention to "prime" having proved a material factor in the limiting of supply relative to demand.

The claim is that, outside of prime, there are plenty of opportunities capable of being bought at suitably discounted yields to reflect the increased risks and lower potential for future rental increases.

There is no doubt that recent pressures have seen the institu-tions widening the definition of prime investment " to include second line provincial locations, their attention although remains firmly anchored on what would locally be regarded as prime property.

Some agents believe that much more consideration should in particular be given to the purchase of secondary properties, especially those which are only regarded in this light because of a poor lease structure. They also feel that the scope for active portfolio management is substantial, with opportunities to turn comparatively secondary invest-ments into first class holdings

As an alternative, the institutions have turned their attention to overseas markets, and although it is difficult to assess the extent of their current interest in foreign investment, the trend is on the increase and is likely to establish itself given the relaxation of exchange controls and the ability to place £5m a year in any one project The dilemma for the institu-

of the few western countries left which does not legislate to ensure that a proportion of investment is allocated in particular ways. But there is one other area in which the institutions are accused of excessive

ment persuasion or outright

direction. The UK remains one

caution and in which action on their behalf could be expected the funding of development propositions as opposed to standing investments.

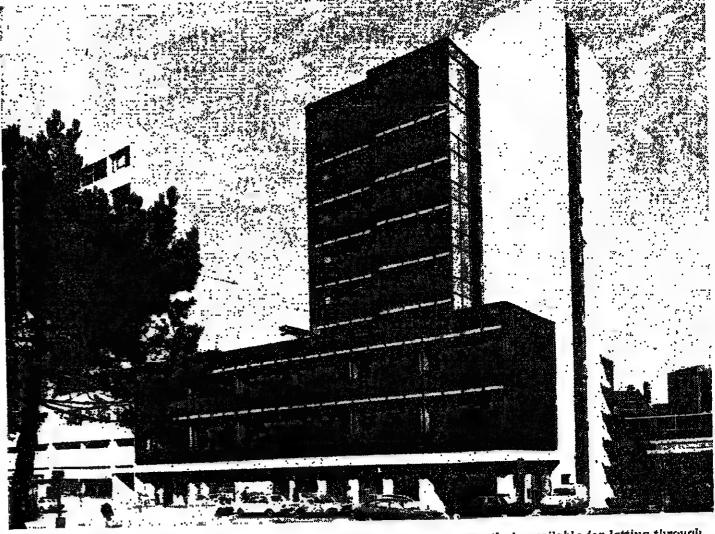
Opinions vary on the extent of present institutional involvement in the provision of speculative finance, though there is a fairly widespread feeling that, whatever their existing level of commitment, it could and should be greater. Many of the major funds are

now apparently prepared to provide speculative finance and some are undertaking schemes themselves, with a developer acting as project manager. Small pension funds, however, still appear reluctant to consider risk situations, although they have been prepared to enter into forward purchase agreements when a pre-letting is arranged.

Funds have been prepared to provide finance not only for industrial and warehouse developments, which up until now have been the most popular, but also for new shop and office schemes. At one stage a noticeable yield advantage was obtainable on a development, but this gap has narrowed considerably and there can now be a difference of only a i per cent between a comparable created investment and a development.

As for the medium-term prospects in the property invest-ment sector, there is a belief, and not a little evidence, that the annual inflation rate is set to rise substantially, making any withdrawal from property investment by the funds a highly questionable act. Perhaps rental growths recently achieved will not be maintained, but the relative attractions of the property investment field seem unlikely to diminish.

Michael Cassell



The 41,000 sq ft of air-conditioned office space in Heron House, Bournemouth, is available for letting through agents Jones, Lang. Wootton and Goadsby & Harding. The ground floor plus basement have already been let to National Westminster Bank

Risk takers CONTINUED FROM PREVIOUS PAGE

ing the power station on the represent a major programme, the boom in retail rents may be market, more companies will be

Slough Estate. Capital and Counties has just won the right to develop the 300,000 sq ft town centre in Wakefield, is building an office block in Lewisbam and refurbi-

shing West Halkin House. But the property company which is resuming development on the largest scale is MEPC. Earlier this year MEPC had a successful £36.3m rights issue (87 per cent taken up by shareholders) for the purposes of funding its current development programme. This includes five city centre schemes and plans for the U.S. and Australia. Top of the list is the £25m West One shopping centre to go ahead over Bond Street tube station in London's Oxford Street. Together with its commitment to the 250,000 sq ft office block on the former Odhams site in

of resumption of the 500,000 sq of rents achieved so far does ft Boars Lane shopping centre in Leeds.

While the property companies are reviving their programmes it is the retail groups which are really pressing ahead with the manmoth projects. Both Marks & Spencer and Tesco have announced that they intend to spend £300m over the next three years on new stores and on upgrading and extending existing ones. Sainsbury's plans are almost of the same order.

Retail

Although office and industrial developments are again being undertaken, retail schemes are far outstripping them in popuon the former Odhams site in larity. There is growing concern With property shares now rela-Coyent Garden, this would among investment advisers that tively strong in the stock

But there is also the likelihood drawing to an end, but the level encouraged to fund their schemes through equity capital, make new building look viable a la MEPC, Slough Estates and even in suburban or fringe promake new building look viable vincial sites. Institutions are far strong institutional links and more likely to fund such produced plans which meet schemes on a speculative basis— their stringent requirements for and in any case retail chains long-term funding and final are eager to sign up pre-con- purchase. struction leases—than they are for office or industrial schemes. Overall the past 12 months have seen a marked recovery of confidence by developers and the rebirth of significant lowest priority. However, there activity in this area. Those who are some signs that enthusiastic watched the property collapse in 1974, from which even the leading companies are still only recovering, are beginning to great expectations. express fears that financing

Bank lending is still restricted by the "corset" imposed by the Bank of England

and by the tacit agreement that property development must take entrepreneurs are persuading bank managers to lend against their hopes and the promise of only hope that the lessons were costs may get out of hand learnt in 1974 and 1975 and that again. So far, however, that the expectations are scrutinised. does not appear to be the case. With true objectivity.

Christine Moir



HAMMERSMITH

Air Conditioned Offices 14,500 sq. ft.

Al) amenities, Will divide

LONDON S.E.1

8,500 sq. ft.

Fully Air Conditioned. Car Parking.

All amenities. Will divide.

Keith Cardale

Groves 43 North Audiey Street, 01-629 6604

Office Building 12,600 sq. ft. approx Long lease, Lift. Central heating.

REGENT STREET

Self-contained

GROSVENOR SQ.,

W.1 (off) Entire Period

Office Building 6,900 sq. ft. Fully refurbished. Lease by arrangement.

Ref: PFL

Commercial Commercial Commercia Commercial

WORLEY HOUSE

Finchley, London N12

Air-Conditioned Offices

approx **34,500** sq.ft.

(may divide)

Air-Conditioning : Two Lifts

IMMEDIATE OCCUPATION

Henry Davis & Co

Chartered Surveyors

101 New Bond St. London W1Y 9LG.

Goddard

& Smith

INDUSTRIAL

Healthy investment

during recent years one is faced with almost paradoxical impressions of a healthy level of industrial development and do not appear to be overflowtimes for industry.

Admittedly, numbers significant exceptions to such a broad generalisation, especially industries benefiting from the upturn in consumer expenditure

PEPPER ANGLISS

& YARWOOD

NORTHWAY HOUSE

Whetstone, London N20

Modern Offices

approx 11,300 sq.ft.

★ Four Lifts
 ◆ 21 Car Parking Spaces

 Central Heating
 Commissionair * Prestige Entrance Hall IMMEDIATE OCCUPATION

(may divide)

over the past 18 months. rises to 15 per cent. Nevertheless industry often appears to be reluctant or unable to invest, yet there is an expanding industrial property market with some institutions pushing very hard to invest and driving down yields on the way. However, deeper analysis

WHEN LOOKING at the UK shows that the gap between the industrial property market industrialists' requirements and enthusiasm . of developers is perhaps not as wide as it may appear.

For a start industry's coffers

enthusiasm for investment ing. A recent Financial Times against rather unimpressive survey of companies reporting results for the calendar year 1978 shows that the average trading profit increase for the 355 companies included was just under 10 per cent, while thanks to lower taxation, the advance at the earnings level

Moreover, the economy has not blossomed overnight, yet even with the fears that overhang the west with the current energy crisis there does appear to be a steady flow of industrialists willing to commit them-selves to capital expenditure. selves to capital expenditure.
No one is suggesting a need to
overhaul the country's stock of
industrial property, but the
flow is sufficient to keep the
developers and the investing
institutions happy.

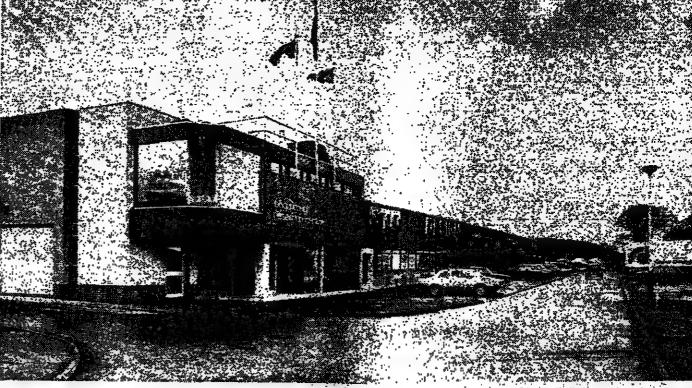
There are various factors
behind this trend which even

behind this trend, which even in times of recession land some push to investment in new factories and warehousing. Changing markets and modern production and storage techniques often call for new space. Also a sharp increase in transport costs, repeating itself again now, puts pressure on industrialists to rethink development plans regarding geo-graphical spread.

Trades unions are another factor. Working conditions rank high on the union lists of demands, particularly in a time of wage restraint. An active union -can put pressure on management which might otherwise be willing to remain in aging factory sites. So there are underlying pressures con-stantly at work.



warehouse accommodation is a particular feature of the current industrial property market. There are several factors pushing development that way. The rise in transport costs makes it more economic to use localised waresupplying over-long distances reasonable to expect that space by road. Also the upturn in is being lost on redevelopment. consumer spending has had a increasing amounts of imported assumptions are right there is



Part of the Hillend Industrial Esite in Fife

house demand—and it has been a very significant feature in new property—does not necessarily bear direct correlation with in-

dustrial activity.

Another consideration of whether industrial property development is just meeting or outstripping demand is to try and put in focus the amount of space coming on stream. Dur-ing 1978 new building was adding no more than a couple of. percentage points to the stock of industrial building. And that purpose built units and exten-

sions to existing works. Within the formula allowance must be made for the amount found it of industrial building lost industrial Often new building will take Initially place on an established indus-made in trial site, and the effects of trial buildings, but institute complete, but the average-sized modern building regulations, stons soon found themselves indistrial development can be needed for the movement of ment it could be said that less from the fund's point of view. modern heavy trucks and for was industrial property that led the investment becomes income bousing for storage rather than staff parking, means that it is the way out of the slump in the poducing scoper, and there are supplying over-long distances ressonable to expect that space property market.

The road Also the under it is being lost on redevelopment. Similarly, it is after children, astimates that are

Yet the future of rapidly tainly be puchy, while the flow ising inflation, the political of information is restricted. rising scene in the UK, the possibility and a lot o the market appears of union confrontation with to be sounded on rumour and Government and an oil crisis sossip—If admittedly it is well whipped in for good measure informed unour could cast doubts over the On the ther hand industrial wisdom of continued invest- property as much to commend ment at current levels. Still, to itself to investment managers. date the institutions have been

happy to direct investment-into the industrial market. Perhaps under the pressure of mounting criticism from the of industrial building. And that Government some years back figure takes into account pre-let that the financial institutions were not directing enough investment into industry, an increasing flow of sinds sound their way into fine industrial property sector. Initially investments were made into completed industrian ake three or four years to with extra facilities forwarding funds for develop-

being lost on redevelopment. Similarly it is often claimed running estimates that are Moreover the Government's So balancing the various that the revival in the property esociated with longer projects, commitments to remove some of

sellers and demand can cer cash.

it comes in a wide variety of sizes, an for a fairly limited capital outlay a reasonably significat sized investment can re made The fact does not hold true for investment in offices importat for some of the smalle funds with Limited

Anther attractive feature development. An office block a site. corpleted in 18 months or so.

of an oversupply of space, with ing ideals. The market is far modern developments has is a steady trickle of demand the resulting headaches for from perfect. There are r resulted in the investor gaining even in lean times developers and their financial limited number of buyers and a greater slice of land for his

Finally, and by no means least, investment in industrial property must be considered highly acceptable politically. The Wilson Committee may look on but the institutions can at least point to the amount of money they are putting into industry by direct property investmen

Industrial property does have tions, but these are by no means new Changing requirements, such as eaves height and floor or shop, and this is particularly loading; can make a building important for some of the unfashionable and geographical location can sometimes prove a disadvantage if conditions— such as a much higher their for ne funds is the speed of price - upset the economics of

> So what of the future? Some experts appear caudious, but a steady flow of capital invest-ment by the industrialists should draw off new speculative investment without the market falling into the trough of oversupply Moreover the Government's

tremendous influence on the factors, the market may be no market and especially industrial in the property in the property is an investment medium the obstacles to development need for more warehouse space, more than coping with the property, was founded on the industrial property has proved will all help confidence. What not only from UK manufact industrial need and perhaps institutions looking for sources its worth. Rental growth has you need then is the confidence turers but for the storage of adding a little extra. If the convex their vast cash flows, matched and often exceeded of the industrialists, which may ing amounts of imported assumptions are right there is For institutions investment in those of offices and shops, and prove a little harder to achieve. So the jump in ware- no need to fear the problems property must present conflict the reduction in site cover with. Yet as pointed out above there

FOT all VOUL property needs.

Chestertons Chartered Surveyors & Estate Agents

West End Office 75 Grosvenor Street, Mayfair, WIX OJB Telephone: 01-499 0404 Telex: 8812560

City Office 9 Wood Street, Cheapside, EC2V 7AR Telephone: 01-606 3055 Telex: 8812798

Shortage of prime sites

period of uncertainty follow-ing the strong growth in rental and capital values of the past

are now expected to rise as con-sumer spending tails off in the face of recent Budget measures and other economic pressures,

Last month's surprise budget decision to raise the minimum lending rate to 14 per cent and VAT to an unexpected 15 per cent has only added to the

uncertainty.
Consumer spending which
has generally been buoyant
since Autumn 1977—despite periodic fluctuations-had been expected to fall later this year, even without the budget measures, as the gap between earnings and the annual rate of inflation continues to narrow.

Inflation as measured by the Retail Prices Index is now expected to be at an annual rate of around 17 per cent by the year end compared with prebudget forecasts of around per cent. However the impact on retail sales of higher interest and VAT rates may not sidered as non-prime shops. work through as quickly as at These still tend to be in the first supposed.

Consumer spending in June was again high—following the near record levels in April and May—as people raided savings in a bid to beat VAT rises. The attitude towards secondary shop Building Societies Association properties provides further Building Societies Association properties provides further estimated that savers withdrew evidence of the recent strength around £70m last month for of the/retail market. beat-the-budget spending.

On top of this the first rebates from income tax cuts-also promised in the budgetbecame due this month, and a

It is against this background that some economists are now streets." forecasting a reduction in con-sumer spending in the late summer and autumn but with spending rising again towards the year end—to be followed

The recent upsurge in interest in property auctions has also been largely led by strong demand for secondary—and in isolated cases prime shop prop-

THE SHOP property market by little growth in he first now appears to be entering a half of 1980. But nuch will period of uncertainty follow-depend upon the outcome of ing the strong growth in rental this winter's round of wage

bargaining. 18 months.

Yields which on the very best situated sites had been chased down to as low as 3.8 per cent other time during the past 18 months. During this period the strong growth in consumer-spending, aligned with a shortage of prime retail investment opportunities, has led to a rapid growth in shop rens. Hammond Phillips Partnership says in its annual review of 1978 that rents, in some cases, rose by as much as 100 per cent last year.

Yields

And there has been no sign of demand abating in the current year. Kields on prime shops have been averaging between 4 and 4½ per cent, and some institutions have been willing to purchase the very best properties at yields as low as 3.8 per cent.

Moreover / the shortage of prime sites in the top locations has led some institutions to invest in properties which would previously have been convery best locations—and in other areas would be considered prime—but are in secondary. towns and cities.

This foftening of traditional

Leavers, estate agents and surveyors, says in its review of "In many cases the demand has been so strong that shops to rent have been offered further round of rebates is by tender with surprisingly high due towards the end of this results, "These new high year, which should help rentals achieved at tender are having their effect on all rental negotiations in the various high

The recent upsurge in interest

towns.

It has been estimated that institutions spent up to £1.2bg on property last year. Of this around £400m may have been spent on shops, given that most funds consider that a balanced portfolio needs 20-30 per cent of its investment in the retail

Profound

In Central London the dramatic growth in tourism has had a profound effect on the capital's retail trade and pushed shop rents for prime properties up to unrealistically high levels. However, institutions in future may view with caution—particularly with the weakening of the U.S. dollar—investment in London shops which rely so heavily on the tourist trade.

In the provinces strongest demand has continued to come from traditional multiples and major retailers, but with growing demand from new multiples, especially those in the leisure

And despite the more gloomy outlook for consumer spending there are a number of very good reasons why institutions will

investment opportunities even if this is only to maintain the traditional balance of its property portfolio.

Agents Strutt and Parker take the view that shops pro-vide an excellent form of property investment with regard to both security and rental growth A recent analysis of prime shop investment portfolios carried out by the agents showed that between 1962 and 1978 the average annual rental growth was 14 per cent. It says: "Even if the initial yield is under 4 per cent, with these growth rates, a prime shop investment will outperform fixed, interest securities."

Strutt and Parker says that two recent rent reviews carried out in Edinburgh's Princes Street had revealed annual rental growth of 181 per cent between the two reviews.

All this suggests that the retail property market is strong enough to ride out the coveres.

enough to ride out the current economic pressures, but clearly a number of agents now expect to see yields rise from their current historic low levels. Some would argue that a rise was long overque suyway.

Andrew Taylor

Isyour problem here?

Site but no tenant? Site but no funds? Purchaser but no suitable scheme? All the above but no construction manager? Good scheme but building cost too high? Bovis Construction Limited make a babit of solving all these problems in return for a modest building contract. Send the coupon today.

| • | Middx, HA20EE, Tel-01-422 3488; Telex-922810 |
|---|--|
| • | Please sent me details of your services |
| | Name |
| ÷ | Company Address: |
| | To the second se |
| : | Rovie |

Bovis Construction Limited, Bovis House, Northolt Road, H.

INNER CITIES

Policy under review

THE FUTURE of a key element ment's more general concern in the last Labour Government's about the level of local govern- date have involved both local approach to the problems of ment expenditure and man-the mast cities—the seven power, the growth in partnership areas—is now the parenership areas—is now unertain following the decision in inner city regeneration. of Mr. Michael Heselting Conservative Environment Seeretary to review inner city policy the key to the success of the Mr. Heseltine's decision to drive to improve the environmental a stock-taking ment in the inner cities at the exercise to inner city policy, same time as rebuilding the committed with the Government's economic base on which these decision is cut special funding to the partnership areas by £7m in the current year as part of the current year as part of the incurred last mouth in the

regenerating Britain's luner city areas. The review also reflects however, the Govern

of private sector involvement

Involving the private sector has increasingly been seen as areas depend. At their conception both the

partnership arrangements and the Inner Urban Areas Act were seen essentially as providing The decision to review the only the framework and stimuli policy of providing additional for private investment. The resputces to the inner cities seven partnership areas Liverthrough the urban programme pool. Manchester and Salford. through the urban programme pool. Manchester and Salford, together with the structure. Birmingham, Newcastle and and workings of the partner Gateshead, Hackney and Islingships reflects in part a general ton, Lambeth and London's concern, about the apparent Dockiands—were set in in slow-progress, made invarids adverse of the residual and the structure of the concern. slow progress made towards advance of the special provisions and powers of the Inner Urban Areas Act which became

through Government Ministers and in consultation with other sions, the other main criticism bodies, in drawing up inner city In November programmes. Shore, former Peter Environment Secretary, called come primarily from two together the partnership mem-sources—urban aid grants and bers at a seminar to discuss the progress made in the first year the Inner Urban Areas Act.

of the arrangements. Completed

By the end of last year all the partnership authorities had completed the drawing-up of three-year programmes for their areas, but despite growing criticisms from bodies like the Town and Country Planning Association that the programme had "fallen far short" of its objectives the Government then maintained it was too early to assess the scheme.

Aside from criticisms that the partnership structure is too unwieldy and, because of its bureaucratic nature, effectively

investor and local community central government groups and voluntary organisations from meaningful discusof the scheme has been its lack of financial muscle. Finance for the partnership programme has enhanced" provisions of

> Under the Act special urban programme grants to the partnership areas have been made on a three-year rolling programme basis. In the current financial year the seven partnership areas were to have received £73.6m at 1978 survey prices in urban programme money, while Docklands was allocated an additional £70m package of loan grants and guarantee moneys in February as compensation for the Government decision not to back the Trammell Crow trade mart

> complex. It is on these figures that the present Government has imposed the £7m cut. In 1980-81

Partnership arrangements to excludes both potential private urban programme resource allocations were due to increase by f19m to £92.6m, although this figure must now be in doubt because of the Government's concern to cut local authority expenditure-and the public sector borrowing requirement.

While the programme alloca-

In addition the Act permits

investment.

To obtain up-to-date information on the state of health of the inner city areas Mr. Heseltine has despatched a team of Ministers to visit, and chair, the current round of partnership meetings. The reports they will bring back will probably be

face in making any meaningful assessment of inner city policy

Interest

South Docks and the city has

been unable to keep up with the

demand for advanced nursery factory units. Merseyside, bow-

ever, is designated a Special Development Area and Liver-

pool has on its boundaries

several thriving new town developments which tend to

make it difficult to assess the

full impact of the partnership arrangements and the Inner

Urban Areas Act outside of the

more general benefits available

are also signs of renewed invest-

under regional policy.

progress is being made.

Environment

Expenditure Committee.

of

tions represent a small fraction of total local government expenditure—about £16bn in 1979/80-the provisions of the partnership agreements and the Inner Urban Areas Act have provided other real benefits. The rate support grant settlement and main line spending programems such as health and education have been "bent" to favour the loner

In addition the Act provides a whole range of additional powers for the partnership and other designated inner city areas. Designated local authorities can provide commercial loans for land purchase, construction and the modernisation of buildings, the installation of services running up to 90 per cent of the value of the land and buildings where other sources of finance are not avail-

local authorities to designate Industrial Improvement Areas in which they can give grants or loans for environmental improvements or to convert

buildings to provide new jobs. The success or failure of this operational framework must inevitably depend in the final its ability to generate confidence in the area and attract new investments. Mr. Heseltine will be looking therefore not only at the funding arrangements but the degree to which the policy has succeeded in generating this

In its evidence to the com-One of the difficulties they essment of inner city policy Action Group — representing number of successes, although in relating successes or trade unions and community on a smaller scale.

a three-cornered agreement between the council, British Rail Property and Edger Investments failures to specific causes. For example, in Liverpool the whole groups in Docklands - comof the Government's inner city policy and regional policy is "on trial" and there have in industrial space provision con-tained in the 1976 London Docklands Strategic Plan.

New Southwark Council flats nearing completion on a site at Bankside by

Blackfriars Bridge. The Edger Scheme development hus been made possible by

fact been both successes and The Group also complained of "inadequate level of support from central government and from the private sector." Private industry has shown renewed interest in the city centre and the derelict 400-acre

Over the next four years, however, £233m — including £45m urban aid — is to be spent on construction programme including new bousing, industrial development, open space and recreation areas together with major infrastructure works.

To tackle the main problem of attracting new private investment the Docklands Joint Committee - made up of the five docklands boroughs, the GLC and others, has appointed a new town-style management team led by Air Commodore Mawer, Allen In London's Docklands there director. One of the primary functions

ment interest in the 8.5 square miles of available land, although of the team, which was only completed last month, will be to encourage business confidence concern has been expressed in Docklands and, in the words about the slow pace at which of Sir Hugh Wilson, chairman of the Docklands Joint Commit-The problems involved in regenerating the area have been "persuade investors that tee. the subject of two inquiries -Docklands really means busione as yet unpublished - by

ness." In fact, despite the set-Sub-Com- back to the Government's Commons Trammell Crow decision, which would have provided Docklands with its first large-scale remittee the Joint Docklands development, there have been a

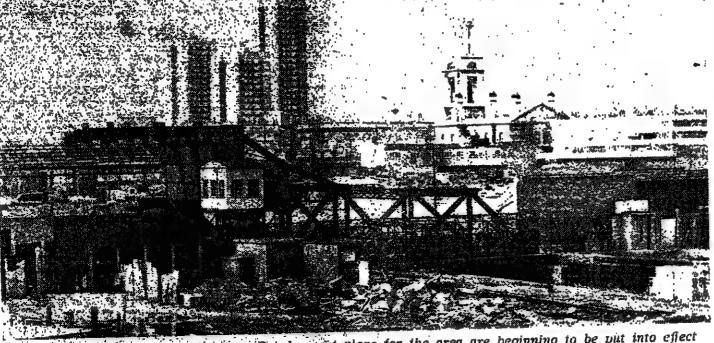
For example, in March Fraser plained of the failures to meet Wood Properties, backed by the targets for infrastructure and Philips and Pye pension fund, announced plans for a £4m speculative industrial development on an 8.5 acre site in Docklands. The site, which is near the Blackwall Tunnel approach road and adjoins a partnership development, is expected to provide 12 units of industrial and warehouse space

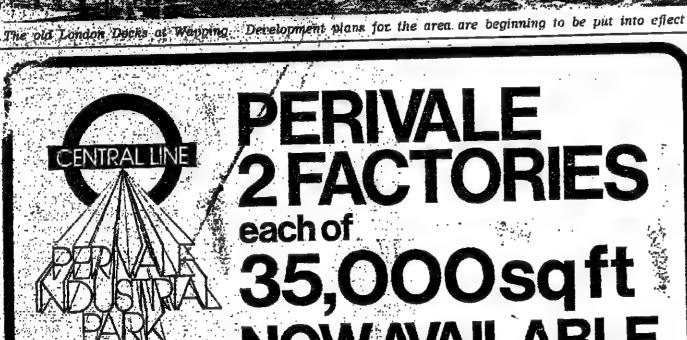
in a two-stage development. This private development, coupled with the prospect that News International will move to a 13-acre site by the Thames in Tower Hamlets, have helped hoost morale among Dockland's pianners.

One of the keys to the success of any inner city policy must be the provision of adequate road and rail transport links, a factor recognised by the GLC which despite local objec-tions is pushing ahead with plans for the Docklands southern relief road and is still lobbying support-albeit in a quieter fashion-for a Jubilee tubeline extension to Docklands.

In common with the other inner city areas Docklands' future will depend, however, not only on decisions taken by the Environment Secretary in the next few months but also on the prevailing economic climate. The question therefore is not so much whether the inner city areas will see a renascence-but when and a what pace.

Paul Taylor





Bernard Thorpe

1 Buckingham Palace Road London SW1W 0QD 01-834 6890 Telex 8813389

NOW AVAILABLE HIGH SPECIFICATION

MAJOR NEW EAST LONDON INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT

BOW INDUSTRIAL PARK WAREHOUSE INDUSTRIAL UNITS 5,800-234,000sqft

94 Park Lane London WIY 3TA

01-499 0271 Telex 298012

Bernard Thorpe

1 Buckingham Palace Road London SWIW 0QD

Tel: 01-834 6890 Telex 8813389



DISTINGUISHED HEADQUARTERS OFFICE BUILDING WITHIN MINUTES OF THE CITYAND WEST END

ABOUT 80,000 SQ. FT. TO LET

Providing comfortable air-conditioned offices overlooking extensive private landscaped gardens with waterfalls, ponds, mature trees and shrubs.

The high specification includes solar glazing, fitted carpeting, lighting and suspended ceilings, four high speed lifts and impressive main entrance.

Full details from Sole Agents



1 Buckingham Palace Road, London SW1W 0QD Telephone 01-834 6890 Telex 8813389

Everyone gets a share of the good life in our garden.

Industrialists considering expansion or relocation couldn't do better than Cwmbran New Town, garden city

It's an Intermediate Development Area so you may qualify for government grants and rent-free periods. We have factory units up to 10,000 square feet for immediate letting. Good housing ready for key personnel.

London and the Midlands are only two hours by motorway or 90 minutes by rail, airports are conveniently close and some of Britain's best dock facilities are on

Life is good here. Golf, salmon fishing, the River Usk, Wye Valley and Brecon Beacons are all nearby. Maybe we should rename our beautiful area the Welsh

For literature, return the coupon to R.W. Howlett, General Manager, Cwmbran Development Corporation, Cwmbran, Gwent NP441XZ, Or telephone Cwmbran 67777.

wmbran Garden City of Wales

WEST END

Strong demand for offices

THE DEMAND for offices in up to unprecedented levels.

air-conditioned offices in the most sought-after locations are between £13 and £17 a sq ft, while non air-conditioned offices in the same locations are on the market at around f11-f12 a sq ft. In less attrac-tive locations such as mews buildings and on the northern fringe of Mayfair older offices can be rented for between £8 and £9 a sq ft,

Generally estate agents include in the "West End" the main office areas of Mayfair, St. James's, Victoria, Knightsbridge and the strip along the Euston and Marylebone Roads. Naturally rents in these districts varies considerably, with Mayfair and Victoria and parts of St. James's command-

Office rents in Victoria Street the West End is so strong at for building of a high standard present that there are fears are at the top end of the scale that the remaining stock of for Mayfair accommodation. Elsewhere the average rent for unlet premises will be exhausted air-conditioned offices in wellby the end of 1979. Tenants located positions is from £9.50 with leases expiring or coming to £11 a sq ft and for non-up for review in 1980 are wor- air-conditioned space from £8 ried that if there are no offices to 19 a sq ft. In secondary on the market rents will shoot positions the rent is generally 13 to 14 a sq ft lower.

Mayfair, which is historically Currently Mayfair rents for residential, contains a large sir-conditioned offices in the number of period buildings of between 3,000 sq ft and 10,000 sq ft. Some of this stock has been refurbished, but by far the greater proportion of this stock remains unmodernised. Until fairly recently it was quite easy to find offices in this type of building, but the increased demand of the past 18 months has meant that these buildings now becoming difficult to

According According to agents Weatherall Green and Smith, an average rent of about £9 per sq ft is being paid for fairly ordinary suites and considerably more for small prestige airconditioned accommodation.

There has been a great deal speculation over the continued use of these former residences as offices. The West-minster planners have always stated that eventually the temporary office use for both Mayfair and St. James's would end and all the premises would have to be returned to residen-

Some owners of these period buildings have already obtained change of use to offices, and at one time it was believed that properties would com-higher rents because enants could take long leases without fear of eventually being turned out. But in fact it is only in the rather specialised investment market hat this change of use has had any impact on values.

The main area of demand is

for offices of between 6.000 and 30.000 sq ft, and Weatherall's had to advise clients recently foot. to pay the asking rent for the Greycoat Estates redevelopment of Townsend House, a ing over the past year is seen at an overall rent of around. Chinnocks are currently seeking 15,000 sq ft non-air-conditioned from the fact that the BAT £12.50 a sq ft. United Kingdom offers of around £2.5m for what

of large office or major new air-

conditioned buildings, but

choice of smaller buildings and

At present there are only

about ten units of between 5.000 and 10,000 sq. ft. in the

prime EC3 area of the City, and

there are probably only 20 or

so units of 2,000-5.000 sq ft.

These are the size of units for

which office development per-

The units for which there is

the greatest and most consistent

demand are those of around

5,000 sq ft, and because the ODP

restrictions did not apply to

these unless they are part of a

larger building it follows that

the lifting of the ODP restric-

tion will not have any great

Over the past 18 months the

market in City offices has been

extremly buoyant, with an un-diminished number of tenants

rising steadily and appear likely

to continue to do so, at least

In the longer term, the main-

tenance of high interest rates

may begin to have an effect by

forcing firms to delay expansion

plans, and the completion of

development schemes currently

With so few buildings of over

50,000 sq ft on the City lettings

market, some companies are

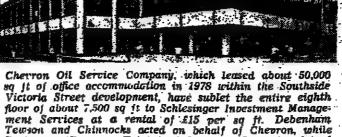
already being forced to put off

effect on availability.

in the short term.

mits have not been required.

parts of buildings.



Portmans (Portman Estates of Hanover Square) advised

office building in Greycoat letting was agreed about a year Estates, just off Victoria Street. ago, while recent lettings in the The rent asked was £9.25. square foot, but now Weatherall's estimates that the rent would be £12 a square foot. This escalation is largely because there are probably only 15 such units available and the take-up is rapid.

Example

In larger units of up to 70,000 sq ft, activity over the past 12 months has been limited. Probably the most important letting was the upper portion of Windsor House, Victoria Street, the United Kingdom Provident Institution's huge tower block on the corner of Buckingham Gate, where 50,000 sq ft has been taken up by British American Tobacco for a rent of £13.50 a square

Some idea of the speed with which rents have been increas-

same block have been at £16.36 a square foot Land Securities Investment

Trust obtained just over £14:50. a square foot for its 51,000 sq ft air-conditioned building, Wel-lington House, also in Buckinghem Gate, from a letting to the Metropolitan Police. More receptly the Distillers Company has paid around £14 a square. foot for 55,000 sq ft ha St. James's Square.

Weatherall's say that there is considerable interest for the few remaining West End offices over 100,000 sq ft. These are now mainly refurbishments, and most should be let soon: Others' will not be on stream until either next year or 1981.

Among major West End letsome 237,000 sq ft, which was let last September to Fluor, the U.S. engineering conglomerate

CITY OF LONDON

Rents still rising

totalling some 51,000 sq ft have been let at rents close to £14.50 Three major developments in

the course of construction are Leconfield House in Gurzon Street with 72,000 sq ft, Norfolk House, St. James's Square, with 110,000 sq ft (both United Kingdom Provident institute schemes), and 103. Wigmore Street, with 110,000 sq.ft, which is owned by the Post Office Pension Fund in partnership with a

All three buildings should let quickly, and the rental levels are likely to be between £14 and £17 a sq.ft. But when these huildings are let there will be very few other large huildings either on the market or to come on stream. The one exception is the Land Securities Devonshire House, which is currently being given a major facelift and modernisation. It should come on to the market by the summer of 1981, just when the remaining space tirles up.

Possibly the most encouraging letting seen for many years in the West End was that of Centre Point, the Oldham Estate white elephant at the junction of Tat-tenham Court Road and Oxford Street. Although not entirely the and of the Centre Point saga. the leasing by Sam Levy of Jones Lang Wootton of 103,000 sq ft for the CBI for just over £7 a sq ft on a 45 year lease with five year reviews, the letting is very good news, and many of those concerned with property in the West End will be relieved that the building is substantially

off the market. It is very rarely that the freehold of a City building is offered on the market, nor for that mat-ter is it often seen in either tings of large buildings was the Mayfair or St. James's but else-Euston Station scheme, totalling where in the West End it is not uncommon for freeholds to change hands.

Agents Debenham Tewson and

House, the former Waring and is described as a "headquarters" Gillow store in Oxford Street, building in Broadwick Street, which has been refurbished as Wi. The property has a total 160,000 sq ft of offices in very floor area of 63,890 sq ft of large floors, appears to be let- office and ancillary accommodating well. Already two feers tion with car parking facilities. Built in stages, the newest section of the building is a little over 10 years old. It is centrally heated and has a lift. Debenham's are acting for the owneroccupier who is offering the building with vacant possession with the exception of a ground floor shop. The price works out

to £39 a sg ft . . -In sharp contrast on price Clive Lewis and Partners are seeking a buyer of the freehold of an office building of 15,830 sq ft in Buckingham Gate, Vic-toria Street, at a price of £2.5m which equates to a value per 'sq ft of £157. But in this case you get air-conditioning and double glazing thrown in for your money along with location.

It is difficult to forecast how the West End market will move over the next six months. On the one hand there appears to be a huge unsatisfied demand for offices and on the other some resistance to paying the high rents currently being demanded. Most property experts believe that rents will continue to rise in the short term but that there may be a levelling off if the economic situation does not im-

But over the longer period it is clear that within two years the rents currently being paid in the West End will seem low. Already the levels attained dur-ing the active property market of 1972-74 are being passed and the refurbishment of Devoushire House by Land Securities could establish new records when it comes on stream in two years

The major non-financial international companies still prefer the West End to the City, and it difficult to see where new companies can be accommodated if they decide to move to Lon-don. Some who are seeking European headquarters may be forced to consider other loca-

Rory Ferguson

3 3.55 B

to the after

Trund-wif

To the state of

Part .

partition in

The Parkets

effect berge

t alidiy

2.300

1.5 COS

Held M

Perlat

The second second

Carrenting to

27760 102 A

Conn. The Residence **司 100 東京** THE PERSON NAMED IN The state of the s A STATE OF THE PARTY.

:Billiant

123 C C

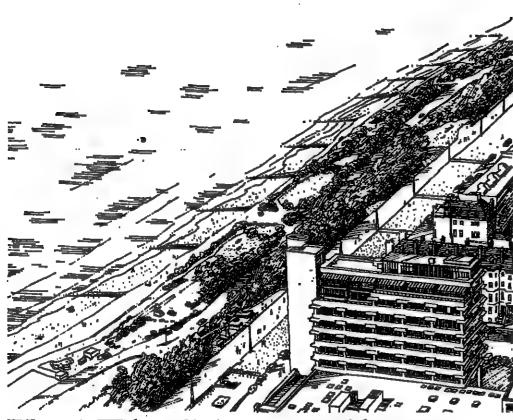
Living

Water Continue

PA: Dinabe PA: E sur est

7722

Some companies could do with a breath of sea air.



No.1, The Leas-Folkestone

An outstanding cliff top headquarters building

- 36,710 sq.ft.at £3.25 sq.ft.
- Parking for 83 cars
- Fully fitted including 2 lifts and full central heating
- Executive and staff dining facilities

Strutt & Parker 👆 01-629 7282



13 Hill Street Berkeley Square Lorsdon W1 v 80L

OFFICES

STANFORD-LE-HOPE 7,660 sq. ft. Prestige office building with car park Freehold for sale

LONDON N.W.1. 7,500 sq. ft. Entire floor centrally heated offices. Freehold for sale

LONDON S.W.1. 2,400 sq. ft. Modern G/F Showrooms and Offices

WARDSYMMONS

56,62Wilton Road, London SW1V1DH Tel:01-834 8454

SHOPS

SITTINGBOURNE Kent Prominent extensive shop with 2,500 sq. ft. ToLet

LONDON S.W.1. Well situated Lock-Up Shop To Let

LONDON N.16. Two prominent Lock-Up Freehold for sale

INDUSTRIAL

240,000 sq. ft. Excellently situated Major Industrial Complex 12 acre site Freehold for sale or may let

WEMBLEY 20,000 sq. ft. . Self contained factory! warehouse building · To Let

MITCHAM 5,000/8,500/ 1.700 sq. ft. Units with high office content To Let

LIVERPOOL

Self contained Industrial

FOR THE first time since the companies have been forced to believe that rents for inferior looking to meet their immediate collapse of the property market pay quite high rents for "over- space will fall further backin 1974 companies seeking small flow space. This situation is areas of office space in the City, creating a two tier market in of between 5,000 and 10,000 sq which there is strong demand ft, are finding that the choice for first class property where is limited. For the past 18 rents are rising faster than for for first class property where months there has been a dearth older, unmodernised space.

In November 1978 there were 308 foreign banks represented generally there has been a good in London, most of them in the City, and of the world's top 100 banks only seven have no repres sentation in London by way of an office, branch or stake in a consortium. Fourteen new banks arrived in London over the year to September 1978, and there are no signs of the City losing its prominence as the financial centre of the world, at least in the banking sense.

Since 1968 there has been only one year in which the number of foreign banks has fallen (1975), and the number 9.000 to 28.000 in that time-all of whom have had to be accommodated in offices. One of the major lettings to foreign banks during 1978 was the lease taken on behalf of Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York by agent Weatherall Green and Morgan took the whole of the 175,000 sq ft building, seeking the fewer properties although it will only occupy available. Rents have been around 100,000 sq ft initially, Weatherall's are already well advanced with the subletting of the surplus space.

Commenting recently trends in City rents. Mr. Gordon Manson, senior partner of Weatherall's said, "Looking towards the future, rents in the City appear set to increase underway may lead to a greater further as continuing strong demand leads to a diminishing supply. However, it is the first class offices which are in most demand due either to a requirement by a firm for prestigious plans for expansion or for space or because employers pletion in about two years' time. 127, Cheapside, which is close housing all their staff under one want to provide their staff with

wards in comparison with first

Undoubtedly, the City of London is the most expensive office location among the major cities of the world when considered against the yardstick of rent, rates and services alone. If, however, the cost of labour is taken into consideration the City compares very favourably with other centres. The continuing demand for City offices from foreign banks and financial companies bears this out. .The effects of the collapse of the property market will be felt for a very long time, and it is certain that because there has been virtually no new development in the tight "prime area" of the City for almost four years rents for the existing stock of prestige offices will rise.

Developments

There are a number of major new developments, all outside the prime tight central area, due to be completed over the next two years. These will come on stream at a time when there is a dearth of either major offices to let or of new airconditioned space. The most important of these will be the huge redevelopment of the former PLA warehouses site at Cutlers Gardens between Middlesex Street, Houndsditch and Bishopsgate in the City.

This major complex, which is being built by Greycoat Estates and Standard Life Assurance, preserves a great deal of the original buildings erected by the East India Company at the end of the 18th century. It will become one of the largest office complexes in the City on com-

requirements. The accepted of the fringe locations. is also one in its own right. Holborn, which is probably best in Bow Lane, on the opposite defined as an area bounded by side of Cheapside, a small self-Euston Road, Tottenham Court Road/Shaftesbury Avenue, the River Thames and Holborn

It therefore takes in the ECA. Agents De Groot Collis state that there is only around . 500,000 sq ft of offices available at present in Holborn and that only two self-contained buildings over 20,000 sq ft are on the market. These are Audrey House, Ely Place, and 73-83, Hatton Garden. The Hatton Garden building of 79,305 sq ft is on the market through Bernard Thorpe at an asking rent of film a year. Generally speaking rents in

the City range from £14 to £27 per sq ft for air-conditioned offices, from £10 to £12 a sq ft for modern or refurbished nonair-conditioned space in the "prime" area and from £8 to £10 a sq ft in the secondary locations. On the City fringes, in Holborn, City Road, Aldgate and Smithfield, air-conditioned space can be leased for between £9 and £12 a sq ft, while modern non-air-conditioned offices are commanding rents of between £7 and £8.50 a sq ft. Secondary areas, away from either mainline stations or other transport facilities can be had for £5

Generalisation in City office renis is dangerous-no two locations are alike and even two office suites in the same building can vary considerably in the level of rent which tenants are prepared to pay. For example, De Groot Collis is marketing the third and fourth floors of But it is to the City fringes to the junction of Cheapside This means that some a better working environment. I that potential tenants should be and Wood Street.

The offices have a floor area of some 1.920 sq ft and the rent being asked equates to around £6.90 a square foot. Yet nearby contained building of five floors with just 1,670 sq ft has recently been let by the company at around, £10 a square foot.

Even buildings close to the western sections of EC1 and Bank of England, which is the centre of the "prime" area, can vary enormously in rents, but conditioned buildings in that district will command the highest rents, and even some older buildings - and there are many of them - will let at rents which could not be obtained even for the most Javish air-conditioned block in fringe area of the City.

These high rental levels should make new development viable, but the lack of sites in the central area plus the greater emphasis on lower-scale buildings make it unlikely that there will be any further largescale expansion in the immediate future in the central area of the City. - Because of the dislike by planners of huge tower blocks, the plot ratio likely to be allowed for new development would not make this viable in the heart of the City where land values are the It is clear that the emphasis

over the next few years will be on major refurbishment. Many of the buildings completed since the war will have vast sums spent on them to bring them up to standards acceptable to foreign banks and institutions, the specification to include full air-conditioning and modern high speed liftswhich few of the buildings erected in the 1950s and early 1960s pussessed

Rory Ferguson

BILSTON, WEST MIDLANDS Factory/ Warehousing 144,500 Sq. Ft. in Four Units

BILSTON, rom 29,500 Sq. Ft. To Let

WEST MIDLANDS Oxford Street Industrial Park New Warehouse? Industrial Units 5-10,000 Sq. Ft. 100,000 Sq. Ft.

BLOXWICH, Industrial Unit With Offices (and Canteen Facilities) 6,850 Sq. Ft. Lease

WOLVERHAMPTON Factory/ Warehouse 39,640 Sq. Ft. Long Lease For Sale.

TYSELEY, Kings Road Industrial Estate Industrial/ Warehousing 6 Units Cranage Facilities From 7,500 Sq. Ft.

To Let.

GLOUCESTERSHIRE Workshop Premises, Office 8.424 Sq. Ft. Workshop and Office 4,513 Sq. Ft. Leases For

Assignment

Inter-City Property Consultants

Floors of Total Available 74,000 Sq. Ft.

COVENTRY Offices suites from 550 Sq. Ft. 7,700 Sq. Ft.

IRMINGHAM New Office Building 3 Adjacent Floors remain To Let.

EDGBASTON. of 3450 Sq. Ft.

CITY OF LONDON FRINGE Offices 1900 Sq. Ft. Centrally Heated Reasonable Rent,

LONDON, SW11

Offices ... 3600 Sq. Ft. To Let Fully Returbished Self Contained Parking Facilities

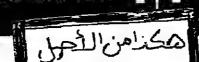
VAUXHALL.

WANTED MODERN WAREHOUSE OR SITE 10,000 Sq. Ft. Approx. COLCHESTER AND HAVANT GRACECHURCH STREET . LONDON EC3 Offices 3510 Sq. Ft. To Let Prestige Centrally



□□Grimley & son 021-236 8236

Birmingham, London, Manchester, Brussels



□□Grimley & son

Heated

London, Eirmingha

SCOTLAND

The squeeze begins

THE MINH boom in the Scottish economy of the past few years, which had as one or its lenures a strong performance by almost every sector of the property market, is fast coming property market is fast coming in an end. Consumer spending, buoyed up by fax evit and high wage scittlements early in the year, is likely to fall as inflation rises and begins to bite into reel living standards. Oregit, both personal and corporate is being squeezed, profits are under threat and Scotland's disproportionately high reliance on public sector amployment is likely to make her especially winerable to eats in Government spending.

In his latest economic review for the Edinburgh agents and surveyors. Remeth Ryden and Partners. Professor Donald MacKay of Heriot Watt University, said that he believed the high cost of hormator counted high cost of horrowing coupled with accelerating inflation and a strengthening pound would curb manufacturing layestment in Scotland by the early part of pert year Companies had been horeasing the amount they were willing to plough back over the 1977-79 period but since the early 1980s no boom sustained for as long as three

The Budget measures were likely to acceptuate a trend that was already apparent. Given the sharp acceleration to prices the sharp acceleration in prices that lies immediately shead, it to difficult to see how monetary restraint can be imposed without some adverse effect on profits and employment. For this reason, we would reliterate the view expressed in our last review (in January) that the wollen of investment will be falling over the last half of this year and into been extremely rejuctant to the last half of this year and into 1980." Professor MacKey said.

Slacken-

ry Fergus

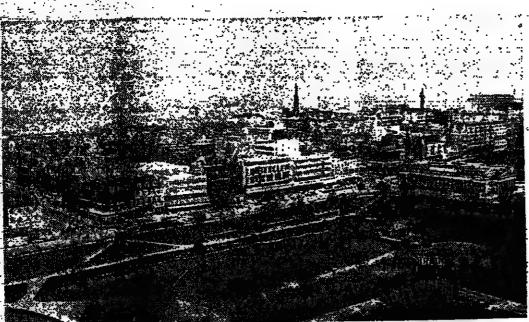
Against this background the outlook for the property market must be that, after a period when demand was relatively high, it is now likely to slacken off,

In housing for example, it would be surprising if the second half of the year did not see 2 considerable slowing down of the increase in prices. The latest quarterly report by the Scottish branch of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors suggested. that prices may have risen by between 20 and 35 per cent in the first six months of 1979.

The Scottish system of house figures also suggest that private purchase allows a much freer builders are again to be the movement of prices than does main providers of new homes in the English, where the seller Scotland during 1979. movement of prices that more the saller Scotland during 1878.

the English, where the saller Scotland during 1878.

Remeth Ryden predicts that ment agencies are sets his price and only in exhibiting some effect on from a total of \$20,000 sq ft (compared with 930,000 in captional directions and already lawing some effect on available in Glasgow, 500,000 sq ft (compared with 930,000 in available in Glasgow, 500,000 sq ft (compared with 930,000 in despect to get more. North of suburban houses and flats and available in Glasgow, 500,000 sq ft (compared with 930,000 in despect to get more. North of suburban houses and flats and available in Glasgow, 500,000 sq ft (compared with 930,000 in despect to get more. North of suburban houses and flats and only in exhibiting the saller grant of the year, the highest take-up deen, are likely to rise slowly of the year, the highest take-up deen, are likely to rise slowly the border a seller quotes his those y within commuting minimum ("upset") and waits distance of the main cities. But attractive country properties. Estate agency members of the particularly at the top end of Royal Institution report £5,000 or £10,000 above the state-price



When finance is reasonably freely available one would expect Scotland to be a boom-ing market. The level of owner occupation is significantly lower than in the country as a whole, but the rise in relative earnings to the point where they are at least on a par with the UK average has given many families the desire and the chirty to

The underlying trend is aways likely to be upward, but there is more than just the rise in interest rates to suggest that the market will move more

Scottish local authorities have Scottish local authorities have been extremely reluctant to self council houses, but are now under pressure to de so from the Government. The discounts on offer range from 30 per cent for tenents of three years at anding to 50 per cent after three years and should prove a powerful incentive for the more prosperous council tenents to buy their existing homes rether than venture late the private sector.

The supply of housing available to buy is also increasing. Private housing completions. Were at a record level last year (14.443, compared with 12.132 in 1977) and were above the number of completions by public authorities. Bousing start figures also suggest that private builders are again to be the

particularly at the top end of is generally considered to be the market, are in scarce supply inactive. However, the two agents and are likely to hold their agree that rents are unlikely to

prices. Similarly agricultural rise much above the £4.25 a sq fi and sporting land prices are mark for the best locations. unlikely to come down from In Edinburgh lettings in the their high levels of £1,500-£2,500 an acre for arable, anything from £300 to £800 for less pro-ductive land. Certainly there seems to be no falling off in enthusiasm for good estates.

On the commercial side the pattern has been less even. Richard Ellis, in a recent report, remarked on the unprecedented demand for retail space with prime rents in Glasgow's Argyle street and Princes Street, Edinburgh, up to £50 a square foot. The redevelopment of less attractive areas, such as Sauchiehall Street, Glasgow, has given a new spurt to towns like Aberdeen (still experiencing the oil boom); Ayr and Perth have been showing healthy growth. Richard Ellis expects some of the heat to go out of the market in the later part of this year. but sees the long-term outlook for rents and development as Knight Frank and Rutley, who are handling a new city centre development in Aberdeen, also report a strong interest in retail space in the

In offices the picture has not been so rosy. Only in a few exceptional areas has demand equalled supply, so the pressure on reads has been slight. In Glasgow, Richard Ellis reports a fairly quick take-up for good developments in prime locations, but a much slower picture in less favoured areas of the city.

level so far, although the market is generally considered to be

In Edinburgh lettings in the last six months at 101,000 sq ft were less than half the figure for the previous six months, accordsupply of office space to have reached its peak. However, the Assembly from the political scene has taken away one powerful source of demand for space in the Agency had already reserved space for the expected 700-800 civil servants, but Ryden now understands that the agency will be shedding some 100,000 sq ft during the next few years, presumably in response to cuts in

civil service manpower. The industrial market has been going through a reasonably cheerlopers doing well and institutions showing interest in investing in new estates in good locations. Demand, however, is likely to fall towards the end of the year as companies cut back their investment in response to the economic situation, and the pressure on rents is likely to come from rises in construction costs more than demand for space.

Private developers have been increasing their building while the public agencies have been cutting back. An estimated 1.6m sq ft is currently available in private estates, whereas the Scottish Development Agency has about 1.7m sq ft available (compared with 2m in January) and towards the end of the year.

Ray Perman Scottish Correspondent

Princes Street, Edinburgh: strong dmand for retail space

Better property management can mean better company results

Mhenz

A decision to expand or relocate industrial and commercial activity will depend on answers to a whole range

Office buildings in the town centre

Office sites in Northampton

Unit factories and industrial sites

of vital questions. As vital as any, will be when and how soon can new properties and sites be made available. In Northampton the straight answer is now. We are on the M1, midway between London and Birmingham with 50% of Britain's industry within a 100 mile radius.

Greyfriars House, 160 000 sq ft of offices above the new bus station. Belgrave House 64 000 sq ft forming part of the

offices. Other properties from 500 to 10 000 sqft.

In the town centre an important site of 3.5 acres for a development up to 300 000 sqft. Two sites for 30 000 sqft.

Brackmills: 1 unit of 18 400 sq ft and 1 unit of 21 500 sq ft. Reservations are also being taken for Phase 5, comprising 14 units of 5000 sq ft and 2 units of 12 500 sq ft. All have

mains services, parking, offices and central heating. A wide

range of industrial sites are available on four employment areas.

In the search for the right business location straight answers to straight questions are a must. Let us know your requirements.

Northampton

middle england

character

prosperity

& growth

for a straight answer

contact Leslie Austin-Crowe BScFRICS,

Chief Estate Surveyor

Northampton Development Corporation

2-3 Market Square, Northampton NNI 2EN

060434734

Grosvenor Shopping Centre. Compton House, 27 000 sqft in a prime position. Woodlands House, 13 700 sqft of prestige

At Weston Favell District Centre, sites for up to 100 000 sq ft. Moulton Park provides 83 acres of campus sites in a rural setting.

The guidance and know-how of professional property people like Fuller Peiser can make a substantial difference to a company's results

at the end of the year.

For the last ninety-odd years, our daily work has been to advise industrial and commercial firms on the use and management of their property portfolios. Bricks, mortar and land are often the most underused assets of all

By developing a non-productive corner of a site: by negotiating the best possible leasing and rental terms; by acquiring and disposing of property

wisely and at the right time; by carrying out regular asset and plant and machinery valuations; by building your next factory or office to achieve maximum value at minimum cost; by contesting your rating assessment; in these and many other ways, solid financial benefits can be won. An up-to-date insurance valuation could even

save your business should fire strike.

The services offered by Fuller Peiser cover all these important functions in a highly professional and effective way. Full details are available from our Head Office at the address below.



Professional property advisors to industry and commerce.

A brighter market

a vengeance. The supply of com-mercial and industry property in many centres is becoming eight, and in the residential sector gazumping has made a reappearance, in spite of the tight rein on mortgages being maintained by the building secreties. By common consent, it all adds up to a delayed re-action to the significant changes which have taken place in the economy of Wales and its communications with the rest of the UK-during the 1970s.

Since the heady days of the early 1970s upsurge, the Welsh Development (Agency has arrived on the scene with a major programme of industrial state and advance factory building aimed at attracting new industries to Wales, effectively dominating the market for in-

dustrial premises.
At the same time, the nearcompletion of the M4 from the Severa Bridge deep into West Wales, not to mention British Rail's high speed train link with London, has transformed communications along the coastal belt and altered the property market perspective across a wide area.

other algorificant influence in the residential and office secfor has been the previous Gov-erment's dispersal of civil servire departments, an influence which will be felt even more if the major Ministry of Defence. relocation near Cardiff survives

M North Wales, the building the A55 dual carriageway through to the island of tation, But in the meantime, a tional discount to Cardiff in For many properties, £2.000 an the island of tation, But in the meantime, a tional discount to Cardiff in For many properties, £2.000 an Anglessey promises to have att, very fight market for good class spite of the town's closer acre is no longer too much to Anglessey promises to have accommodation are coming in proximity to the Severn Bridge ask, and small parcels of land industry accommodation are fetching as much as £3,000 property scene, though the developed After lying empty for and its easy commonications are fetching as much as £3,000 property scene, though the developed After lying empty for and its easy commonications are fetching as much as £3,000 property scene, though the developed After lying empty for and its easy commonications are fetching as much as £3,000 property scene, though the developed After lying empty for and its easy commonications are fetching as much as £3,000 property scene. Though the developed After lying empty for and its easy commonications are fetching as much as £3,000 property scene. But the accommodation are fetching as much as £3,000 property scene. Though the developed After lying empty for and its easy commonications.

Robin Reeves industry a considerable time, Queen's with the Bristol area. But the an acre.

Robin Reeves industry a considerable time, Queen's with the Bristol area. But the area area.

across Offe's Dyke.

year and it should be completed major new space in the city. by the mid-1980s. Mr. Nicholas Edwards, the new Secretary of State for Wales, has pledged that it will be exempted from general cuts in public expenditure on roads. A further recent influence on

the Welsh property market has been the activities of the Land Authority for Wales which, uniquely in the UK, has been vested with sole responsibility. for carrying out the provisions of the 1975 Community Land Act. Although the Government is firmly committed to repealing the Act, the Land Authority is widely regarded, certainly in the building industry, as having done a good job in easing the flow of development land by assembling sites and tackling ownership complications without treading on a large number of toes in the process. Its future at present hangs in the balance, but its market intervention over the past three years has not prévented development land prices from recovering to the levels touched before the market downturn some six years

feeling the effects of the market so ft. In the town of Bridgend turnround more than anywhere itself both shops and small office else. In the Welsh capital, re-accommodation rae coming in development of a significant part for a facelift; with the latter of the city centre is now pressing presently fetching as much as ahead rapidly after years of £2 a sq ft and over. the restlink by the Conservative of the city centre is now pressing delay, while further south major. By contrast, the market in

Work is due to begin in nearing completion close to Car-earnest on the A55 within a diff's main station, as the only That said, significant amounts of refurbished accommodation are starting to come forward to meet a good demand for improved and expanded offices up

to 20,000 sq ft. , On prices, whereas a year ago, there was very little movement, with rents still stuck at around £3.25-£3.50 a sq ft, now the going rate is £4-£4.50 a sq ft and there is encouraging interest in new

Rents for warehouse accommodation have similarly risen steadily over the past 12 months from as low as £1 a sq ft to approaching £1,50 today, though there is now very little on the

The strong interest being shown in Bridgend has, naturally enough, followed the decision of the Ford Motor Company to site its new European engine plant adjacent to the town (encouraged in turn by the M4 extension), which seems likely to boost the area's presperity considerably when it opens next year. There is at present a marked dearth of warehouse accommodation in the vicinity, and rents have shot In the main centres, Cardiff up some 50 per cent in the past and Bridgend are undoubtedly 12 months to around £1.35 a

A55- dual carriageway plans are in hand for the East Newport has been slower to the English border Moors and docks area rehability pick up, maintaining its tradine engine police moors and doces area remaine, a tional discount to Cardiff in For many properties, £2,000 an

AFTER FIVE years in relative Wales is far from insulated main shopping street, has just so ft development, and inquiries fieldruing, the property market from the mainstream of been sold to the Antomobile are reported to be improving fieldruing, the property market from the mainstream of been sold to the Antomobile are reported to be improving field with property price movements. Association, leaving only Heron considerably, Good warehousnig less easy to find as the value of Newport and Chepstow as distribution centres, close to the interchange of the M4 and M5, becomes more widely appreciated. This was undoubtedly an important consideration behind Jamaico Producers' decision a few weeks ago to switch its banana shipments and distribution from Shoreham, Kent, to

> To the west, in Swansea, it is a sign of the times that a further 84,000 sq ft of new office spare are under construc-tion as well as the quadrant shopping centre development which is going well. In fact, Swansea has proved a surpris-ingly fruitful market for new office accommodation. Around 400,000 sq ft have been let over the past eight years, mainly to Government and local authority

departments. Much of Wales is clearly sharing the general rise in house prices which has gathered strength over the past 12-18 months, with the Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan area maintaining its position as the most expensive market for housing outside London. Over the past 12 months, residential property values have increased on average by at least 30 per cent and so far show no signs of slackening. Demand is particularly concentrated on properties with individual character, with significant numbers going to auction because of the difficulties of valution in present

Farmland, too, has been affected by increased demand.

INDUSTRIAL ACCOMMODATION AVAILABLE

IRVINE

14,000 sq.ft. of modern single storey accommodation situated close to the harbour.

LONDON E.C.1

24,000 sq.ft. arranged on ground and three upper floors within easy reach of the City and West End.

NOTTINGHAM

34,750 sq.ft. of single storey accommodation situated close to the City and approximately 31/2 miles from the M1 Motorway.

KILMAURS

42,230 sq.ft. situated in a traditional industrial area of Scotland, within easy reach of Kilmarnock, Irvine and Glasgow.

REDRUTH

94,000 sq.ft. and 60,000 sq.ft. Two modern single storey factory premises in the heart of Cornwall's industrial region.

01-493 3841 54 BROOK STREET, LONDON W1

Make your new factory án Epic one.

Estates Property Investment Company are developing new industrial/warehouse accommodation in the following locations:-

SITTINGBOURNE - KENT

CHEADLE HEATH - STOCKPORT

TRAFFORD PARK - MANCHESTER

POYNTON — CHESHIRE



Gets to the heart of your industrial accommodation problem.

For details apply to the Group Surveyor-Estates Property Investment Company Ltd., Epic House, East Street, Epsom, Surrey. Tel: Epsom 24942.



New Court Property Fund

Assets £32,000,000

a Property Unit Trust for tax exempt Pension Funds

continues to seek on behalf of over one hundred subscribers

First Class Property Investments

particularly Shop, Office, Industrial and Agricultural Properties .

in lots of £250,000 - £3M Please contact with details
David Doubble M.A., F.R.I.C.S. Surveyor
N. M. Rothschild & Sons Limited

P.O Box No. 185 London EC4P 4DU 01-626 4356

EAST MIDLANDS

Good sites in demand

has been strong for some time; Important initiatives to provide rentals have risen and develop-ment has proceeded apace, with the main complaint-notably in Derby-that suitable sites are in short supply.

In office accommodation demand is moving back into line with supply, and there are plans for new development in certain sectors. Even at Leicester,

sq ft of industrial accommodation is already under construction or scheduled for an early which achieved notoriety start. Rentals for 5.000 sq ft upon private new development because of its empty office blocks, agents report that shortages might soon emerge in units command a price closer to region there is a growing

In Nottingham some 600,000 report that it is difficult to break £2 even for the smaller units. The market remains buoyant and the principal constraint certain parts of the city.

Large-scale new retail developments at Derby. Notingham, Leicester and Northampton in recent years against command a price closer to region there is a growing feeling there is a growing demand for freehold ownership, partly as security against anticlegramme to provide 169.000 sq ft pated higher levels of inflation. Complaints about site availability seem loudest in Derby,

already built more than 800,000 square feet of factories, has another 133,000 currently under construction. Units which range in size from just over 4,000 sq ft: to 40,000 sq ft are on offer at between £1.45 and £1.75.

Private developers are also active in Northampton, which benefits from good communica-tions with the Midlands and the South East and investment an

nursery units have been taken by local authorities at Leicester, Nottingham and Derby and by the development corporation at Northampton, which is a designated new town.

In Northampton the development corporation at designated new town.

In Northampton the development corporation at designated new town.

In Northampton the development corporation at the leicester in units of between 1,000 and is offering fully-serviced industing grave House, which forms part in units of between 1,000 and is offering fully-serviced industing grave House, which forms part in units of between 1,000 and is offering fully-serviced indust.

Stores Road, will be carried out between half an acre and 50 development. Anglia House is pointly with a private developer acres. More than 80 acres are in older property with 27,000 and is offering fully-serviced indust.

At Leicester rentals have development corporation which is a companies from outside the city in units of between 1,000 and is offering fully-serviced indust.

At Leicester rentals have jointly with a private developer acres. More than 80 acres are so in older property with 27,000 and is offering fully-serviced indust.

At Northampton the developer available at Moulton Park for service distance of the new Grosvenor shopping than 100 and is offering fully-serviced indust.

At Northampton the developer available at Moulton Park for service distance of the new Grosvenor shopping than 100 and is offering fully-serviced indust.

At Northampton the developer available at Moulton Park for service distance of the new Grosvenor shopping than 100 and is offering fully-serviced indust.

At Northampton which is a company of the new Grosvenor shopping than 100 and is offering fully-serviced indust.

At Northampton which is a company of the new Grosvenor shopping than 100 and is offering fully-serviced indust.

At Northampton are shopping than 100 and is offering fully-serviced indust. industrial use.

The glut of offices in the East
Midlands caused by the excesses of the property boom at the beginning of the present the small and middle range second is now disappearing. In Leicester, where latest estimates strongest. A 9,000 sq ft block suggest around 675,000 sq ft of which cast be split into sates accommodation are currently has recently been completed at available, agents point out that the small and middle range second accommodation are currently has recently been completed at available, agents point out that the Parade and is on offer at even if the market were in balance some 200,000 sq ft would be vacant because of tenancles Shopping changing hands.

Lettings have been strong over the past nine months and more than 300,000 sq ft of offices has gone off the market. In general rents have remained fairly stable around the £1.50 a sq ft mark, but three fairly distinct sectors can be identified. The prime area is around New Walk, which tends to be smaller units used by the pro-fessions. Rents in that quarter

to £1.50 a square foot, are be-ginning to move. Car parking is sometimes a problem, how-

approach economic levels. Some

The third sector embraces sites around the inner ring road, for example, at Vaughan Way and Burley's Way. Here the market tends to be more variable, with rentals ranging from perhaps 80p to £1.50 a square foot.

At Nottingham office lettings have been strong over the past six months. Of perhaps 840,000 square feet currently on the market only 20 per cent is completaly new and a large section. can be regarded as secondary accommodation. Rents have moved up to around £2.50 and £2.75 2 square foot with levels 25,000 sq ft refurbishment of £3 achieved for small units. scheme.

In Derby, demand for offices has improved during the year, eating into what for the local authority was regarded as a somewhat embarrassing surplus. Rents have remained fairly stable at around £2 a sq ft.

The apparently high level of

THE EAST Midlands property market has bounced back strongly from the low point of early 1974. Demand for factories and warehouses in a region with has a shown the arrowance of city sites, is the units of the position of the development corresponding to the develop and warehouses in a region with that has shown the quickest year.

a diverse industrial base and a sound labour relations record ing activity is taking place.

The council takes encourage of the fact that around for some time. Around 60,000 in October this year of under construction. 100,000 sq ft of factories, mostly The development corporation sq ft are still available in Bellin units of harmon 1,000

rentals at around £3.50 a sq ft.

Shopping

Northampton is the latest of the main East Midlands popula-tion centres to press ahead with a new central area shopping development. The 300,000 sq ft development. The 300,000 sq ft Grosvenor Centre has proved a great success, and very high premiums are paid for any shops that become available. The second phase of the Grosvenor scheme, which will

smaller units used by the professions. Rents in that quarter
have risen to around £2 a restaurant end-other schildies,
square foot and are expected to
approach economic levels. Some
agents forecast that within the
centre, 250,000 ag. iff retail
next 13 months rentals will have
improved to perhaps £3:50 er
£4 with shortages beginning to
appear.

Offices in the city centre,
usually on offer at around £1.25
to £1.50 a square foot, are beginning to move. Car parking

Keynes, only 20 miles to the

Keynes, only 20 miles to the south of the town, plans to open 1m sq ft shopping centre in

August this year.

Evidence of that confidence is provided by the demolition now underway of the former Notre Dame school on a 3 acre site in Northampton's town centre. The developers hope to get planning consent for a primarily retail complex, which might include a new hotel.

in Leicester, a 22,000 sq ft shop has already been let in the Belgrave Gate development: another 40,000 sq ft is on offer at £160,000 a year rental. At Market Place South all 10 units ere let or under offer in a

against the background of the prosperous and diverse East Midlands economy. prospects for all the principal retail centres can only be good.

Arthur Smith

MDON. N22-1

with availa

0000-60,01

WITH MANCH

Whit close to

6000-75.0C

Rehold

MOON NW10

Salquariers

Clory Office F

Midlands Correspondent



The Rotunda and Manzoni Gardens in the centre of Birmingham.

WEST MIDLANDS

Inner city impetus

THE DETERMINATION to and machine tool industries and those near or in retirement as on the major space users like boost the West Midlands indus- those dependent upon them, to tourists. Not surprisingly, the food, drug store and general trial economy is reflected in the Alfred Herbert, once the domiactive property market that nating tool producer and factor exists even in the more languid in the UK, is still completing a backwaters. It is especially radical rationalisation pronoticeable in the emphasis now gramme which will leave more being put on smaller sites for new businesses, stemming from Government and local authority an industrial estate is emerging. concern to cultivate the industrial seed bed of small and one trial estate on the former 20-man enterprises. Demand for acre Royal Naval stores depot, smaller office suites has also which is in process of being let

But while some areas are booming, others are faring less well. Coventry, for instance, is passing through another of its perennial encounters between management and men which has so weakened the automotive

room for other industry to move into its Red Lane district, where This is the central city indusin units of 15,000 sq ft or more

Among other significant developments are those at Grove-lands industrial estate. a few hundred yards from the M6, offering 10.640 to 32,200 sq ft units, and the city council's own development of advance nursery units at Aldermans Green and Stonebridge Highway. The first 50 units sold out early.

The industrial and commercial property market has been rather more active than the resi-dential market. Like other motor industry centres that experienced hectic post-war growth and unprecedented prosperity, Coventry sucked in a lot of "foreigners," especially Irishmen. With the revival of the Irish economy, offering better job prospects, there has been something of an exodus. Coventry has lost its status as an employment magnet, a fact that has been reflected in house prices. A pre-war two-up and two-down can still be bought for around £9.000. A similar home in nearby Leamington Spa would almost certainly cost around £12,000, and in the sought after Stratford-upon-Avon old town, up to £20,000.

At the extremity of the West Midlands, Hereford seems possibly to have overplayed its hand in trying to become a greater commercial and industrial force. True, it has wellestablished and thriving concerns like Bulmers, the cider maker, and Denco-Miller, lubrication and compressor specialists, but a large part of its prosperity walks around on four legs, epitomised through the Hereford Herd Book Society. It is a far more balanced society than the more industrialised areas of the West Midlands. a beautiful county whose distinctive black and white houses are as attractive to Worcester-arc more dependent

in the West Midlands.

Hereford looks more towards Cheltenbam and Gloucester than it does to the capital city of the West Midlands, Birmingham. But as one moves nearer to Birmingham one begins to enter the southern commuter area of the conurbation as can be seen from the rush hour traffic along the M5.

Nearer

Will the increasing price of petrol persuade a significant number of people to move nearer to railway stations or to Birmingham and the Black Country? Estate agents are undecided. The southern and south western commuting regions, and that to the west Wolverhampton, in Shropshire, are considered to be more susceptible to such changes than, say the north and north-east around Lichfield and Tamworth. fast growing industrial and commercial areas which are well served by rail and motorway. Some housing develop-ments, like that at Burntwood, are going ahead so fast, partly in response to demands of expanding industries, that they are raising protests from existing residents.

Many of those who are

pushing this expansion in the newer industrial areas have Birmingham and the Black Country, Both areas suffered severely from indusrationalisation and closures both by the private sector and state enterprises. Wolvernampton has battled manfully against a succession of problems, and its new shopping centre and strengthened commercial ties have helped to maintain a reasonable level of shop and office rentals. But although it is the major city on the west of the conurbation, linking both country and industry it lacks the efficient communications of Coventry or the resources of Birmingham, the financial and commercial capital of the region. The dayto-day economy, and hence property values in Wolverhamp-

ton-and in other cities such as

prices are among the highest merchandise supermakets. Office rentals in Coventry command up to £3 a sq. ft., but only £2.50 in Wolverhampton.

Further west in Shrewsbury, a thriving county town that has expanded quicker than most people expected and which is coming up against the physical limits of what it can absorb.

The developers, particularly of warehousing units, have been kept busy meeting the demand stimulated by the success of the National Exhibition Centre. And since Government and local authority initiatives have been taken to develop and refurbish the inner city areas, industrial property values have been rising quite fast. In the past year or so they have probably risen by a fifth or more and currently are fetching around £60,000 an acre, with isolated examples of up to £90,000. The main imepetus has come from the inner city schemes, together with refurbishing of decaying suburbs, which have influenced property prices widely.

A sign of the accelerating husiness confidence has been the occupation of big city blocks that have been empty for three or four years. Five Ways and some sections of the ringway roads are examples, and there is now a shortage of land in the more favoured areas. Top rents around Colmore Row and the come from the older ones in cathedral fetch £5 a sq. ft., but where-along Hagley Road for have example—there are sizeable blocks of offices on offer suites ran he had for £2.25-£2,50. However, current predictions are that as the vacancies are taken up prices will rise towards £4 a square foot for air-conditioned premises. The same trend is to be seen in some of the faster developing areas such as Solihull and Sutton Coldfield, and also Shirley, where the Cranmore industrial estate has been brought nearer the NEC and the motorway network by the M42. Like the Fort indus-trial estate handily placed near junction 5 of the M6 and is now being developed on 25 acres, these, and others in similarly well placed areas, should find no lack of customers.

Peter Cartwright

Montpelier International Properties

PORT GRIMAUD - SOUTH OF FRANCE NO DOLLAR PREMIUM - 50% MORTGAGE

· Your own mooring in your own garden The bewitching cherm of Proyeuge

individually styled fishermen's confedes A proven investment for perfect holidays/retirement

Apartments from FF 410,000—3-room house from FF 710,000
4-room house from FF 830,000—5-room house from FF 860,000
THERE WILL NEVER SE ANOTHER PORT GRIMAUD
Brochure from: 9 Milher Street, London, SWS. Tel: 01-581 0218

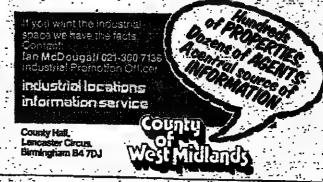
Montpelier International Properties

BOCA WEST - FLORIDA NO DOLLAR FREMIUM - TO 80% MORTGAGE

· Fastest growing state in the USA Low interest rates - 12 months' suriching

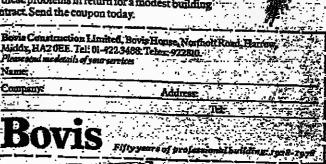
Low density country setate.

3 championship solf courses
 Tennis course lakes — swimming pools
 Apartments: 2-bed from £42,000, 3-beds from £70,000
 Viltas: 2-bed from £52,000, 3-bed from £50,000
 Brochure: 8 Milner St., London, SW3: Tel: 01-581 0218. Telesc 8952191



syour problem here?

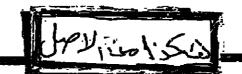
Site but no tenant? Site but no funds? Purchaser but no suitable scheme? All the above but no construction manager? Good scheme but building cost too high? Bovis Construction Limited make a habit of solving all these problems in return for a modest buildin contract. Send the coupon today.



On behalf of Pensions & Charities Property Fund we are continuing to seek prime shop, office and industrial investments. Finance available for developments and leaseback transactions. Details to J. R. Oxley, B.Sc., FRICS. 21 Soho Square, Tel: 01-437 6977 London W1V 6AX Telex: 267397

Pensions & Charities

Property Fund



THE NORTH EAST

A depressed market

IN EARLY May the North gave birth to its own quoted property company North British Proper-ties, formed out of the splitting

Holdings.

The directors had believed for some time that the stock warket had regarded Believey largely as a housebuilder—its historic function—and significantly undervalued the property assets developed over 20 years or a second office and shoo development in the Newcastle area. The property portfolio had grown during the time from \$541,000 to \$22.76m, producing a fent roll of \$12.00 Borrowings attributable to that portfelio and the \$3.6m worth of buildings—under construction mildings under construction

The centrepiece of the com-mercial side is the Regent mercial side is the Regent Centre at Gosforth outside New-castle, where \$85,000 so it in six blocks have been built and fully let out of a planned total of 500,000 so it. There are another six office blocks elsewhere in the country and eight central area shopping sentres, as well as a portfolio of shopas well as a portfolio of shop-ping parades and misselfaneous units. Three major shopping centres are under way, the largest of which is 114,000 sq ft in Kirkcaldy in Scotland. The shop development at Gosforth

Reminder

The successful flotation of development sites, were North British produces a much-575m geeded reminder that not all

facing recession. However, the revolution based on North Sea and lobbies for individual probulk of the news coming from oil. the region is still bleak. Tyneside is still haemorrhaging jobs, one of the most recent being 750 at Vickers Scotswood heavy engineering plant, which is to close. On Teesside ICI wants to cut back 1,200 jobs on its petrochemicals plants over three years. It has also halted construction on its £80m vinyl chloride monomer plant at Wilton The Phillips oil and gas terminal is also three years behind schedule and facing

The paradox of the North is that its central position in the country's industrial progress is insufficient to boost its own prosperity. Once the centre of the 19th-century coal and stell revolution, it is now the

wildly escalating costs.

companies in the North are epi-centre of today's industrial by over-competitive marketing

But the old industries, now in inevitable decline, were labour intensive. The new are capital hungry. So the North is left with an unemployment level of as much as 12 per cent, comprising the most highly skilled and workforce in flexible country.

The region has been target of governmental support for many years. It is now also benefiting from the EEC's regional aid policy. After Scotland it is the second highest recipient of aid from that

Nearly the whole of the North was a development area until last week's revision of Government regional aid by Sir Keith Joseph. Ahead of his announce ment several of the special development areas in the North had started a campaign to seek extra Government help. Now they must face the fact-in several cases—that they will get even less, having been downgraded to development or even intermediate status.

This is intended, of course, to focus even more attention on the depressed areas, but it will not much of a boost to the others.

Perhaps the phasing out of grants to the intermediate areas will enable them to maintain some sort of edge, although the differential between development areas and the special pockets remain slim. Building grants for instance, are to be 22 per cent in the special areas and 15 per cent in the develop-

One other essential for effective regional aid must be the halting of divisive competitiveness between the local areas within the region. This does not apply only to the North. The same criticism — that money. effort and skill are being wasted

iects - can be levied throughout the assisted areas.

A recent example concerned Inmos, the National Enterprise Board-backed venture into the microprocessor industry. Over 100-local authorities have been competing for Inmos's planned manufacturing plant. Tyne and Wear alone has offered eight tailor-made sites together with a subsidies package worth £9m.

In fact Newcastle is well placed to be the home for Inmos (whether it remains an NEB subsidiary or is floated off to the public as is rumoured). One of Immos's parents is Newcastle University, and the county has already committed £300,000 the Microelectronic Applications Research Institute there.

If Inmos was to locate in the area this could spawn a service industry basis not dissimilar to that which Aberdeen has seen in onshore oil servicing. In any case the oil-related industries which have settled in the North East are already affecting the warehouse sector, particularly on the south side of Newcastle.

This area, which has good access to the A1(M), is proving attractive to distribution groups who are willing to pay around £1.30 per fout for space. The same level applies on the popular Type Tunnel Estate, which is now virtually fully

Latest statistics show empty industrial space still on an up-ward cycle, but the overall figures are distorted by empty factories coming on to the market through closures. Warehousing space is not exactly at premium, but supply and demand is fairly well balanced.

The bulk of industrial building is carried out by the English Industrial Estates Corporation. Last year it finished 700,000 sq ft of space. This year nearly 500,000 sq ft are under construction and a further 600,000 so it are in the pipeline.

On the offices front, rents are still too low in the main to warrant new building, particularly of a speculative nature. But supply is short and somehow will have to be increased if the region is to provide space for the administrative support

departments for the new

industries.

In Newcastle rents are just creeping over the £3 a sq ft mark but could move ahead through under-supply. Less than 150,000 sq ft were on the mar-ket at the beginning of this year, although local ageras believe the city could comfortably absorb 300,000 sq ft. There are schemes with detailed planning permission which match that level, and there is a similar amount further down the pipeline, so supply and demand could end up balanced

over the next couple of years,

thereby holding rents fairly

Middlesbrough also reflects rents of around £3 and has 160,000 sq ft of vacant space number of sites earmarked by the local authority for office development. In Gateshead space is at a premium and rents are pushing the same level. This has stimulated a mini-boom of office building permissions amounting to nearly

Christine Moir

Quilter Hilton Goodison & Co.

Stockbrokers

Investment Property Service

We started our property service in 1962.

We have provided the service to institutional investors day by day, week by week, in good] times and bad. It is a continuing and comprehensive commentary on the property industry and embraces detailed studies of more than forty listed companies.

We also act as a corporate adviser to a number of listed and unlisted property companies.

If you would like to know more about investing in listed property shares or about how we can help your company, whether it is listed or unlisted, please write to us or tele-

> Members of the Stock Exchange Quilter Hilton Goodison & Co. Garrard House 31-45 Gresham Street London EC2V 7LH

Telephone: 01-600 4177



A modern shopping centre in Sunderland

THE NORTH WEST

Still above average

WITH INCREASING inflation, in the region is reducing. At political change, such supply 16.7m sq.ft the total is now 6.3m incertainties and debate on the down on a peak of 23m at the future of regional aid, prespects, end of 1976, according to a for some sectors of property in survey by agents Edward Rushine North West might be ex too, son and Kenyon. In the peried to point to contion, particularly, in development of

rondary sites. Fo date the buoyant tone of factory and warehouse trket has been sustained as the sector showing the fastest facult, and industrial floor-space available for sale or let

maustra

LONDON, N22-WOOD GREEN

30,000-60,000 sqt

New Unit close to M62

available March 1980

25,000-75,000 saft

Headquarters

n here

New Units available January 1980

on Agents Noman Histifield Ryde and Browne Tel 01-486 4601

NORTH MANCHESTER-HEYWOOD

THE NOW FOR SALE

Factory/Office Building 62,000 san

189 Brompton Road London SW3 (RS **01-581 1477**

LONDON, NW 10-ACTON LANE

Joint Agents: Grantend Partners Tel: 01-629 8501

past year it has fallen by almost 10 per cent. An estimated onethird of the current total is in new or modern properties. There has been a strong take-up of new units as demand has kept abreast of available supply, says

institution.
Cheshire and Greater Man-

chester contributed most to the regional reduction in modern floorspace. Cheshire was "remarkably buoyant" in the market for modern single and twostorey buildings, with only 330,000 sq ft available in June. while Greater Manchester had dropped to 160,000 sq ft. But there was also evidence of companies choosing to purchase older or second-hand properties rather than rent new accommodation, especially in manufacturing Lancashire had shown a significant increase in availability of older properties but there had been little overall

change on Merseyside. Above

under construction with occu-pation available within six show that the North months show that the North West is well above the national average, with a 24 per cent in-crease from 17m to 2.1m so ft this year, according to King and Co. This appeared to indicate a view by developers that the region "probably had the most potential outside London." Much current demand centres on new, smaller units below 10,000 sq ft, including nursery scale projects which find ready tenants, and there is growing evidence that they are filling need not only for embryonic some-bred companies but much larger external companies seeking a North West depot loca-

industrial buildings

Direct local authority initiatives in developing small units continue. Liverpool's success with 60 of its own units has been followed by a Department of Industry decision, thought to be the first, to allow the city to handle 24 of its advance factories. So far 16 of these have been placed. Manchester, which can also claim success with one building, the with its first 26 units, has more in the pipeline. This month Greater Manchester Council opened 10 nursery factories, ranging from 2,000 to 5,000 sq ft, at Salford and Manchester built at Salford and Manchester built under the inner cities programme. Many are already let

or under negotiation.

With the new awakening to the regeneration of inner city areas there will be close interest and private development. In ting on Manchester Industrial Estate, being developed by Röwlinson Constructions in partnership with the city council, has been completed for a 14,400 so it advance factory at a rent of £1.75 sq ft claimed to be a two other blocks. record for an industrial estate The most promi

Investments, part of Ladbroke. ment not totally dependent on At the same time a number of large vacated factories have found buyers, among them the former Leesona textile machinery plant, 261,000 sq ft. operation Little new office development

at Heywood, Lancashire, purchased by Tetrysyl for close to the aiking price of £850,000. In Manchester the 125,000 sq ft office and laboratory of Ciba-Geigy was sold to Ferranti. The biggest modern factory on offer in the North West at

present is big by any standard.
Speculator interest in the
former Courtaulds weaving mill, 624,000 sq ft, at Skelmsersdale New Town may first need the stimulus of a tenant and a good covepant coming forward for a significant slice of it. There is a shortage of prime

industrial sites in many parts of the North West, and competition for those that remain is keen, with values rising consierably. Contrasting the situation with 1977, when a developer could expect to be in competition with two or three rivals for a prime 5-10 acre site, agents Richard Ellis points out that today it is possible he will find himself in competition with as many as 15 others.

In an analysis of rental trends in the North West agents Bernard Thorpe and Partners points to a rise of 6½ per cent to £1.45-£1.60 for prime locations in Manchester over the last six months, pusting up to £1.70. Secondary rents are in the range 75p-£1.10. Liverpool prime rates are put at £1.35, secondary up to £1 and North West Lancashire the same.

Manchester's surplus of new city-centre offices, product of aggressive speculative develop-ment in the early 1970s, has been whittled down substantially to something in the region of 700,000-800,000 sq ft, with one building, the dominant Arndale block, accounting for

Speculation

Talks currently going on could confirm speculation about a major first letting being in the offing. If this proved correct it would account for around 100,000 sq ft and serve as a wider stimulus to the modern in the progress of both public office market in central Manchester. At the same time talks inner Manchester the first let- are in progress which could lead to one of the supporting blocks of 90,000 sq ft in the associated Market Place development being converted to hotel use. Rents of £3.25 and £2.75 per so ft have been secured for

The most prominent developin Manchester. A start has been ment site available in Manmade on Piccadilly Trading chester at present is the former Estate, another inner area Central Station, Civic leaders project, which is being de are now advocating a more

a single comprehensive scheme to be implemented in one

has taken place in Manchester since 1974 and new starts are unlikely in the foreseeable future. But planning per-missions exist and one of the largest schemes, Laing Developments Capital Centre, envisages a further eight blocks over a decade to provide total space of გვნ,000 sq. ft.

Meanwhile, there is strong demand for office space in towns to the south of Manchester. Small, prestigious blocks in places like Wilmslow, Knutsford and Alderley Edge find ready takers at rents around £4 per sq it although at Stretford, closer to the city, modern accommodation can still be obtained at £1.50.

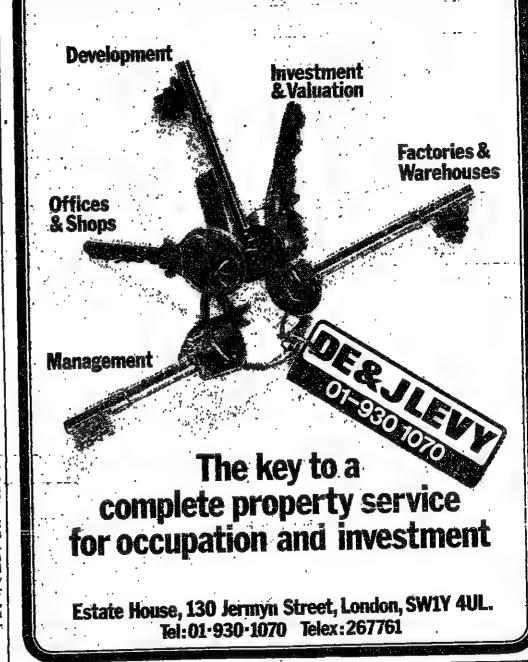
Demand

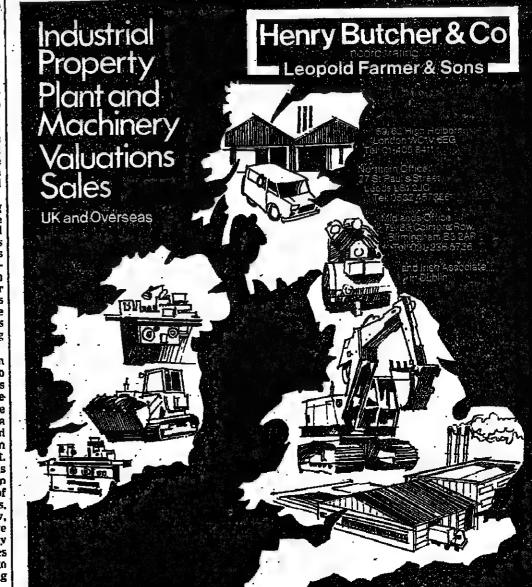
Bernard Thorpe reports continued demand for prime office space in Liverpool at rents around £4 per sq ft. Unlike Manchester, the city has had no major surplus of new accom-modation, and this is reflected in rentel levels, which tend to be ahead of Manchester. New developments include a 100,000 sq ft block by British Land. Two blocks of 70,000 sq ft each are planned at the Moorfields site. Preparations are in hand for major developments at the former Exchange State Station site to accommodate dispersed Civil Service departments.

There has been a strong recovery in demand for prime shops in both Liverpool and Manchester. In both cities major central developments have had implications for established shopping areas, and in Manchester the move, actual or imminent, of C & A. Littlewoods and British Home Stores to the major Arndale development has put 200,000 sq ft of shopping space on the market But the move by Boots from

its Royal Exchange premises to a new, purpose-built style has been followed by a Glengate Properties scheme to convert five Royal Exchange footage into a compact, fashion - orientated centre providing 50 units on three levels covering 72,000 sn ft. It is due for completion this autumn, and agents Dunion Heywood reports a high level of inquiry. Outside the cities, towns like Stockport, Bury, Bolton and Warrington have over - subscribed by potential retailers, and pressures for representation have led to substantial premiums being

Tom Heaney





Continuing popularity

of the most striking "success stories" of post-war Britain.

of the New Towns in attracting response to a combination of nearly 3,000 industrial companies and a total population of stances, in particular to deabout 2.25m people over the mands for better living condilast 30 years which led Mr. Peter Secretary, to offer the New urban conurbations and the Towns a new lower-key role in need to provide new employthe overall regional strategy in ment and a stronger industrial

Behind that decision was a feeling that the first-generation Act the Government set up of New Towns had served their urnose and a fear that the continuing success of New Town development could only be at the expense of the run down inner city areas.

have come to grips with their efficiency, the expansion of

32 New Towns is perhaps one attractive option for industrial of the future New Towns.

The first generation of New Ironically it was the success Towns were developed in economic and social circumtions coupled with a desire to former Environment ease the congestion of the major

comprehensive administrative hitherto existing planning and development machinery operated primarily by the authorities. The task of the new However, 19 months after Mr. machinery was to plan, develop Shore's decision the New Towns and manage, with the maximum

quent development of the UK's potential private investor an were to be the embryonic forms localities has also given rise to ruary this year that the target

The key to the new machinery success of the New Town idea -was the Development Corporation, a semi-autonomous Government body acting under the direction of a Development Commission the members of which were to be appointed by the Secretary of State for the Environment

Straddled between the existing machinery of central and government, drawing funds to pay for the roads, houses and industrial estates the Treasury while the authorities provided health, education, social services and the utilities, the Development Corporation has enjoyed a unique position.

The success of the New Town corporations in generating new

agement team is led and staffed in part by experts from the New As the New Towns reach their target populations and the first generation of New Towns Corporations are dissolved it is to be hoped that the expertise involved in their creation and development will not be lost from the UK Certainly this is a fear that has been expressed by some people in the aftermath

of Mr. Shore's decision

The review conducted by the Department of the Environ-ment in 1976-77 of New Town strategy was the first full review since the mid-1960s. In commenting upon the review Mr. Shore said it had ." taken the substantia national and population trends, of changes in our economic climate changed conditions in our major cities and of changed attitudes of the conurbation authorities towards population movement and of the new balance that we are seeking to achieve between development within the cities and dvelopment outside."

As a result Mr. Shore proposed a series of major changes in the growth targets for some of the New Town authorities and the winding up of the earlier New Town Corporations. He said the Development Corporations in either of the earlier New Towns had largely and successfully completed the purnose for which they were established and would be wound up within five years.

Mr. Shore decided against the areas of Bracknell and Skelmersdale and against any further expansion of Redditch. Bracknell, which has a population of about 50,000 and a target population of 60,000, has had Tarch 1982 as the target date for winding up the Development Corporation. In Skelmersdale to the area.

THE SETTING up and subse- new role and can still offer the villages and small towns which industrial investment for their Mr. Shore announced in Feba suggestion that the problems date for handing over the New of the inner cities might best Town property to the New -and many would argue to the be solved by new-town style Towns Commission will be April 1984. The town at present has bodies. It is perhaps significant,

a population of about 40,000 for example, that in Docklands the recently established manand a target of 61,000. June 1982 has been set as the date which time the New Town should be close to its 70,000 population target.

The population targets of Basildon Basildon (130,000), (70,000) and Runcorn (70,000) were left unaltered by Mr. Shore, Basildon is due for completion in September 1983. Corby in March next year and Runcorn in December 1981. The future growth of Harlow and Stevenage is to be placed in the hands of the local authorities and dissolution dates of September and June 1980 respectively have been set.

Statement

These eight New Towns, together with Crawley, Hatfield, Hemel Hempstead, Welwyn Garden City and four New Towns in Northern Ireland, Antrim, Ballymens, Craigavon Londonderry, form the first and second generation of New Towns which have either been handed over to the Commission as " complete " or which will be handed over during the next four years.

In November last year Mr. Shore made a further statement on the three New Towns in the Aycliffe, Peterice and Washington. These towns, he said, had been asked to continue their contribution towards industrial development in the North East with all possible vigour."
Housing in Aycliffe and

Peterlee has been transferred the local authority and Washington's housing is due to Borough Council in 1980, with scheduled December 1982. Nevertheless, because of the industrial needs of the region, all three New Towns were asked to continue their work attracting new jobs

Housing at Neath Hill, Milton Keynes The six third-generation New Towns launched in the mid- the New Town population tar-1960s have been set lower populates by about 380,000, but it is lation targets although development momentum is to be maintained. Mr. Shore said these New Towns must do more to help the inner cities by taking a higher proportion of disadvantaged people and also do more "to meet the growing demand for owner occupation." Following discussions with the

In Milton Keynes the Development Corporation was asked to induce population growth until the mid-1980s with a target of 150,000, although with natural growth the final target was set 200,000 insterd of the

local authorities, lower popula-

tion targets were agreed.

In Northampton the Develop-Corporation has been induce: growth to 173,000 by 1982, leading through natural growth to a population of 180,000 by 1990 instead of the original target of 230,000. At Peterborough induced and

natural growth is intended to lead to a population of about 160,000 by the mid-1980s instead he transferred to Sunderland of the original target of 180,000. The population target for Telford was reduced from 220,000 to 150,000 by 1990, for Warrington from 205,000; to 170,000 by the late 1980s. The population target for

Central Lancashire New Town

the full effect these changes: have had on New Town Development. What is clear however is that the New Towns can still offer major advantages to new industrial development through provision of serviced industrial sites, housing for employees, high standard civic and social amentities and, in those New Towns which are in the assisted areas, the various loans, grants and guarantees which form part of the regional industrial strategy.

Majority

A recent survey by the magazine Business Location File showed that the vast majority of companies which had set up in a New Town would recommend their New Town to another company looking for a new site. The survey also showed that New Town-factories had lower levels of absenteelsm and better perform- attended by delegates from ance than factories elsewhere, more than 24 countries, will

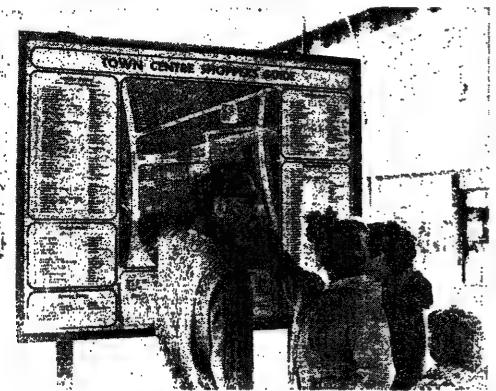
One significant feature of the New Towns has been the low level of home ownership, which in most is well below the national average of 54 per cent as 17 per cent. This is in part was set at 285,000.

In total Mr. Shore reduced Government's decision to restrict sales of houses to sitting tenants and the result of the porations to build three houses for rent to every one for sale. This policy, however, has now been reversed by the Conservative Covernment which, this month, lifted restrictions on New Town Corporations building for sale.

The New Town idea is to be discussed at a major Commonwealth conference organised by the East Kilbride Development the Commonwealth Institute in September. East Kilbride was, in 1947, the first New Town in Scotland and has grown from a village of 2,400 into the sixth largest town or city in Scotland. In three decades \$2,000 jobs have been created in 370 in dustrial and 400 commercial companies. Over 23,000 bouses have been built together with 270 shops, 32 schools and 24 churches. More than 250,000 people now live in the five Scottish New Towns:

The conference, which will be examine the role of New Town and the potential for New Town developments overseas. It will opportunity for a detailed examination of the UK's New Towns under their revised role.

Paul Taxlor



A guide for shoppers at Corby New Town

On the instructions of the Peninsular & Oriental Steam Navigation Company

P&O BUILDING CITY OF LONDON E.C.3.



35,570 sq ft TO LET

Top two floors & Piazza level

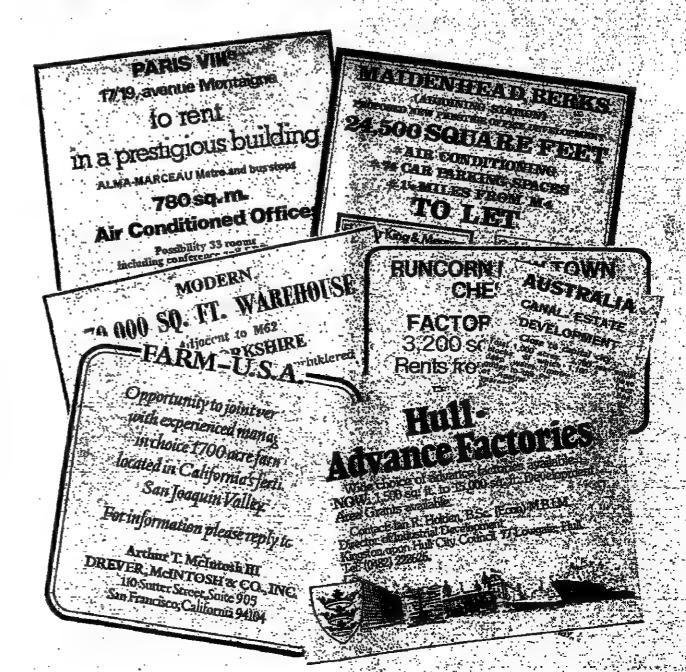
Fully air conditioned • Executive suite and Boardroom • Acoustic ceilings • Fully carpeted Car parking. Lifts. Director/Staff dining accommodation. Storage



George Trollope & MK

P. & O. DECK, P. &-O. BUILDING, LEADENHALL ST, LONDON, E.C.3. 01-283 3641





For details about advertising please contact Cliff Caunter at the Financial Times, Bracken House, 10 Cannon Street, London EC4P 4BY. Tel: 01-248 8000 Ext 234. Telex: 885033.

FINANCIAL TIMES
EUROPE'S BUSINESS NEWSPAPER

A DECISION by the British Government on the fourth passenger terminal for Heathern Airport, designed to raise capacity there from the present 30m to 38m passengers a year, is expected any day new parhaps even before Friday's Parha mentary recess.

The decision of favourable as everybody in the airline industry hopes will go a long way towards easing what is aiready becoming intolerable congestion at the airport. Pas senser traffic flus year is expected to exceed 30m, and saturation level of 30m is expected to be reached next

The decision will be only one. step towards solving the real dilemma of what to do about airports for London and South-Bast England as a whole which Gatwick, giving scope for Zim, means providing enough capa and some limited further city in terms of runways and development at both Stansted in East England as a whole which terminals to cope with the Essex and Luton in Redford-expected growth in traffic shire, the total available capa-through the 1980s and beyond city at these four airports in Apart from the fourth fer. the 1980s would be around 65m

minal at Heafirrow, other passengers a year elements in the problem include Against this, her the British Airports authority's authority's own for desire for a second terminal at Gatwick, to raise capacity there rate of growth, air passengers from the present 16m to 25m in the South-East are likely to nassengers a year by the late 1980s, and, most important of all, whether or not to develop third major airport for

The case for all these projects, in the Authority's and airline industry's view, is unshakeable. Only this past week, Mr. Norman Payne, chairman of the authority, pointed out that even allowing for dearer air fares, stemming from recent oil price rises, traffic can still be expected to expand through the 1980s by about 5 to 8 per cent a year, instead of the 8 to 10 per cent

Allowing for the fourth terminal at Heathrow, giving it capacity of 38m passengers a



Saturation at Heathrow

it. While some part of the development and actual con-expanding traffic could perhaps struction. The conversion of be accommodated at regional an existing military airfield airports, the authority believes would take some 10 years, while year, and a second terminal at it. and again the airlines agree that about 80 per cent of all passengers, will want to use airports in the South-East, because that is where their journeys will begin or end.

Against this, however, the authority's own forecasts indi-cate that, even at the slower The Government is not yet committed to any of these developments, although it may soon decide in favour of the rate of growth, air passengers number 59m a year by 1985, and fourth terminal at Heathrow, 77m by 1990, rising thereafter Even so, that terminal could to some 90m or more a year. not be in service much before It believes that, dearer oil and 1984. The second terminal at dearer fares notwithstanding, Gatwick is to be the subject world air travel will not be of a Public Planning Inquiry, which could drag on for months, so that no decision to build it is turned off like a tap, but is In the light of these figures, likely to be taken until at least the authority believes and the

1981, and it could not be in service much before 1985-86. airlines do not disagree—that there will be a shortfall in avail-The timing of the third airable airport capacity in the port, if it is eventually decided South-East of several million on, depends entirely upon what kind of site it will have. If passengers a year by the mid to late 1980s, even allowing for it is on a new greenfield site, built from scratch, it could take the full operation by that time of both the fourth Reathrow as much as 12 years to be functioning, including the time needed for all the relevant and the second This shortfall is bound to get planning inquiries and land purworse if nothing is done to meet chases, as well as design,

Airports Authority. After look- ing Stansted Airport, with a ing at more than 40 possible runway nearly two miles long, locations, it published in May a but requiring substantial new short-list of a possible six, each terminal buildings before being short-list of a possible six, each of which is being studied able to handle much more further, prior to sending its traffic; and two comparatively recommendations to the Govern- nearby sites, Langley to the ment this autumn. The Study north of Stansted and Willingale Group is unlikely to come down to the south. It could be argued hard and fast in favour of one specific site. Rather, it will produce a list of "graded preferences," leaving the ultimate choice to the Government itself. But the short list has already

aroused considerable, even bitter, debate and can be expected to continue to stir strong emotions. It is a curious list, to say the least, for it includes some sites that have already been rejected by government for various reasons.

All of them are in an arc to the north of London, and all are within about 60 miles or so of the capital. One is at Hoggescivil airfield would be the swiftest option, taking perhaps about seven years. The third lington site chosen by the airport will need, in the authority's view, to be a two-authority's view, to be a two-authority's view, to be a two-cost of some £2m). This was rejected by the Heath Governmentally ton, in Buckinghamshire, and authority's view, to be a (worunway airport, covering about
5,000 acres, and capable of
handling up to 50m passengers
aventually, although
aventually, although
are reclaimed land off the a year eventually, although initially it would probably handle fewer than that.

At best, therefore, the authority would like to see a decision on a third airnort by Essex coast. This was the Heath Government's choice, but was subsequently rejected by the Labour Government in the wake of the 1973-74 oil crisis. It was considered to be too expensive and unjustified in the light of the slackening of air traffic growth at that time—a trend which subsequent years saw substantially reversed, leading to many of today's problems.
The third site is Yardley
Chase, near Milton Keynes
on the Buckinghamshire-Northamptonshire which is really too far from London and too close to both Northampton and Milton Keynes to be a serious con-

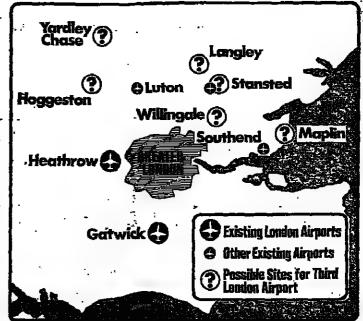
airlines, local authorities, trades The other three sites are all unions, tourist bodies and the in Essex, and include the existthat since Stansted exists, it is pointless to shut it to develop a new airport on either the Langley or Willingale sites. The only factor that appears

JPY isoliSW

to be common to all of these sites, apart from Maplin on reclaimed land, is that they are all in pleasantly rural parts of England, and in areas predominantly middle-class in tone where the opposition is articulate, well-briefed and fierce. In several cases, that opposition has already had to fight bitterly against what it believes to be the unnecessary encroachment of the third airport on its tranquil preserves—at Cublington (Hoggeston), Maplin and Stansted.

Severnside

The Study Group has rejected other possibilities, but there are still some campaigners in the fight. One idea that is still being pressed is for a major international airport on Severaside. But while such an airport may be developed some day, as a replacement for Lulsgate Bottom at Bristol and Rhoose at of the existing western catchment area for Heathrow, it appears to have been ruled out . The Government through the of the Study Group's thinking. Department of Trade, recognose far as the immediate probnises that it has been saddled lem of London and the South-East is concerned. This need has been a recurrent thorn in not imply, however, that the the side of all governments Advisory Group on Airports, since the late 1950s. Policy, also set up by the Mr. Heath in the early 1970s Government to look at long-term thought he had solved it by airports planning on a wider opting for a combined airport national basis, will ignore it.



practical reasons (such as proximity to London) the two sites in the short-list which must attract most attention appear to be Stansted and Maplin-Stansted because it is there already, and would cost least to expand to major airport standards, and Maplin because, although farther away and more expensive, it is the least objectionable environmentally.

The Study Group so far has given no hint of the way its mind is working, but the environmental groups are already lobbying hard against any inland sites being chosen, includ-ing Stansted. If there is any consensus at all among the environmental groups, it is that the airport ought to be sited at Maplin, on reclaimed land, where it will do least environ-Bottom at Bristol and Rhoose at mental damage to the fewest Cardiff, and may even tap part number of people — although the anti-Maplin lobby predict-

ably disputes that once again with a problem that

and seaport at Maplin that For both environmental and would also provide a long- aviation.

overdue regeneration of a substantial part of south Essex reaching well into the eastern outskirts of London - only to see his plans overturned by the subsequent Labour Government.

At that time aviation observers pointed out that to cancel Maplin did not mean removing the problems it was intended to solve - a fact of which the current Minister for Aviation, Mr. Norman Tebbitt, seems to be well aware. Had Maplin not been cancelled it would by now be on the verge of becoming operational, and there would probably be no need for either a fourth terminal at Heathrow or a second terminal at Gatwick. The latter are at best ad hoc solutions to a problem that could have been solved once and for all several years ago. The airlines and the airports

authority agree that the worst decision now would be to shelve the matter once again, no matter for what reason. Whatever the cost, in cash and environmental terms, and even perhaps inconvenience for airlines and the travelling public, some kind of solution has to be found this time. A failure to do so can only be an increase in noise and congestion at Heathrow and Gatwick to intolerable levels, and may even cause the relapse of Britain into being a back water of international civil

Letters to the Editor

Regional aid to industry

From the Director, National Home Improvement Council

decided to samounce his pro-smost positive encouragement to would prefer to see it reduced posals for cuts in regional aid improve productivity and begin to encourage wider enjoyment with industry tet in regional aid improve productivity and begin to encourage wider enjoyment within the second of the second of the wholesome and health wider implications of these levels of industrial output. Yet giving properties of cigarettes; the response to date from the might also like to see health measures. The CBI and other British industry has been discussed in the control of the organisations have spelt out the linetly cool and seems lacking am suggesting is that such ideals notable effects on fadustrial in-imagination. possible effects on hadustrial in inesination. should be advanced openly and investment and the longer term? We read (July 18) of one honesty, rather than inveigled effects on our national company which, in response to on to the public via the media of taxation complexity, random effects on

A wider, but equally important factor, is the limiting effect the late starters to work on these measures will have on UK time, while the CBI is to study enterprises obtaining access to the elimination of company Common Market grant aid funds, perke and fringe benefits. It is a criterion for obtaining these grants, that a small of more positive valuable and national grant is available, enduring responses to this long-which in effect becomes "key beraided initiative. The British money" to open the door to the tex structure has for too long EEC grant system. With fur been a positive disincentive to their restrictions on industrial achievement and has for too from grants, we can expect fewer such the performance rewards in the grants, we can expect fewer suc-cessful Euro-grants to incostry.

The UK has stready for inde prevails, particularly for several opportunities in the past top management, with incentive to obtain Euro-funds especially rewards systems of every in the food industry where a variety generating the most narrow interpretation has been positive inducements to stretch but an agricultural grants and in higher performance. put an agricultural grants and consequently many UK companies and regions have missed out on the generous funds available from Brussels. Only FEGGA (Funds Europeennes d'Orientation et de Guarante Agricele) grants which fit the UK system have been successful even then because of lack of pressure from the UK Government, the Brussels payout has often been delayed.

By and large our industrial grant aid system is too narrow grant and system is too narrow and restrictive and therefore limits potential applicants for Common Market funds. Mean-while Ireland, France and Italy in name but three countries have re-organised their national grant system to attract the maxiitim Common Market fund sup-

ralia

country will be denied access to toilet soap users, Sir-James Wil-Euro-grants because of the lack son, chairman of the Tobacco of any national grant aid. This Advisory Council, raises a numcan: only worsen the historical record of the UK in obtaining funds which we are fully entitled to out of the European system. It is no use the UK complaining at the high cost of membership of the EEC if we are not prepared to encourage the maximum untake of the the past ten years.

"key money" to attract Euro and prices. The central theme grant and leans which would go of the Budget was to initiate a some way to compensate for the reversal of this trend. Ironically, total national cuts required in VAT has borne the brunt of this expenditure. While at the same realignment despite being a time assisting rather than perfectly equitable tax in reladetracting from incentives for tion to inflation, as opposed to industrial investment and even quantitative Duties, which are more investing as a realignment of the real mills of the piece. value for money out of our mem. Whatever Sir James may say designed to communicate with bership contribution to the Com- about Changellors having the large computers. The commumon Market

E. T. Cantle, National Home Improvement 26. Store Street, WCL.

Response to the Budget

terminal at Gatwick

bound to go on growing.

From Me. D. Gruickskink. Sir.—The Budget, by raising the after-tax value of take home Sir,—In the midst of the con-rewards, opened up a new step.

The absolute level of tobacco troversy over how Sir Keith tires and signalled to every tax is not, of course, germane to goseph. Industry beard room in the country the my case, and possibly Sir James

> defer a request for Government aid. Another company is design-

to performance rewards. In the U.S. and Europe a different atti-

A golden opportunity now the best of these performance-related systems can be translated into the UK to ensure that, at the level of the industrial company which is the only. plase where it can occur, there is a real response in performance, by key executives, to the opportunity Budget which has been introduced. D. E. Cruickshank,

The Corporate Consulting Group, 24 Buckingham Gats, SW1-

Favoured: smokers

From Mr. D. Townsend It seems that in the current to my assertion that the Budget round of grant cuts by the militated in favour of cigarette Government, vast areas of the smokers and to the detriment of toilet soap users, Sir James Wilber of points which I suggest. with respect, are not relevant to the thrust of my argument. assume he has not appreciated the way in which inflation has brought about a massive transfer in the burden of taxation from indirect to direct taxes during

financial benefits, freely available to us.

Rather then make of the reason for this redistribution arose simply from the failure of successive Chancellors. Rather than make drastic cuts to adequately adjust both in-in regional grant aid, Sir Kelth come tax allewances and Joseph should replan the grant quantity-based Duties in line system to enable it to be used as with the general rise in wages more important ensuring we get the real villains of the piece. power to increase these duties, nicating magnetic card typehistorically they have not kept writer, announced in 1971, is pace with underlying costs. It used as a terminal to both our

applies to tobacco products, the larger is the potential for escaping tax, in real terms, as costs escalate. This is why I consider the enlargement of the quantity-based Duty element of cigarette tax proposed in the Finance Bill to be a retrograde

step.
The absolute level of tobacco inflation and the small print of Fhrance Bills. D. A. Townsend Hutton, Essex.

The price

Sir,-I was glad to see that your Energy Correspondent in his "Energy review" (July 13) has raised the issue of artifi-cially low gas prices. Unforfunately, in my opinion at any rate, he has concentrated overmuch on the downstream factors involved, whereas the basic rest of the trouble—If it may be so called—lies in the very low gas prices obtaining at the well-head. Without going into de-tail about the reasons for this (basically monopolistic arm-twisting) the fact remains that such prices are approximately one-eighth (or less) of their true energy equivalent price, even without making allowance for the premium which gas isself commands in terms of con-

venience and cleanliness. The matter has been further ventilated in forceful terms at the London Oil Analysis Group Conference on July 18, where if was very properly and pur-posefully pointed out that such low prices have effectively halted exploration for gas in the southern part of the North

In fact, artificially low prices for fuel, which are seemingly attractive in the short term, often produce uncomfortable problems in the long run. We witnessing just such a situation today in the USA. 46 Ashley Gardens, S.W.I.

Word processor networks

From the Director,

IBM United Kingdom. Sir, - The July 10 issue carried a survey on word processing. One part of the survey, "The big company networks," may have misled your readers. It implies that IBM does not yet provide the software required to permit large computers to communicate with word processors. This is untrue.

Many of our word-processing products have been specifically fellows that the larger the own and other computer sys-element of-quantitative Duty in tems; the 6640 ink jet printer, an overall tax package, such as announced in 1976, can be used

to produce printed versions of computer-generated text. D. R. Kohler. IBM United Kingdom,

the expansion of an existing

decision on a third airport by

next year, so that if it is decided

to expand an existing airfield,

it could be ready by 1987. What

seems clear from this time-scale is that, even with the fourth

terminal at Heathrow, and the

possibility of a second terminal

at Gatwick, there is bound to be

continued congestion at air-

ports in the South-East for some

for the prospective third airport,

the Government earlier this year set up a small Study Group, com-

prising civil servants from many

departments, representatives of

In order to find the best site

time to come.

General Business Group, P.O. Box 41, North Harbour, Porismouth, Hampshire.

Fewer future managers

From Professor J. Higgins
Sir, — The Government's
recent cuts in the budgets of the Research Councils have had one result at least which I suspect may not have been intended. The Social Sciences Research Council faced with a £500,000 cut, decided to reduce upport for postgraduate train ing across the board. Hence graduate managemen training at Universities and polytechnics received the same cut in studentships namely 28 per cent as, for example, sociology. As a result the Government has reduced, at a stroke, the number of trained future managers by about 100 per annum.

Indeed if we add the data now coming through from the Training Services Department for TOPS awards for management education, and I have heard estimates of reductions of from 20 per cent to 50 per cent on the 1978-79 numbers, the final figure may be more like 200 managers. (Professor) J. C. Higgins. University of Bradford,

Emm Lane, Bradford, West Yorkshire.

Spread of the Eurocard

From the Director and Chief Executive, The Joint Credit Card Company
Sir.—I must point out to your

readers that the report by Mr. Charles Batchelor headed "European banks prepare joint credit card scheme" (July 4) gave an incorrect picture of the recent development of the Eurocard credit card in Europe. During 1978 and 1979 all the

banks in Germany, Denmark, Finland and Switzerland pur-chased the local Eurocard company in their respective countries. In France Caisse Nationale de Credit Agricole, the largest French bank, has purchased Europard France. Banking interests in the remaining European countries are taking similar steps in respect of their local Eurocard companies and by the end of 1979 the Eurocard organisation will be controlled by the majority of the banks in Europe.

The banks in the Access scheme are vitally interested in the Eurocard development and together purchased an equity interest in Eurocard International in April, 1978. Indeed Access became associated with Eurocard in 1973 and since then Access cards have been honoured at the Eurocard outlets across Europe and recipro cal arrangements have existed from 1975 for the acceptance of Eurocards at all Access out-

in the credit card scene and with the backing of major European banks its development will continua at an increasing pace. G. A. Gilhestov The Joint Credit Card Company, Chartwell House, 365, Charticell Square,

The Eurocard organisation is, therefore, already a major force

Princess Alexandra opens How Malawi (until July 25). to sell into the Common Market: ... EEC Finance Ministers meet

Today's Events

UK: Sir Geoffrey Howe, Chan-cellor of the Exchequer, opens Financial Times conference on the Budget's effect on the economy. Other speakers include Mr. Denis Healey, economy. Other speakers include Mr. Denis Healey, Shadow Chencellor, and Mr. Tom Jackson, Union of Post Office Workers general secretary, Lou-

Mr. Sidney Weighell, National Union of Railwaymen general secretary, discusses energy crisis

with Mr. David Howell, Energy TUC-Labour Party liason committee meets at Congress House, London.

exhibition, Wembley Conference to discuss the Community's Centre, (until July 27).

Middle East Business Expo '79

Norwegian fishing vessels start dation, High Wycombe, seminar House of Commons: Competion the European business tion Bill, second reading. climate for Japanese enterprises Motions on Appropriation (No. (until August 3). Speakers include Mr. Edward Heath and

Mr. Len Murray. Overseas: The Queen visits

opens at Grosvenor House, Lon- capelin fishing off Jan Mayen don (until July 28). island, in dispute with Iceland.
Euro-Japanese Exchange Foun- PARLIAMENTARY BUSINESS: 2) (Northern Ireland) Order, and Firearms (Amendment) (Northern Ireland) Order.

Bill, third reading. Debate on energy in Europe. Debate on West European air fares. OFFICIAL STATISTICS
Industrial and commercial com

panies: appropriation account, net acquisition of financial assets and net borrowing requirement (first quarter). New vehicle (first quarter). Ne registrations (June). COMPANY RESULTS Final dividends: A.

A. S. Cargo, Stirling Knitting, Interim dividends: Woodrow yatt Holdings. Howard Wyatt Machinery. Interim figures: Rock Darham. COMPANY MEETINGS

House of Lords: Companies See Financial Diary on page 18.

One Australian bank recently handled \$100m trade payments between Australia and the People's Republic of China.

One Australian bank provided a major international company operating in Indonesia with over \$50m to assist in the purchase of Australian manufactured goods.

One Australian bank has more than 1000 people working outside Australia assisting international business.

One Australian bank provides much more than money-it also provides over 160 years' experience and does business right around the world.

One Australian bank is assisting with the finance of three refrigerated vessels to transport Australian beef to South Korea.

One Australian bank is helping the Philippines build an aviation and aerospace industry, which will include the purchase of Australian Nomad aircraft.

One Australian bank has offices in London, Frankfurt, Bahrain, Tokyo, Hong Kong, Singapore, Jakarta, San Francisco, New York, Papua New Guinea, New Zealand, Fiji, New Hebrides and other islands of the Pacific ... and about a thousand

branches within Australia.

...one Australian bank is expanding even more rapidly than the world is shrinking.

That bank is Bank of New South Wales

Thousands of Australian and international companies use our services. We can help you, too. Whatever your market ... just ask.

Bank of New South Wales

29, Threadneedle Street, London, EC2R 8BA

Australia's International Bank.

National

Savings

record

the first time.

THE NATIONAL SAVINGS

Department had a net inflow

of £100m last month, taking

its total funds under manage-

ment to more than fizhn for

The department's receipts remained buoyant at £271m.

last month, but withdrawals

were also high at £171m. The biggest elements in

receipts were 268m sales of

the 18th issue of National Savings Certificates and £85m

deposited in ordinary and

investment accounts at the

Withdrawals were swollen

by pent-up demand for repayments after the civil servants

National Savings Bank.

strike earlier this year.

New share by

LCP strongly based for further development

SALES AND trading profit at LCP Holdings were ahead in the first quarter of the current year and the company has a strong base from which to produce improved fulltime profits, says Mr. David Rhead, the chairman.

The continuing programme of capital investment in its trading estates, combined with rent reviews, will lead to an increase in rental income in 1979-80. For the engineering division the trading outlook remains difficult but all other divisions are enjoying increased demand, and significant growth in the contribution from overseas operations is antici-pated, he reports.

Planned capital spending by the company at March 31 last, amounted to £5.3m (£3.2m), of which over £3m is to go into more investment property.

Building of a third tunnel kilo

with spending on plant will begin later this year. The group is now considering additional investment in its metals division including plant and equipment at Darlaston, more flange making capacity at Stockport and new warehouse facilities for special steels at Dinnington, Sheffield. Total group borrowings at year

end were sharply down from £20.2m to £8.9m compared with capital and reserves of £45m (£26.7m). Since then the company's medium term finance facilities have been extended and its existing capital hase is more than adequate to accommodate the record level of capital spend ing, increased working capital and acquisition commitment, under its current programme, says Mr. Rhead.

As known in June this year the group acquired 12.9 per cent of Vhitlock Corporation with a provision to purchase a further 67 per cent over the next three years. Mr. Rhead says the com-pany will shortly make an offer to take its holding to between 20 per cent and 28 per cent. For the year to March 31, 1979, LCP lifted taxable profit from £4.22m to £6.06m. The net final: dividend is raised to 5.5p (4.79p) and a one-for-two scrip issue if proposed—as reported June 27. The principal reasons for the

BOARD MEETINGS The following companies have noufied dates of Board meetings to the Stock Exchange. Such meetings are usually held for the purpose of considering dividends. Official indications are not available as to whether dividends are interims or finals and the sub-divisions shown below are based mainly on last year's timetable.

TODAY

Interims—Howard Machinery, Rock Darham, U.C. Investment.
Finals—AAH, Stirling Knitting, Woodrow Wyatt.

| PUTURE DATES | | |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|
| Interim s - | | _ |
| C.S.C. Investment Trust | July | 7 |
| Hoover | Aug. | |
| Northern Ind. Improvemt. Tst. | July | 1 |
| Nottingham Manufacturing | Aug. July July July | 3 |
| TACE | July | 3 |
| Woolworth (F.W.) | Aug. | 3 |
| | ună. | 1 |
| Finals | 4 | |
| Austin (James) | Aug. | |
| Cableform | July | |
| F M.C | Aug, | |
| Owen and Robinson | Aug. | |
| Ransom (Wm.) | Aug. | |
| Regional Properties | July Aug. Aug. Aug. July | 1 |
| Wholesale Fittings | Aug. | 1 |
| | | |
| | | |

decrease in borrowings over the year were the disposal of the Homecentre operations to W. H. Smith and Son (Holdings) for £12m and £4.2m from the July rights issue.

During the 12 months £3.1m was invested in three trading estates, £3.6m in other fixed assets and an additional £3.2m in working capital. Meeting, Birmingham, August 15 at noon.

St. George's Laundry tops £100,000

For the year ended February 28 1979 St. George's Laundry (Worcester) has increased its profit from £45,364 to £102,346, on turnover ahead by £290,000 to £1.55m.

After tax of £44,312 (£17,702). net profit came out at £58,034 (£28,162) for stated earnings of 2.54p (1.18p) per 10p share. The final dividend is 0.42p for a net total of 0.7p, against 0.56p

MOVITEX SALE

Movitex has exchanged contracts for the sale of its

property at Stevenage (Hertford-shire) for £450,000 which will be used in the development of the existing business. Completion will take place on August 17. The property, which is a site of approximately 2½ acres, was acquired in 1977 at an initial cost of £95,000.

Kinta Kellas Rubber up to £0.55m

AN INCREASE in taxable profit of £72,152 to a record £549,850 was achieved by Kinta Kellas Rubber Estates in the year to March 31, 1979. Turnover was marginally better at £1.28m, against £1.13m.

replanting and replacement expenditure was up from £70.045 to £85,283. However investment income rose to £165,263, compared with £131,198. Stated earnings per 10p share reached 6.97p (4.73p) from which is paid a total net dividend of 4.5p (3.5p), the final being 3.5p. The net balance emerged at £287.776 (£195.283) after tax of £262.074 (£282,415).

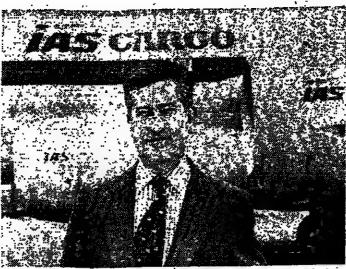
Tin tributes were lower at £102,594, against £107,510, and

FT Share **Information** Service

The following securities have been added to the Share Infor-mation service appearing in the

Beekman Instruments (Section: Overseas—New York). Fulcrum Investment Trust (Income and Capital) (Investment Trusts). (Overseas—Amster-

dam). Slough Estates Spc Convertible 1991-94 (Property).



Mr. Alan Stocks, chairman and managing director of IAS Cargo Airlines, who is due to report the preliminary figures

Kalgoorlie receives A\$470,000,

The latest distribution by KLV

J. Michael

expansion

THE DIRECTORS of John Michael (Savile Row), menswear group, are confident that the future is assured, Mr. J. M.

Ingram, the chairman, tells mem bers in his annual review.

He says the group is now heading in the right direction, but there is still much to be done. And returning to valid

profitability, "will necessitate considerable work and effort and

will not be achieved overnight,

As known pre-tax profits for the year ended January 27, 1979, rose from £72,301 to £76,000.

The directors are looking for

ward to a period of controlled expansion. At least six new shops

will be open before the end of 1979 and, subject to the availability of viable units, they intend to accelerate growth for 1980.

set for

Downturn for Shell Australia

The higher world price of crude oil and continuing industrial problems at the refineries meant that the profit of Shell Australia fall back from \$54.1m to \$42.9m in 1978. Total revenue topped the \$1bn mark for the first time, reaching \$1.16bn compared with \$975.3m in 1977. A \$247m asset revaluation has led to a further \$27m depreciation charge under the group's replacement cost accounting system, and this further affected the performance.

Mr. Leslie Froggart, chief ex-ecutive, said the past year had been extremely difficult with pressure on cash flow making it hard to maintain stock levels, fund working capital and ex-ploration expenditure.

Goog progress had been made on the proposed Worsley bauxite and alumina development in West Australia and Shell was hopeful that a decision to proceed with the project could be made before the end of the year.

GOLDEN MILE

PAYS AGAIN A further dividend of ASIm (£503,000) is being paid by Kalgoorlie Lake View to its three shareholders. Gold Mines of

Snags forecast for mail order sales

BY RHYS DAVID

MAIL order companies will antly with the multiples which find it increasingly difficult to have also used central purcontinue to raise their share of retail sales currently about 8. per cent of non-food purchases as competition throughout retailing intensifies, according to a brokers' report on the

The report, by Henry Cooke, Lumsden of Manchester, points out that some of the factors which the industry was able to capitalise on in the 1950s and 1960s the growth of the female workforce and working mothers in particular have now run their course.

Kalgoorlie receives A5470,000, Poseidon Investments A5470,000 and Western Mining A560,000.

KLV holds 52 per cent of the Golden Mile gold mining operations in Western Australia which are carried on by Kalgoorlie Mining Associates, the remaining 48 per cent being held by America's Homestake Mining.

The latest distribution by KLV goods, major advances in cataby independents to achieve its resent strength. With the is AS2m. It follows a first payment, announced in April, of A\$980,000. independents now a much

BY LYNTON MELAIN

shire County Council.

heard by the autumn.

"WINDSOR CORDON"

experiment which banned heavy

lorries in the town's centre is

The Freight Transport Association told a High Court judge in December that the ban cost

operators up to £2,000 extra a

year in detours. But Mr. Justice

Neill rejected their application against the ban. An appeal

which has been lodged may be

The hauliers will have a chance of object in the six weeks which will follow council

Windsor lorry ban to

be made permanent

chasing power to squeeze smaller outlets Over the shorter term the

report forecasts that mail order will hold its own against major store groups in 1979. Helped by the consumer spending boom the mail order groups turnover could be up 15 per cent over 1978, with volume growth falling however, from five per cent in the first half to 23 per cent in the second with months. in the second six months.

In the longer term the repor points to several factors affect ow run their course ing mail order's competitive Relying on speedy delivery of position. The UK industry is unusual in its widespread use logue printing, bulk purchasing, of door-to-door-agents for col-and use of the approval or lecting orders compared with return system for goods, the the U.S. and the Continent, industry was able to eat into the bringing both advantages and share of the retail market held drawbacks. of door-to-door agents for col-lecting orders campared with the U.S. and the Continent,

It offers savings but may have been responsible for restricting pene reduced force however, mail tration to the lower income order is competing predomin- groups

advertisements of the plan to

There were signs at the week

end that the council might con-

sider ways of easing haulters' problems. It said the longer

journeys would now have to be

"carefully considered in the light of the energy crisis."

last year. Reports to the council's Heavy Commercial Vehicles Group, which is moni-

toring the experiment show the ban has almost halved the

number of heavy goods vehicles passing through Windsor.

The ban was imposed in June

make the ban permanent.

Northern Rock NORTHERN ROCK Building hare account the Five Yes

Extar Income Share—on Augus at-an interest rate of 10.75 percent (equal to 15.36 per cent 1 an investor paying basic ratincome tax at 30 per cent).
This rate may vary but with the maintained at 2.00 per cent. above the prevailing prefe

£2m plant. for Wirral

this week by a major America: chemical company for a £2r development at Bromboroug on the Wirzel Peninsula Mersey (1)

Officials from the Nort Carolina based Lithium Corporetion of America have flown the Britain for a ceremony on the site with the Wirral distric council representatives or Wednesday morning The plant, which will produc

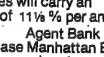
Lithium products for the Euro pean market, will provide 27 jobs initially, with a possible expansion to 80.

The Nippon Credit Bank, Ltd. Negotiable Floating Rate U.S. Dollar Certificates of Deposit Maturity date: 23 October 1979



in accordance with the provisions of the Certificates of Deposit notice is hereby given that for the three month interest period from 23 July 1979 to 23 October 1979 the Certificates will carry an Interest Rate of 111/6 % per annum.

The Chase Manhattan Bank, N.A. London



U.S. \$125,000,000 Services B.V.

Guaranteed Floating Rate Notes 1993 Guaranteed on a subordinated basis as to payment of principal



Midland Bank Limited

For the six months from 23rd July, 1979 to 23rd January, 1980 the notes will carry an interest rate of 111% per annum. The interest payable on the relevant interest payment date, 23rd January, 1980 against Coupon No. 3 will be U.S. \$57.50 per U.S. \$1,000 note. Principal Paying Agent European-American Bank & Trust Company, 10 Hanover Square, New York, N.Y. 10005 U.S.A.

Agen: Tank: Morgen Gueranty Trust Company of New York, London



\$400,000,000

All of these Securities have been sold. This announcement appears as a matter of record only.

General Motors Acceptance Corporation

\$250,000,000 9.40% Debentures Due July 15, 2004 \$150,000,000 9¼% Senior Subordinated Notes Due July 15, 1989

Interest payable January 15 and July 15

MORGAN STANLEY & CO.

KIDDER, PEABODY & CO.

DILLON, READ & CO. INC.

GOLDMAN, SACHS & CO.

July 20, 1979

THE FIRST BOSTON CORPORATION

LEHMAN BROTHERS KUHN LOEB SALOMON BROTHERS

MERRILL LYNCH WHITE WELD CAPITAL MARKETS GROUP

Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated BACHEHALSEY STUART SHIELDS BEAR, STEARNS & CO.

BLYTH EASTMAN DILLON & CO.

DONALDSON, LUFKIN & JENRETTE

DREXEL BURNHAM LAMBERT

E.F.HUTTON & COMPANY INC. LOEB RHOADES, HORNBLOWER & CO.

LAZARD FRERES & CO. PAINE, WEBBER, JACKSON & CURTIS

L.F. ROTHSCHILD, UNTERBERG, TOWBIN

SMITH BARNEY, HARRIS UPHAM & CO. WERTHEIM & CO., INC.

SHEARSON HAYDEN STONE INC. WARBURG PARIBAS BECKER DEAN WITTER RETNOLDS INC.

Midland International Financial



Midway fall at Habit **Precision**

Taxable profits of Habit Pre than halved in the six mouths to March 31, 1979, at £40,500 against £89,000, after higher interest of £25,000 compared with £12,000. In the last full-year, the surplus of the precision cutting tools manufacturer reached £172,000 (£112,000). say the company

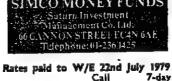
has implemented plans to improve productivity at its Fulham factory. The Doncaster factory continues to service demand from all sections of industry The Dessau-Habit Inc joint venture has met with production be eliminated by a move from Detroit to more suitable premises

in New Jersey.

In line with the company's policy, share dealing activity has been reduced to a minimum, the directors say.

Turnover for the half-year rose from £690,000 to £784,000. Tax took £23,000, against £49,000. There is an extraordinary debit of £7.500 (£17,000).

Earnings per 5p share are shown lower at 0.63p (1.36p). The net interim dividend is held at 0.55p—last year's final was



% p.a. 14.164 14.139 13,766 14.138 14.145 13.756

This Advertisement complies with the requirements of the Council of The Stock Exchange in London

U.S. \$115,000,000

Union Bank of Switzerland (Panamá) Inc.

(Incorporated in the Republic of Panama)

100,000 5 per cent. Convertible Bonds due 15th May, 1989 of US\$1,150 principal amount each

Convertible into 1,500,000 bearer participation certificates of SFr. 20 par value each (at the rate of 15 bearer participation certificates for each Bond)

Union Bank of Switzerland (Incorporated in Switzerland)

The following has agreed to subscribe or procure subscribers for the Bonds:-

Union Bank of Switzerland (Securities) Limited

The 100,000 Bonds of U.S. \$1,150 each constituting the above issue have been admitted to the Official List of The Stock Exchange in London subject to the issue of the Bonds. Particulars of the Bonds and of the Company and Union Bank of Switzerland are available in the statistical services of Extel Statistical Services Limited and may be obtained during normal business hours on any weekday (Saturdays and Public Holidays excepted) up to and including 6th August, 1979 from:

Rowe & Pitman, City-Gate House, 39-45 Finsbury Square, London EC2A IJA

Williams de Broë Hili Chaplin & Company, Pinners Hall. Austin Friars,

London-EC2P 2HS and The Stock Exchange in London

LOCAL AUTHORITY BOND TABLE

| | | Annuai | mteres | τ. | THE |
|---|----|-------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Authority (telephone number i parentheses) | in | gross interest | pay- able | Minimur sum | n of bond |
| Parentneses / Barnsley (0226 203232) Barnsley (0226 203232) Redbridge (01-478 3020) Redbridge (01-478 3020) | | 12½ 11¾ | }-year }-year !-year | 250 250 250 200 200 | Year 3-5 6-10 4-5 6-7 |

FINANCE FOR INDUSTRY TERM DEPOSITS Deposits of £1,000-£50,000 accepted for fixed terms of 3-10 years. Interest paid gross, half-yearly. Rates for deposits received not later than 3.8.79.

Terms (vears) 3 12 121 121 121 121 121 121 Deposits to and further information from The Chief Cashler, Finance for Industry Limited, 91 Waterloo Road, London SE1 8XP (01-928 7822, Ext. 387). Cheques payable to "Bank of England, a/c FFL" FFI is the holding company for ICFC

ALLEN HARVEY & BOSS INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT LTD. 45 Cornhill, London EC3V 3PB. Tel. 01-823 6314. Index Guide as at July 19, 1979 Capital Fixed Interest Portfolio Income Fixed Interest Portfolio

Chamberlin S Lill I in I

RESULTS AT A GLANCE Year ended 31st March

£000 £000 8,553 Profit before tax . 743. Earnings per share 11.56p 11.24 Dividend per share (net) 2.028p

Despite the difficult trading conditions which applied throughout the year, the results achieved are

Demand for the Company's foundry products continued at reasonable levels except at the... Lichfield Works, where a substantial reduction in order intake from one specialised market sector has led to a cort-back. Nevertheless, the outlook is satisfactory and the prospects for improvement in the foundry activity are good.

On the non-foundry side, further progress wasmade by Conduit Fittings Ltd. and the acquisition of Solenoids Regulators Ltd. was another step in the policy of diversification which will considerably strengthen our activities in the electrical engineering. field. On an annual basis, the engineering subsidiaries are presently

T. Martin, Chairman

accounting for approximately 30% of

CURI

scount

MONEY PATE

Strikes cut back earnings gain at Alcan Aluminium

INITIAL COMPANIES and FINANCE

BY OUR FINANCIAL STAFF

SLOWING record species form. The company reported second the strike.

Fabricating shipments, Alcan fabricating an said, were maintained from metal inventories in fabricating Alcan Alcan Alcan and Said, were maintained from two largest priders producers extraordinary \$21.5m on investing aluminism in the world.

Second quarter capalings per Gross profit for the quarter per share said. \$36.9m on investing plants, but these would decline in the third quarter despite some additional outside purpart share period for the charges for June, and \$4.0m as a national field of a stenda if charges for June, and \$4.0m as a national field of a stenda if charges for June, and \$4.0m as a national field of a stenda if charges for June, and \$4.0m as a national field of a stenda if charges for June, and \$4.0m as a national field of a stenda if charges for June, and \$4.0m as a national field of a stenda if charges for June, and \$4.0m as a feeling of the graph as a national field of the provision for the graph as a local demand in the 1979 second half should be at least equal to metal availability.

Alcan reported first-half net income of \$203.8m or \$5.04 per share against \$136.9m, or \$3.38 per share against \$136.9m, or \$3.38

Aftern that been affected by production in the first half were strikes since the early part of roughly equal at 277,800 metric fine. The strikes occurred at tons a quarter, but ingot ship-including three northern ments dropped to 133,400 metric in the first-half \$2,22bn, compared since the second quarter were \$1.14bn compared with \$964.2m a year earlier, and in the first-half \$2,22bn, compared since the second quarter were \$1.14bn compared with \$964.2m a year earlier, and in the first-half \$2,22bn, compared with \$1.78bn.

Shipments of semi-fabricated per share.

Sime in China Engineers bid

BY PHILIP BOWRING IN HONG KONG

DARBY Holdings is adviser to the minority holders. offering HK\$4.25 a share in The scrip alternative is 573 shares in the scrip alternative is 573 shares of Sime Darby for every infor the 25.7 per cent of Hong 1,000 China Engineers. Based on Friday's closing price for that it does not already own. On Sime in Kuala Lumpur, and a cash basis the consideration assuming a stable Malaysian would amount to HK\$155m Hong Kong dollar exchange (U.S.\$30m). It was announced rate, the value of the scrip had alternative is HK\$4.48.

shot from HK\$3.20 to HK\$4.15. and traded at HK\$4.15-4.20 ub till Friday, when trading was

Higher profit at Elbit

refibit. ISRAEL'S computer ments, the South African fer-trading loss was converted into producer, raised its after-tax filiser and agricultural a R4 im trading profit but this profit to 1631.5m (\$1.5m) in the chemicals holding company 1978-79 financial year, from JE19.5m the previous year. It outs declaring a stock dividend of 140 per cent as well as a cash dividend of 12 per cent for fiscal

Triomf Fertilizer advance BY JIM JONES IN JOHANNESBURG

briefly suspended pending announcement of the terms. The book net asset value of

China Engineers is only HK\$1.77 (U.S.\$30m). It was announced rate, the value of the scrip a share. Though some property last month that Sime had alternative is HK\$4.48.

Started discussions on hid The offer is closely in line included in the offer document terms. The offer is being with market estimates. On the the company is to be guaged recommended by Schröder and announcement of the talks the more on an earnings than an a share. Though some property recommended by Schroder and announcement of the talks the more on an earnings than an Chartered, the merchant bank China Engineers' share price assets basis.

TRIOMF FERTILIZER threst Last year's R2.8m first-half ments, the South African fer- trading loss was converted into

This compares with 12 per Group—turnever, reached ble earlier forecast of a 60 cents a scrip issue at the rate of 25 per cent. There was no cash only for the preceding R129.8m (\$153.4m), some 20 per share earnings total for the consolidated balance increased to 1602m (\$24m) balf's R167.7m, and bispared seen disturbed the present represented an advance of 78.5 per cent. There was no cash dividend in 1977-78, and his earlier forecast of a 60 cents a scrip issue of only 15 per cent. The consolidated balance current year if nothing unforested in 1862m (\$24m) balf's R167.7m, and bispared seen disturbed the present represented an advance of 78.5 per cent. There was no cash dividend in 1977-78, and a scrip issue of only 15 per cent. The consolidated balance turned in 1862m (\$250.2m) balf's R167.7m, and bispared to 160.2m (\$250.2m) balf's R167.7m, and bispared to 16 With first-half earnings per

Strong demand for Swiss venture

By John Wicks in Zurich

HEAVY DEMAND is reported by the Swiss National Bank for the money-market certifirepresent the first issue by the National Bank of such money market paper. Subscriptions substantially exceeded the issue sum of SwFr200m foreseen by the Government. Banks and non-bank investors were allowed SwFr 211m of the certificates at a standard price of 99.763 per cent, with annual interest at the equivalent of 0.95 per cent for the three-month paper In comparison, three-month

bank deposits currently earn interest of 0.75 per cent. The Swiss National Bank said that the auction-style bidding process used for the first time in Switzerland had worked well. The success of the issue inten ded as a step towards developing a national money market will doubtless lead to further such issues in future. In time borrowers other than the Confederation are planned to be allowed money-market issues of

Growth at Electric Wire and Cables By-L. Daniel in Tel Aviv

one of Israel's oldest industrial companies, has reported that its turnover in the 1978-79 financial year rose by 83 per cent to I£370m (around \$15m). This reflects increased sales both on the local and on export markets.

Net earnings rose nearly six-fold, to If244m (some \$1m), including I£6.9m attributable to changes in chemicals holding company does represent a slow-down on practice in evaluating Governthe second six months of 1978 ment bonds. The board has when a consolidated trading therefore recommended a 12 profit of R6.3m was earned.

The second six months of 1978 ment bonds. The board has when a consolidated trading therefore recommended a 12 per cent gross cash dividend, with first-half earnings per and a scrip issue at the rate and a scrip issue at the rate

For the convenience of readers the dates when some of more important company dividend statements may be expected in the next few weeks are given in the following table. The dates shown are those of last year's announcements, except where the forthcoming Board meetings (indicated thus*) have been officially published. It should be emphasised that the dividends to be declared will not necessarily be at the amounts or rates per cent shown in the column headed "Announcement last year."

| Date | ment last | Date | ment last |
|-----------------------------|---------------|---|---|
| - | уваг | | year |
| *AcrowAug. 7 | | *Midland BkJuly 27 *Morgan | Int. 8.5 |
| DairiesAug. 23 | Finat: 0,416 | CrucibleSept. 6 | Int. 3.653 |
| Ault and WiborgAug. 9 | Int. 0.72 | *NatWestJuly 24 *NeepsandJuly 26 | Int. 5,682 Final 2.303 |
| Automotive . ProductsAug. 8 | Int. 0.75 | *NottinghamJuly 30 | Int. 1.0 |
| *BICCSept. 4 | Int. 2.5 | Desain | |
| *Barciays BkJuly 26 | | TransportAug. 22 | Int. 3,9192 |
| Barrow DKIII.DUIY ZD | the one | . PrestigeJuly 26 | int. 2.5 |
| HepburnAug. 16 | int. nil | PyeAug. 18 | Int. 1,225 · |
| *Bibby (J.)Aug. 8 | | RaybackJuly 12 | Final 2.3512 |
| Blue CircleAug. 24 | | *RentokiiAug. 2 | Int. 0.72 |
| | Int. 3.22 | Royal InsceAug. 17 | Int. 7.272 |
| British | | | 1114 4.272 |
| AlominiumAug. 16 | Int. 29.851. | - Security | Int. 1.25 |
| *British | | ServicesAug. 10 | IRL (.25 |
| DradgingJuly 27 | Final nil | Sedgwick | |
| Carrington | | ForbesAug. 24 | 1111. 4.0 |
| ViyellaAug. 9 | Int. 0.67 | *Shell | 1 |
| *CawoodsJuly 28 | | Transport Aug. 1 | int. due |
| *City OfficesJuly 31 | Int. 0.86 | Smith and | |
| *Commercial | 11111 0200 | NephewAug. 15 | Final 0.9105 |
| UnionAug. 14 | Int. 2.863 | Staffex IntlJuly 28 | Final nii |
| CorshAug. 17 | Int. 6.9 | *Staveley . | |
| | | indsAug1 | Fiaal 5.97 |
| Davy CorpnJuly 26 | Final 7.425 | *StenhouseAug. 23 | Int. 1,825 |
| Dixona Photo. Aug. 2 | Final 1.51 | Stock | |
| EvadeAuq. 17 | Int. 0.3629 | ConversionJuly 26 | Final 1.0217 |
| *Fireh_LovellJuly 26 | Final 2.812 | Sunley (B.) Aug. B | Final 2.7 |
| Ganerei | • | Taylor | |
| AccidentAug. 9 | int. 4,125 | WoodrowJuly 25 | Int. 2.01 |
| GlynwedAug. 9 | Int. 2.45 | Transport | |
| Hambro : | | Developmt,Aug. 17 | Int. 1.25 |
| TrustAug. 7 | Final 1.37 | *Tube InvsAug. 16 | Int. 10.975 |
| Hoffpung | | Utd. Dominions | ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, |
| (S.)Aug. 25 | Final 2.8142 | TrustAug. 16 | Final nil |
| "HooverAug. 2 | Int. 5.61 | VentonaAug. 3 | int. 1,9958 |
| Hse. of | ***** | "1908rJuly 25 | Int. 2.5 |
| FreserAug. 24 | Int, 1.8865 | Ward and | |
| *1M1Aug. 28 | Int. 1,675 | GoldstoneJuly 21 | Final 3.672 |
| *Jacobs | , | *Weelworth | |
| (John 1.)July 25 | Int. 0.55 | . (F.W.)Aug. 15 | 1.225 |
| *IncheapsJuly 26 | Finel 9.0 | • | |
| Letraset | ., | Board meeting intim | sted. † Right |
| IntniAug. 9 | Sec. Int. 4.5 | issue since made. # Tax | c free, 🔋 Scr |
| *Lex ServiceJuly 31 | Int, 1.8 | legue since made. 4 For | acest, |
| PRE CALLES LINES! | | | |

BASE LENDING RATES

| A.B.N. Bank 14 % | at Mini Dangnel |
|------------------------------|---|
| Allied Irish Banks Ltd. 14 % | C. Hoare & Co 14 9 |
| Amro Bank 14 % | Julian S. Hodge 15 9 |
| American Express Bk. 14 % | Honekong & Shanghai 14 9 |
| A P Bank Ltd 14 % | Industrial Bk. of Scot. 1419 |
| Henry Ansbacher 14 % | Keyser Ullmann 14 9 |
| Associates Cap. Corp 14 % | Knowsley & Co. Ltd 1519 |
| | Lloyds Bank 14 9 |
| Banco de Bilbao 14 % | London Mercantile 14 9 |
| Bank of Credit & Crace. 14 % | Educat Marcan & Co. 15 P |
| Bank of Cyprus 14 % | Edward Manson & Co. 15 9 Midland Bank |
| Bank of N.S.W 14 % | |
| Banque Belge Ltd 14 % | ■ Samuel Montagu 14 9 |
| Banque du Rhone et de | Morgan Grenfell 14 9 |
| la Tamise S.A 141% | National Westminster 14 9 |
| Barclays Bank 14 % | Norwich General Trust 14 9 |
| Bremar Holdings Ltd. 15 % | P. S. Refson & Co 14 9 |
| Brit, Bank of Mid. East 14 % | Roseminster |
| Brown Shipley 14 % | Rvi Rk Canada (I.dn.) 14 9 |
| Canada Perm't Trust 14 % | Schlesinger Limited 14 9 |
| Cayzer Ltd | E S Schwah |
| | Schlesinger Limited 14 9 E. S. Schwab 15 9 Security Trust Co. Ltd. 15 9 |
| Cedar Holdings 14 % | Shenley Trust 16 9 |
| ■ Charlethouse Japhet 14 % | Standard Chartered14 9 |
| Choulartons 14 % | |
| C. E. Coates 14 % | Trade Dev. Bank 14 9 Trustee Savings Bank 14 9 |
| Consolidated Credits 14 % | Trustee Savings Bank 14 9 |
| Co-operative Bank*14 % | Twentieth Century Bk. 15 9 |
| Corinthian Secs 14 % | United Bank of Kuwait 14 9 |
| Credit Lyonnais 14 % | Whiteaway Laidlaw 1419 |
| The Cyprus Popular Bk. 14 % | Williams & Glyn's 14 9 |
| Duncan Lawrie 14 % | Yorkshira Bank 14 9 |
| Eagil Trust 14 % | and the sale blacks |
| The Mark Transport 14 70 | Members of the Accepting House |
| English Transcont 14 % | Committee. |
| First Nat. Fin. Corp 154% | ና 7-day deposits 11½%, 1-mont |
| First Nat. Secs. Ltd 154% | deposits 11%%. |
| Antony Gibbs 14 % | † 7-day deposits on sums of £10,00 |
| Greybound Guaranty 14 % | and under 114%, up to £25,00 12% and over £25,000 124%. |
| Grindleys Bank | |
| ■ Guinness Mahon 14 % | ‡ Call deposits over £1,000 11½%. |
| Hambros Bank 14 % | Demand daposits 115%. |
| | |

LG. Index Limited 01-351 3486. Ti 29 Lamont Road, London SW10 0HS.

Tax-free trading on commodity futures.

The commodity futures market for the small investor.

| EQUITIES | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------------|---|--|--|---------|---------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|--|--|
| ssus rice p‡ | Amount Paid Up | Renune. Date | 19 High | 79 Wal | Stock | Closing | Price | + or | Div. P. Or Amount | Times Govered | Gross Yestu | Ratio |
| 60 801s #### 160 | | 11/7 27/7 22/6 23/6 10/8 | 99 53 41 ₂ 58 37 44 | 76 951 ₂ 501 ₂ 52 301 ₈ | Arrow Chemicals B & Q (Retail) 5p Fairline Boats Fuicrum Inv. Income Do. Capital 21sp Malay'n Pi'ts Berhad Mettoy Did Phicom 10p StandardTel.&Cables | | 412 67 3012 3712 | - le + le - 1 | 4 0, bel8c | 2.9 3.6 1.3 | 3.0 1 5.2 (11.6 7.1 3.8 1 | 7.8 6.9 - - - - - 3.6 |

FIXED INTEREST STOCKS

| | Prior 7 | Am unt Paid up Latest Renung Dale | 1979 Hlyh Low | Stock | Closing Price | + 01 |
|--|---------------------------------|--|--|---|--|------|
| 100 F.P. 27/7 115 107/2 Kwik-Fit (Tyres) 8% Cnv. Ln, 1979/85115 +6 100 F.P. 20/7 102 88½ Marsh ("s Univ rs" 7½ Cnv. Cum. Red. Prf. 88½ 100 F.P. 30/8 102 100 Portsmouth Water 8% Red. Prf. 1984 101½ 100 E10 24/8 £15 £12½ Sund. & S. Shields Water 8% 1986 £13 100 £10 18/10/213 £12½ Wrexham Water 8% 1984 | 100 100 100 198 198 | F.P. 27/7 F.P. 20/7 F.P. 30/8 £10 24/8 £10 18/10 | 115 107\2 102 88\2 102 100 £13 £12\2 £13 £12\2 | Kwik-Fit (Tyresi 8% Cnv. Ln, 1979;25. Marsh'il's Univ'rs' 74% Cnv. Cum. Red. Pri Portsmouth Water 8% Red. Pri, 1984. Sund. & S. Shielde Water 8% 1986. Wyexham Water 8% 1984. | 115 681 ₂ 1011 ₂ £13 £13 | +0 |

"RIGHTS" OFFERS

| Isaue Price | m'unt ald up | Late Rent Da | no. | 19 | | Stock | Closing prices pt | + or |
|---|--------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|---|-------------|
| *p | ₹0. | • | | High | Low | | ₽ - | 1 |
| 36 65 621 ₂ 30 195 100 60 126 50 47 88 165 110 | F.F.F | 9/7/ 17/7/ 10/7/ 20/7/ 13/7/ 3/8 29/6/ 30/7/ 27/7/ 5/7/ 22/6/ | 719 10/8 28/8 24/8 24/8 7/9 87/7 | 90 65 11pm 223 158 18pm 145 71pm 21pm 208 114 188 | 82 55 101pm 209 125 17pm 131 50pm 12pm 3pm 1821 ₂ 109 157 | Causton Sir (J.) Century Oils Combined English Stores Control Securities. Elilott (S.) Geevor Tim. Goldberg (A). Grand Metropolitan Hangon Trust. Hargreeves. Hoft Lloyd Intl. Intl. Timber. MEPC. | 88 63 104pm 218 130 175pm 144 54pm 11pm 208 113 | - 54 + 5 |
| 105 | F.P. | 13/7 | | 110 | | McCorquodala | | 1 |
| \$5 210 265 60 108 57 | F.P. F.P. P.P. P.P. F.P. | 22/6 | 20/7 27.7 10/8 20/8 24/8 | 121 60pm 298 129 .55pm 66 | 40pm 270 110 | P.M.A. Holdings Peterson Tonnant Simon Engineering Sound Diffusion Style Shees USM W.G.I | 40pm 298 130 65pm 66 | |

Renunciation date usually last day for dealing free of stamp duty. b Renunciation date usually last day for dealing tree of stamp duty. It process based on prospectus estimate. It Assumed dividend and yield a Forecast dividend: cover based on previous year's extraines. F Dividend and yield bused on prospectus or other official estimates for 1978. G Gross. T Figures assumed. 2 Cover allows for conversion of sheres not now ranking for dividend or ranking only for restricted dividends. § Placing price to public. It Pance unless otherwise indicated, I I issued by render. § Offered to holders of ordinary chartes as a "rights." ** Issued by way of capitalisation. §§ Reintroduced, §§ Issued to connection with reorganisation, merger or talleaver. [Il introduction.] Issued to partly-paid allotment letters. ★ With warrants 1† Unlisted socurity. ‡† Issued as units comprising 2 income shares and 10 Capital shares at 125p per unit.

Public Works Loan Board rates

| | Enecuve from July 21 | | | | | | |
|---------------------|----------------------|--------|--------------|-----------|-------|-----------|--|
| | Quote | loans | repaid et | Non-quota | igans | A* repaid | |
| Years | by EIP† | A) | maturity | by EIP† | A‡ | maturity§ | |
| Up to 5 | 121 | 121 | 12 | 13! | 13; | 131 | |
| Over 5, up to 10 | - 12} | 121 | 127 | 131 | 131 | 13 | |
| Over 10, up to I8 | 127. | 12} | 121 | 131 | 13 [| 131 | |
| Over 15, up to 25 | 127 | 127 | 123 | 13} | 131 | 13[| |
| Over 25 | 12 | 127 | 12 | 13 } | 13 | 131 | |
| * Non-quota loans B | are 1 p | er cen | it higher | in each o | ase t | han non- | |

quota loans A. † Equal instalments of principal. ‡ Repayment by half-yearly annuity (fixed equal half-yearly payments to include principal and interest). § With half-yearly payments of interest only. CORAL INDEX: Close 468-473

INSURANCE BASE RATES

Vanbrugh Guaranteed 11]% † Property Growth t Address shown under insurance and Property Bond Table.

CURRENCIES, MONEY and GOLD

Discount houses stay afloat

BY COLIN MILLHAM

The discount houses are not Union certainly subscribes to rates, expecting honenza profits this this view, with Mr. Richard exchanges but with product some senior managing director, point reasonable figures. The first half lag out at the announcement of remaining the senior managing director, point reasonable figures. The first half lag out at the announcement of remaining the senior managing director, point reasonable figures. of the year was certainly not too easy, although of the two houses to indicate their profitability so far Union Discount obviously fared better than Alexanders Discount over this period.

Both houses should be trading profitably at the moment but while any damaging further rise in interest rates seems unlikely, the scope for large capital profits. looks equally remote.

CURRENCY RATES

| = 1.01y 20 | Bank Tate | : Otawiffi | Europeen Ourrency Unit |
|------------------------------|--------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Sterling | 14. 10 | 1.30787. | 0.6116 84 1.69739 |
| Austria Sch | 54 | 1.52516 17,3947 37,9446 | 18.5855 40.5803 |
| Danish K D-mark Gulder | 8 | 2.56816 | 2.5804D 2.78221 |
| French Francisco | 10 ig | 5.52248 1065,89 282,500 | 1140.27 301.785 |
| Spanish Pas. | | 5.56878 36.7379 5.46887 | 5,86877 |
| Swiss Fr | F 14 . 14 | 2 T4104 | , ودانيو |

-interim dividend last week that Britain now has a monetarist committed squeezing inflation out of

The sharp growth in bank lending seen over recent months only underlines Mr. Petherbridge's remarks, and also accounts for the rise to 14 per cent in Bank of England Minimum Lending Rate in last month's Budget If Union is right, and com-ments by the Chancellor of the

Exchequer last week, suggest that it is, then there will be no easy profits to be made in the second half of the year.

second half of the year.

Any inflationary problems—
caused by high interest rates, are
likely to be more than compensated by the strength of
sterling, which rose 4.40 cents to
\$2.2730 last week, and touched
the \$2.30 level for the first time
in four years.

But for the problems of bank lending and the money supply. the authorities may have been encouraged to reduce interest THE DOLLAR SPOT AND FORWARD

| *3 3 3 4 5 * 4 3 | | · |
|--|--|----------------------|
| auoai | Gold Builion (fine | ounce) |
| | Close\$29814-299 | 829814-2 |
| | 42151.2-151.8) Opening 5299-29934 | 529914-3 |
| rates, since the relaxation of | (£139.5-131.2) Morning (£398.50 | 6300.10 |
| exchange controls last week had little influence on the pound. | fixing(£150.549) Afternoon (£398.75 | (£151.5) \$209.15 |
| United Kingdom interest rates | fixing(£131.051) | £2130.28 |
| remain very attractive despite | Gold Come, dome Krugerrand, 550712-5094 | |
| the upward trend in other Euro- | 1651-1661 | £134-13 |

.rugerrand.:3007;2-308;2-308;2-301; (£135)-1361; (£134-136) [ew :5774-791; (£774-791; Bovereigns:£84-35) [d :51044-1064;5105-107 Sovereigns:£853,4654; (£453,4654) pean rates in recent weeks, while the U.S. seems in danger of suffering from the victous circle Gold Coins, Internationally

energy problems, and threats of further oil price rises from OPEC if the U.S. currency con-Gold Coins, Internationally
Krugerrand, 33071; 3091; 33081; 33081; 33081; 33081; 3101; 2134.135)
Naw 87714, 7814 87712, 791;
Soversigns: (234-25) (233-244)
Old \$10414, 1064; \$105-107
Soversigns: (2453-4614)
\$20 Eagles., 841914, 4281; \$480.438
\$10 Eagles., 841914, 4281; \$480.438
\$10 Eagles., 84194, 4281; \$480.438 timies to depreciate. Under these chromstances the discount houses are unlikely to enjoy bumper profits, but the situation could be much worse.

OTHER MARKETS

| July 20 | E | · * | | Note feater |
|---|---|---|----------------------------------|--|
| Argentina Peso Australia Boliar Brazil Gruzelro Finland Markka Greek Drauhma Hong Kong Dollar Hong Kong Dollar Kuwait Dinar (KD Luxambourg Fre Malaysia Dollar New Zealand Dir Saudi-Alph. Rival. | 58.94.59.94 8.595.8.7125 82.963.84.943 11.728.11.750 154.27.171.11 0.615.0.525 65.10.56.20 4.8840.4.8709 2.2870.2.2330 7.61.7.71 | 0.8855.0.8885 25.90.26.33 2.8225 3.8315 36.48.37.35 5.1520.5.1670 72.75 0.2744-0.2746 28.08-29.11 2.1440.3.1450 0.9795.0.9820 3.3520.3.3535 | Portugal Spain Switzerland | 29.75.50.75 59.0.70.0 11.80.11.95 9.684.69 0.084.18 1,830.1,980 490.500 4,50.4,60 11.45.11.95 107.118 149.163 8.70.3.80 |
| Singapore Dollar. Sth. African Rand | | 2.1440-2:1460 0.8420-0.8465 | Vugoslavia | 2,2875-2,2975 421 ₂ -451 ₂ |

| mbourg Fre. ests Dollar Zealand Dir. Arab. Eyal | 65.10-56.20 4.8840-4.6709 3.2270 2.2330 7.51-7.71 4.6840.4.8970 | 29.09-29.11 2.1440-2.1450 0.9795-0.9820 3,3520-3.3535 2.1440-2:1460 | Norway. Portugal Spain Switzerland United States Yugoslavia | 107-118 149-168 8.70 5:80 2.2875-2.29 |
|--|---|---|--|--|
| | | | 1 | |

| | 1337 | , jag- 200- | | | |
|---|-----------|-------------|------|-----|---------|
| • | THE | POUND | SPOT | AND | FORWARD |
| _ | 5 1 5 1 5 | | | | |

| | | | | - 44 . | Three. | % | 2 | Dav's | | _ |
|----------|-------------------|----------------|--------------------|-----------------|--------------|-------------------|------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------------------------|
| luly 20 | Day's | Close | One month | D.B. | months | p.8. | July 20 | spread | Close | One month |
| | | 2.2720-2.2740 | 10,53-0,48c pm | - 280 | 1,67-1-57 pm | 2.85 | U.S. | 2.2710-2.2945 | 2.2720-2.2740 | 0.58-0.48c pm |
| | 2.2710-2.2945 | 2.0775-2.0825 | 1.10-0.85c pm | 4 5 5 7 | 3.10-2.85 pm | 5.72 | Capada | 2,6450-2,8625 | 2.6455-2.6475 | 0.70-0.69c pm * |
| relande | 2.0750-2.0850 | | par-0.02c dis | -0 16 | 0.05-0.02 pm | 0.16 | Nathing. | 4.53-4.57 | 4.53 - 4.54 - | 24-14c pm |
| anada) | B5.70-85.00 | 85.78-85.81 | | | 0.77-0.70 pm | | | 56.05-66.40 | 66.10-66.20 | 15-5c pm |
| vernind: | 1:9870-1:9950 | 1.9900-1.9920 | 2-4c dis | | 5-8 dis | ~0.89 | | 11.81-11.91 | 11.82-11.83 | Tore pm-Tore dis |
| Jelg ium | 28.80-29.10 | 29.01-25.03 | | | 5.50-6.00dle | -4.42 | | 1.0935-1.0985 | 1,0950-1,0960 | 0,20-0,30p dis |
| | 5.1900-5.2000 | 5.1970-5.1985 | 1,25-1,75ore die | | 2.15-2.05 pm | | Portugal | 109.80-110.70 | 109.85-110.05 | 3½-2½pf pm |
| M. Ger, | · - 1,8050-1,8190 | 1.8160-1,8175 | 0.88-0.78pf pm | | | -9.47 | | 4.12-4.16 | 4.13-4.14 | 40-100c dis |
| Portuga) | 48.25-48.75 | 48.53-48.63 | | -3.00 | 90-130 dis | -15.96 | Spain | 150.80-151.40 | 150.85-150.95 | 100-130c dis |
| Spain. | . 66,10-66.50 | 65,40-66,45 | | | | -5.63 | | 1.859-1.869 | 1,8501-1,1863 | |
| take | 815.00-818.00 | 817,00-817.75 | 3.75-4.75 lire dis | | | | Italy | | | |
| Norway | .5.0200-5.0300 | 5.0240-6.0280 | 0,95-0.45are pm | . 7.67 | 2.10-1.60 pm | 1.47 | Norway | 11.43-11.53 | 11.43-11.45 | 5-3ore pm |
| CAUCE. | | 4.2380-4.2430 | 0.15-0.05c pm | | | -0.71 | France | 9.62-9.68 | 9.634-9.644 | 21-11 ₂ c pm |
| Sweden | | 4.2009-4.2010 | . 0.75-0.35om dis | | 1.35-1.55dia | -1.38 | | 9.55-8.M | .9.55-9.57 | 20re pm-par |
| Jepan . | -215.70-217.25 | -216,80-217.00 | 1.25-1.10y pm | 6,50 | 2.95-2.80 pm | 5.30 | Japan | 490-500 | 493 - 494 - | 4.05-3.75y pm |
| | 13.274-13.21% | | 5.40-4.90gro pm | ्. 4:68 | 12.50-11 pm | 3.56 | Austria - | 30.30-30.50 | 30.33-30.38 | 22-12gro pm |
| C | 4 E220 1 SAEA | 1 \$400.7 8420 | 1.48-1.43c om : | ` 30.6 0 | 4.00-3.95 pm | 9.69 | Sharita' " | 3.72+3.75-2 | 3.73 2-3.74 2 | 42-34c pm |
| | 4 .0320-1.0400 | | ed in U.S. curre | - | tanged pres | വധനട [്] | Beli | not si men indi | convertible for | nes. Financial f |
| PERCE 1 | œiiiod anii ∶Can | eds and quot | ed in o.S. come | UCA. | CAMBIO PION | | | lu month form | ed dollar 7 50. | 2 48c om: 12-ma |

494.0 217.3

119.5 1000.

512.3 132.1

108.8 265.4

3,843 14.58

1,418 5,654

EXCHANGE CROSS RATES

0.242 2.024

1.057

0.550 4.601

0 501

| • | a a a a | | : - | | | • . |
|------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| e n | FrenchFranc | Swiss Franc | Dutch Guild'r | Italian Lira | Canada Dollar | Belgian Franc |
| • | 9.545 | 3.740 | 4.540 | 1851. | 2.547 | 66.15 |
| | 4.242 | 1.645 | 1.997 | 818.7 | 1.164 | 29.10 |
| | 2.552 | 0.904 | 1.098 | 450.1 | 0.540 | 15.00 |
| | 19.52 | 7.571 | 9:190 | 3767. | 5.357 | 153.9 |
| _ | 10; | . 3,879 | 4.708 | 1930. | 2.745 | 68.50 |
| | 2.578 | 1. | 1.214 | 497.6 | 0.708 | 17.69 |
| | 2.124 5.181 | D.824 2.010 | 2.440 | 409.9 1000. | 0.583 1.422 | 14.57 35.55 |

Canadian Dollar Belgian Franc W

. .

| LONDON- | | RATES | | | | | · | | | |
|---|--|---|--------------------------------|---|--|---------------------|------|-----------------------|--|--------------------------|
| July 20 | Sterling: Certificate of deposit | 'Interbank' | Local Authority deposits | Local Auth- negotiable -bonds | Finahue House Deposits | Company Deposits | | Treamury | Eligibie Bank Bitis & | Fine Trade Bills & |
| Overnight | 14 15 2 14 13 3 14 13 3 13 3 13 4 127 3 12 1 122 12 3 | 13-14 13-4-13-6 13-78-14 13-13-13-6 13-13-13-6 13-1-13-6 12-1-13-6 12-1-13-6 | 123q-123g 125q-1234 | 1476-1456 1436-1416 14-1336 1336-1246 1358-1236 | 14-5 14-5 14-5 14-5 14-5 15-1 ₄ 15-1 ₄ | 111111111 | 150, | 18,2-184 184 - 185 | 14.14-16 1378-1373- 1378-1373- 1258 | 1418 |
| in table are built like the control of the control | Two years ———————————————————————————————————— | | | | | | | | | |

4.135 1.819

8.37G

4.288 1.106

1. 4.001

4.19 13-11 pm 2.49 43-23 pm 1.25 43-23 pm 9.47 10.05-9.75 pm 6.72 52-42 pm 12.83 124-114 pm

| MONEY RATES | | | |
|--|--------------------------------|------|---|
| NEW YORK Prime Bete | 11.5 10.626 9.30 9.32 | | |
| GERMANY Discount Rate Overnight Rate One month Three months Six months | 6.00 6.25 6.85 | ` | |
| FRANCE Discount Rate Overnight Rate One month Three months Six months | 9.8025 9.8125 | | • |
| IAPAN | _ | 1 11 | |

25.00 100.

All these securities having been sold, this autouncement appears as a matter of record only

Three month Copper 800.5-807.5

July 1979

European Coal and Steel Community U.S. \$150,000,000

Graduated Rate Bonds Due July 1, 1991

U.S. \$80,000,000 principal amount of the Bonds were exclusively placed in Japan.

Daiwa Securities Co. Ltd.

The Nomura Securities Co., Ltd. The Nikko Securities Co., Ltd.

Yamaichi Securities Company, Limited

The Nippon Kangyo Kakumaru Securities Co., Ltd. Merrill Lynch Securities Company, Tokyo Branch Dai-ichi Securities Co., Ltd. Yamatane Securities Co., Ltd. Koyanagi Securities Co., Ltd.

Yachiyo Securities Co., Ltd.

Okasan Securities Co., Ltd.

Vickers da Costa Ltd.,

New Japan Securities Co., Ltd. Wako Securities Co., Ltd. Sanyo Securities Co., Ltd. Osakaya Securities Co., Ltd. Loeb Rhoades Hornblower Securities Corporation, Toyo Securities Co., Ltd. Marusan Securities Co., Ltd.

Koa Securities Co., Ltd

Nichiei Securities Co., Ltd. National Tabayashi Securities Co., Ltd. Hinode Securities Co., Ltd.

> U.S. \$70,000,000 principal amount of the Bonds were exclusively placed outside Japan and the United States of America.

S. G. Warburg & Co. Ltd.

Algemene Bank Nederland N.V. Banca Commerciale Italiana Banque Bruxelles Lambert S.A. Banque Nationale de Paris Caisse des Dépôts et Consignations Credit Suisse First Boston Limited Dresdner Bank Aktiengesellschaft Hill Samuel & Co. Limited Kredietbank International Group Salomon Brothers International

Daiwa Europe N.V.

Meiko Securities Co., Ltd.

The Toko Securities Co., Ltd.

Amsterdam-Rotterdam Bank N.V. The Bank of Tokyo (Holland) N.V. Banque Internationale à Luxembourg S.A. Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas Commerzbank Aktiengesellschaft Deutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft Goldman Sachs International Corp. IBJ International Limited Kuhn Loeb Lehman Brothers International

Société Générale de Parque S.A. Société Générale

WORLD STOCK MARKETS

Brokers back the long-term deal

BY OUR INSURANCE CORRESPONDENT

QUITE WHEN the practice ment in practice gets them first commenced no one can nowhere that the gain of retainsay, but certainly for the work- ing the business is illusory, for ing lifetime of the longest-insurers then have shackled to serving insurance men and them for a limited time, a women, companies and under-reluctant policyholder anxious writers have offered commer- to escape as soon as his sentence cial policyholders special is cone, a reluctant policyholder discounts for long-term agree- who might turn into a disparticularly insurances against fire, other material damage perils and

business interruption risks, are renewable annually (things are different elsewhere in Europe) and public relations argument although insurers and many should be carried to its policyholders prefer to establish and maintain continuing relationships over many years there are inevitably those policyholders who for some reason or another 'reckon the grass will be greener in some other insurer's field and show around at each renewal of their

It is commonplace that the set-up costs for putting a new insurance on the books are

But, assuming no change in risk and moreover ignoring the effects of inflation on premiums, in turers normally reckon to charge the same prenormally mium from one year to the next, thereby assuming the continued retention of the business and effectively spreading the set-up costs over several

The long-term agreement was designed to encourage the itchy feet to stay put for three or five years by providing him with a special financial inducement: in insurers' eyes that is still the main purpose of such agreements, but an increasing number, albeit still a minority, of policyholders, and not a few intermediaries, have in recent years come to look on such agreements as a device to cut this year's premium without regard to the concomitant obligation to offer renewal subsequently if a better insurance proposition is then made.

Perhaps insurers are thempolicyhelders and their intermediaries have disregarded their legal obligations, for they have often conceded the argu-

for grantled claimant.

Into the bargain, insurers' relations with the policyholder's In Britain, almost all non-life soured so that other, replacecommercial and personal ment business, is not offered when available.

> ultimate, logical conclusion, in which case the abolition of longterm agreements and discounts is logically postulated on the ground that insurers cannot sensibly continue to give some-thing for nothing.

Alternatively, insurers must turn their backs on that argument, firmly point to the legalities of long-term agree-ments, and make clear from the insurance on the books are outset that such agreements much greater than the costs will be, if need be, enforcible insurers incur in renewing that in the courts in respect of all same policy in subsequent years. renewals in the period of such agreements.

However, the agreements are part of the commercial insurance scene: Far too many people have them and wish to continue to enjoy them for abolition to be feasible; and in any event most such policyholders are of such integrity that they will not lightly renege on contracts they have made.

So, not surprisingly, insurers have chosen to reaffirm that binding legally and to seek the help of the British Insurance Brokers' Association in publicising that view.

The message is being spread that the agreements are to be considered strictly enforceable and terminable only on very limited grounds: by mutual agreement in circumstances or when an increase in premium or the in-ansition of more onerous conditions is involved. That reaffirmation

and brokers hope, will help to achieve greater market stability selves largely to blame for the than has been evidenced of late, fact that some commercial and, incidentally, will help to and, incidentally, will help to ward off the depredations of rate-cutting interlopers who are making no contribution to the continued well-being of the itish insurance market.

314e Control Date

Board post at **Stenhouse**

Mr. H. Houghton has been appointed to the Board of STENHOUSE HOLDINGS. He is executive director of Reed directeur-adjoint and takes over Stenhouse Companies, of Canada, in which Stenhouse Holdings has a 53.78 per cent equity holding. Mr. Houghton is also cation department, Mr. Ernst Krause has been appointed chief executive of A. R. Stenhouse Reed Shaw and Pariners, the group's insurance broking company responsible for its world-wide activities excluding the Americas.

Mr. D. R. Payne, a group executive with Thomas Tilling, has been appointed a director of CORNHILL INSURANCE COMPANY following the resignation of Mr. C. I. Bostock.

Mr. Cyril-L. G. Goldsmith has Mr. Cyril L. G. Goldsmith has been appointed manager of the St. Mary Axe branch of NATIONAL WESTMINSTER BANK in the City of London and succeeds Mr. Percy Barrett, who retires on July 31. Mr. Goldsmith was previously manager of the bank's Pirseus branch in Greece.

Mr. Douglas C. Cornwall has heen appointed vice-president of NORTHERN TELECOM. SYSTEMS CORPORATION and general manager Data 100 Europe. Mr. Cornwall was at one time sales manager of IBM's UK operations and a member of its Board in England. Northern Telecom Systems Corporation is a subsidiary of Northern Telecom Limited, Montreal.

Mr. Peter R. Holroyd has been appointed sales director of MAWDSLEY'S to fill the post vacated by Mr. R. F. Flack, who has retired. Mr. Holroyd was formerly sales manager for the drives division of Brush Electrical Mechanics. cal Machines.

| Dr. William F. Miller. |
|---|
| previously chief academic officer |
| breatonally criter strangemit offices. |
| of Stanford University, is to |
| become president, chief execu- |
| ercome bresidene enter evern. |
| tive officer, and director of SRI |
| INTERNATIONAL on September |
| 1 Un will exceed Mr. Charles |
| He will succeed Mr. Charles |
| A. Anderson, who is to retire |
| |
| but will continue as a director |
| and consultant to the company. |
| |
| SRI was formerly Stanford |
| Research Institute and its |
| Fusens and Middle Ford bond |
| Europe and Middle East head- |
| quarters are in Croydon, UK. |
| * |

Compagnie Luxemhourgeoise
de la Dresdor Bank AG—
DRESDNER BANK INTERNATIONAL — Luxembourg, has
made the following appointments: Mr. Walter Draisbach
becomes directeur and together
with Mr. Wolfgang Baertz,
directeur, will join the general
management with Mr. Volker

Commerci
Industry
Industry
Industry
Amer. 1811

Gommerci
Industry

Burghagen and Mr. Piet-Jochen Etzel, administrateurs-directeurs. Mr. Peter Mick has been made sous-directeur and chef d'Arbitrage and is responsible as manager of dealing, a position previously held by Mr.

Dr. Ronald Olivier, managing director of Fluor Nederland B.V. in Haarlem since 1974, has B.V. in Haarlem since 1974, has been appointed to succeed Mr. Hal Sorensen as president of FLUOR EUROPE INC. of London. Dr. Olivier is replaced by Mr. Gordon Dibble. Mr. Sorensen is returning to Fluor Engineers and Constructors Inc. in the U.S. as senior vice-president with overall responsibility for the company's involvement in projects for the People's Republic of China.

Mr. John L. Mitchell has been appointed group managing director of JOSEPH CART-WRIGHT. He was formerly deputy managing director and group financial controller and succeeds Mr. John W. Fisher, who has been deputy what. who has become deputy chair-man of the group. Hr. Kevin G. Kearney, group secretary. has been made group financial con-

Sir Charles Woiseley ha joined the partnership of SMITHS GORE and will continu to be responsible for the Petworth office:

TEL AVIV

1979 High | Low

| Company | July 22 | on the | lн |
|---|---------|--------|--------------|
| Сотралу - | 1979 | week | ΙĤ |
| Banking, insurance | 19/5 | ALSO R | } |
| and Finance | | | 16 |
| and Finance Bank Leumi le largei | 405 | + 3.0 | |
| DB Bankholding | 480 | ÷ 5.0 | IÑ |
| Sank Hapoplim Sr | 458 | ÷ 4.0 | |
| Islas Bu at Issai B. | | | |
| Julon Bk. of Israel Br. | 416 | | |
| Jnited Mizrahi Bank . | 291 | + 3.0 | |
| lassneh insurance Br. General Mort. Benk Br. "Telahot" larael M. B. | 325 | + 28.0 | Va |
| Teleber" lessel 64 C | 308 | + 15.0 | Pa |
| Land Dovelopment | 535 | - 10.0 | P |
| Vine Josephant | 240 | | Į R |
| Africa Israel Inv. 1610 | 945 | + 1.0 | 1 194 |
| arael Land Devot. Br. | 190 | ÷ 10.0 | I R |
| roperty and Building | 387 | - 24.0 | I R₄ |
| Public Utility | | | R |
| erael Electric Corp | 219 | - 4.0 | R |
| nvestment Companies | | | [\$1 |
| ank Laumi Invest | 333 | - 14.0 | 1.00 |
| 'Ciai'' israel invest | 534 | - 26.0 | ΙÜ |
| acount invest | 260 | - 18.0 | Ιvi |
| Commercial and | | | Ιŵ |
| industrial | | | Ιŵ |
| Milance Tire & Rubber | 1,210 | - 10.0 | |
| ico Br | 247. | + 30 | l V |
| Argoman lextile.Br | 471 | - 83.0 | 1 - |
| 'Ata'' Fextile "8" | 155.5 | + 1.5 | i |
| lmer, Israel Por, Milis | 495 | - 67.0 | 1 |
| 1965 slar | 528 | - 4.0 | 1 = |
| to | 405 | + 12,0 | <u>0</u> ! |
| eva Reg | 573 | - 3.0 | P: |
| Fuel and Dul · | | | \ <u>S</u> + |
|) glak | 220 | -12.0 | 54 91 |
| Source + Bank Lemmi | le lara | el BM. | 1 34 |

NEW YORK -DOW JOXES

| 1 | , | | | 1 | | July | July | 13 | 79 | SinceCo | ंधाधार, ए |
|---|--|---------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|--------|-----|---|-----------------------------|
| | - | 20 | July 19 | July 18 | 17 | 16 | | High | Low | High | Low |
| | Industr'is H'me B'nds Transport Utilities Trading vol 000"at | 85,74 248,64 107,85 | 85.68 248.25 187.21 | 85.77 245.26 | 85,61 247,32 197,65 | 85.7 250.54 107.75 | 25.76 248.08 107.35 | (1840) | | 1051,78 (11/1/78) 273,14 (7/2/63) 163,12 (20/1/69) | 12.21 (8.77(32) 18.58 |
| | • Day's hig | - · | | | 1 | | | | l | 1 4 | |

July 16 | July 6 | June 29 Year ago (approx

BRUSSELS/LUXEMBOURG

SPAIN T

Banco Centrei 279
Banco Exterior 284
B. Granada (1,000) 734
Benco Hispano 242
Bco. I. Cat. (1,000) 185

Banco Madrid B. Santarider (250)

Banco Zaragozano ...

Espanola Zing

STOCKHOLM

122

9 5.3 9 5.3 9.60 5.7 -1 6.50 2.8 5+0.5 4.5 8.6 -1 9 7.4 -0.5 5 7.5

| STANDARD AND PO | ORS | | · , | •. | | |
|-------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|----------------|---------|---------------------------------|---------|
| · . Judy | total total | .°) Judes Jude | | 1979 | SinceC | mpijitn |
| July 20 | 19 18 | 17 16 | 13 | High L | ow High | Low |
| Indust's 112.57 | | 1 - 1 | 1. | OUT) C | 87,88 184,84 27/27 (11/1/73) | 305 Gt |
| (Gomposite 191.82 | 101.81 ¹ 101.89 | 101.65 102. | | 194.47 | 7.2) (11/1/6) | 4.48 |
| | j dul | y 11 ¦ .Ju | ily 3 | June 27 | Year ago.(| appre x |
| ind. div. yield 🕏 | 5. | 21 6 | .28 | 6.27 | 5.0 | 7 |

| Composite 101,82 101.81. 1 | 01.69 101.68 | 102.74 102. | 82 104.47 W | 17.2) (11/16) (1/6/23) |
|----------------------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|------------------------|
| | July 11 | July 5 | June 27 | Year ago (appro x |
| nd. div. yield % | 5.21 | 6,28 | 5.27 | 5.07 |
| nd. P/E Ratio . | 8_03 | 7.92 | 7.94 | 9.12 |
| ond Gov. Bond Yield | 8.86 | B.74 | 8.75 | 8.69. |
| FUDARE | - | | | |

| N.Y.S.E. ALL COM | MON | | s and Falls July 20 July 19 July |
|--|---|---|--|
| * 1 1 1. | 1 1979 | , <u></u> | 050 1 860 C |
| | | Falls marianism | .618 609 Q |
| 57,89 57.76 57.76 5 | 7.88 59.53 53.88 | Unchanged New Highs New Lows | 482 476 .4 |
| MONTREAL | July July J | uly July | 1979 |
| | 20 19 | 18 17 Hi | gh Low |
| Industrial Combined | 260,81 267,19 2 281,78 262,24 2 | 57.15 282.67 278.19 51.87 263.08 275.18 | (29/6) 218-18 (2/1 (29/6) 225.60 (9/1 |
| TORONTO Compos | ite 1557.5 1552.4 1 | 50.8 1660.9 1618.6 | (28/8) 15/5.8 (2/1) |
| JOHANNESBURG Gold Industrial | - 505.0 - 508.9 | 608.1 502.5 508.4 (2 608.6 508.4 , 450.8 | 5/5) 226.4 (17/4 (23/6) 276.5 (2/1) |
| , 20 | Pre 1979 1979 Vious High: Low | 1 20 | Prev- 1979 19 lous High Le |
| Australia (¶) 680.77 | 691.58 597.68 545.72 | Spain (4) 32. | 12 92 05 111.95 91 (8/8) (1) |
| Belgium (1) 105:41 | 4DG 94 -4DG DF G9 301 | TO A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE | 27 844 8 401 34 33 (6/2) (22 |
| Denmark (** 97.81 | (5/7) (3/1) 96.98 (87.22 88.32 (10/6) (-(8/1) | | 2 508.9 329.1 29 (2,5) (3 |
| France (11) 88.5 | (10/6) (8/1) 66.8 87.3 71.5 (11/7) (15/2) | | Amsterdam: Indust Sang Bank 31/7 |
| Germany (#) 765.00 | 755.40 838.6 719.4 (18/1) (7/8) | III Banca Comm | erciale Italiana 14 SE 4/1/68. 6 Str |
| Holland (55) 75.7 | | Times 1966. G | Closed. d Medrid |
| Hong Kong 578.45 | 567.05 578.48 493.83 (20[7] (24]) | / Swiss Bank Ci | bolm industrial 1/1/ orporation. u Unav |
| (ii) \$1.86 | 78.82 80.86 68.38 | aple. | 46.57 |
| Jepan (a) 458.66 | 459.01 462.97 435.12 | FRIDAY'S | CTIVE STOCKS |
| Singapore (b) 584.08 | 585.81 404.13 345.34 | | Character Closing of |
| Latina and ha | (28/5) (23.2 | | traded price d |
| values 100 except N 50: Standards and | e detas (ati base YSE All Common— | . Rai. Purina | 366.500 10° + |
| 50: Standarda ani Toronto 300—1,000; based on 1975). ± 400 industriais. § | the last named | Noest Utl | 315,100 34 + + 345,900 12% - |
| t 400 industrials. | Texciusing boods. | W. E. Haller | 345,900 12* - 038,300 30* - |

TOKYO. ¶

wahi Glass ...

+5

0.87 -0.810,1416 1.68 -0.01.0,116.5 1.75 -0.860.084,5 2.06 -0.860.2094 1.40 -0.810,139.2 1.08 -0.840.087,1 2.10 -0.840.087,1 2.10 -0.838,0 1.52 -0.810,159.8

HONG KONG

Amalgamated Rubber ung.
Oheung Kong 13.80
China Light & Power 21.10
Cosmopolitan Prop. 1.788
Cross Harbour Tunne 2.889.29
E. Asia Navigation 5.75
Hang Seng Bank 88.00
Hong Kong Electric 4528
Hg. Kg. Kowloon Wharf 34.50
Hg. Kg. Shanghai Bank 13.50
Hg. Kg. Shanghai Bank 13.50
Hg. Kg. Shanghai Hetel 18.80
Hg. Kg. Telephone 24.50
Hg. Kg. Telephone 5.10

IOHANNESBURG

Ind. div. yield %

| _ | 0013 20 | | _ | | | ı |
|------|--|-------|---------|--------------|---------------|--------------|
| | Ahold (FL20) | 90.7 | +0.8 | .00 | 4.0 | ı |
| | | | -0.4 | | 7 | Arb |
| | Akzo (Fl.20) | | | | | |
| 25 | Alg'm Bk (FI 100) | | 0.5 | | 7.4 | Bal |
| of | Amev (FL10), | | -0.1 | | 6.4 | (C.B |
| ue | Amrob'k (FI,90). | 72.3 | -0.2 | 125 | 6.9 | Coc |
| | Bijenkorf | 69.1 | non-Aus | 28 | 8.2 | EBI |
| he | BokaW stm(F110 | 101.2 | | 85 | 8.4 | Ele |
| | Buhrm' Tetter'. | | -1.0 | | 8.5 | Fat |
| | | | -1 | br40 | | G.B |
| _ | Elsey'r-NDU(F128 | | | | | |
| | Ennia N.V. B'rer | 155.7 | | | 6.0 | Gev |
| | EurComTst(FI10 | | +0.1 | 94, 5 | | G81 |
| | Gist-Broc (FIO | 41.4 | 0.2 | | 5.3 | Hot |
| | Heineken (FI25) | 02.7 | -0.8 | 14 | 4.4 | Inte |
| de | | TO S | | | | Kre |
| id | Hoog'ns (F1.20) | | | | | |
| k | HunterD.(F1.100) | | -0.5 | 1.8 | 4.9 | <u> 18</u> 1 |
| | K.L.M.(F1.100) | | -1.3 | 83 · | 3,3 | Par |
| | Int. Muller:FI.20 | 55.8 | +0.5 | 19 | 5.4 | Pet |
| 3.0 | Nat.Ned InsFI10 | 110.5 | -1.0 | 55 | 5.0 | Soc |
| 5.0 | NedCr'dBkF1.80 | | -0.2 | 287 | | Soc |
| 1.0 | | 213 | | 24 | 5.6 | Sof |
| | NedMidBk(F1.50 | | | 28 | | |
| 5.0 | Oce (FI.20) | 157.5 | | | 4.0 | Soh |
| 3.Q | OGEM (FL.10) | 20.5 | +0.2 | 84 | 12.0 | Tra |
| 0.6 | Van Ommeren | | 4 | _ | _ | UCE |
| 5.0 | Pakhoed (F1.20) | | +0.5 | | | Un I |
| 0.0 | | | +0.1 | 18 | 7.1 | Visi |
| | Philips (F1,10), | 50.1 | +0.1 | | 1.4 | |
| 0.1 | RinSchVer(Fi100 | | +0.4 | | | CO |
| | Robeco (F1.50) | 162.5 | | 26,4 | 8.5 | |
|).Q | Rodamco (F1.25) | 103.7 | | 3 | 11.6 | |
| 1.0 | Rollnea (FL50) | 152 | -0.1 | | _ | , |
| | Rorento (F).50) | | | -19.X | 4.2 | |
| I.O | RoyalDutch F130 | 146.5 | | 55.75 | 7.4 | |
| | | | | 21.5 | | |
| LO I | \$lavenburg | | | | | And |
| , Č | Tokyo Pao Hidas | | | ED-90 | | Dan |
| | Unitever (Ft.20). | | +0.8 | 44.8 | | Fes |
| 1.0 | Viking Res | 58.4 | +0.6 | 80.20: | 0.8 | Fins |
| | Viking Res Volker StynFi28 | 74 | +0.6 | 20 i | 0.2 | |
| | West, Utr. Hypok | | -1.5 | | 4.4 | Bryg |
| 0.0 | ARECOL: UNDOIS | 9.0 | | | - | For |
| 0 | VIENNA | | | | - 1 | Han |
| 0. | | | | | | G N |
| | 1 | rice | +or. | DIY. | Yld. | Non |
| .5 | July 20 | 2. 1 | - 1 | 3 I | % I | Nov |
| .0 | | | | - | | Olie |
| n, | Greditanstalt | 556 | | 10 ! | 2.9 | |
| .0 | Double to the state of the stat | | . 6 | 90 | 3.2 | Priv |
| .0 | Perimooser | === ' | - | E I | | Prov |
| - 1 | Seische | | | | 6.6 | Sop |
| .0 | Semperit | | +1 ! | - 1 | - I | Bup |
| vi. | Steyr Dalmier | | -1 | 9 | 4.8 | |
| 11, | Veit Magnesit | 277 | | 10 | 8.6 | . — |
| | zimabusedoin- | | | : | | GE |
| | | _ | _ | | | -041 |
| | | | | | | _ |

| | | | | _~ |
|--|--|----------------------|--|---|
| Arbed | 2,580 | -5 | | - |
| Baksert '8" | . 2,420 | -80 | 230 | 5.4 |
| C.B.R. Coment. | 1,068 | +14 | 100 | , 9.4 |
| Cockerill | 478 | _8 | | 1 = |
| EBES | K, 10U | | 177 | 6.1 |
| Fabrique Nat | 2 260 | +10 | 250 | 6.6 |
| G.B. Inno Bm | | -5. | 170 | 6.6 |
| Gevaert | | | .65 | 7.1 |
| GSL (Bruck L) | 1.800 | -10 | 99 | a.c |
| Hoboken | 2.755 | -66 | 170 | 6.9 |
| intercom. | 1,700 | 5 | 142 | [8.4 |
| Kredietbank, | 7.270 | 1+80 | 350 | 4.4 |
| La Royale Beige | 6,500 | described | 2525 | 5.0 |
| Pan-Rolding | 3.030 | 110 | \$2.60 | |
| retrouna | 0.000 | 110 | 190 | 3.7 |
| Sec Gen Banque | 3,130 | | 220 | 7.1 |
| SocGen, Belge | 1.865 | -30 | 140 | 7.5 |
| Sofina | 3.0B6 | + 30 | 225 | 6.4 |
| Solvay | 2.570 | +50. | AZ-TI | , 8.5 |
| UCB | 1 500 | -85 -15 | 769 | 6.2 |
| Un Min. (1, 10) | 758 | 1 | | 5.8 |
| Vielie M'ntagne | | _10 | J- | |
| | | | 17.5 | - |
| COPENHAGE | N.A | - ' | origin. | |
| | | | | |
| | Price | أغورها | ا مادرا | NTA. |
| July 20 | Price: Kroner | H-01 | Div. | Yid. |
| July 20 | Price: Kroner | + 01 | Div. | Yid. |
| | Kroner | | 3 | 3 |
| Andelstranken | Kroner 189ie | | 128 | .7.9 |
| Andetstranken Panske Bank | Kroner 189ie | | 128 | .7.9 10.0 |
| Andelstranken. Danske Bank East Asjatit Co. | 1394 120 1514 | | 115 12 10 | .7.9 10.0 |
| Andeutranken Danske Bank East Asiatic Co., Finansbanken | 1394 120 1514 1894 | -219 | 115 | .7.9 10.0 7.8 |
| Andelstranken Danske Bank Fast Asjatic Op., Finansbanken Bryggerier | 1394 120 1514 1894 318 | | 115 12 10 | .7.9 10.0 |
| Andelstranken Danske Bank East Asiatic Op., Finansbanken Bryggener For Papir | 1394 120 1514 1894 319 | -212 | 118 128 100 188 19 | .7.9 10.0 7.5 |
| Andelstranken Danske Bank Zast Asiatit Op , Finansbanken Bryggerier For Papir Handelsbank O Nthn H (K/90) | 1394 120 1514 1894 319 108 1204 310 | -219 | 118 100 18 19 13 | 7.9 (0.0 7.5 10.0 8.9 |
| Andelstranken Danske Bank Zast Asiatit Op , Finansbanken Bryggerier For Papir Handelsbank O Nthn H (K/90) | 1394 120 1514 1894 319 108 1204 320 1205 | -212 | 118 100 18 19 13 | 7.9 10.0 7.5 10.0 8.9 |
| Andetstanken Danke Bank East Asiatic Op, Finansbanken. Bryggarier For Papir Handelsbank O Nthn H (Kr80) Novolnö'stries B | 1394 120 1514 1694 518 108 1204 510 215 | -23g | 12 10 10 12 12 12 13 | 7.9 10.0 7.5 10.0 8.9 8.6 6.7 |
| Andelstranken. Danske Bank East Asiatic Op, Finansbanken Bryggarier For Papir Handelsbank G Nthn H (Kr90) Nord Kabei Novoind stries B Ollefabrik | 1394 120 1314 1894 318 108 1204 310 175 215 1424 | -25g. | 18 10 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 | 7.9 10.0 7.5 10.0 8.9 8.6 6.7 |
| Andelstranken Danske Bank Past Asiatic Op. Finansbanken Bryggarier For Papir Handelsbank Q Nthn H (Kr90) Nord Kabel Novolnd'stries B Oliofabrik Privetbank | 1594 1894 1894 1894 1894 1808 1208 1208 1108 1108 1108 1108 1118 111 | - 2 1g. | 18 19 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 | 7.9 10.0 7.5 10.0 8.9 8.6 6.6 4.7 |
| Andatstranken Danske Bank East Asiatib (Dp. Finansbanken Bryggerier For Papir Kandelabank O Nthn H (Kr90) Nord Kabel Novolnd'stries B Oilefabrik Privetbank Provinsbank | 1394 120 1314 1394 319 1304 310 1205 215 1494 1354 1354 | - 14 + 12 + 28 | 18 10 18 12 12 15 6 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 | 7.9 10.0 7.5 10.0 8.9 8.8 6.7 4.7 |
| Andelstranken. Danske Bank. Past Asiatic Op, Finansbanken. Bryggerier. For Papir. Handelsbank. Q Nthn H (Kr90) Nord Kabel Novoind stries B Oilefabrik. Privetbank Provinsbank. Provinsbank | 1394 120 1314 1394 108 1304 310 178 219 1424 1314 1314 1314 | - 25g | 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 7.9 10.0 7.5 10.0 8.9 8.8 6.6 4.7 4.8 8.9 |
| Andatstranken Danske Bank East Asiatib (Dp. Finansbanken Bryggerier For Papir Kandelabank O Nthn H (Kr90) Nord Kabel Novolnd'stries B Oilefabrik Privetbank Provinsbank | 1394 120 1314 1394 319 1304 310 1205 215 1494 1354 1354 | - 25g | | 7.9 10.0 7.5 10.0 8.9 8.8 6.7 4.7 |
| Andelstranken. Danske Bank. Past Asiatic Op, Finansbanken. Bryggerier. For Papir. Handelsbank. Q Nthn H (Kr90) Nord Kabel Novoind stries B Oilefabrik. Privetbank Provinsbank. Provinsbank | 1394 120 1314 1394 108 1304 310 178 219 1424 1314 1314 1314 | - 25g | 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 7.9 10.0 7.5 10.0 8.9 8.8 6.6 4.7 4.8 8.9 |
| Andelstranken. Danske Bank. Past Asiatic Op, Finansbanken. Bryggerier. For Papir. Handelsbank. Q Nthn H (Kr90) Nord Kabel Novoind stries B Oilefabrik. Privetbank Provinsbank. Provinsbank | 1394 120 1314 1394 108 1304 310 178 219 1424 1314 1314 1314 | - 25g | 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 7.9 10.0 7.5 10.0 8.9 8.8 6.6 4.7 4.8 8.9 |
| Andetstanken Danke Bank East Asiatic Op, Finansbanken. Bryggarier For Papir Handelsbank O Nthn H (Kr80) Novolnd stries Oilefabrik Privetbank Provinabank Soph,Serensen. Superfos. | 1594 120 1514 1594 319 108 1204 1204 1276 219 1494 1814 1814 1358 1518 | - 2 % | 18 10 18 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 | 7.9 7.9 7.0 7.0 7.0 7.9 8.8 8.6 6.7 4.7 7.9 |
| Andatabankan Danske Bank Danske Bank East Asiatib (Dp. Finansbanken. Bryggerier For Papir Kandelabank G Nthn H (Kr90) Nord Kabel Novoind'stries B Oilefabrik Privistbank Boph.Beransen. Superfos | Kroner 1594 120 1814 18594 519 108 1904 510 175 819 14934 1814 1854 115984 | - 2 % | 18 10 18 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 | 7.90 7.90 70.00 7.90 8.80 8.80 7.90 7.90 7.90 |
| Andetstanken Danke Bank East Asiatic Op, Finansbanken. Bryggarier For Papir Handelsbank O Nthn H (Kr80) Novolnd stries Oilefabrik Privetbank Provinabank Soph,Serensen. Superfos. | 1594 120 1514 1594 319 108 1204 1204 1276 219 1494 1814 1814 1358 1518 | - 2 % | 18 10 18 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 | 7.9 7.9 7.0 7.0 7.0 7.9 8.8 8.6 6.7 4.7 7.9 |
| Andatabankan Danske Bank Danske Bank East Asiatib (Dp. Finansbanken. Bryggerier For Papir Kandelabank G Nthn H (Kr90) Nord Kabel Novoind'stries B Oilefabrik Privistbank Boph.Beransen. Superfos | Kroner 1594 120 1814 18594 519 108 1904 510 175 819 14934 1814 1854 115984 | - 2 % | 18 10 18 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 | 7.90 7.90 70.00 7.90 8.80 8.80 7.90 7.90 7.90 |

| olnd stries B fabrik stbank vinsbank n.Berensen erios | 215 1494 1814 1864 | + 12 | 10 18 19 | 4.1 | Cardo Celluloss Elec lux B'(Kr58 Erjosen B (Kr50 Estata (Frae) Fagersta Granges (Frae) |
|--|----------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| RMANY | 3 | . <u> </u> | | • . | Handelsbanken Marabou Me Och Domaid |
| July 20 | Price DM, | + or | Div. | Yid. | Sandvik-6'Kr1M 8.K.F. 'B' Kr.50 |
| nz Versiob | 49.5 448# 195 | | 31,2 | | Skand Enskilda. Tandstik SKR:50 Uddeholm Volve (Kr:50) |
| F | 189.5 m 186.8 129.2 247 | + 1.5 + 0.1 + Q.5 | 98,12 18,76 18,76 28,12 | 7.5 5.9 7.5 5.7 | SWITZERLAN |
| . Vereinsbk merzbank tí Gummi nier-Benz | 270 198.9 55.5 269 | +1.4 | 28, 12 26,58 26,12 | 6.5 | auty 20 |
| uesa 14g teche Bank | 230 155 st 275.1 | -0.5 +2.1 | 26,55 17,18 28,12 | 11.0 5.1 | Aluminium |

| | Bayer-Hypo 247 28,12 6.7 | 34411 YEKTAMA |
|---|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| | | |
| | | |
| | Commerzbank 198.9 + 1.4 26,58 6.5 | Price + or :Div.Yid. |
| | Cont Gummi 55.5 +1 | July 20 Fra. 1 2 3 3 |
| | Daimler-Benz 259 +4 26.12 5.1 | 1 <u> </u> |
| | Degussa 230 -4 26,55 5.8 | T 1 |
| | Demag | Aluminium 1,250 +5 6 3.2 |
| | Deutsche Bank. 275.1 + 2.1 28,12 5.1 | BBC 'A' 1.640 +5 10 8.7 |
| | Dresdner Bank., 207.5 28,12 5.9 | CibaGalgyFr100 1,225 -10 22 1.8 |
| | Dyckerhoffze't. 165 +3 12.6 4.1 | Do. Part Cert. 995 |
| | Gutehoffnung 204.8 + 0.8 18.78 4.6 | Do. Reg 678 29 8.5 |
| | Hanad Lloyd 79 m 9.38 11.7 | Credit Suiese 2.210 +5. 16 3.6 |
| | | Electrowatt 2,015 -5 10 2.4 |
| | | Frecher(Georg), 685 |
| | Hoechet 128.5 + 0.5 18.76 7.5 | HoffmanPtCert, 75,000 |
| | Hoesch | |
| | Horten | . Do. (Smain 7,800 |
| | Kali und Salz 136.8 + 0.5 I .68 5.7 | Interfood 5 4,500 |
| | Karstadt 254 # +2 28,44 4.5 | Jelmolt (Fr. 100) 1,425 +5. 21 1.5 |
| | Kaufhof | Nestie (Fr. 100) 3,485 +10 m81.5 2.5 |
| | Klockner DM.108 | Do. Reg., 2,275 +5 x81.5 5.6 |
| | KHD | Oerlikon 8(F250 2.465 15 1.5 |
| | Krupp DM.100 78.5—1.5 — — | Pirelli(F1007 288 +2 18 5.5 |
| | Linda 298.5 + 5 25 4.9 | Sandoz (F.350). 4,240 +15 26 1,5 |
| | La'brau DM.100 1,440 +10 26 6.7 | Do. Part Certs 531 -5 86 2.4 |
| | Lufthansa 94 44+8 10.94 5,8 | Schind'rCtF100 515 18 3.7 |
| | M.A.N | Suizer CL'F.100) 858 +5 14 4.0 |
| | Mannesmann 158 # + 1 17.18 5.4 | Swisselr (F.350) 795 10 4:4 |
| | Metaliges 258 -2.5 14.5 2.6 | Sw.Bk.Cp(F100) 381 -1 10 2.8 |
| | Munchener Rok 570 +2 - 88,12 2.6 | Sw.Reins (F250) 5.425 +15 +25 +4.7 |
| i | | Union Bank 3.215 +8 20 3.1 |
| ı | Preuss'gDM100 167 -1.5 | Zurich ins 15,200 +50 44 1.8 |
| ı | RheinWestElect 186 -0.7 25 6.7 | |
| ļ | Schering 243 +1.3 28.12 5.8 | |
| 1 | Siemens 261 +0.9: 25 4.8 | |
| ı | | |
| 1 | Sud Zucker 243 -2 29.85 3.8 | AUSTRALIA |
| 1 | Thyssen A.G 88.2 —1 #12.5 6.9 | |
| ł | Varta 171 +1 15.15 5.0 | H or |
| ı | VEBA 154 +0.8 18.72 6.1 | Safer 900 August 0 7 |
| 1 | Vereins&WetBir 275 28,12 5.1 | AD15 40 MESC 4 |
| ı | Volkswagen 213.5 pl +1 28.12. 6.5 | |
| ı | MILAN | |
| 1 | | ACMIL (85 cents) |
| | | |

| Pwisselr (F.850) 795 Sw.Bk. Cp(F100) 381 Iv. Reins.(F250) 5.425 Julon Bank 3.215 Lurion Ins | -1 10 2.8 +15 25 4.7 +8 20 3.1 +50 44 1.8 | |
|---|--|----|
| RUSTRALIA | | |
| July 90 | Aust. 3 - | l |
| | | |
| CMIL (25 cents) | 10.66 10.08 12.45 40.02 | |
| mpol Exploration | 11.55 0.02 | l. |
| ssoc. Pulp Paper \$ udimop 25 cents ust. Consolidated Inds. | 11.85 +8.01 | |
| ust. Nellonal Industries ust. Oil & Gas amboo Creek Gold | 11.76 -0.02 10.78 1-0.81 | ١. |
| lue Metal Ind Ofelianos Ind ougainville Copper | +1.08 -8.01 +2.22 -40.02 +1.93 -0.09 | |
| rembles Industries roken Hill Proprietary H South | 11.70 +0.02 19.20 -8.08 11.76 +0.08 | |
| ariton United Browery. SR (\$1) | 11.85 +0.05 18.56 | - |
| pies (G.J.) pies (G.J.) pris Goldfields Aust | 15.60 | |
| ontainer (\$1), onzine Riotinto ostain Australia | 13.25 -8.04 | |
| uniop Rubber (50 cent) | 10.87 | • |

| July 20 | Aust. # | MINES |
|---|-----------------------------|---|
| 301y 40 | Adec. # | July 20 Rand |
| | 1 . The same of | Anglo American Con. 8.00 |
| - | 10 mm | Charter Consolidated : 3.20 |
| (25 cents) | 10.66 | East Driefontein 14.55 |
| Australia | 12.45 +0.02 | Flabura " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " |
| Exploration | 11.55 140.02 | Harmony 9.00 |
| Petroleum | 10.67 | Kinross 6 on |
| Minerals | 11.20 min. | . Klod |
| Pulp Paper \$ | 11.85 +8.01 | Rustenburg Piatinus ' 5 85 |
| op 20 cents | 10.29 | St. Helena 10.30 |
| consolidated inds. | 1.76 -0.02 | St. Helena 10.30 Southwal 13.25 |
| iii & Gas | 10.78 1-0.81 | Gold Fields SA |
| o Creek Gold, etal ind | 10.18 -8.01 | Union Corporation 700 |
| ************************************** | 11.08 -0.01 12.22 -40.02 | De Beers Deferred |
| nville Cooper | +1.03 -0.09 | Blyvnoruitzicht 7.30 |
| es Industries | 11.70 +0.02 | East Rand Pty. 11.40 |
| Hili Proprietary | #9.20 a.cs | Free State Geduld 30.25 |
| TI | | President Brand 21,00 |
| United Brewery. | 11.85 +B.05 | President Steyn |
| un Cement | 1.28 | Stillontain |
| | 2.12 -0.01 | Welkom 710 |
| ioidfields Aust | 13.60 | West Oriefontein 22 00 |
| 1er (\$1), | 12.38 .+0.05 | Western Holdings 139.50 |
| Riotinto | 13.25 -8.04 | Western Deep 19.00 |
| Australia Rubber (50 cent) | 11.55 | 19th contract of |
| Rupper (50 ceut) | 10.87 | AECI INDUSTRIALS |
| Mgp | 2.60 | AECI |
| our Resources | 29.60 10.94 - 10.01 | Attercom 2.32 |
| ustries | 18,38 | Angle-Amer Industrial 14.50 |
| operty Trust | 11.58 | Barlow-Rand 5.80 CNA investments 12.50 |
| lay | 12.52 +0.07 | CNA lovestments 1250 |
| en Energy | 11.60 -1.15 | Current riponce agains 0.84 |
| ralia | 10.78 =0.02 12.25 +0.05 | Do Backs Industrial .: 418 75 |
| ODDer | :0.304 | Edgara Consd. Inv 3 20 |
| opper | 10.73 | Edgars Stores |
| ions Minerals : | 41 75 | Fed. Volksbelengings 2.02 |
| David) | 11.19 7-0.01 | Greatermans Stores 2.80 |
| t Oil | 10.29 -0.01 | Huldts |
| Exploration | 10.66 -0.01 | LTA |
| nar Minerala | 10.15 -8.0 | McCarthy Rodway D.65 |
| mporium | 15:26 +0.01 11.56 +0.01 | |
| | 12.90 | ALC B' |
| s International | 11.0 (0.0) | October 1817 |
| en Hainas (Mai.' | +1-72 1.8 1.8 1.1 | Premier Milling 5.55 |
| 26 ************************************ | 11.50 -0.05 | Pretoria Cement 4.60 |
| CO metalomentalistic | 10.14 | Protes Holdings 1.70 |
| A Colman | 10,76. +0.01 | Rand Mines Properties 2.75 |
| + Colman | 71.46 -0.61 | Rembrandt Group 4,00 |
| H.C. | 12.98 -0.02 | Retor 0.40 |
| | | |

| eren mining (buc | 12.45 -0.01 11.45 +9.05 | | Rand U.S.; unt of 251 | |
|-------------------|---|---------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | | 44 | <u> </u> | (18) - 19 3 - 18 7 (|
| NOTES: Oversee | s prices exclude \$ | premium. Beig | an dividends | are strong |
| ♣ DM 50 denom | unless othorism | S. 14. 1 | | 7 |
| enwish Stated, 4' | Yan 50 dages | nies asien avelent. | אסוופים עולם וידדי | N_ UN 827 - |
| for scrip issue. | s. D Schillings. & F.Per share. I Frank ghts issue. k. Aire D Nom. & Share | CRUEST O DIVIDE | m, after pendi | |
| uding United die | # Nom . Shan | LIDERY TAKES | To lax Heg. | n Pronts. |

Tiger Oats and N. Mig.

| ment | that | strict legal en | force- | Bri |
|--|--|---|--|-------------------|
| W | AL | L STR | EE' | T |
| NE | W Y | ORK | | Hig |
| High | Low | Stook | July 20 | 42 |
| 36 24 lg | 50 is | AM International | 147 | 75 56 |
| 513, 5278 54 | 21 25% 25% | Adobe Oil & Gas. Aotha Life & Ga | 311g | 31 31 |
| 8854 865a | 52 is | : Alcan Aluminium | 46 k | 41 36 16 |
| 2012 18 | 1574 | Alleg. Ludium | 2014 17:3 | 29 |
| 361g 251g | 151g 281g 21 | Affled Stores | 1 257a | 48 40 13 |
| 56 57 4814 | 29 3714 2519 | | . 3314 | 17 |
| 1454 805 | 101 481 | Amer. Airlines | 1114 | 26 14 |
| 43 411 ₂ | 321g | Amer. Broadc'st. Amer. Cap | 364 | 57 41 56 |
| 275 27 23 | 201 | Amer, Cyanamio | 21 | 29 88 |
| 361s 3014 | 1974 284 2474 | Amer. Express | 3518 | 50 48 |
| 3414 | 2434 | Amer. Medical | 2914 | 24 |
| 4834 5189 | 36 397 | Amer Not Des | 4331- | 66 40 |
| 571g 6484 4034 | 3158 57 2974 | Amer Tel & Tel | 571 ₂ 573 ₈ 391 ₉ | 37 21 |
| 16 | 15 | AMF | 17 35 | 51 58 21 |
| 16¼ 50% | 141g 165g | Ampex | 147s 163s | 87 8 |
| 2714 225 28 | 217g 193g 223g | Armco | 217a | 39 27 |
| 17% 20% | 15 ig | Asamera Oil | | 28 55 66 |
| 4534 6874 | 543g | Ashland Oil Ashland Oil | 38 Ja | 33 18 |
| 345g 125g | 281e | Auto Data Pro | 34 % | 19 29 |
| 25 65 % 45 % | 1878 45% 25% | Avon Products. Baker Intl Balt. Gas Elect. | | 19 40 82 |
| 26 257s | 2158 1954 | Bangor Punta | 2458 | 55 |
| 27: ₆ 43: ₆ | 24 35 | Banka merica Bankers Tr. N.Y., | 2712 4550 | 28 45 22 |
| 854 457g | 241 ₂ 63 ₉ 357 ₆ | Barber Oil Basic Resources. Baxter Travenol. | 8778 654 42 | 44 |
| 237g 263g | 2019 | Beatrice Foods | 22 75 6 | 50 59 |
| 36 is | 31 to | Bect 'nDick'nson Bell & Howell., | 34 173 | 12 13 |
| 401s 44 245 | 36 lg 3 19 in | Bendix Benguet Cons 'B Bethlehem Steel | | 44. 53 |
| 233e 521e | 164 | Black & Decker | 211 ₂ 395 | 11 30 34 |
| 36 2714 | 26 2458 | Boise Gascade | 351g 253g | 51 35 |
| 35 lg 14 l ₄ 22 | 2634 1058 154 | Brankf Intl | 315g 11 191 ₂ | 29 60 18 |
| 44 28†g | 51 ~ | Brascan 'A' Bristol Myers Brit. Pet ADR. | 3214 2834 | 33 |
| 19 15% | 1718 15 121 ₂ | Brockway Glass. | 15 | 26. 5 |
| 245g | 151g 551g | Brunswick Bucyrus Erie Burlington Nthn. | 6878 | 30 37 |
| 78 853, 298 | 5412 3278 1954 | Burrough | 66-8 32 € | 541 26: |
| 16 28 | 10 | Canadian Pacific Canal Randoiph. Carnetion | 2676 123 ₁ 261 ₅ | 19. 20, |
| 12'. 18'2 | 1034 | Carrier & Gener. Carter Hawley | 1114 1718 | 18 29 |
| 613 ₄ 551 ₂ | 4414 | Caterpillar Tract CBS Celanese Corpn. | 54 lg 50 is | 29 10 28 |
| 4814 1614 | | Central & S.W | 45% 15եր | 15 15 |
| 171 ₂ 205 ₈ 26 | 151 ₂ 151 ₂ 201 ₄ | Cesana Aircraft | 17 18 ⁵ 4 24 | 72: |
| 395g | 30 | Champion Inter. Ch'se Manhattan Chemical Bk. NY | 395g | 39: 24: |
| 2312 | 2114 | Chesebr gh Pond Chessle System. | 2253 3012 | 417 |
| 644 | 4318 | Chicago Bridge Chrysler | 62.5 81g | 311 98 |
| 2134 264 | 183: 323: | Citicorp | 214 | 20: 36: |
| 1854 | 531g | City Investing | 671g 185g | 754 185 |
| 33 45 | 365 | CocaCola | 33 36:4 | 34! 315 |
| 10% | 854 | Colgate Palm Collins Aikman Columbia Gas | 161 ₂ 95 ₄ | 18: |
| 25 233 | 1912 | Columbia Gas Columbia Pict, Com.insCo.of Am- | 295g 234 185g | 28: 47: 53: |
| 5314 15 | 323 ₄ | Combustion Eng.' | 501g 141g | 40 151 |
| 265g 6414 | 221 ₂ 3514 | C'm'th Edison Compugraphie | 24 - 3814 | 801 |
| 483e 1 157e | 285g 101 ₂ | Comm. Satellite. Computer Scienc Conn Life Ins | 435g 153 ₄ | 245 42 |
| 39 174 233 | | Conn Life ins | 371a 157g 2414 | 49 211 213 |
| 2434 ° 2434 ° | 2112 | Conrac | 2414 25 | 474 149 |

Consol Foods
Consol Nat. Gas...
Consol Nat. Gas...
Consumer Power
C'ntinental Gr'p...
Continental Oil ...
Continental Tele

55% 50% 88% 22% 36% 17 26 17 26 18 28% 69%

69% 20% 40% 45% 20 19% 41% 12% 27% 27% 20 11% 34%

| 20 | 5534 | 315a 466a | Cooper Indus 5518 |
|------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|--|
| 1834 141a | 751g 554 | 52 l4 484 | Corning Glass 5813 CFC int rnation i. 524 Grane Co 2988 |
| 114 1250 | 31 315g | | Grane Co 295g Gracker Nati 313g |
| 52.3a | 411 ₂ 363 ₄ | 81 884 | Crown Zallerb h. 354s |
| 5 kg 5134 8014 | 163 | 15 is | Cummine Engine 541g Ourtise Wright; 145g |
| 17:2 | 295g 46 | 251g | Dane 2734 |
| 541a 257a | 40 | 3814 | Dert Industries 45 Deore |
| 5 tg 581 | 13% 17% | 95g 143g | Deltona |
| 14 114 | 16 U | 1354 | Detroit Edison 147s |
| 195g | 14 L | 814 | Diamond Shark. 25 Di Giorgio Corpn. 113 Digital Equip 544 |
| 13 564 | 4134 5642 | 88 | Digital Equip 541, Disney (Walt) 551, Dover Corp n 561; Dow Chemical 287; Drzyo 52 |
| 2473 21 | 296 ₈ | 247g 251a | Dow Chemical 257 |
| 217a 551a | 50 | 35 fg | |
| 619 914 | 4814 2456 | 391 ₄ 195 ₈ | Dupont 89% Eagle-Picher 21% |
| 653 312 | 91g | 71s | Dupont |
| 8 le 7 le | 401 | 343 | .caton 50 |
| 74 | 3113 | 2714 1512 | E. G. & G; 55 % El Paso Nat. Gas. 2058 |
| 91g 17 15 | 51 58% | 245a | Eltra 51 Emercon Electric 527, |
| 471 | 21 is 373e | 175 | EmeryAirFreight 211s |
| 163g | | | |
| 1 ig 1 ig 1 ig 1 ig | 2714 2814 | 285g 24 2214 | Esmark 245a Ethyl 265a |
| Sig Sig | 843. | | Exxon 5214 |
| 8 30 | | 2850 | FairchildCamera 654 Fed Dept Stores 2914 Firestone Tire. 121s |
| 6 4 % | 195 | 164 | First Chicago, 175: |
| 212 | 10 4 | 251 ₂ | Fist. Nat. Boston 2914 Flexi Van 154 |
| 7 4:e 4:a | 525s | 295g 26-4 | Flintkota |
| 454 | 997 | 3243 | Flugr 541g |
| 712 550 | 28 4514 | 40 | F.M.C 28 Ford Motor 41/2 |
| 7 2A | no. | 1814 | Foremost Mak 215a |
| 84 | | 53g 32% | Franklin Mint Bla |
| 2 55a | 59 18 4 | ne. | Freehof 3314 Fugua Inds 1114 |
| 734 | 151 | | G.A.F 10to |
| 7 54 | 44 54 53 14 | | Gannett |
| 11g 11g | 114 | | Gen. Amer. Inv 11 G.A.T.X 2976 |
| 9 5 5 1 g | 3078 3434 51 | 26 46 | Gen. Dynamics ocia |
| 53g 15g | 355 ₄ | C'Sla | Gen. Foods 51& |
| 1 91 ₂ | 6074 | 54 3€ | General Mills \$414 General Motors 5618 Gen Pub 1811 |
| 214 | 183 ₉ | 20 | Gor., Pub. Util 10 Gor., Signal 5514 Gor., Tcl., Elect £612 Gor., Tire 2034 |
| 83 ₄ 5 | 203 ₆ | 2234 | Gen. Tel. Elect 2815 Gen. Tire 2034 |
| 31g 234 | 51 ₂ 301 ₄ | 7.8 | Genesco 4% Georgia Pacific 26½ |
| 873 b-8 | 37 541 ₃ | 271. | Getsoures 5314 Getty Oil 5314 |
| 212 678 | ac. | | Gillotte 2412 |
| 23, | 195g 2012 1819 | 16 | GK.Technologies 1914 |
| 614 114 718 | 1812 | 1514 | Goodyear Tire,; 153g |
| 71g 412 | 29 M | 2553 | |
| 01g 55g | 1014 2878 1539 | 612 21:4 | Grt. North Iron! 251s |
| 5 le | 15: ₂ 15: ₃ | £ 15a | Graubound 1 187a |
| 7 834 | 7254 5 | 59 ts | |
| 4 [·] 958 | 39% | 305 | Hanna Minung 3512 |
| 03, 253 | 221. | 255, | Harris Corpn 255g |
| 012 | 417s ; | 33.g | Heinz H. J 3578 Houblein 2534 |
| 2.5 81 ₂ | 98 | | Hewlett Backgref 031. |
| 1 14 214 | 20% I | 1512 | Boliday Line 176 |
| 71g 85g | 3634 7534 | 64 | Honeywell 554 |
| 3 | | 26'0 | Hoon Core Amer IDs |
| 61 <u>4</u> 61 <u>2</u> | 3419 3154 1614 | 2334 | Houston Nat. Gas 315s Hunt (Ph.A) Chm. 135s Hutton (E.F.) |
| 954 | 185g | 1514 | Hutton (E.F.) 171 |

| 515s 25ag | 25 164 | Johnson Control. | 26 ¹ 4 19 ¹ 4 | 597 ₈ 51 |
|--|--------------------------------------|---|--|---------------------------------------|
| 35% | 294 203 | Jostens Joy Manufacturg K. Mart | 334 254 | 401a 4034 |
| 27:8 214 234 | 17 ta | Kaiser Alumini'm | 191- | 76 L |
| 254 3873 1876 | 2014 1214 | Kaiser Industries Kaiser Steel Kaneb Services | 563g | 125g 107g |
| 163g : | | 'Kay | - | 303g 46 |
| 251g | 4614 | Kenneoptt | 2514 | 201 |
| 3334 484 | 28 | Kidde Walter | 30 Ja | 45% |
| 235; 1 484 | 184 | Koppers | 2234 | 85g 1634 |
| 25 ! | 70 | Kroger Co | 957g 223g | 761 ₈ 804s |
| 327a 651g | 38 la | Levi Stranse | 20% 551g | 19% |
| no-4 | 2413 | IMARA GAL LAIGHI | 10.1.18 | 914 |
| 59 56% | 71.4 | Lifty Elli, | 364 6414 | 365g 341g |
| 2313 | 187a 1854 | Litton industries Lockh'ed Aircrit | 311s 201s | 164 284 |
| 2518 1814 | 21 la 15 la | LONG ISIANG LTG | 1.4.14 | 32 481 ₄ |
| 3778 494 | 254 42 | Lubrizol | 35 kg | 43 354 |
| 204 | 14 lg | Lucky Stores | 1578 | 281g 386g |
| 3814 3658 | 35 314 | Macy R.H | 46% | 147g 245g |
| 3676 4014 | 2634 3434 | Marathan Oil | 8734 | OI I4 |
| 204 | 14 | Marine Midland, Marshal Field Marsh McLenn'n, | 19 173 ₈ | f 1.0 |
| 6834 | 155g 5974 | Marsh McLenn'n, | | 2714 1778 |
| 271g 4854 221g | 2234 374 | May Dept. Stores | 26 45 4 | 4212 341p |
| 55×1 | 157g | McDermott McDermott | 203 ₄ 845 ₆ | 8714 , 29 |
| 3334 | 2854 2739 | Et amage | 24 29 % | 894 |
| 7158 1 20 | 631g | Merck | Dfs \a | 4914 |
| 653 ₄ 261 ₂ | 3252 18 | March Clarkwalls (197) | 67 | 87% 29% |
| 651s | 625 ₄ 861 ₄ | MGM | 55 te | 52 683 ₈ |
| 525g | 4614 | Morsanto | 4978 | 60% 21% |
| 4614 6034 | 35 4058 | Monsanto Morgan 'J.P.j Motorola Murphy Oil | 413 ₄ 583 ₄ | 21 45% |
| 251 ₁ | 2238 264 | Nabisco Nalco Chemicals | 2234 | 4178 5738 |
| 21 | 1634 | National Can | 20 | 2814 ! 2014 |
| 2354 18 | 183 ₄ 141 ₄ | Nat. Distillers Nat. Service Ind | 297g 17 31% | 20/8 |
| : ولان3 505g | 28 Tg 40 5g | National Steel | 315e 481g | 161s 1714 140 |
| 711 ₂ . 235 ₆ : | 595a 204 | Natomas | 57 221 ₄ | 634 |
| 3614 | 54 151 ₈ | New England Te. Nagara Mohawk | 35 143 | 183- 1 |
| 115g : | 95 ₄ | Niagara Share N. L. Industries Norfolk & Wost n | 2414 | 294 |
| 4812 | 217a 335a | Norfolk & West'n North Nat. Gas | 2778 | 584 |
| 255e 363e 27 | 214 254 | North Nat. Gas . Nthn. States Pwr Nthwest Airliner. | 245g 2914 | 4512 |
| | 2516 | Nthwist Zancorp Norton Simon | 27 | 5034 3514 |
| 255 | 151 | Occident'l Petrol Ogdyy Mather | 2414 | 6258 |
| 1712 2514 | 144 | Ohio Edison | 1554 | 18 te |
| 33% | 20 8 | Olin Overseas Ship' | 21!a 297a | 3414 |
| 2954 | 243; 1754 | Owens Corning | 2614 | 3014 |
| 25 | 21-2 | Owens Illinois | 20 251 ₈ | 401 ₈ |
| 2218 | 201a 19 | Pacific Lighting. Pac. Pwr. & Ltg., | 213 ₈ 213 ₈ | 81 ₂ 425 ₆ |
| 28 | 5 241 _E | Pan Am World Air Parker Hannifin. | 634 2571 | 48 |
| 24 kg 21 34 | 19 187 ₈ | Peabody Inti | 221g 2014 | 3154 |
| 3414 | 28 307a | Penney (J.C., | 2834 | 221g 261g |
| 4211 | 304 9 | Pennzou Peoples Drug | 39% | 655 ₈ |
| 5914 2773 | 3156 | Peoples Ons | 103 ₆ 391 ₄ | 4512 |
| 335. 1 | 22 | Papsico | 2358 | Iāla |

| | 203 | K. Mart | 254 | 401g 4054 | 25 28 L | Rockwell Inter. s Rohm & Hass | 575 597 | |
|----|--------------------------------------|--|------------------|---|------------------------|---|------------------|-------------|
| | 1719 | Keiser Alumini'm | 1839 | | ' | Bouel Butel | 741 | - |
| | 2014 | | 563g | 761g 125g 107g | 95 93 | Royal Dutch | 10 | |
| 1 | 124 | Kaneb Services. | 177 | 30% | 131 | | | , |
| | | Kay | 1412 | . 46 | 346 913 | St. Joe Minerals | 36kg | 1 |
| ! | #1 461 ₄ | | · D5% | 361 | 251 | St. Regis Paper Santa Fe Inds | 814 | , |
| ŀ | 28 | وحضا سلطا بداماتها أفأر | | 46% | | | | |
| | 184 | Kimberley Clark Koppers Krait Kroger Co | 2234 | 85g 1634 | 44 | Saxon Inds | 5 le | |
| ij | 4814 | Kraft. | 4579 | 76 12 | 425 | Schlitz Brewing | 787 | |
| i | 474 | | | 80as 195g | 151, 126 | SCM | . 30s | |
| | | Levi Stranss Libby Ow. Ford | . 55 ig | 21 | 175 | Scovil Mrg | 173 | ' |
| | | | | 914 365 | 1 1634 | | A 2-P | į |
| ! | | Liggett Group | 6414 | 341 | 25% | Seagram | .: 20 | |
| ! | 187 | Litton Industries | 311a | 164 284 | 104 | Searle (G.D.), | . 1578 | |
| i | 185 <u>1</u> 21 lg | Lone Star Indiets | عد 23 | 39 | 261 | Searle (G.D.), Sears Roebuck Security Pacific | . 10% 511s | |
| į | 154 254 | Long Island I to . | 1714 | 481 ₄ 43 | 294 | SEDCO | . 294 | |
| ï | 42 | Lubrizol | 463m | 375. | 1872 | Shell Transport. | . 51 | |
| į | 14 lg 107 | Lucky Stores MacMillan, | 1574 | 281g 386g | 19% | Signa Signoda Corp | . 99 | |
| | 35 | Macv R.H | 25 is | 147e | | Strontielle Dat | 1 7714 | |
| į | 311 ₄ 263 ₄ | Manco | åB ta | 243 | 127g | Singer, | . 153g | |
| | 343 ₄ | Marathan Oll | 8734 | | 8319 | Singer | 4258 | |
| j | 154 | Marine Midland. Marshal Field | 173a | 71 ₄ 505 ₄ 271 ₄ | 514 3214 | Southdown | 4670 | |
| ! | 9934 | Marsh McLenn'n, | 6012 | 2714 1778 | 227 | Southdown Southern Cal.Ed. Southern Co | 2511 | |
| i | 2214 | May Dept. Stores | 26 | 4219 | | Southern Co, | 4074 | |
| i | 371g 157g | MCA McDermott McDonnell Doug. | 4514 2034 | 341p | 25 25 | Southern Pacific | 341 | |
| i | 20 254 | | 945a 94 | 29 | 231 | Southern Railw'y | 29 | |
| i | 273a | McGraw Hill | 29 te | 894 80 | 223g 125g | Southland | 24 15 | |
| 1 | 631g 153g | Merck | 6514 177 | 4914 | 3234 | Sperm Bond | 1 444 | |
| i | 3252 | Mesa Petrolaum | 67 | 87% 29% | 213g | Squibb | 3056 2518 | |
| ļ | 18 625, | MGM | R Z 44 | 52 | | | | |
| ! | 3614 | Mobil Corpn | 38 | 60 % | 4534 287s | Std. Oil Indiana, | 651 ₈ | |
| 1 | 4514 | Monsanto | 49°s | 21% 21 | 1210 | Statut Chamlest | I XNTo | |
| i | 30 | Motorola | 4134 | 45% | 155g | Sterling Drug StorageTechnigy | 161g 165g | |
| 1 | 223a | Nabisco | 2234 | 417g 573g | 24 IB | Studebaker War. Sun Co | 417g | |
| į | 264 1634 | Naico Chemicals National Can | 54 lg | 2814 | 11 | Sundstrand | 2814 | |
| i | 1834 | Nat. Distillers, | 2272 | 2014 3878 | 153g 185g | Super Valu Store | 1778 364 | |
| • | 1414 | Nat. Service Ind | 17 | 345g | 185g | Tandy Corpn | 2034 | |
| i | 287g 405g | National Steel Natomas | 315g | 161 | 10 521 ₀ | Technicolor Tektronix Teledyne | 143 ₄ | |
| i | 595g | NCR New England E | 67 | 140 634 | 574 | Teledyne | 13154 | |
| į | 804 84 | New England E | 35 | 365g | 28 28 | Telex | 438 3478 | |
| ! | 151g 954 | Nagara Mohawk | 143 | 183 ₈ | 634 | TesoroPetr'leum | 1558 | |
| i | 20 | Niagara Share N. L. Industries | 2414 | 2514 | 151- | T | 2778 | |
| i | 2173 | Norfolk & West'n | | 584 | 32 | Texas Eastern Texas Inst'm Texas Oil & Gas Texas Utilities Times I no Times Mirror Transe | 517g | - |
| | 2134 | North Nat. Gas . Nthn. States Pwr | 47 2458 | 921 ₂ 451 ₂ | 613a 243a | Texas Inst'm | 441 | 3 |
| 1 | 254 | Nthwest Airliner. Nthwist Bancorp | 201. | 221 ₄ 503 ₆ | 18 | Texas Utilities | 194 | 3 |
| : | 141 | Norten Simon | 1474 | 2014 | 3334 2218 | Times I no | A1/g | - 3 |
| ì | | Norton Simon Occident'l Petrol | 2414 | 6258 | 41 | Timken | 6114 | |
| i | 1434 | Onio Edison | 1912 | 184 | 18 16 | Trane., | 2119 | |
| 1 | 174 | Olin | 21!8 | 1866 3038 3414 | 204 | Tran. America Transco Tran. Union Transway Inti TwCorp | 284 | |
| ı | 2018 | Overseas Ship Owens Corning . Owens Illinois Pacific Gas Pacific Lighting. Pac. Pwr. & Ltg Pan Am World Airi | 2978 | 3014 | 26 | Tran. Union | 331g | į |
| ! | 245; 175 | Owens Corning , ' | 264 | 301. | 137g | TWCorp | 176 | - 3 |
| • | 21-3 | Pacific Gas | 251g | 401 ₈ | 353, | Travelers Tri-Continental | 394 | |
| i | 2018 19 | Pacific Lighting. | 2139 | 812 [| 412 | Triton Oil & Gas. | 710 | - 3 |
| : | 5 | Pan Am World Air Parker Hannilin. | 634 | 425s | 296g | Triton Oil & Gas- TRW | \$818 | - |
| į | 241 _e | Paghody Intl | 221- | 191. | 30 137 ₈ | Tyler | 1412 | 3 |
| Ċ | 187 ₈ | Penn Pwr & Ltg. | 2014 | 515 ₁ 227 ₈ | 25 | Tyler | 2418 | 2 |
| i | 28 30:- | Penney (J.C., Penney (J.C., Pennwait Pennzoil | 2854 | 20.0 | | | | 2 |
| ı | 304 | Pennzou | 3934 | 531g 655g | 401 | Unilever XV | 441g | 1 |
| | 9 315 | Peoples Drug Peoples Oas | 103. | - | | | | 3 |
| ! | 22 | .Papsico | 2358 | 451g 151g | 34 | Union Carbide UnionCommerce Union Oll Calif Union Pacific | 3912 | 4 |
| 1 | 2612 | Petrolane | | 40 | 284 | Union Oil Colif | 115g 391a | 4 |
| | 2712 | Petrolane | 424 | .7314 | 5112 | Union Pacific | 7218 | 1 |
| i | 2078 | Pfizer Phelps Dodge Philadelphia Ele | 25 Ia | 8'e 1154 | | | | |
| ! | 15 ia | Philadelphia Elg. | 16 | 23 | 253 | US Bancorp | 271g | ð |
| ĺ | 2914 | Philips Petro'm. Pillsbury. | 383a | 505 ₄ 231 ₀ | 211g | United Brands US Bancorp US Gypsum US Shoe US Steel Us Chnologues | 285g | 2 |
| ì | 3214 | Pillsbury | 37 | 251g 251g | 211, | US Steel | 2214 | 1 3 3 |
| 1 | 30 | Pitney-Bowes Pittston | 245 | 415g 394 | 5614 2074 | UtdTechnologies | 3612 | 4 |
| į | 1912 | Plessey Ltd ADR. | 251g | 13 a | 12 | Virginia Elect | 1272 | i |
| ; | 2776 121 ₃ | Polaroid Potomac Elec: | 27 is | 285g 2714 | 24 191 | Wagreen | 273 | 2 |
| ŀ | 245 | PPG Industries | 3014 | 5734 | 32 | UV Industries Virginia Elect Wagreen Wallace-Murray Warner-Commn | 36 | 2 2 1 |
| ŀ | 743a | PPG Industries Procter Gamble. Pub. Serv. Elec | 743 ₆ | 25% 331a-1 | | | | Ė |
| i | 2934 | Pullman | 37-4 | 3031 | 2014 | Waste-Man,mont | 30% 291 | 1 |
| : | 1458 | Purex | 16/3 | 22 | | | | 4 |
| | 13)g | Rapid American. | 16 16 | 40 84 | 74.1 | Mestolu N'Ywel' | 9213 | 1 |
| | 407g 83 | Rapid American. Raytheon | 4951 | 20 ag | 165g | W stinghse Elec. | 20 | 2 |
| | 2114 | REDUDING STEEL | 23.8 | 2114 | 1814 | Western Union - Wistinghse Elec- Weyerhaeuser - Whiripool White Con- Ind | 20% 20% | a |
| ı | 3012 | Resorts Intl | 47% | 2712 , | 167g | White Con- Ind | 26% | n N |
| | | , | | | | _ | | |

| 514 156g | UH | MAL | /A |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|---|
| 770 | 197g 84 | 17 51s | Abitibi Paper 19 Agnico Esgle 75 |
| 51g 1014 | 451 | 575 | jaiçan Aluminium: 59 |
| 787 ₈ 505 ₆ | 2012 EB | 264 1401e | Algoma Steel 27 |
| 1614 | 278a | 881 | Asbestos. † 401g Bank Montreal 2514 Bank NovaScotia 2414 |
| 916 | 251g | 2076 | Beli Telephone 215 |
| L8 _ | 50 tg | 2054 | Bow Valley Ind., 2812 |
| 50 157a | 294 | 3014 | BP Canada 2513 Brascen 2234 |
| 85a | 253 ₄ | 167g | Caigary Power 4434 |
| 916 | 16 144 | 124 | Conado Coment. 1814 |
| 197 ₈ | 1434 | 94 | Can. NW Land 126s |
| 9 | 221 ₄ 553 ₄ | 17 25% | Can. Perm. Mort. 1913 Can.lmp.Bk.Com 274 Canada Indust 2244 |
| 276 | #2434 343# | 201s 2554 | Canada Indust 244 Can. Pacific 314 |
| 61g | 38 | 2512 | Can. Pacific Inv., 30 Can. Super Oil 1341 |
| 25g | 147 61g | 4,70 | Carling O'Keefe 57g Cassiar Asbestos 115g |
| 678 | 18 | 912 | Cassiar Asbeston 11% |
| 51 <u>1</u> | 27 | 14 | Chieftain 26 |
| 014 | 42 143 | 314 124 | Cons. Bathurst 1214 |
| 3 5g | 9478 | 181 | Consumer Gas 221s Coseka Resource 9 |
| 4 | 17 | 11 | Costain 154 |
| .E | 195a 204 | 301g | Daon Devel |
| 4.5g 0.5g | 481g 511g | 295g | Dome Mines 4412 Dome Petroleum 4478 |
| 15 ₁ | 5712 | 30 | Domining Bridge (185) |
| 518 | 29 235g | 25 155 | Domtar |
| 858 018 | 583 ₄ | 324 571s | Domitar 2858 Dupont 2314 Falcon'ge Nickel 68 Ford Motor Can, 5934 |
| 61g 65g | | | |
| 17g 51g | 24 to 1514 | 188g 98g | Genstar |
| 814 | 63 | 55 B1 ₂ | GuifOilof Canada: 551, Hawker Sid. Can. 113, |
| 778 64 | 44 | 384 | Hollinger 42 |
| 034 434 | 681 <u>2</u> 243 | 1914 | Hollinger |
| 318 | 761 ₂ | 197g | Hudson's Bay 3714 Hudson Oil & Gas 695 |
| 154 438 | 1910 | 164 | |
| 478 | 441 ₂ 381 ₄ | 251 | Imasco(Com.Stk) 41 Imperial Oli 351a |
| 558 778 334 | 25 | 186g | Inco |
| 334 17g | -16 | 1212 | Indal |
| 44 | 15 2078 | 11 168 | int Pine Line |
| 4 la 9 la | 257g | 16 | Kalser Resource. 241g |
| 1/g 05a | 4.95 286g | 4.00 32 | Kalser Resource. 241g Lobiaw Com. 18 4,05 McMill'n Bloed 1. 285g Marks & Spencer 77g |
| 114 11g | 912 151g | 634 1034 | Marks & Spencer 77a Massey Ferguson, 137s |
| 734 | 5310 | 24 | McIntyra 45 |
| 88g 31g | 5954 141 ₉ | 335a 3,40 | Moore Corpn 361g Mountain State R 141g Noranda Mines 474 |
| 310 | 524 274 | 375 ₄ | Noranda Mines 474 Norcen Energy 223 |
| 768 814 | 485g | 361a | Nth. Telacom 4154 |
| 746 | 40M | 26% 4,60 | Numac Oil & Gas: 37 Oakwook Petr'm 1134 |
| 71g 81g | 2,15 | 1,26 | PacificCopper M 1.85 |
| 344 | 00 | 581 ₂ | Pan Can Petrol'mi 5512 |
| 41g 41g | 2512 | 18 | Patino †23 |
| 254 | 4,0 331 ₂ | 2,25 253 ₈ | Place Gas & Oil 5.10 Placer D'vel pm't 2912 |
| 3 ‡1g | 143 | 1034 | |
| 55g | 2.90 301 ₈ | 1.30 161 | Ranger Oil 28 |
| 112 | 40 | 8 T | Read Stenhouse. 1014 Rio Algom 3112 |
| l5g Jg | 434 | 2812 | Royal Bk. of Can. 454 |
| 10 | 1714 | 14% | Royal Trustco 164 |

a Asked. * Asse

CANADA

| perial Oli 351e | 9013 20 | KI QII QI | | 4 |
|---|------------------|---------------|-----------------|-----|
| 2212 | Sergen Bank | 103 | +0.25 | Г |
| | Borregaard, | 75 | +2 | ۱ - |
| al | Creditbank | 116,5 | | 1 |
| and Nat. Gas., 11334 | Kosmos | 620 | +67.5 | : 1 |
| Pipe Line 191g | Kreditkassen | 115.5 | | 1 |
| ser Resource. 241g law Com. 'B' 4.05 | Norsk HydroKre | | 5 | 1 |
| Mili'n Bloed'I., 285g | Storebrand | 112 | +1 | 1 |
| rks & Spencer 77a | PARIS | | | |
| sey Ferguson; 137g | | The same of | 0.00 | |
| intyre | | Price | | |
| ого Corpп 361g | July 20 | Frs. | _ | Fr |
| untain State R 141 | Basta 41 | 1 151 | | ن ا |
| anda Mines., 474 | Rente 4j | 288 | +1 -2 | 24 |
| cen Energy 225g | Air Liquide | | | i |
| . Telacom : 4154 | BIC | | -10 | 16 |
| nac Oil & Gas: 37 | Bouygues | | -0.5 | 2 |
| wook Petr'm: 1134 | B.S.N. Gervais | | -5.5 | 40 |
| ificCopper M 1.85 | Carrefour | 1.645 | | 7 |
| | C.G.E | | -3.8 | 3 |
| Can Petrol'mi 5512 | C.I.T. Alcatel | | -5 | 8 |
| ino †23 | Cie. Bancaire | | | ì |
| ce Gas & Oil 5.10 | Club Mediter' | | | 9 |
| per D'vel pm't' 2912 | Cr'dit C'm.Fr'ca | 125 | | 12 |
| rer Corp'n 151g | Creusot Loire | | -0.2 | |
| becSturgeon, 2.75 | Oumez | 718x4 | | 3ē. |
| ger Oil 28 | Elf-Aquitaine | 840 | -12 | 28. |
| d Stenhouse. 1014 | Fr. Petroles | 189 | +0,8 | 11 |
| Algom 3112 | Gen. Occid nt'le | 270 ' | +3 | 12 |
| Bk. of Can. 454 | [metal | 66.15 at | 1. 1.6i | 5 |
| M Trustco 164 | Jacques Borel | 106.5 | -0.4 | ٠. |
| | Lafarge | 236_i | 19 Z | |
| ptre Res'urce _ 7½ | L'Ores | 659 xd | -1 | 22 |
| gram 34% | L'Oreal | 1.493 2 | +48 | 3Ē |
| Canada 25 | Mana us Substill | 539 | _7~ | 39 |
| rritt G. Mines 10 | Michelin "B", | 940 nd | | 37 |
| pson 8.65 - I of Ganada 285e | MoetHennessey | 477 m | | 15. |
| | Moulinex | 83.5 | -2.4 | 3 |
| p Rock from: 4.05 k Coron, 'B' 14 | Nord (Cie du) | 28.3 | +0.1 } | 2,2 |
| co Canada . 67 | Paribas | | | 18, |
| nto Dom. Bk.: 2434 | Pechiney, | | -1.9 | 7. |
| sCan Pipe Lni 2268 | Perned Ricard | 258 (- | | 16 |
| sMount Pipe 10% | PeugeotCitroen : | 509.8 m | | 17. |
| ac 207g | Poclain | 216 | -4 ¦ | - |
| n Gas 121g | RadioT'chnique | 338 | +9 | 30 |
| Siscoe Mnes: 101g | Redoute | 450 | -8-1 | 3(|
| kor Hiram 391a | MINNE LORISTIC" | 129 ./ | + <u>1</u> .5 į | 70 |
| Court Trans 1476 | St. Gobain | 119 👌 | -D.5 ì | 143 |

OSLO

Jones (C Lenarci Metals | Metram Mim Ho Myer Er News Richola N. Břok Oakbrid

A CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY OF T

+0.01% +0.40

11.40

Securities Rand U.S.\$0.381

BY FRANCIS GHILES

CURRENT INTERNATIONAL BOND ISSUES

Maturity Av. life Coupon

Washington bewilders the market

AS THE Europeand markets down in what was widely inter- a steady erosion of the value of tried to assess the effects of the preted as an effort by dealers the dollar are deep seated. If assignments which took to stem possible large-scale this proves to be the outcome place in Washington last week selling by investors holding it will not make the task of dace in Washington last week, trading in the dollar sector ceased, other than strictly ensuing days in line with a between professional dealers, weaker dollar but when the The only exception was the floating rate note sector where two

At the same time, the hard nerency sectors of the market ested further gams with steady hosted further gams with account the meet atthough the week atthough the week atthough geeting bond prices lost ground in the end of the week as a massion of livestors decided to Make Weir profit.

A \$100m straight dollar hond for the Kingdom of Sweden Sould be launched later this week, market conditions per-mining by S. Q. Warburg. A certain number of changes are ected to be introduced by the market, the six-month rates injected to be introduced by the imped from 11 per cent 11x-15 and is underwritten dispibut per cent. More than the actual fed and sold, in order to ensure U.S. economic figures, what that the borrower and the investor are treated more significant than is often the

One major impovation very much in line with the rules which prevail in the Yankee bond market—is expected to be that the issue will be offered to a yield basis Both the coupon and the price of the German bankers in particular bond will be set at the end of were dismissing the per cent and offering period. are offering period.

The markers reaction to President Carter's energy While nobody is forecasting a speech a week ago was that it sudden collapse of the U.S. curconstituted a non event. Prices rency along the lines of what not dollar bonds were marked happened last autumn fears of

EXCHANGE CONTROLS

such paper.

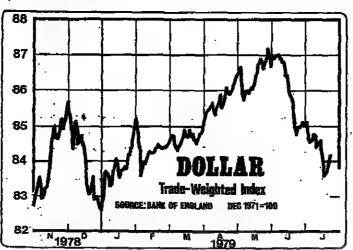
Prices - were lowered U.S. currency strengthened on Thursday, bond prices did not follow. On Friday there was a half-hearted rally partly in-fluenced by the price rises in the New York bond market. But it came to nothing and the week ended, leaving the bond dealing community in a-state of confusion.

U.S. - economic developments on Friday compounded the market's indecision. The U.S. discount rate was raised by 1 per cent and the country's GNP fell by more than 3 per cent in the second quarter, In the Eurodollar deposit

worries the Eurobond community is the appointment of the Chairman of the Federal Reserve to the post of Treasury Secretary. Mr. Miller's align-ment with the Administration's economic goals is deeply alsoect on Wall Street. It is even more suspect on the other side of the Atlantic where Swiss and as being too little and too late.

attracting investors back to dollar-denominated paper any

issue by a Chilean borrower in the London market since an issue by the Republic in 1929. The only dollar bond to fare well in the secondary market last week was the \$115m con-



In such a climate, few new vertible for UBS (Panama) issues can be expected other which moved to a premium in than FRN offerings. Kidder its first day of trading last Peabody pointed out in its Friday. weekly telex that investors who 1011-1011. have held floating rate instru-ments since 1977 "have been rewarded with interest income of the benefit of the confusion coupons for straight Issues sector. which came to the market at the

same time as well as price stability and almost no capital Meanwhile, the \$30m FRN for

denominated Bonds stronger currencies reaped most

which has risen over and above which prevailed in the dollar Deutsche Mark denominated bonds posted rises of between 1-1 point on the week, more in some instances. Demand for domestic D-Mark bonds was even stronger with the result Bank Handlowy is the first for that the German government this borrower in 12 months has been able to fund, so far

foreign D-Mark sector was a DM 200m private placement for the EIB through Deutsche Girozentrale. Four banks or groups of banks submitted offers to the borrowers and the choice of manager came as a surprise to some German bankers. Deutsche Girozentrale is not a regular lead manager of foreign D-Mark issues but its offer, which was the most competitive, suggests that it is

flexing its muscles. This issue brings the volume of D-Mark foreign bonds floated during the past four weeks to DM 850m. The German capital markets Sub-Committee which meets today could well decide to increase the volume of new issues to be floated during the next month to a figure close to DM 1bn.

The Swiss foreign bond market continues to be very active, with prices moving steadily up in the secondary market. So far this year issues of Swiss franc foreign bonds have exceeded the combined It was quoted at value of foreign Deutsche Mark

> In the Guilder sector last week prices rose on average by of 1981 bond, for instance gained 14 points on the week to close at 991 on Friday. At the same time the offered yield on this issue fell by 53 basis points

to 8.97 per cent. Sterling denominated bonds also gained but profit taking PRESIDENT CARTER'S Press the Fed (and the Treasury) took some shine off most issues while the \$35m issue for Banco this year, 70 per cent of its towards the end of the week.

BY JOHN EVANS

Strengthening UK placing power

decision to dismantle further its little optimistic, although the carefully every exchange controls, free next 12 months should see the implications. ing UK institutions and disappearance of most of investors to acquire securities residual exchange controls and bonds in EEC currencles. The new relaxations hall pithout the penalty effects of the investment premium.

In the event, sterling quickly shrugged off the news, and had difficulty in touching a displayed in the non-dollar side to four-year high against the of the Eurobond intaket, dollar of more than \$2.30 by although the opportunity is now

By last Friday, rumours were circulating again in the London financial community that further controls would be removed hox), before long possibly involving But similar dreedoms to move into pleasing

disappearance of most other

The new relaxations helped create. some swift British demand for German and Dutch

Little immediate interest was also given to invest in the dol-Swiss franc and yen securities of several resiling multimational institutions (see

These suggestions appeared a in the Eurobond markets, are Eurobond market. Much of the acknowledged to be the largest carefully eyeing the long-term

> international nine institutions whose debt Euratom issues in foreign currencies can now be bought by British investors are:

European Economic Community European Investment Bank European Coal and Steel

Britain's exchange barriers, But the British merchantsand, II. have historically tended to bearing banks, which consider hamper the British banking.

UK banks' placing power in the bond markets has had to be

Community Council of Europe Asian Development Bank Caribbean Development

> Inter-American Development Bank World Bank

> > BONDTRADE INDEX AND YIELD Medium term: Long term 8,68 8,68

carefully cultivated from an which date back to World War overseas base, rather than by tapping UK institutional funds. pleating banks, which consider hamper the British banking. Institutional investors in the themselves active issuing houses system's penetration of the UK are nevertheless widely Institutional .investors in .the

and among the most sophisticated in Europe.

On the longer-term, the freedom to deploy this source of funds in the Eurobond market should give the UK banks the potential for a high degree of extra placing power.

Last week, for instance, some London banks were talking of giving themselves an enhanced role in management groups in the future for Deutsche-Mark

In addition, UK institutions typically hold a higher propor-tion of equities in their portfolios than fixed-interest securicompared with European counterparts.

Crédit Suisse First Boston.5.58° TECSC Lehman Bros. Kuhn Loeb Crédit Suisse First Boston 10.27 ‡Argentina ‡§UBS (Panama) UBS (Securities) ‡\$tatoil (g'teed 9.625 Norway) §Allegheny Airlines 1989 Deutsche Bank Kuhn Loeb Lehman Bros. 9.0 7.64 Bank Handlowy 100 WP 10Ó †Banco de Chile 6.610 Man. Hanover D-MARKS 1986 1989 Deutsche Bank **Estel 10 Deutsche Girozentrale 200 **E|B SWISS FRANCS Banque Gutzwiller,

‡Manufrance (g'teed St. Etienne) Kurz, Bungener **‡BNDE** 1989 1989 Swiss Bank Corpn. 4.375 **!ADB** Crédit Sui World Bank Swiss Bank Corpn. **New Zealand *§Nippon Shinpan *§Kubota UBS Crédit Suisse 4.55 Swiss Bank Corpn. t**†Interedec t**Interedec 4.55 Citicorp Int. Fin. Citicorp Int. Fin. **§Denki Kagaku Kogyo KUWAITI DINARS

* Not yet priced. ‡ Final terms. ** Placement, † Floating rate note, †† Registered with U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. Note: Yields are calculated on AIRD basis Optional fixed rate,

U.S. BONDS

Credit Immobilier

(g'teed Morocco)

litsubishi Hvy. Ind. (gʻted Mitsubishi Bk.) 10

Borrowers U.S. DOLLARS

§Canoπ inc.

BY STEWART FLEMING

KIC

KIIC

Goldman Sachs

Initiatives by the Fed

Thursday accused the financial markets of "over-reacting" to political events. At least last week he could scarcely have been more mistaken, In the face of the savage re-structuring of the Carter Cabinet, a surpris-ingly swift decline in second quarter real gross national product and Federal Reserve moves to stave off a looming dollar crisis, the New York bond (and equity) markets drifted uneasily lower. Inves-tors seemed too bemused by the bewildering pace of events and worried about what might happen next to over-react. Now that the surgery in Washington appears to be ending, however. the markets will have to try to assess the implications of last week's news, and they will be doing so with an anxious eye on the foreign exchange markets.

Friday's decision by the Federal Reserve Board to increase its discount rate from 9; per cent to a record 10 per cent was, in investors' eyes, perhaps the most positive step

Secretary Mr. Jody Powell on were not going to wait for the it is to do as little damage as foreign exchange markets to recognised the importance of taking the initiative at a time

of such political turmoil. The move was backed up on Friday afternoon by some evidence in the Central Bank's operations which suggested that the Fed had also tightened its monetary policy, perhaps raising its average Federal funds target rate to around 10; per cent from the recent level of 101 per cent. evidence was not conclusive (the Fed simply added reserves to the money market with Fed funds (rading at 1011) but it was probably not intended to be since the authorities may want to leave the impression that they are prepared to move higher if necessary.

But the money markets are confident that the Central Bank is not going to rely merely on the symbolic increase in the discount rate to help the dollar to rise too. The outstanding taken all week. It indicated that Question therefore is will this cations of this change.

possible the dollar which has been huri by the recent increases in interest rates in both Germany and the United Kingdom.

7.62

Friday's initiatives by the Fed coupled with the news that real GNP fell at an annual rate of 3.3 per cent in the second sparked recovery in prices of long-dated bonds although not enough to wipe out the slight losses earlier Treasury's 82 per cent bond due in 2003 fell by close to a of a point to yield 8.93 per cent.

There are still many uncertainties hovering over markets apart from the outlook for the dollar. One of the more important is the question of who will replace Mr. G. William Miller now that the Federal Reserve chairman is to replace Mr. Michael Blumenthal as President Carter's Treasury Secretary. Many on Wall Street but is encouraging market rates clearly have misgivings about the possible longer term impli-

July, 1979

FT INTERNATIONAL BOND SERVICE

| hardana. | | 9.75 | 1000 | 1200 | - 1 | 100 | 11. | | 7 |
|---|------------------|----------------|---------|---------|--|---------|---------------|--------|-------|
| S. DOLL | AR T | | 1.00 | - 7. 5. | ಚಿತ್ರಕ | Chang | H (00) | : . | انه |
| PAIGHT | | ه ادرای | Landing | DIA: | Office . | dev: | عاممه | Ylaid | ti. I |
| took of A | | . 10 B | 20 | - 7 | 89 843 97 844 864 | _0L | -01. | th so | - |
| ex Howe | ian Yu | CL G | 30 | 207 | 1945 | _0 | | 13-46 | |
| Per 0/8 | Care | 100.0 | 40 | 9374 | 973 | ^** | _01. | 10.77 | |
| red 0/8 tyer let | P. XW | 74.8 | 200 | . 224 | 241 | . 6 | -0- | 8 92 | ٠. ا |
| CA 93 | RALGR | | - 30 | all. | | . 5 . 5 | -0- | 9.07 | |
| nade 9 | 83 | and the second | 400 | - 37 | 186 M | · D | -04 | 9.73 | |
| inada Sh | | | 380 | 971 | - 100 | -05. | -07- | 2.73 | |
| madian' | Pacific | 94. B | . 60 | 98 | 0.00 | ă | - 10. | 10.03 | |
| CA Standard | Hay 95 | 36 | | 683 | 974 100- | -04 | -07 | 0.37 | C. |
| omaleo la | TV. | 107 9 | 40 | 967 | 100 | +015 | +04. | 10:29 | 1.5 |
| noining | Bridge | 10% B | 30 | 1000 | 1004 | +04. | . a · | 10.27 | 14.1 |
| | | | | 975 | 981 | -05 | -05 | 8.86 | |
| B 94 86 | Addition 1 | A CONTRACT | 150 | 983 | 984 | -0- | -01-1 | 0.07 | 1 |
| 8 97 99 | nin namin | | - 100 - | OM. | Didd. | -0- | -05 | (O. 18 | |
| 8 93 86 8 97 99 8 97 87 8 10 98 | - | aiiarei- | 130 | 100 | 10012 | -05. | -0- | 10.07 | |
| 6 10 90 | - | Saphanese | -150 | 100 | 10012 | 0 | -0-1 | 0.22 | |
| DOLL DA | Augus, 4 | 7.63 | 150 | 100% | 100 ¹ 2 100 ¹ 2 100 ² 7 | -04 | -0- | 9.98 | ٠. ا |
| port Dw. | ; Opa. | 9, 8 | 100 | 97 | 953 | 0 | - OI. | 9,92 | . 1 |
| aportiles | ms 9 8 | 6 | . 50 | 55 | 95 | `0. | -04 | 9.92 | -41 |
| sportfice triand S bland M | 88 | | 100 | | | | | | |
| aland B | B9 | - | 100 | | | | | | |
| TE Finance | × 9 2 | 4 | 80 | 974 | 977 | 0 | -9- | 10.14 | - : : |
| E Financ | 39 5 74 8 | 9 | . 50 | 957 | 360 | 404· | -0-2 | 10.39 | ٠. ا |
| Mr. Moto | is AEC. | 8 S | 700 | 98 | 9774 9674 9874 | 0. | -0- | 9.65 | - 1 |
| onld Inc. | Fin. 93 | 35, | 90 · | 98 | 3812 | -04· | -0-1 | 10.19 | |
| recture Fi | nXW | 67 21 | . 125 . | 80 | 90°3 96°3 100 | . 0 | -02 | 8.91 | . 1 |
| apital O | /S.8 8 | - | 25 . | 35 | -30-2 | - Uta : | - U. | 10,73 | 6.71 |
| daon Ba | y_Co. | 10 34 | 80 | 991 | 100 | TUNE. | - U-2 | 20.01 | |
| F.Artiffe | 9 8 | i doda | 70 | 964 | 964 | ~U_ | -0.5 | 10,UB | . 1 |
| mnacott | 116.37 | 200 mm | TOU | a - | 967 | TO S | - N-2 | 0.36 | |
| doitoba i | A 50. | 01 - 05 | 100 | 202 | 97 987 97 | _ N2 : | - 62 | 20.02 | |
| L Des I | erecm. | 37.00 | . 100 | 341 | 20.7 | | -01 1 | 0.00 | . 1 |
| w Bruan woundb | PWICK | 37 34 | | 99 | 991 | - A | | 0.13 | - |
| wal Land | MIC IN | - Call 101 | 50 | 92 | 957 | | _02_ | 9.67 | |
| Mark Tive | 24 | 27 100 | 180 | 4001 | 95 ¹ 2 | -DL | -0- | 9.88 | . 1 |
| urak Hyd Hway Si Hway Sig | RA - | | 150 | 901 | 987 | -0- | -02 | 9.85 | 1 |
| жа Бера | Purr | 93, 89 | 50 | 975. | 902. | - D | - D- 1 | 0.09 | - 1 |
| Eldenta) | Flat | GL 84 | I III | ` cal_ | 100 | +172. • | 011 | 16.3D | - 1 |
| ient Lene | ina 94 | .88 | 26 | 1951, | 95 | -0- | -01 1 | 0.38 | • |
| nowalt: C |)/S F. | 94 84 | 25 | 983 | 302 | +85- | . 10 | 0.01 | - 1 |
| rtland JO | 84 | ALCO DE | | .574 | 974 | -0% | ~6 <u>%</u> 1 | 0.68 | |
| Mbac Hy | dro 10 | 39 | 75 | 967 | 96-5° | -0- | -0-1 | 0.43 | |
| ntland 10 Whee Hy Wand Hi | NX. | 97, 91 | 25 . | 915 | 924. | .0 | -,04, 1 | 0.74 | . [|
| ters Ross | wek 9 | \$2 | 150 | 98 | 38,7 | ~O4. | -03 | 9.76 | . 1 |
| ockhoim: | - 94 Si | North Co | 60 | .987 | 39% | 0 | -0/, 1 | 0.10 | ١. |
| reden. 🤐 | 89 | | 100 | -285 | 39 · | -0. | -0,5 | 3.54 | |
| recen S | .85 | | 200 | - 34.5 | 387 | | - U | 3,33 | - |
| rtland 10 Mebec Hy Mend Til Mers Rost Scholer Scholer Weden St Weden St Weden St | h Br 8 | 7 | 100 | 347 | 977 | - 04 | 100 | 2.01 | |
| amar-Lin | Delle 1 | 84.4 | , Ann . | 37 | 41.5 | Las . | - h-3 | 3.14 | -1 |
| | | | | | | | | | |

***STEAIGHTS**

***STEAIGHTS**

***American fat Int. 5-, 87 70

***Property of the control of th

| World Bank 8- 88 400 | 935 945 +05 +15 7.14 |
|--|--|
| WISS FRANC | Change of d Bid Offer day week Yield |
| Amer. Exp. Int. 32, 93 | 925: 931: +01: +01: 4.15 |
| Austria 33, 83 | 90 91 -0 +0 4.38 -96 96 +0 +0 4.12 |
| Fried 44 68 | 95 957 9 +0 4.82 984 987 +01 +1 4.04 |
| ieron 42 89 35 | Self St. Lat. Ltd. Link |
| Ci Fin NV 31, 94 230 Jalaysia 44, 90 80 lew Zeatand 31, 94 120 | 973, 973, -02, +13, 5.04 pr 911, -03, +04, 4.33 |
| Tend Oct Linds 4:90 60 | 934 954 +04 +04 4.60 971 974 -04 +1 5.11 : |
| Sendvik # 80 85 Spain # 91 100 Revesor # 95 80 | 94 944 +04 0 4.55 |
| Vond Bank 45 89 100 | 1034 106 -04 -07 4.25 1044 105 +04 -04 4.03 |

| Finland 6.8 88 | 1 |
|--|-----|
| OTHER STRAIGHTS leased Bid Offer day week Yield Nordic 1, Bk, 8 84 SDR 20 954 87 97 -052 -043 10.02 Avgo Fin. 100, 25 CS 25 357 854 -042 -043 10.25 Fat. Can. Inv. 10 84 CS 80 983 984 -042 -043 10.25 Fat. Can. Inv. 10 84 CS 80 983 984 -042 -043 10.25 Fat. Can. Inv. 10 84 CS 80 983 984 -042 -043 10.25 Fat. Can. Inv. 10 84 CS 80 983 984 -042 -043 10.25 Fat. Canada 10 84 CS 80 974 974 +042 -043 10.53 Quebeć 104 85 CS 80 974 974 +042 -043 10.57 R. 8k. Canada 10 86 CS 80 974 974 +042 -043 10.17 R. 8k. Canada 10 86 CS 40 953 96 -044 -043 10.17 R. 8k. Canada 10 86 CS 40 953 96 -044 -043 10.17 R. 8k. Canada 10 86 CS 40 953 96 -044 -044 10.17 R. 8k. Canada 10 86 CS 40 953 96 -044 -044 10.17 R. 8k. Canada 10 86 CS 40 953 96 -044 -044 10.17 R. 8k. Canada 10 86 CS 40 954 964 -044 0 8.21 R. 8k. Canada 10 86 CS 40 953 96 -044 0 8.25 R. 8k. Canada 10 86 CS 40 953 964 -044 0 8.21 R. 8k. Canada 10 86 CS 40 954 964 -044 0 8.21 R. 8k. Canada 10 86 CS 40 954 964 -044 0 8.21 R. 8k. Canada 10 86 CS 40 954 964 -044 0 8.21 R. 8k. Canada 10 86 CS 40 954 964 -044 0 8.21 R. 8k. Canada 10 86 CS 40 954 964 -044 964 964 964 964 964 964 964 964 964 9 | 1 |
| Nordic 1, 5k, 9 84 SDR 20 96- 87 -0- 10.02 | |
| Avec Fin. 104 86 C8 25 867 964 - 04 - 04 11.07 | 1 |
| Fat. Can. Inv. 10 84 CS. 80 874 984 -04 -07 10.50 | 1 |
| Quebec 10's 86 CS 50 87's 87's +0's -0's 10.53 | 1 |
| R. Bk. Canada 10 85 CS 40 . 867, 867, -0% -0% 10.17 R. Bk. Canada 10 94 CS 40 . 867, 96 -0% -0% 10.87 | |
| Copenhagen 84 91 EUA 25 1974 88 -04 0 8.48 | Ш |
| SOFTE 84 88 EUA 40 1954 97 0 0 8.83 | |
| Algemene Sk. 5- 53 Fl 75 34's 52's -0's +0's 8.84 | ı |
| EIS 74, 85 Fl | 1 |
| New Zeeland 84 84 Fl 75 915 924 -04 +07 8.84 | . [|
| Ef Aquitains 9% 88 FFr 150 20 90% -0% -2% 11.45 | |
| E/8.91 88 FFr 200 30 301 -01 -01 17.48 | 1 |
| Norway 94 84 FF1 200 92 93 -04 -04 11.41 | ı |
| Saint-Gobain 94 36 FFr 130 90 304 -04 -24 11 87 | 1 |
| Total Oil 91 87 FFr 150. 887 891 -04 -11 11.54 | 1. |
| Unilever 10 85 FFr 100 84 84, -04 -21, 11.26 Citiones 10 83 5 |) |
| EIB 91, 88 £ |) |
| Finance for Ind. 13 91 5. 15 1032, 1041, -04 +05 12.31 | 1 |
| Gen, Elec. Co. 127 89 2 50 1087 1013 - 67 - 03 12.77 | 1 |
| Euratom 8 87 LuxFr 500 86 87 0 0 8.63 | |
| Oslo, City of 8 89 Lord's 500 874, 983, 0 +04, 8.35 | |
| Solada Lius a en cariffication fent ont all all and and | |
| FLOATING RATE | L |
| NOTES Spreed Bid Offer C.dta C.con C.yld | 1 |
| BNDE 6 89 |) |
| Bero, Nac. Argent. 7 86: 04 972 984 22/9 111 11.75 | |
| Banco Prov. SA 72 85. 472 983 99 12/6 11 11.15 Banco Urquijo 5 86 472 977 982 21/9 111 11.72 | 1 |
| Benk of Tokyo 52 93 04 987, 987, 18/10 112 11.85 | |
| Boue, Indo Suez 54 89 -04, 964, 98 11/1 11 17.14 | |
| Citica/p O/S Fin. 6 94 107. 297, 100 8/9 10.69 10.71 | |
| Gotabanken 6 88 | |
| Ind. Bk. Japan 51, 25 01, 981, 100 1/12 10.94 10.97 | 1 |
| LTCB Japan 52 85 05 992 1004 9/10 115 11.64 | |
| Mirs. Han. O/S 54 94 104, 994 985 23/8 11.19 11.26 | } |
| Nat. West, 54, 94 104, 984, 984, 17/10 17 17.7/ Ninnea Credit Rk. 57 85 104; 997, 22/12 10:94 10:98 | 1 |
| Nippon Credit Bk. 61, 85 . 61, 98 . 881, 12/1 107, 11.07 | 13 |
| Patro Mexicano 7 84 04: -977, 943, 24/7 12.06 12.17 | |
| Privredna Banka 8 85 05 952 953 20/12 11 58 12.93 953 11/1 10 94 11.13 | |
| Sundsvallsbnkn, 6 85 (F. 981, 987, 4/10 11.06 11.23 | |
| TVO Per. 9 91 (D-lock) - 10, -974, 984, 2471 114 11.37 | |
| iled Overseas Rk 6 AS Ma 872, 96 29/9 11.14 11.79 | |
| ## FLOATING RATE **NOTES** **NO | 1 |
| CONVEKTIBLE CRY. CRY. Chg. | 13 |
| plane make Wild College dans Drane | |
| BORDS AGA Akt'bolso 74 8910/73 . 174 . 947 . 94707 . 0.67 Cibs-Geigy O/S F. 4 94 9/79 . 575 . 931 . 944 . +09 . 4.19 Coca-Cols Sortling 94 4/78 . 9 . 194 . 84707 . 0.7 Credit Suisse 44 . 9310/73/1326 . 1064 . 1054 . +09 . 3.72 Essalto 74 . 89 | 1 |
| Cocs-Cols Bortling Par. 4/78 9 180, 80, -05, 14.71 | 1 |
| Essalto 74 89 8/79 159 951 967 -01 -2.64 | |
| Honda Motor 52 85 5/75 322 974 984 +07 6.95 | 13 |

| and 5.5 82 | High '79 \$6.75 (1/2) \$8.99 (30/ Law '79 \$4.40 (11/1) \$8.57 (26/ |
|--|--|
| ER STRAIGHTS leaved- Bid Offer day week Yield | MINIONUMD TURNOVER (nominal yelle in Sm) |
| ije 1, 8k, 9 84 SDR 20 964 87 -04 -04 10.02 Fin, 104 36 C3 25 967 964 -04 -05 11.07 | U.S. S bonds |
| 1944 Cpn. 10 84 CS 50 385, 884, -04, -07, 10.25 Cpn. Inv. 10 84 CS 50 375, 984, -01, -07, 10.50 Cpn. Rev. 104, 88 CS 580, 984, 500, -102, -03, 10.51 | Previous week 1,362.8 2,772 |
| Sec 10's 86 CS 80. 87's 87's +0's -0's 10.77 k, Canada 10 86 CS .40 . 88', 88's -0's -0's 10.17 | Other bonds Last week 357.0 316 Praylous week 346.8 420 |
| k. Canada 10 94 C\$ 40 95 96 -04 -04 10.57 anhagen 84 91 EUA 25 1874 88 -04 0 8.48 | Previous week 346.8 420 |
| TIL 101. 74 53 EUA | * No information available— |
| Mexico 74 83 Fi 75 944 844 -04 +04 9.49 74 85 Fi 75 914 914 -04 9.12 | previous day's price. |
| Change on Change | † Only one market maker supplied a price. |
| Quitaine 94 88 FFr 150 30 904 -04 -24 11.45 | STRAIGHT BONDS: The yie |
| tom 94, 87 FFr 150 80 903, -04 -24, 11.67 vay 94, 84 FFr 200 92 83 -03 -04 11.41 | is the yield to redemption of t mid-price; the amount issued |
| Peugeot 94 36 FFr 130 - 80 - 904 - 24 11.87 | in millions of currency units to |
| 1 Oil 91 87 FFr 150. 887 884 -01 -11 11.54 | in billions. Change on week |
| 91 88 £ | Change over price a week carli |
| 11 ¹² 91 £ | Denominated in dollars unle |
| for ind, 127 65 £ 50 1087, 1013, -03, -03, 12.77 | otherwise indicated. Coup shown is minimum. C.dte=Da |
| as Km. 8 86 Little 500 SEL 982, +04 -02 8.74 City of 8 89 Luxer 500 872, 982, 0 +04 8.35 | next coupon becomes effective Spread = Margin above six-mon |
| sy Fin. 8 85 LuxFr. 500: 125% 96% -0% -0% 8.78 | offered rate (three-month) i U.S. dollars. C.cpn=The curre |
| Spread Bill Offer C.dta C.opn C.yld | coupon, C.yld=The current yie |
| ATIMAR RATE SS Spread Bill Offer C. the C. opn C. yid Fin. Co. 51 89 02 983 994 11/1 11 11.13 E 6 89 04 973 98 21/9 111 11.11 Nac. Argent 7 85 05 973 984 22/9 112 11.5 To Prov. SA 72 85 05 973 984 22/9 112 11.5 To Umujijo 6 86 05 973 984 22/9 112 11.5 To Umujijo 6 86 05 973 984 22/9 112 11.5 To Umujijo 6 86 05 973 984 22/9 112 11.5 To Tokyo 52 93 05 973 982 21/9 111 11.15 To Tokyo 54 93 05 973 982 21/9 111 11.25 To Umujijo 6 86 05 973 982 21/9 111 11.25 To Umujijo 6 86 05 973 982 21/9 111 11.25 To Umujijo 6 86 05 973 982 21/9 111 11.25 To Umujijo 6 86 05 973 982 21/9 111 11.52 To Umujijo 6 96 10 10 11 11.55 To Umujijo 7 11 11 11.15 To Umujijo 8 10 11 11 11.15 To Umujijo 8 11 11 1 | CONVERTIBLE BONDS: I |
| n of Roma 6 87 04 - 984, 98 26/10 11.19 11.33 Nac. Argent. 7 86 04 973 984 22/9 113 11.75 | nominated in dollars unle otherwise indicated. Chg. day |
| no Prov. SA 7% 86. 0% 98% 59 12/6 11 11.15 to Unquijo 6 86 0% 97% 98% 21/9 11% 11.72 | Change on day. Cnv. date=Fired date for conversion into share |
| of lokyo 52 93 Uh. 584, 589, 18/10 114, 11.85 Ext. d'Alg. 72 85 Uh. 584, 987, 2/11 117, 12.42 | Cnv. price=Nominal amount bond per share expressed |
| 57, 91 | currency of share at conversi- rate fixed at issue. Prem=Pe |
| teinstalt 5- 91 10- 98- 98- 14/9 10- 11.03 banken 6 88 05 98- 99- 15/5 11- 11.55 | centage premium of the curre |
| Bk, Japan 5 25 05, 355, 100 1/12 10.55 10.57 banka 8 89 05, 954, 964, 23/11 175, 12.34 | effective price of acquiri shares via the bond over t |
| Japan 57, 89 07, 99 997, 7/12 113, 11.21 | most recent price of the shares. The list shows the 200 late |
| West 51 34 701 982 984 11/10 17 11.17 on Credit 8k 57 85 05: 951 997 22/12 10:54 10.88 | international bonds for whi |
| on Credit Bk. 61, 85 : 61 : 38 | an adequate secondary mark exists. The prices over the pa |
| Mexicano 7 84 04 957 997 20/7 12.06 12.17 | week were supplied by: Kredichenk NV: Credit Commercial |
| nal 52 89 95 98 982 17/1 10 94 11.13 svallsbnkn. 6 85 97 982 987 4/10 11.06 11.23 | France: Credit Lyonpais: E. |
| 9 Int. Airways / od 1-2 35 352 1/10 11.55 12.37 Part. 9 91 /D-lock) - Air - 975 952 24/11 11.5 12.37 | Hutton Services SARL; Comersbank AG; Deutsche Bai |
| d'Alg. 44 89 SF 05 574 977 18/12 44 4.35 | AG: Westdeutsche Landesbar Girozentrale: Banque Inte |
| VERTIBLE Cav. Cav. Chg. | nationale Luxembourg; Kredi |
| stone under Wild Pollins store Descen | Bank Luxembourg: Algement Bank Nederland NV; Pierso |
| OS SAKT DOING 74 8910/79 174 - 941 947 - 05 0.07 Ching 0/5 F. 4 94 9/79 575 931 941 + 04 4.19 Cola Bottling 84 4/79 9 1844 842 - 05 14.71 1 Suitse 44 83 10/79 1325 1051 1051 + 04 3.72 | Heldring and Pierson; Cred Suisse/Swiss Credit Bank; Unio |
| t Suisse 44 9310/79/1325 1064 1054 +04 3.72 | Rank of Switzerland; Akroyd at |
| 8 Motor 5 89 5/79 532 974 984 +04 6.95 (premara), 8 89 5/79 38 1101 102 -04 11.43 | Smithers; Bankers Trust Inte- national; Bondtrade; Banqu |
| it Suitage 44 8310/78/1325 1054 1054 1054 1054 1054 1054 1054 105 | Française de Credit Intenation national; Citicorp Internation |
| Optical 3º DM12/78 588 507 817 +0. 19.22 | Bank: Daiwa Europe NV; Delte |
| 31, 85 DM 1/79 1154 .867, 817, 0 38.47 ai Elec. 4 84 DM 4/73 1350 .871, 861, -01, 44.45 | Trading Company; Dillon Re; Overseas Corporation; EB |
| hiroku 31, 85 DM 1/79 672 1874 834 -04 25.28 (dai Food 31, DM 2/79 1873 179, 80 -04 48.12 | First Chicago: Goldman Sacl International Corporation: Har |
| Industri 7 89 12/78 888 - 80° 87° 47° 49° 19.22 in 5 84 DM 12/78 888 - 80° 87° 88° - 9° 25.89 in 5 84 DM 1779 1154 88° 81° 81° 0 38.47 in 16 80° 81° 81° 81° 0 38.47 in 16 80° 81° 81° 10° 81° 10° 10° 10° 10° 10° 10° 10° 10° 10° 1 | hros Bank: IBJ Internationa |
| p. Opt. 32, 88 DM 2/79 487 85, 88 -04, 14,19 | Kidder Peabody Internationa Morgan Stanley Internationa |
| Con. 31, 30 M 1/78 F71 F71 F72 F72 F73 | Nesbitt Thomson; Salomo Brothers International; Samu |
| LO. LO. BOY THE TANK THE COLUMN THE PARTY OF | Dinniels michiganonar, pamin |

3, 85 DM...11/78 711 179 80 +04 55.57

Financial Times Ltd., 1979. Rep

supplied a price. AIGHT BONDS: The yield yield to redemption of the ice; the amount issued is ons of currency units exr Yen bonds where it is ions. Change on week == over price a week carlier. ATING RATE NOTES: tinated in dollars unless ise indicated. Coupon is minimum. C.dte=Date oupon becomes effective. = Margin above six-month rate (t three-month) for llars. C.cpn=The current C.yld = The current yield. VERTIBLE BONDS: Deated in dollars unless ise indicated. Chg. day = on day. Cnv. date = First r conversion into shares, ice=Nominal amount of per share expressed in y of share at conversion y of share at conversion ted at issue. Prem=Per-premium of the current e price of acquiring via the bond over the cent price of the shares. list shows the 200 latest tional bonds for which equate secondary market The prices over the past were supplied by: Krediet-IV: Credit Commercial de ; Credit Lyonnais; E. F. Services SARL; Com-nk AG; Deutsche Bank Vestdeutsche Landesbauk strale: Banque Interle Luxembourg; Krediet Luxembourg: Algemens Nederland NV; Pierson g and Pierson; Credit Swiss Credit Bank; Union Switzerland: Akroyd and Bankers Trust Inter-Bondtrade: Banque de Credit Inter-Citicorp International Daiwa Europe NV; Delter Company; Dillon Read is Corporation; EBC; hicago: Goldman Sachs tional Corporation; Ham-ank; IBJ International; Peabody International; Stanley International Thomson; Salomon International; Samuel Montagu and Co.; Scandinavian Bank; Strauss Turnbull and Co.; Sumitomo Finance International: G. Warburg and Co.; Wood

Closing prices on July 20

Limited

All these Bonds have been sold. This announcement appears as a matter of record only.

AGA Aktiebolag

(Incorporated with limited liability in the Kingdom of Sweden)

U.S. \$25,000,0007 per cent. Convertible Bonds 1989

ISSUE PRICE 100 per cent.

Interest payable annually on 15 March

Hambros Bank Limited Algemene Bank Nederland N.V. **Credit Suisse First Boston Limited** Merrill Lynch International & Co.

Abu Dhabi Investment Company

Svenska Handelsbanken Bank of America International Limited

Kidder, Peabody International Limited Westdeutsche Landesbank Girozentrale Alahli Bank of Kuwait (K.S.C.) American Express Bank A. E. Ames & Co.

| • | | Talesta Cla | up Limited |
|--|---|------------------------------|---|
| Amsterdam-Rotterdam Bank N.V. Andr | esens Bank A/S | Bache Halsey Stuart Shields | Banca Commerciale Italiana |
| Banca del Gottardo Banca Nazionale del | Lavoro Bank J | Julius Baer International | Bank Guizwiller, Kurz, Bungener |
| Bank of Helsinki Bank Leu International B | ank Moes & Hope N.Y. | Bankers Trust International | AB Bankirfirman Langenskiöld |
| | que Française du Comn | gerce Extérieur Bar | ique Générale du Luxembourg S.A. |
| Banque de l'Indochine et de Suez | Banque International | le à Luxembourg S.A. | Banque Nationale de Paris |
| Banque de Neuflize, Schlumberger, Mallet | Banque de Paris et d | es Pays-Bas Banque d | : Paris et des Pays-Bas (Suisse) S.A. |
| Banque Privée de Gestion Financiere | Banque Rothschild | Banque de l'Union Euro | péenne Banque Worms |
| Barclays Bank International Buring | Brothers & Co., Limited | Bayerische Landesbank | Bayerische Vereinsbank |
| Bergen Bank Berliner Handels- un | nd Frankfurter Bank | B.S.J. Underwrite | rs Chase Manha((an |
| Christiania Bank og Kreditkasse | CIBC 1 imited | Citicorp International Group | Commerzbank, Aktengeselbahat |
| Compagnie de Banque et d'Investissements (Unde | | Copenhagen Handelsb | |
| Creditanstalt-Bankverein Credit Commerc | ial de France Cr | édit Lyonnais Daiwa Fu | |
| Den norske Creditbank Deutsche Bank | Deutsche Girozen Deutsche Kommune | | NK • Dresdner Bank |
| | an Banking Company | First Chicago | Robert Fleming & Co. |
| | d Bank der Österreichis Africageselbehaft | | Goldman Sachs International Corp. |
| Götabanken Groupement des Banquiers | | Hambro Pacific R. | Henriques jr. Bank-Aktieselskab |
| Hessische Landesbank Hill Samuel & Co. | | | |
| Kredietbank S.A. Luxembourgeoise Kuhn Lo | Limited eb Lehman Brothers | Kuwait Foreign Trading, Con | Limited tracting & Investment Co. (S.A.K.) |
| Kuwait International Investment Co. (S.A.K.) | International Lazard Frères & Cie | | |
| | ontagu & Co. | Morgan Grenfell & Co. | Nesbitt, Thomson |
| The Nikko Securities Co., (Europe) Ltd. | Nomura Europe N. V | | |
| Orion Bank Pierson, Heldring & Pierson N. | V. PKbanken | Postipankki Privatban | ken N. M. Rothschild & Sons |
| Rothschild Bank A.G. Rowe & Pitman | Salomon Brothers Inter | | |
| Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken J. Henry S | Schroder Wagg & Co. | Smith Barney, Harris Upl | |
| Société Générale de Banque S.A. Sparbankerna | | | n Svenska Handelsbanken S.A. |
| Union Bank of Finland Ltd. Union Bank of No. | | ind Westbank J. Vontobel & | Co. S. G. Warburg & Co. Ltd. |
| Wardley Dean Witter Reynolds Int | | Wood Gundy | Yamaichi International (Europe) |



Date

Sent 6-21

Official Distributors for Rolls-Royce and Bentley.

H.A.FOX 34 Dover Street, London, Tel. 01-499 8962

34 Dover Street, London. Tel. 01-499 8962
11 1978 June Rolls-Royce Silver Shadow II Saloon.
ROYCE Caribbean Blue, Magnolia leather, Speedometer reading 8,800 miles. 1977 May Rolls-Royce Silver Shadow II Saloon.

Brewster Green, Tan leather. Speedometer reading 5.500 miles. 1976 Aug. Rolls-Royce Silver Shadow Saloon. Regency Bronze, Dark Brown leather. Speedometer reading 24,000 miles. 1976 Aug. Rolls-Royce Silver Shadow Saloon, Scychelles Blue, Beige leather. Speedometer reading

1976 Jan. Rolls-Royce Silver Shadow Salson. Walnut, Beige leather. Speedometer reading 43,000 miles 1976 Feb. Rolls-Royce Silver Shadow Saloon, Pewter, Green leather. Speedometer reading 39,500 miles.

1975 Feb. Rolls-Royce Corniche Saloon. Moorland, Beige leather, Speedometer reading 4.800 miles. 1973 May Rolls-Royce Silver Shadow Saloon, Black

over Walnut, Black leather, electric sliding sunronf. Speedometer reading 38.600 miles 1973 May Rolls-Royce Silver Shadow Saloon. Alpine Grey. Beige leather. Speedometer reading 66,000 1973 Feb. Rolls-Royce Corniche Convertible. Silver Chalice, Red leather. Speedumeter reading 46,750

miles.

1973 Jan. Rolls-Royce Silver Shadow Saloon, Shell Grey over Seychelies Blue. Dark Blue leather, Speedometer reading 45,000 miles.

218,450
1972 June Rolls-Royce Silver Shadow Saloon. Coffee Bean Brown, Magnolia leather. Speedometer reading 25,000 miles. 25,000 miles. 1972 June Rolls-Royce Silver Shadow Saloon.

Seychelles Blue, Beige leather. Speedometer reading 1971 Feb. Rolls-Royce Sliver Shadow Saloon, Tudor Grey, Beige leather. Speedometer reading 22,500 miles

ROLLS GUILDFORD

Woodbridge Road, Guildford, Surrey. Tel. 69231. Tbr. 859255

173 1978 June Rolls-Royce Corniche II finished in Willow EXE Gold with Beige hide interior and Brown Everflex roof, 6,000 miles, 1979 Jan. Rolls-Royce Silver Shadow II finished in Chestnut with Beige hide interior, 500 miles.

1978 Dec. Rolls-Royce Silver Shadow II finished in Chestnut with Beige hide interior. 900 miles.

1978 May Rolls-Royce Silver Shadow II finished in Peacock Blue with Magnelia hide interior and Magnelia Everflex roof. 4,000 miles.

1978 March Rolls-Royce Silver Shadow II finished in Cardinal Ead with Balve hide interior. 17,000 miles.

Cardinal Red with Beige hide interior, 17,000 miles, 1978 Feb. Rolls-Royce Silver Shadow II finished in Chestnut with Magnolia hide interior and Magnolia Everflex roof, 14,000 miles. 1978 Jan. Rolls-Royce Silver Shadow II finished in Cardinal Red with Beige hide Interior. 1,000 miles. 1978 Jan. Rolls-Royce Silver Shadow II finished in Gunmetal Grey with Grey hide interior, 10,000

1978 Sept. Rolls-Royce Silver Shadow II finished in Shell Grey with Red hide interior, 3,000 miles.

TORQUAY

Lieburne Square, Torquay. Tel. (1900) 2000.

1975 July Corniche Convertible in Walnut with Beige hide upholstery and Beige hood. A beautiful one owner car. 30,000 miles. Offered at 1976 Jan. Corniche 2 door Saloon in Silver Chalice owner car. 30,000 miles. Offered at 1976 Jan. Corniche 2-door Saloon in Silver Chalice with Black Everflex roof and Deep Red hide 138,000 miles only. upholstery. 23,000 iniles only.

1977 Aug. Silver Shadow in Willow Gold with Brown Everflex roof and Beige hide upholstery. Picnic tables. 7.800 miles. Superb. 233,500 1976 model (regd. Nov. 1975) Silver Shadow in Moorland with Beige upholstery. Only 23,900 miles. Outstanding; to be registered with a 'V' Reg. No. on 1st August. 1974 Aug. Flared Arch Silver Shadow in Seychelles

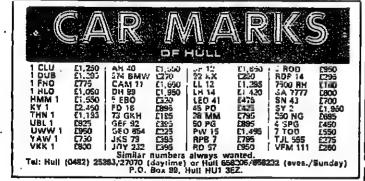
Blue with Blue hide, 61,400 miles. A sound invest-



NORTHAMPTON 592 Weilingborough Road, Northampton. Tel. 401141

Jaguar XJ6. With automatic transmission, 100 miles only. Ex-Regional Director's car. Fantastic saving on





CITROEN CX 2400

PALLAS C-MATIC PALLAS MANUAL 1977. Blue with blue jarsey trim Power steering, C-matic, radio,

stereo, 23,000 miles only. Excellent 23,450 €3,450 Terms or Lease from £285 deposit Terms or Lease from £312 doposit, £95 monthly inc. 12,000 miles Aut £104 monthly inc. 12,000 miles Auto-guard warranty.

ELITE MOTOR SERVICES

Ashby/Leic. 0283 219183/219208

CITROËN in the City

For a comprehensive range of Citroën cars including GSX 3 cail

01-377 8811 Cooper Car Company 20 Paul Street London, EC2



CITROEN 2400

1977. Metallic green with being jersey trim. Power assisted steering, radio, 26,000 miles only. Superb

minus 14 per cent. The survey shows that the main reason for pessimism among consumers is rising their pessimism to one factor-

BRISTOL HIGHLOHT OF THE YEAR!



A 1979 412/S2 is a full seloon and convertible in one car—£31,160 or lease.

"The cars themselves are quick, silent, smooth, dignified, yet have sporting handling and steering without any loss of ride comfort. They appeal to those who find Rolls-Royces too slow or obvious and Aston Martins too

Bristol Cars Ltd. 364-370 Kensington High St. London W14 8NL. 07-603 5556

18 THE REPORT OF THE PARTY OF T BUSINESSMAN'S DIARY 🐇

UK TRADE FAIRS AND EXHIBITIONS

July 23—27 How to seil into the Common Market Exhibition— Wembley Conference Centre IMPO EXPO (01-248 4444)

July 23—28 Middle East Business Expo 79 (01-580 5816) Grosvenor House

July 24—29 21st Brighton Autiques Fair (04888 22562) Corn Exchange, Brighton July 24—26 Royal Welsh Show (Builth Wells 3683) July 25—26 July 27—Aug. 1... July 29—Aug. 2... July 31—Aug. 4... Vandalproofing Exhibition (01-261 8000) British Musical Instrument Trade Fair (01-428 4700) International Gifts Fair (01-\$55 9201) Tyneside Summer Exhibition (0632 28520) Aug. 5-8 Aug. 17-19 Aug. 19-23 British Furniture Manufactrs. Exbn. (01-724 0851) Custom Car Show (08833 4371) International Craft and Hobby Fair (04252 72711) Education and Communication Technology Exhibition (01-722 4139) International Motor Cycle Show (01-741 2156) Aug. 21-23 Aug. 25—Sept. 1... Sept. 3—7 International Music Publishing and Recording Industry Show—INTERPOP (01-486 0059) Offshore Europe Exhibition and Conference (01- Aberdeen Sept. 3-7

549 58311 Point-of-Sale Exhibition (01-340 3291) Sept. 4—6 Point-of-Sale Exhibition (01-340 3291)
Sept. 4—7 International Carpet Fair (021-705 6707)
Sept. 4—7 International Implant Printing Show—REPRO.
WORKSHOP (01.647 1001) WORKSHOP (01-647 1001) Int. Hardware Trades Fair (St. Albans 63213)

OVERSEAS TRADE FAIRS AND EXHIBITIONS

International Engineering Exhibition International Public Works and Municipal Services Johannesburg
Exhibition—CIVICON (01-486 1951) Horse Show (Dublin 680645) Aug. 9—10 Aug. 11—19 Computer Exhibition (01-930 7955) Austrian Timber Fair (01-584 6938) Aug. 13—16 National Hardware Show Engineering Exhibition

Aug. 20—Sept. 20 International Fair

Aug. 20—24 International Fair

Aug. 20—24 International Fair Aug. 13—17 ENVIRO 79—The International Environmental and Singapore
Engineering Exhibition International Fair
International Packaging and Food Processing
Exhibitinn—PAKPROCESS (01-486 1951)
International Radio and TV Exbn. (01-540 1101)
Zuspa: International Shoe Samples Fair

Berlin Aug. 26—27 Aug. 26—29 Aug. 26—29 Frankfurt International Fair (01-734 0543) International Fair (01-734 0543) Pharmaceutical and Chemist Supplies Exhibition (01-486 1951) Aug. 28—31 Aug. 29—Sept. 12 Aug. 31—Sept. 9... Electrical and Electronics Components Exhibition Timber and Woodworking Industry Exhibition International Fair of Consumer Goods (01-374 8034)

International Trade Fair International Fair of Algiers Technical Trade Expo (01-242 4784) International Leather Week (01-439 3984) Sept. 8—16 International Autumn Fair (01-54 6938)
Sept. 12—20 International Engineering Fair (01-278 0281)
Sept. 13—16 International DIY Trade Fair (01-236 0911)

July 23—24 Financial Times: Budget 1979—New directions for the British Economy (01-236 4382)

July 23—27 BACIE: Training for the Office (01-636 5351)

July 24—25 LAMSAC: Housing Management and the Computer (01-828 2333)

LAMSAC: Mini and Miny Computers in Local Recent's Park NW1 Government (01-828 2833) July 30—Aug. 17 Compower: Basic Trainee Programming Course Cannock, Staffs (Cannock 2511) British Safety Council: Product Liability-Let the Hilton Hotel, W1 Sept. 3—7 MSS Computer and Business Consultancy. The Esecutive Secretary (Worthing 34755)

Sept. 3—7 Brunel Management Prog: Production Management Brunel University and Human Behaviour (Uxbridge 56461)

Sept. 6—7 MSS: Management Skills for Women (Lincoln Lincoln

Soller Boware (01-741 3812)
MSS Computer and Business Consultancy: The Worthing EMS: The Japanese Approach to Product Quality Institute of Directors, Management (High Wycombe 33171)
Pall Mal
Freight Information Services: Practical Marketing
for Road Hauliers (Southport 38516)
ASUAG: International Chronometry Congress (01-

Stockholm

Builth Wells, Powys West Centre Hotel, Fulham

Wembley Conference Centre

West Centre Hotel, London

Wembley Conference Centre

Newcastle upon Tyne

Bristol Exbn. Centre

Holland Park School

Olympia

Olympia

Manchester

Earls Court

Harrogate

Olympia

Melbourne

Hong Kong Klagenfurt

Chicago

Gothenburg Algiers Cairo Paris Vienna

Johannesburg

Frankfurt

BUSINESS AND MANAGEMENT CONFERENCES

The energy crisis was cited by age group is returning to its

this reason is down from 60 of minus 11 per cent compares per cent in June to 53 per cent. with minus 12 per cent last

must improve" as their reason. C2DE (manual) women, whose

A slightly larger proportion month. The improvement is

pessimistic.

Some 25 per cent felt better off

than a year ago, while 36 pc;

cent felt worse off. The index

almost entirely accounted for by

OFF PRIST PROSPERITY

ABC I MEN

Sackville Hotel, Hove LAMSAC: Minl and Micro Computers in Local Regent's Park, NW1 Oyez-IBC: International Conference on Cohesive Churchill College, Cambridge Sediments (01-242 2481)

Sept 10-12 Sept. 12-13 Financial Times: Korea in the 1980s (01-236 4382) Seoul

this may increase.

FT SURVEY OF CONSUMER CONFIDENCE

Rising prices keep hopes down

election win and the adoption

of policies considered right. The

proportion of optimists giving this reason is down from 60

than last month gave "things

60: LULIULU LULIU

BY DAVID CHURCHILL, CONSUMER AFFAIRS CORRESPONDENT

CONSUMER CONFIDENCE has not yet shown any signs of re-covery, from its sharp post-15 per cent of pessimists, but customary position as the least The main reason for optimism
remained the Conservative marginally improved this month. Budget decline according to the latest Financial Times survey of consumer confidence published

For the second month running, the index of consumer confidence stands at minus 29 per cent—its lowest level since the economic crisis of autumn 1976. The continuing low confidence since the Budget suggests that the Government has not yet convinced people that its income-tax cuts will outweigh the increased VAT.

The survey found that the number of people expecting conditions to improve fell from 18 per cent to 15 per cent. The number expecting conditions to worsen fell from 47 per cent

to 44 per cent. This gave an index of minus 29 per cent, but probably the most significant point was the increase—from 35 per cent to 41 per cent-in those who expected things to stay " about the

This suggests that the fall in confidence has stabilised and that consumers are adopting a "walt and see" approach. But the six-monthly index, which gives a longer-term view of changes in confidence, is likely to fall next month as the sharp drop in confidence after the Budget is fully reflected.

The six-monthly index fell steadily in 1978 and the first half of 1979. There were indications in April and May that this was being reversed but it is now

prices, cited by 48 per cent of the highest proportion for some time of pessimists attributing are fairly evenly spread.

The Conservative election viclory is declining as a reason for more pessimistic. The younger 1,024 adults was interviewed. after the election, and 27 per cent last month, to 19 per cent

Perhaps the most significant index is up 14 per cent from

The July survey shows few differences between social for six months, shows no sign classifications. As last month, of recovery ABC1 women (professional and executive) are less pessimistic buying large consumer durables than other subgroups. Other has dropped another three wise, none of last month's points to minus 17 per cent pessimistic consumers, against massive change to minus which, apart from January 1974, 16 per cent last month. This is indices has been recovered. The is the lowest some since the indices has been recovered. The is the lowest score since the expectations of economic gloom survey began in 1970.

exceeding the concern over dropped another, four points carried out between July 5 and strikes at the beginning of the from last month's lowest rating 11 by the British Market Refor nearly three years.

increase is in those who quoted last month's unprecedentedly tax cuts or "people getting low level. The index for all more money." This factor rose other subgroups is down more money." This factor rose other subgroups is down. from 5 per cent last month to ABC1 men remain the only subgroup with a positive index. The six monthly index, in decline

The index showing views on

The Financial Times survey The index for ABC1 men has of consumer confidence was search Bureau, on behalf of the People over 35 have become Financial Times. A sample of



The quarterly report as of 31st March, 1979 of

Leveraged Capital Holdings N.V.

has been published and may be obtained from PIERSON, HELDRING & PIERSON N.Y. Amsterdam.

This week **Parliament**

air fares to Western Europe.

COMMONS-Debate on regional industrial policy. Motion on regional development grants order, motions on employ-

ment protection and unfair dismissal orders, LORDS - Finance Bill, all Education Bill, remeining stages. Various motions

Criminal Injuries Compensation Bill, committee. Short debate on Gibraltar's membership of EEC.

motions. Gaming Amendment Bill, second reading. Short debate on Red Indians. Short debate on Cyprus.

LORDS—Limitation ment Bill, third reading. Charging Orders Bill, third reading. EEC Salaries Bill, third reading. Various motions for approval. Short debate on working party on dogs. Short debate on postal charges on magazines.

FRIDAY COMMONS rises for summer

adjournment. LORDS-Consolidated Fund, Royal Assent to Bills. House rises for summer adjourn-

£1m factory

wash, Derbyshire.

COMMONS-Competition Bill. second reading. Motions on Debate on growing urgency

TOMORROW

for approval:

WEDNESDAY COMMONS—Debate on Southern

Africa. Motions on various LORDS-Various orders and

THURSDAY

COMMONS-Consolidated Fund

Lace company's

£5m-worth of lace a year.

Northern Ireland Orders. LORDS—Companies Bill, third reading, EEC Salaries Bill (Money) second reading. of energy situation in Europe. Short debate on reduction of

ONE OF THE oldest lace mamifacturers in the world, the Birkin group of Nottingham, has opened a new £1m headquarters for its knitted lace division at a purpose built, airconditioned factory at Borro-

To ensure continued production, the factory has its own generator in case of an electricity failure, and the boiler plant can be opened on either gas or oil at the flick of a switch. The company sells abroad almost half its output of

TODAY

TODAY, SHY 23

COMPANY METTINGS—
Amber industrial, Carter House, 2 and 4.

St. Mary Ask. EC 230.

St. Mary Ask. EC 240.

St. Mary Ask. EC 250.

St. W.C. 12.00.

Property Holdings and Invest. Tot. The Dorchester: Park Lane, W., 12.15.

Dorchester: Park Lane, W., 12.15.

Dorchester: Market Market Place 12.30.

Place Michaeler House. 100. Yold

BOARD MEETINGS Finals:
AAH
Stiring Kultting
Wyatt (Woodrow)
Interime:
Howard Machinery
Rock Darham
UK INVS.
DIVIDEND & INTEREST PAYMENTS—
Churchbury Estates, 4,733a, 0,04356
Clarke, Nicholis and Coembs 1,2055p
Harrin 0,259
Marshall's, Universal 3,0411p
Middand Intol. Einancial Serviciar B.V. Grd.
Floating Rate Notes 1983 591-92
TOMORROW, MULY 244

TOMORROW, JULY 24 TOMORROW SULY 24.
COMPANY MEETINGS—
Attwood Garates, Clarendon Hotel, Chapsi
Ash, Welverhampton, 12.00:
Ash, 12.00

BOARD MEETINGS-

Arington Motor
Rosell
Shefield Refreshment Houses
Stebe Gorman
Wherler's Restaurants

Vantspe Secs.
DIVIDEND & HITEREST PAYMENTSBremar Trust
Bremar Trust
Daniblem and Leonard 0.61746Domiblem and General Trust 6.75p
Property Holding and Invest. Trust 4.
Scottish Investment Trust 1.25p WEDNESDAY, JULY 25 COMPANY MEETINGS JUSTIN (E.), Winchester House

COMPANY MEETINGS—
Austin G.J. Whochester House. Benden
Well. E.C. 12.00
Well. E.C. 12.00
Well. E.C. 12.00
Well. E.C. 12.00
Hamilton Flace, W., 12.00
Berthish and Commonwealth Shipping.
Belluc Exchange Chambers. 14-20. St.
Merry Axe, E.C. 12.00
Butter field-Harrer. Commany Roomic,
Great Queen St., W.C. 12.00
Caledonic Invests. 2 and 5. St. Mary Axe,
E.C. 3.00
Coalite, Savot Hotel, Surand,
Continental and Industrial W., 12.00
Coalite, L. C. 12.50
Dushill (A.L. Cale Royal Sh. Regent St.
W., 12.00
Monks Invest: Trost, Great Eastern Hotel, 2.00 . Juvest: Trust, Great Eastern Hotal, 1001 St. E.C., 70.00 st international, The Queen's Hotal, Readicat international, The Queen's Hotel Leeds. 72.30 300 Group; Grosvenor House, Park Lane W., 17.30

BOARD MEETINGS

46.2628 Treasy: stk. 13 lpc 2000-2003 64.7627. 12pc 1985 6sc Wassell (J. W.) 0.48p Wassell (J. W.) 6A69

COMPANY MEETINGS

Arbuyhor Listham, 27 Gossa St., 2.C.,
12.30

Bardon Hill, The Holiday Ins, St. Micholss
Circle, Leicester, 11.30

Sechescod Construction, Ocason Hotel,
Serbir Legisla, Abertora Rooms, Signops,
12.00

British Lic. 12.00

British Steam Secialties, Grand Hotel,
Leicester, 12.00

The following is a record of the principal business and finance engagements during the week. The Board meetings are mai for the purpose of considering dividends and official indications not always available whether dividends concerned are interims finals. The sub-divisions shown below are based mainly on ly year's timetable.

Gooding (W.),

12.30

Plyst, Winchester House, 100, Old 87,

St. E.C. 12.00

Premier Cons. Oilleds, Watchester Ho
100, Old Broad St., E.C. 12.00

Press (William), Jon on the Park Ha
ton Place, Park Lame, W., 11.30

Sangers, Consaught Rooms, Great Q.

St., W.C. 12.00

Sheephridge Engineering, Grosvenor Ho
Park Lane, W., 12.30

Wilkinson Match, 175, Pall Mail, S.,

11.30

SOURCE METERS (METER)

- GOARD MEETINGSringis: Berge (D. F.) Burt Booker Carres

Prestive DVIDEND & INTEREST PAYMENTS, Anderson, Rubber, 2.7P 5.2.T. Omeibus, Services, 10pcPf 3.5; Chapman (Balham) 2.715p 3.7; Caffyrs 4.6p Hunting, Associated industs, 1.39p Reading, International, 1.24435p Reseding, International, 1.24435p Reseding International, 1.25p 1.2

COMPANY MEETINGS— Inlay James, 10-14, West Nile Glasgow, 12.00 Finity (James), 10-14, West New Gasson, 12.00 Gitspur, Mount River Hotel, Bryans St. W. 12.60 Lloyd (F. H., The Albary Hotel, Sp. Loyd (F. H.) Shringham, 12.0 Section of the Company of the Company of Rooms, Greek (F. St. W.C., 12.00 LKO, Interpretonal, Washelbur House, Old Broad St. E.C., 12.00 Westbrick Products Rooms, Machelbur House, Old Broad St. E.C., 12.00 Mestbrick Products Roomeron M. Exeter, 12.00

SOARD MEETINGS.
Finate Brit. Dredging Cook: (War). (Shefflets) Dyson (J. and J.) whether the Midland. St.

DIVIDEND ATNTEREST PAYMENTS
Angle-American Corpet of South A
32 corps:
Actics Brothers 2.5726
Sank of Nova Social 35 cents
Britter Estate Colleges
Confact Rate Red. 1843 82,60
Confact Engineering 2.652
Confact Engineering 2.652
Confact I J. 0.80
Dennis 1,3mes N. 2.10
Dunis International 0.4102
Britana Telegraph 4.03385
Gordon Cluica 19.
Hawthorn R. and W. 1888 1.288
Index I Lord I Test 1.288
Index I Lord I Test 2.438
Joseph (Lacocko J. 2.77)
London and Provincial Tract 2.439
London City and Westche Da. 2.777
Macarda Condon 1.8372
Macarda Condon

Robertson Foods 4.52259

DIVIDEND & INTEREST FAYMENTS
Sandoury (J. 4.859
Schiedinger American Investor
SOO Group 2.5246
Teronen Domition Santi 30 cents
(Inited Gerrantes 0.2329

Westiand Aircraft (\$\bar{\text{p}}\)
Westiand Aircraft (\$\bar{\text{p}}\)
Westiand Aircraft (\$\bar{\text{p}}\)
Westiand A. and B. Ord. 3.47889

Willtread A. and B. Ord. 3.47889 - SATURDAY JULY 28

DIVIDEND & INTEREST PAYMENTS
Sectioned Construction 1897/9
Consider Imperial Early of Commit
ACCORD
Hild Southern Weter 3.5pc Cons. 1.784 M
ENNDAY, JULY 25 DIVIDENCE & INCRESS PAYMENTS

Man and the second seco

I MET LES TAKES

Marie N. Foreign

Mars. Life.

The second secon

Sept 144

The Late of the la

OVENSTONE INVESTMENTS

RESULT OF GENERAL MEFTING AND LISTINGS OF LETTERS OF ALLOCATION AND NEW ORDINARY

It was announced on 27 June 1979 that the directors of OIL proposed that a rights, issue of ordinary shares be made by OIL and, accordingly, a general meeting of the members of OIL was to be held on 19 July 1979 to authorise an increase in the authorised share capital of OIL.

The said general meeting was duly held and a special resolution approving the increase in the authorised share capital of OIL from R2 000 000, divided into 16 000 000 ordinary shares of 12.5 cants each to R6 500 000, divided into 52 000 000 ordinary shares of 12.5 cents each, by the creation of 36,000,000 new ordinary shares of 12.5 cents each, was passed by the requisite majority and registered by the

Registrar of Companies. The Johannesburg Stock Exchange and The Stock Exchange, London, have granted

16 August 1979. The last days for splitting letters of allocation will be London 15 August 1979
Johannesburg 16 August 1979



BARCLAYS NATIONAL MERCHANT BANK LIMITED (Registered Merchant Bank) hopposited in the Republic of South Africa

:23 July:1979 ---

U.S. \$35,000,000 Banco de Chile

Manufacturers Hanover Limited Amex Bank Limited Banque Nationale de Paris Commerzbank Aktiengesellschaft Chemical Bank International Limited Continental Illinois Limited Creditanstalt-Bankverein

The Notes in the denominations of U.S. \$1,000 and U.S. \$10,000 each constituting the Floating Rate Notes due 1986 have been admitted to the Official List of The Stock Exchange of the United Kingdom and the

Hoare Govett Limited 1 King Street,

23rd July, 1979

(a) 34 421 515 renounceable (nil paid) letters of ellotation from Monday 23 July 1979 to Wednesday 15 August 1979 (both dates inclusive). (b) 34 421 515 new ordinary shares of 12.5 cents each commencing on Thursday



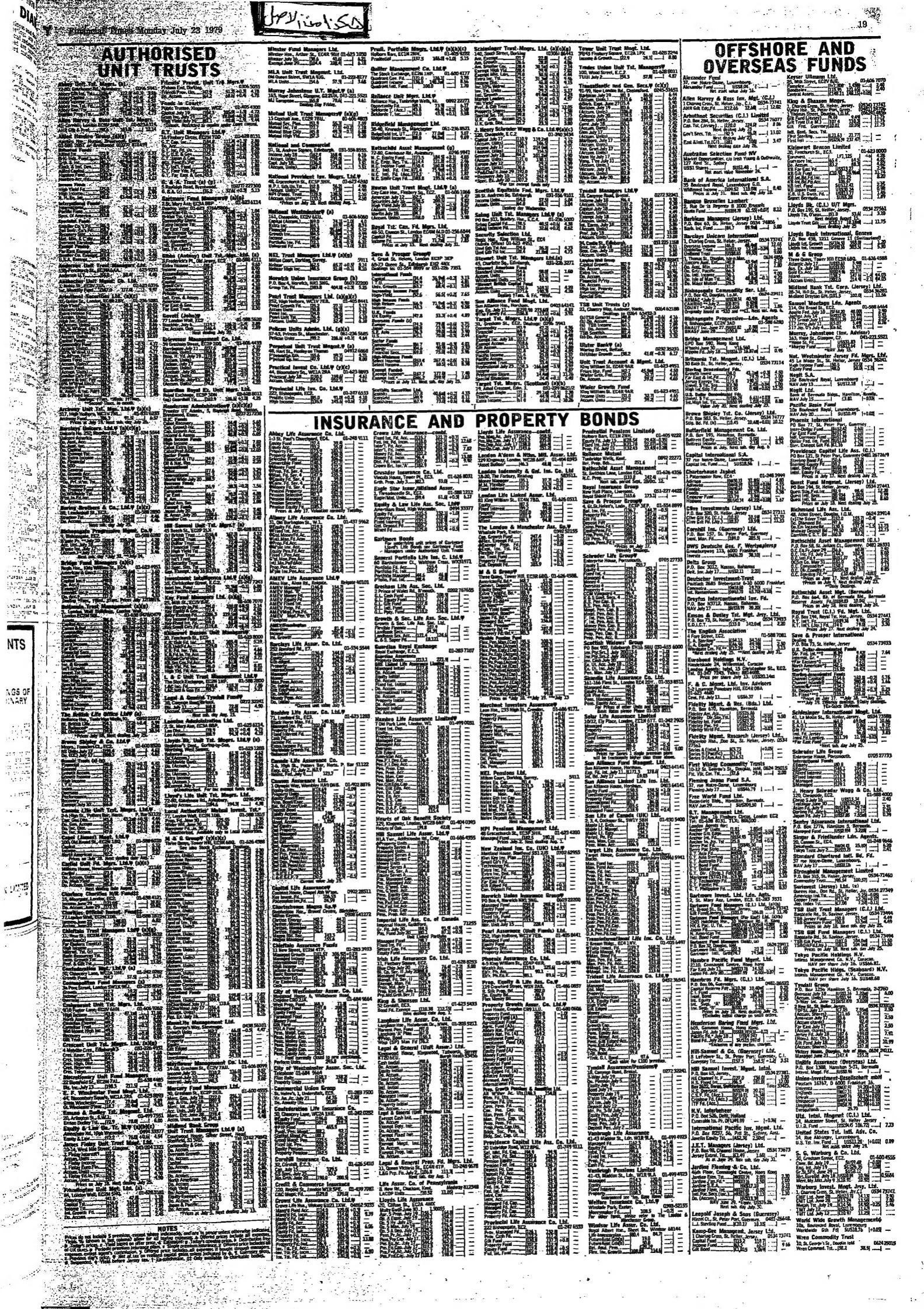
Floating Rate Notes due 1986

Issue Price 100° The following have agreed to subscribe for the Notes

Libra Bank Limited N. M. Rothschild & Sons Limited Société Générale

Particulars of the Notes and the Bank are available in the statistical services of Extel Statistical Services
Limited and may be obtained during normal business hours on any weekday (Saturdays excepted) up
to and including 2nd August, 1979 from:

Atlas House, London, EC2V 8DU



FOOD, GROCERIES Cont.

| Roord | FT | SHARE | INFORMATIO | ON SERV | ICE | Bivilent Stock Pri May Oct Ciffford Dairies 8 May Oct Do A N/V 8 Doc. June Cullers 20p 13 | ize as liet Cr 55 Pf 8 9.4 213 522 3.8 6. 24 14.74 34 131 4727. |
|--|--|--|--|---|---|--|---|
| industrial valuers | FUNEIGIA BUIADO & | Div % Red Biridends Stark | Price at Net Cur Gr's PIE Publisheds Shock | Price at Net C'12 Gr's P/E Pais | IGINEERING—Continued Stock Price Last Div Cur Sets Pre | Des. June Do. "A" 20 13. Jan. May Danish Ben. ACI 13. Jan. June England U. E. 150. Jan. June England U. E. 150. Jan. Oct. F. M. C. 150. Har. Sept Frick Lavell 20p. Am. Sept Frick Gover 50 59 How No. Class Grover 50 59 | 4 83 669 6 84 6 8 774 3 189 40 13 69 01 0 178 10 65 1.4 119 2 11 11 15 75 16 6 94 11 3 30 35 13 |
| BRITISH FUNDS | - Antofagasta Riy 30 8711 1J 10, 5pc Pref 45 18.6 1J 1J Chinese 4v.pc 1898 25 - Chinese 4v.pc 1898 25 - Do. 5pc 1925 Boxer 12 1J 1D German Yng. 4ppc. 400 412 | Dec. July Hill Samuel Do. Warrants Do. Warrants Sept. Mar. Hoog Sing 3-2 June Nov. Jessel Toyribee Jao. June Joseph (Leo) £1 June June Dec. King & Stax 20 312 9.35 May Nov. Kleinwort B.L. | 175 — — — Feb. Oct. Ellis & Everant. 0 122 2330533c — 4.4 — Jan. July Farm Feed | 34 21 545 31 9.8 0ct. Ap 93 122 5.03 11 7.716.3 Jan. Jai 92 30.10 41.34 6.9 21 81 Feb. Aw 255 85 14.34 2.6 8.0 5.4 0ct. May 8.0 1920 16.7 1920 16.7 1926 4.7 2.9 5.2 Jan. Jai 1920 16.7 19.8 16.4 19.12 0ct. Ap 6.107 18.6 010% 19.4 May Nov. May Nov. | r. IAllen W.G | 4 Jan. June Barkerd's P. 2hp 6 5 Feb. Sept. Hillard's 10p 321 Jan. July Hinton (A.) 10p 7 Mr.Je.S.D. 16raft \$2.50 £22 July Dec. Kwik Save 10p 122 Dec. Aug. Lemons Gp. 10p 127 Jan. Oct. Listfood Hidgs 152 | 75 21 100 31 45 51 12 14 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 |
| Interest Stock Price Last Yabl | May 1 Hung, '24 Ass | 6 8399 Ang. Anr. Lloyds £1 | 174 247 6.0 — 5.1 — Feb. Aug Int. Paint | 80 44,262 44 4.7 5.4 Nov. Ma 121 857.55 1.5 8.9 8.9 April 107 186,436 1.9 5.8 08.7; Feb. Jun 447 80.10 012% 1.9 2.1 2 Dec. Jun | Austin Glames 2 22 22 15.95 2.1 6.7(10) y Averys 252 21.5 48.85 2.6 5.0(18.6 19.1 19.1 19.1 19.1 19.1 19.1 19.1 19 | December Lockwoods | 1 4 1 20 4 37 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 |
| 38 3MT ressury 9 or 1801: 979 94 9.73 1259 35 3MT ressury 9 or 1801: 979 94 9.73 1259 150 15J Tressury 3 or 77-80 95 95 3.68 9.35 150 15J Forting 5 for 78-801: 96 99 5.47 9.97 | 3 1.1 Ib. Lapan 4pc 10 Ass 250 1122 1125 1125 1125 1125 1125 1125 | 3 175 Jan. July Nat. Com. Gro. | 352 123 1283 5.7 5.2 4.4 July Nov. Revertex | 312 122 +3.14 7.8 1.412.6 Nov. Ma 109 1231.87 3.0 2.417.5 May Dec. 46 2153.44 1.410.7 91 Feb. Oc | 8arton & Sons . 53 94 h256 39 69 4 | May Needlers 57 Aug Ar Northern Foods 115 Oct. MayNurdia Pt. 10p 22 Dec. Aug Panter (P.) 10p 22 Pyter Hides 10p 57 Jan. July R. H. M. 4 Jan. July Robertson Foods 159 | 778 6231 82 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 |
| 15.1 15.1 15.1 17.2 17.2 17.3 17.3 17.3 17.3 17.3 17.3 17.3 17.3 | AMERICANS Paid Stack 5 31 | Jan. Ang Stand'd Chart £ June Trade Dev. \$1.5 Sept. Mar U.D.T. Gress C'W Br's | 100 85 555 — 7.9 — Nov. Nary Worsternourine — 0.511 115 0656 0 5.7 7.5 5.4 Apr. 0.51 Yarks Chems — 139 0656 0 6.8 — 4.2 DRAPERY | AND STORES | Bostton Wm Ibp. 172 23.4 H1.34 2.0 10.9 6.8 Braitmeater II 83 21 1.67 6.7 6.7 6.8 Braitmeater II 83 21 14.33 4.1 7.5 6.6 Braitmeater II 83 11.12 Pt.2.13 6.7 5.5 2.7 87 10000 Dod. 100 63 18.6 2.77 2.6 9.6 5.1 Bristo Charrie 37 2.7 10.24 0.9 6.5 25.8 Briston Charrie 37 2.7 10.24 0.9 6.5 25.8 | Jan. June Romanice M. 500 176 Jan. June Sainstory (J.) 339 Jan. June Sainsto Holgs. 10p 25 September Sociaportes 105 Feb. June Spillers 3 56ct. Apr. Sopiral Hn 125 Apr. Sept. Stocks (Loseph) 140 Oct. Apr. Tate & Lybs 51 144 | 186 07 12 34 32 31 36 32 36 32 36 32 36 32 36 32 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 |
| 23M 23MExth. 124pc 1981 1 100-3 174 12.65 12.27 15.1 15.1 15.2 176.2 17.1 15.1 15.1 15.2 17.2 17.2 17.2 17.2 17.2 17.2 17.2 17 | / Ma.Ju.Se.De. Antex \$1 | \$1.00 3.61 Nov. March Wintrust 20p _ 576 15.5 | urchase, etc. Jan. June Aguascutum 5p. | 4102 234 17 28 5.77 8.8 Jume List 13 7.8 d0.05 - 0.6 - Feb. Nov 10 - 012% Nov. Ma 30 27 h010 9.5 1.8 5.9 July | British Northern. 39 715 20 6 7.3 6 Brooke 100 6 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 | Mar. Sept. Tesco 59 74 Apr. Oct. Unique 94 Jan. June United Biscuits 82 Aug. Mar. Watson Php. 10p 43 | ب الحج الحال والتواقع المراهم. |
| 21A 21F Exch 3pt 83 | Mr.Ju. S. Q. Barnes Grp. \$62, 1775p 255 D.Mr.Ju.5P. Bendix Corp. \$5. 177s 5.65 D.Mr.Ju.5P. Bendix Corp. \$5. 177s 5.65 M.J. S. D. Beth. Steel \$8. 971p 45 J. Ap.Jv. D. Brown'g Fer. c162s 611pm 24.7 F. My.Au.N. Brownick Corp. \$1. 611pm 24.7 F. My.Au.N. Berroughs Corp. \$5. 307s 26.7 Mr.Ju.Seb C CBS \$2.50 235s 24. 25.63 J.Ap.Jv. O. C.P. C. \$2 24. 25.63 F. My.Au.N. Classe M*hth.\$12.5 185 25.4 | 60c — 4.4 Mar. Sept Strig. Credit Did 80c — Sturia Hidgs. 10 52.00 — 2.9 Apr. Oct. Wagon Finance 53.0 — 0.1 | | 1972 878 S894. Mar 2012 291 67.09 21 7.6 7.0 May Dec 20 1311 0.63 35 45 6.7 Feb. Aug 70 85 42 11 861347 Jone Feb 250 85 7.0 2.8 4.0 11.3 Jan. Jen | Brown John St. 461 122 1724 55:55 4.0 Bullough 20p. 260 2917.68 47 42 62 Burges Produ. 45 749 35 7611.1 43 Butterfield Ney. 740 27 28 47 55 49 Candrof En. 10r. 60 - 16.6 49.9 23 95 511 Carper-Vell 10n. 685, 46 49.2 43 8.4 38 Carto Eng. 620 18.7 52 9 91 Carper Vell 10n. 687 46 77 53 49 Cartwight 8 20s. 109 98 4.66 27 53 49 | HOTELS AND History (1) Fr. 100 900 Dec. July Senet Walker 5p. 90 Jan: Sept. Confort Hellige 26 Jan: Epicure 5p. 153 Apr. Oct. Grand Met. 50p. 143 Ria: Oct. Kurssol (M. R. 25) 97 | 776 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — |
| Five to Fifteen Years 26M 26STressury 12pc 1994 99 1221 12.64 22M Each, 12pc 1985 1007; 17.4 12.39 12.50 10J 10Jul Tressury 8-pc 84-86tt 891; 46, 9.57 10.82 22J 22J Exch. 139pc 1987 1032-98 1N 1MFamfing 6-pc 85-871; 825-pd 15.4 12.82 12.54 26J 26Jal Texory 7-pc 85-88; 825-pd 19.6 9.37 10.92 15A 150 Tressury 5pc 86-89 7. 701; 23 7.23 9.85 | Clase With 12.5 18-5 2.4 Mr.Je.S.D. Chresterough 51 10-2 2.5 Mr.Je.S.D. Chryster \$64 3960 18.5 My.Au.N.F. Citicorp \$4 10-3 10-3 25.6 My.Au.N.F. City Inv. \$1.25 3880 29.6 My.Au.N.F. Do. Cm. Pri. B. \$1 12-7 2.1 F.Ny.Au.N. Colgate P. \$1 7620 11.6 Mais. Se.De. Colt Inds. \$1 20-3 5.4 | 1.08 4.5 Sept. Mar. Allied Brews 1.08 4.5 Feb. Sept. Anal. John. 1.07 1.08 1.09 1.09 1.09 1.09 1.09 1.09 1.09 1.09 | 99 186 4.31 2.1 7.2 8.3 May Nov. Cantors 'A' 200 63 12.2 0.75 6 11.2 1.0 63 12.2 0.75 6 11.2 1.0 63 12.2 1.0 63 12.2 1.0 63 1.0 64 | 254 16.7 164.5 2.6 2.9 16.3 164. July 155 25.3 162.0 25.4 519.6 1.0 165 25.4 519.6 1.0 165 25.4 519.6 1.0 165 25.4 519.6 1.0 165 25.4 519.6 1.0 165 25.4 519.6 1.0 165 25.4 519.6 1.0 165 25.4 519.6 1.0 165 25.4 25.4 25.4 25.4 25.4 25.4 25.4 25. | Castrings 10p. 52nd 167 02.25 \$ 5.2 and 167 02.25 \$ 6.2 and 167 02 | May Oct. Ladir-ike 10p. 180. Jine Mr. Chariotic 10p. 253. Aor. Oct. Norfolic Cap-59. 553. Dec. June North Mr. F.J. 10p. 37. October: Prince of Wales 1.00. July Oct. Queen's Noot 50. 39. July Oct. Royton Hotels. 179. | 24782 54 52 43 2.73 0.55 3.3 38.11.3 7.3 1.2 2.6 33.13.9 8.5 0.47 3.5 1.820.5 7.4 1.34 6.7 1.610.7 9.4 0.52 2.4 1.93.9 8.6 16.94 2.11 5.512.3 |
| 15A 150 Treasury 5pc '86-89 701; 93 723 9.55 15.1 15.1 Treasury 15pc 1990 1044 8h 12.44 12.22 15.0 15.1 Treasury 81-87 90 82; 9.51 10.13 11.20 10.1 10.1 Treasury 81-87 91 97 46 12.13 12.26 50 5A Funding 54pc '87-91 97 46 12.13 12.26 25A 250 Exch. 11pc 1991 94 1193 12.22 221 221a Treasury 12pc '922 85-yz 156 12-47 12.33 21A 21F Treasury 12pc 1992 85-yz 157 11.45 11.98 | My.A.N.Fb. Cont. Hilnois \$10. 134 26.6 An.y.O.Ja. Crown Zell. \$5 | 1.7 | 182 127 56 9 61 9 Jane Sept.Currys | 1911 23.4 d5.07 5.8 3.8 5.8 Feb. Sept 87 16.19 6.18 1710.66.66 Jan. Juni 196 22.4 11.8 5.2 23.11.3 Mar. Sept 140 22.4 22.42 5.9 23.5 6.9 Aug. Feb. July 186 22.4 4.4 2.2 2.3 11.9 4.4 Feb. July 186 22.4 4.4 2.6 3.4 15.8 June Dec. July 380 4.4 6.1 4.3 6.1 4.2 Jan. June | Concentric 10p. 4315 215 2248 22 92 638 122 thild 48 677 448 677 448 677 448 677 448 677 448 677 448 677 448 677 448 677 448 678 | April Aug Statis (Ren) 10: 98 Sept. Mer Seas Syna (vt. 5: 16 Apr. Cot. (Trasshuse Forte. 132 Feb. Oct (Washer Hist. W 10: 48 Jan. Ang Wheeler's 10: 350 INDUSTRIAL | 17100 32 29 46 711115 134 135 224631 10 51 44 1116115 17 17 13 211624 17 17 13 |
| 25F 25A Exch. 12 pr. 92 987 pt. 107 12.25 12.25 14.1 14.10 freasury 12 pr. 937 1.1 16.7 12.25 12.31 13.1 15.5 Funding foc 1993# 1.66 7 6.2 2.2 2.26 19.3 23M Treasury 14 pr. 954# 11.05 17.4 12.66 12.43 15. 1M Treasury 14 pr. 94# 11.05 17.4 12.66 12.43 15. 10.7 17.4 12.66 12.43 12.52 | J. Ap. Jy. Of Fisor Corp. S52 | 14.00 | 159 4.6 72.93 5.0 2.6 8.8 Jan. July Dr. 34.5 p | 23 2/11B 3.7 7.3 5.2 Apr. Oct. 62 4.6 205 2.7 4.71M. February 35 26.7 2.26 1.8 9.2 8.8 June 142 21 102.8 5.1 2.8 9.9 Feb. July 122.2 2.15 2.5 2.9 2.9 2.4 Mar. July 122.2 2.15 2.5 2.9 2.9 2.4 Mar. July | Dr.J. Met W10p. 37 23 1134 7.8 5.2 7.0 7.0 7.0 7.0 7.0 7.0 7.0 7.0 7.0 7.0 | Apr. Oct A.A.H 113 Jan. Jame AGB Research 174 Oct. Apr. James Bos. Ilp. 69 Nac. Oct Abbey Ltd. 32 December Agro & General 143 Oct. Apr. James Needles 143 Oct. Apr. James Ind. 200 41 | 23 6.8 23 8.6 8.0 21 10259 13.4 2.119.5 22 35 25 7.2 6.2 23 16334 6 9.9 6 49235 17 23150 46 242 12 7.220.9 21 13.6 4 73.8 6 |
| 17M 17M Treasury Opc '94th 834 11.02 11.58 25ku 25ku Treasury 12bc '95 977-pt 116.1 12.25 12.29 11.1 11.20 11.50 11.20 | [18:00-17: Graces OND 0250 * TY-41 12:01 \$ | 95c 7.8 June Jan Moriand 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. | 100 21.5 ffil.8 2.8 2.6 19.8 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.1 43.8 3.5 | 13 1977 0.83 3.4 9.1 4.6 0°c. May 137 9.4 6.21 2.3 7.6 7.5 Lone Dec. 392 2.1 10.5 6.33 3.9 10.4 Jan. Jane 386 2.1 10.5 6.33 3.9 10.4 Jan. Jane 386 2.1 10.5 6.3 3.9 10.1 Jan. Jane 75 2.7 11.93 2.9 3.7 10.1 Jan. Jan. 136 7.4 40.2 — 0.2 — Lan. Jan. 136 7.4 40.2 — 0.2 — Lan. Jan. 136 7.4 40.2 — 0.2 — Lan. Jan. | Draite & Scuil 39 262 20 3.9 7.3 3.8 184 253 5.01 42 7.4 4.6 Duport 725 215 5.06 1.7 10.0 (6.6) Eduru (Hidgs) 348aii 16.7 9.03 4.8 7.4 4.6 Elifott (8.1 22.6 1.12 91.0 3.8 5.4 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 5.4 5.5 7.0 6.7 | July Dec Alpine Hidgs: 50 123 Oct. Majo Armal, Metas (51) 310 Acaber Inds: 210 37 Feb. Sept. Ang. Ann. Aspirali 37 Hidge (Acameter 195 July Dec. Areason (A) 106 120 Mary Oct. Associd. Courses A 130 Ass. Surgers 10p 58 | 85 276 |
| 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 | March Reliance \$0.25 21% 10.5 \$ 1.6 \$ 1.6 \$ 1.6 \$ 1.7 \$ 1.6 \$ 1.7 \$ 1.6 \$ 1.7 \$ 1.6 \$ 1.7 \$ 1.6 \$ 1.7 \$ 1.6 \$ 1.7 \$ 1.6 \$ 1.7 \$ 1.6 \$ 1.7 \$ | 1.00 — 5.2 96c — 5.2 1.06 — 4.7 12.60 — 6.8 2.0 — 4.9 80c — 5.7 June Nov. Jaberdeen Const. | AND ROADS Sept. Helese Lon. 10p. June Dec. Do. 12pc Cov. Pri- Feb. Oct. Henderson K. 20p. | 270 215 012% 182 6.7 — Mar. Oct. 111 231 30 5.7 3.7 5.7 5.9 Feb. Aug. 30 85 61.94 50 9.2 6 Dec. June 7.9 215 1254 225 46125 Jan. June 85 11.43 48 1.816.7 Nov. Jone | Expanded Steins. 74 9,44,09 1,67,79,9,6 Farmer (S.W.). 178 8,58,34 2,7,6,7,8,0 Firth (GM) 10p. 38 25,3 1,25 0,2 9,47,1,4 Folias Higgs 311 18,6 d,53 2,9,6,9,5,4 Francis Indo. 65 71,53,76 3,5 8,3 3,6 GEI Intri. 20p. 87 18,6 4,63 2,5 7,6 7,5 Garton Eigi, 10p. 78 27,5 6,36 2,311,6 5,4 Gen.Eng. 84,010 78 2,5 6,36 2,311,6 5,4 | May Nov Assir (Ley) 18h 149 Apr. Nov Assir (Ley) 18h 149 Jan Lauge Ruther £1 134 Jan Lauge Ruther £1 134 Jan Lauge Ruther £1 113 Apr. Get 80C Intel 73 May Nov 81R 51 Dec. July Baird (Wm) £1 166 | 24 20 45 25 77 29 10 1 39 40 77 45 10 36 1 50 10 55 25 12 13 36 66 54 20 158 32 77 51 21 155 22 10 72 33 100 30 46122 34 10 34 34 89 43 |
| 26S 26M Exch. 124 pc 1999 102% — 12.33 12.40. 26S 26M Ex. 124 pc 1999 44 — 12.35 12.36. 19N 19M 17ressury 10 pc 1999 997, 124 11.92 12.09 22J 22Ja Exch. 12pc 99-02 983 pd 15.6 12.26 12.24 25J 25M 7ressury 114 pc 101-04 14J 14 Lef Funding 73 pc 99-04 404, 7.6 8.71 10.11 21M 21M 7ressury 124 pc 103-05 104 17.4 12.77 12.24 | Au.N.F.My. Sperry Rand \$0.50. 207, id 10.73 Ma.in.Se.Dec. TRW Inc. \$114 | 220 | 777-2 123 452 2210.0 5.8 Kinchen Queen 10g 462 9.4 (2.55 4.11 7.9 4.0 Kinchen Queen 10g 298 27 13.2 3.5 6.3 5.2 Kinchen Queen 10g Knott Mill 10g Knott Mill 10g Holder 10g | 242 27 1455 32 32 97 Jan. Aug- 602 44 5134 3.4 3.2103 May Dec. 66 674 4— — 0 Nov. June 20 — PL67 2.6 4.8 3.7 May Jan. 55 262 118 3.9 4.7 7.8 Jan. Aug- 152 215 1629 85 17 7.8 Jan. | Glymered. 99 8.5 9.15 1.6 13.2 5.8 Granges K100 525 676 4 3 67.107 4.0 3.6 18.0 Greenbank 106 124 4.73 19 6.2 18.6 (K.N. F.). 282 9.4 17.36 1.8 887.37 18.6 (K.N. F.). 282 21 2.2 0.8 11.4 15.1 kaden Carrier. 186 8.5 8.7 1.4 11.7 (7.9) Hall Eng. 50p. 132 26.3 4.94 4.4 5.3 6.2 | HTBaker John | 120 10 89171 215 10 22 43135 3 67 361 40110 29 2 126 590 80 1286 9 4804 54 59 32 116 2116 21 560 9 |
| 5A 50 (17 casary 8a; '02-064t 734, 13 11.28, 11.52 22.b; 22.b; (17 casary 8a; 07-12.b) 525, 12 18, 12.19 10M 10S (17 casary 8a; 07-12.t) 525, 12 10.87, 11.17 25.i 26.b; (17 casary 7a; 07-12.t) 682, ml 196 11.34, 11.44 12.i 120 [Exch. 12pc '13-'17 101 85 12.02, 11.99 Undated 1F 1A Corsols 4oc | Mr.Je.S.D. U.S. Steel SI | 7.1 — Bellway | 79 184 56.5 2.70 11.8 4.0 Sept. 100.1 Not. vg. vg. vg. vg. vg. vg. vg. vg. vg. vg | 43 252 15.9 3313.6 24 Mar. Sept. 170 252 507.5 0 1.0 1212.6 9.8 Apr. Sept. 170 252 507.5 0 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 | Hall Matthese 200 215 15.66 S.8 4.0 9.9 Hall E. Sh | May Bentima 52 Sept. Apr. Berristords 76 Dec. May Berwick Timps. 76 Oct. May Bestobell 283 May Sept. Bibby (1.) 51. 425 | 46 174 25 48 20 227 239 33 43 65 56 85 95 21 19 67 (2) 49 27 53 33 57 44 67 55 9 107 \$ 256 31 57 |
| 1.1 10 War Lean 31-port | Ma.S.J.D. Bit. Montreal \$2 | 1.36 5.8 May | 26 1176 | 198 — 15-7 29 42 9 May Oct 165 4458 4458 4 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 4 | Howard Mache 30 28.2 1.12 2.1 5311.8 Howards Graup 104 9.4 5.7 6 6.6 6.0 Do. Deid 5p 12 28.8 10.78 3.5 6.2 6.5 Do. Deid 5p 11 2.3 6.8 2.8 16.5 3.7 Jacks J&RS 6.2 2.8 16.5 Jacks J&RS 6.2 2. | Jan. June Black Arrew 50p. 35 May Oct. Black (P) Nidos 232 July New Bodycota Int' 108 May Ct. Bogot Pel'A' 10s. 25 Jun. July Booter Mct. 50p 342 Jun. July Booter Mct. 50p 342 Jun. July Boots 100 342 Jun. July Boots 100 342 | 7711 22 0 94 0 4 2 2 1 1 5 4 1 1 4 1 6 2 1 5 4 1 1 4 1 5 1 5 4 1 1 5 1 5 4 1 1 5 7 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 |
| CORPORATION LOANS 2F. 1A/Birm'ham 94ac 79-81. 9312 12.93 11My 1N/Brisiol 74ac 79-81. 991 12.96 25M 25M C.L.C. 124-pc 82 991 26.10 12.60 12.76 10F 10Aug 0c. 124-pc 1983. 992 10.112.63 12.82 | J.Ag. Joy. Jan. J Do. 49c Peb. £100 2214 215 S. Ag. Jy.O. Ja. Hawter Sid. Cardin 4700 1411 154 Z. | 140 123 Jan. Juff Carr (John) | 57 11.12 sq.1.05 7.0 2.7 6.5 81 21.4 3.97 2.4 7.0(6.5) Apr. Oct. Pairson (W.L.). 75 12.3 (4.62 3.1 8.3 6.5 3.6 26.3 N2.4 2.0 9.5 (6.9) 158 21.5 u.6.0 6.2 5.4 3.9 Apr. Oct. Polisson R. &.J. 5.9 108 | 65 49 R9.15 3.0 6.9(9.2) May Ct. 62 9.4 2.0 3.6 4.6 8.6 Junie Nov. 8 175 — Gt. Jan. 80 21 2.86 3.9 5.1 5.6 Dec. May 104 26.2 (6.67 2.0 9.27.0) July Feb. 10 16.10 0.30 3.6 4.3(7.0) 3.0 4.3(7.0) 3.6 4.3(7.0) 3.0 4.3(7. | lones Group 10s1 50 16.10 3.9 5 11.9 5 10.00 3.00 15.0 | July Hor. Bowmer £1 155 Jan. Aug. Barby Lessle 100 63 Jan. Aug. Brady links. AV 399 Get. Mary Beaponer (1): 202 138 May Beaponer (1): 202 138 Brigger Proc. 50. 752 Nov. May Bridger 1-6 200, 35 | 715 10.03 1.910.01 6.6 10.65.01 2.511.4 4.7 12.815.03 -1 4.7 12.6 5.6 2.6 5.6 7.8 16.712 6 15.9 1772 -23.62.6 18.84 7.5 |
| 15My 11NGlasgow 9 or 30-82 902 1910 10.22 12.85 22M 22N Herts. Super 78-80 942 23 10 5.54 12.20 15M 15N Userpool 94nt 38-84 942 23 10 5.54 12.20 15M 15N Userpool 94nt 38-84 974 14 18.31 12.55 11A.J.O. Do. 37 or 17red 1774 16 13.13 1.51 15J 15J 15J 15J 15J 15J 15J 15J 15J 1 | F.My.Au.N. Inf. Nat. Gas. S1 | 90c — 7.0 May Oct, Crouch Group — Apr. Oct, Douglas Robt, M. 1.50 — 4.7 Nov. May Erith — F.P.A. Const'n. Jane Fairclough Cons. July Feb., Ind. 10p — 1.16 — 5.5 Jan., July Feb., Ind. 10p — 1.16 — 5.5 Jan., July Feb., 24 '10e — 1.16 — 5.5 Jan. | 70 49 †2.98 2.0 6.2(19.4) Mar. Oct. Raybeck 10p July Readient 5p Skill Stores 129.9. Dr. 2949.1.129. Dr. 2949.1.129. July Samuel (H) 'A'. Skill Stores 129.9. Skill Stores 129.9. Dr. 2949.1.129. Skill Stores 129.9. Skill Stor | 98-1 23-1 12-68 3.4 4.6 9.1 Jan. July 34 25.2 20.75 — 3.2 3.9 Jan. Sept. 1712 276 — — — Apr. Nov. 1812 276 — — — Apr. Nov. 252 4.6 6.5 2.9 3.7 12-6 Jan. June 256 21.5 11.75 3.3 9.6 4.5 June Jan | Loyd (F.H.) | Feb. Sept. BB & EA 80 Aug: Brit. Che 1.125-0 30 Brit. Street Ceast. 25-6 Jan. June Brit. Stylnor 201, 58 May Nov. Britist Vita 114 Nov. May Britist Vita 1485 Jan. Jure Brook St. Br. 100 74 Her. Jare Brook St. Br. 100 74 | 21 31 0 57 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 |
| 11.7 11.0 De.5-1 ptc 88-57 71 11.5 7.81 11.22 10.1 10.1 0e.6-1 ptc 88-90 701 11.9 579 11.57 11.51 11.55 11.57 11.57 11.58 11.57 11.58 11.58 15.5 | Um. July ANZ SAI 187 [167] h016c | CHASE Jan. July French (Johns) 10p Francis Pir. 10p. Jan. July French (Ser Apr. Oct. Galliford Br. 5p May Globs D'dy A 10p. 3.2 4.4 7.1 July Peb Gleenon (HJJ. 10p. 10p. 10p. 10p. 10p. 10p. 10p. 10p | 76 a74 — — — 6 May Nor. Stanley A.G. 50 Nor. Stanley A.G. 50 Nor. Stanley A.G. 50 Sept. Apr. Stanley A.G. 50 Sept. Apr. Stanley A.G. 50 Sept. Apr. Stanley A.G. 50 Nor. Stanley A | 188 833.13 9.9 24 8.8 0ct. Apr. 74 9.4 h163 323 31131 ian. Julya 70 252 tt0.9 6.8 1.8 8.4 September 8 172 7.8 d0.95 2.7 8.1 6.7 Jan. Sept. 8 22 22 24 25 23 10 5 Jan. Sept. 8 25 25 25 Jan. Sept. 8 25 25 25 Jan. Sept. 8 25 25 25 25 Jan. Sept. 8 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 | Acopint 5p 28 21.8 + 10.64 9.6 3.3 4.2 12.3 + 10.12 5.4 3.0 4.8 4 12.3 + 10.12 5.4 3.0 4.8 12.3 + 10.16 6.5 2.3 5.1 12.3 + 10.16 6.5 2.3 5.1 12.3 + 10.16 6.5 2.3 5.1 12.3 + 10.16 6.5 2.3 5.1 12.3 + 10.16 6.5 2.3 5.1 12.3 + 10.16 6.5 12.3 5.1 12.3 + 10.16 6.5 12.3 5.1 12.3 + 10.16 6.5 12.3 5.1 12.3 + 10.16 6.5 12.3 12.3 + 10.16 6.5 12.3 12.3 + 10.16 6.0 12.3 12.3 + 10.16 6.5 12.3 12.3 + 10.16 6.0 12.3 12.3 + 10.16 6.0 12.3 12.3 + 10.16 6.0 12.3 12.3 + 10.16 6.0 12.3 12.3 + 10.16 6.0 12.3 12.3 + 10.16 6.0 12.3 12.3 + 10.16 6.0 12.3 12.3 + 10.16 6.0 12.3 12.3 + 10.16 6.5 12.3 12.3 + 10.16 6.5 12.3 12.3 + 10.16 6.5 12.3 12.3 + 10.16 6.5 12.3 12.3 + 10.16 6.5 12.3 12.3 + 10.16 6.5 12.3 12.3 12.3 12.3 12.3 12.3 12.3 12.3 | Dec. July Brown Bov. Kest. 45 Oct. Mar. Brestos (Muss.) 105 Feb. Asp. Burco Deas | 25 22 30 70 31 967 52 15 104 90 104 14 90 3 30 102 5 8 96 10 08 87 25 2 94 10 108 87 25 2 94 10 11 34 4 23 42 4 37 64 25 402 4 37 64 25 402 4 37 64 27 3 3 1 7 10 90 6 |
| COMMONWEALTH & AFRICAN LOANS 1.1 | Oct. Apr. Allen Harrey 51 379 123 21.44 Dec. June Arlucthrost 51 166 27 10.42 July Jan. Bk. Ireland 51 320 1311 025.0 | 7,4 Jan. June Hewden St. 10a 17,3 January Heywood Wms. | 24 215 4.82 4.8 5.6 5.2 May Nov. Do. N.V | 111 23 225 55 3.4 5.7 May Nov. Levy | debsend | Jan. May Cape Industries 283. Feb. June Capian Prof. 109 May Sept. Carvases int. 20p 68 May Oct. Carriton Inds. 245 Feb. Aug. Cavoods 212 September Celestion Ind. 50. July Cautral Mfg. 10p. 79 Dec. July Cau, Secwet 5p. 36 Sept. Feb. Centrewey 50p. 344 Jan. Aug. Chase Ways 10p. 489 Jan. Aug. Chase Ways 10p. 489 May. Aug. Chase Ways 10p. 489 May. Aug. Chase Ways 10p. 489 May. Aug. Chase Ways 10p. 489 | 7,49,24 3.5 6.5(4.6) 10,640,535,13,6 4.0 7.4 14,451,6 1.210,8 (0.0 9,47,33 4.4 4.3 5.5 11,17,52 4.2 2.613,1 10,7 12,0 4.5 4.2 2.613,1 10,7 12,0 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 5.5 4.5 5.5 5 |
| LOANS Public Board and Ind. 1.1 1JAgric, Mt. 5pc '59-89' 65 16 7.72 18.87 30.1 31.0 31 | Nov. May Bank Scotland £1 300 9.4 12.25 A. J. O. Ja Bankers N.Y.\$10 £1912 26.30\$3.00 Apr. Oct. Barclays £1 | 2.5 4.9 9.3 April Oct. 10. Ce. You. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10 | 19 | June Dec. A | C.F. Moldings 37 48 2.72 1.7 10.5 6.9 6 haine Engra 10c 10c 123 0.87 1.171 8 0.0 1 | Sest. Apr. 0a.12xHupH.10a. 19 Apr. Oct.Christie-T.10p. 84xt Nov. May/Christies int.10p. 138 Dec. Aug.Chubb/20p. 127 | 7.84 12.26 4.47 5.2 6.3 2.7 2.8 3.1 8.3 5.1 12.3 10.6 6.3 5.9 4.1 2.7 11.8 — 13.5 — 16.7 6.5 6 11.1 0 2.4 4.5 6 4.7 6 2.7 5.34 2.7 6.0 (7.0) 8.5 11.8 1.5 3.2 3.11.6 |
| Financial 30. 30. Fi 13pc 1981 | May Cred. France F75 15 577 98794 Jan. Apr. Davies (G. R.) 13 18.18 | 5.9 4.7 3.7 Jan. Ass, Latham (J.) £1. Jan. July Lawrence (W.). Ass. Latham (J.) £1. Jan. July Lawrence (W.). Ass. Dec. Leviand Parint. Jan. June Jure Liver F. J. C. Jure Jure Liver F. J. C. Jure Jure Julie F. J. C. Jure J. C. Jure J. Julie F. J. C. Jure J. Jure J. C. Jure J. Jure J. C. Jure J. Jure J | 57 25 61 8.0 3.6 bly May Agric let Sec. 10p 1 165ml kJ. 61.6 0 7.5 0 Agr. May Ratio let Sec. 10p 1 165ml kJ. 61.6 0 1 1.7 0 Agr. May Ratio let Sec. 10p 1 165ml kJ. 66.6 0 10.7 0 Jan. Berec. 10p 1 165ml kJ. 66.6 0 10.7 0 Jan. Berec. 10p 1 165ml kJ. 61.6 0 10.7 0 Jan. June Bowthorpe 10p. | 44 1311 (22) 41 6.8 51 Oct. Apr. R 158 234149 5.6 1314.0 Oct. Apr. C 152 157.79 1.7 9.1 7.7 Apr. Oct. R 48 123533 1415.9 5.5 Apr. Feb. R More R | erold £1 97 27 10.25 13.15 1 6.8 interest 50 4.5 5.3 5.3 5.3 5.3 5.5 5.3 5.5 5.3 5.5 5.3 5.5 5.3 5.5 5.3 5.5 5.3 5.5 5.3 5.5 5.3 5.5 5.3 5.5 5.3 5.5 5.3 5.5 5.3 5.5 5.3 5.5 5.3 5.5 5.3 5.5 5.3 5.5 5.5 | Sept. May Copydet 10p 60 Jan. July Cosaft 58 May Dec Courts Pope 20p 69 | 215 414 33 44 85 HIII 524 - 7.5 - 88 24.6 82 59 7.6 22 59 7.6 21 52 54 35 23 16 24 40 59 61 59 61 59 61 59 |
| 31 Mr 30 SliGFC 5-jpc Deb. 80-82 841, 122 6.67 12.20 31My 30N Dp. 64 pc Db. 81-84. 785, 234 8.19 12.20 11.1 11.1 Db. 10-pc Urs. Ln. 96, 911, 44 11.47 12.40 11.1 11.1 Db. 11-pc Urs. Ln. 98 93 44 11.47 12.40 11.1 11.1 11.1 12.70 30 43 11.0 Db. 7pc Abet. 89-92, 661, 24 11.1 11.2 12.70 31Mr 30S Db. 7r4pc Abb. 91-94. 661, 122 11.35 12.70 31Mr 30S Db. 7r4pc Abb. 91-94. 771, 122 12.1 12.90 28F 31AD 6.87pc Ln. 79-297. 772 12.2 12.1 12.90 28F 31AD 6.87pc Ln. 79-297. 772 12.2 12.1 12.90 28F 31AD 6.87pc Ln. 79-297. 724 12.7 12.5 12.80 28F 31AD 6.87pc Ln. 79-29 109 28F 31AD 6.87pc | Mar. Aug Giffett Rens. £1. 255 262 1695 | 9.5 Nov. June Manders (Hidg) 17 Dec. Apr. Marchwiel | 178 271 8.6 o 27 6.4 8.2 July Dec. Chloride Grp | | aville G. (10a) 40 122 rt 1.63 2.0 5.81221 | Ary Jee Crest (J.) 108 Apr. New Crest Nichol 10p 99 Crosby House £1 174 | 386 636 25 33 6.0 9.1 186 68 6 25 9.1 6.3 186 11.37 627 3.312.8 123 63.7 6 8.3 6 124 63.7 6 8.3 6 125 63.7 6 8.3 6 |
| FINANCIA PUBLISHED IN LON | AL TIMES NDON & FRANKFURT | Jan. July M.D.W. Feb. Sept. Meyer (Mont. L.) Oct. Feb. Milbury Apr. Nov. Miller (Stan) 10p Oct. Apr. Mixconcrete. Nov. May Mod. Engineers Jan. July (Monk (A) | 1677 122 75 | 138 | per & Jacisch 134 85 (837 1810:0 6.6) pencer Cik. 20p. 36 215 (8239) 9 (95 280) pencer Gears 5p 23 715 (9.6 4.5 3.7 6.3) pirax-Sarco 196 94 5.0 32 3.6 9.6 partite 20p 173 9.4 9.39 6.8 3.2 partite 20p 173 186 12.0 4.1 6.0 4.4 partite 20p 173 186 12.0 4.1 6.0 4.4 partite 20p 173 186 12.0 4.1 6.0 4.4 | MalinSeDe Dorer Corp. USSL £26: 1 | 21110.665 5.1 3.9 7.2 72.5 0.5 4.2 4.2 6.0 12.3 3.85 4.8 1.717.5 15.1 14.0 3.2 5.2 6.6 2.7 5.19 1.7 8.1 10.3 2.11051.40 2.4 2.4 2.3 2.58 2 8.4 2.4 2.4 10.2 8.1 10.1 8.0 |
| Frankfurt Office: The Financial Times (Europe) Lt Telex: Editorial 416052, Commercial 416193. Te | ements: 885033. Telegrams: Finantimo, Londo: 01-248 8000. td., Frankenallee 68-72, 6000 Frankfurt-am-M | Apr. Nov. Miller (Star) 10p Oct. Apr. Mixconcrete. Nov. May Mod. Engineers Jan. Joby Monk (A). Jan. July Movelen (J) Jan. July Novelen (J) Jan. July Novelen (J) Jan. July Novelen (J) Jan. July Noveler (J) July Parkers Holst. Aug. Feb. Nott. Brick 50p Nov. July Parker Timber Jan. July Pochins. Jan. July Pochins. Jan. Oct. Redand Oct. May Pictric. Wall 10p Oct. May Pictric. Wall 10p | 92 85 7.26 2 911.3 3.5 Aug. Feb. 0a.8/9.com. 81 6 6.7 1166 45 5.32 4.7 4.6 6.7 1166 45 5.34 7.0 6.2 2.4 11.8 12.9 3.9 5.3 5.4 Jan. June Electronic Mach. 192 18.9 6.08 3.04 4.5 10.6 Jan. Aug. Energy Serv. 10. 12.7 23.4 6.7 3.3 7.5 4.5 12.7 23.4 6.7 3.3 7.5 4.5 12.7 23.4 6.7 3.3 7.5 4.5 12.7 23.4 6.7 3.3 7.5 4.5 12.7 23.4 6.7 3.3 7.5 4.5 12.7 23.4 6.7 3.3 7.5 4.5 12.7 23.4 6.7 3.3 7.5 4.5 12.7 23.4 6.7 3.3 7.5 4.5 12.7 23.4 6.7 3.3 7.5 4.5 12.7 23.4 5.7 3.3 7.5 4.5 12.7 23.4 5.7 3.3 7.5 4.5 12.7 23.4 5.7 3.3 7.5 4.5 12.7 23.4 5.7 3.3 7.5 4.5 12.7 23.4 5.7 3.4 5.7 23 | 311: 44 111 2.8 50 7.7 July Jan.S. 102 85 9.38 0.813.113.5 Jan. May Sep. 12 9.2 — Let June 2.2 9.5 — Let June 2.2 975 — Let June 2.2 975 — Let June 2.2 975 — Let June 2.2 9.3 15 8.2 4.1 16.27 — Apr. Cut. May Sep. 17 18.3 4.1 16.27 — Jan. May II. Jan. July II. July I | tone-Platt | log. Agr. Durapipe 97 lofy Jan. Dwek Group 10p. 14 lec. June Dykes (1) 29 ler. Oct. Dyson (J. & J.J., 53 ler. Ct. Do. 32 | 27 2.15 |
| EDITORIAL OFFICES Amsterdam: P.O. Box L1296, Amsterdam.C. Telex 16527 Tel: 276 796 Birmingham: George House, George Road. Telex 338650 Tel: 021-454 0922 | Manchester: Queen's House, Queen Street. Telex 666813 Tel: 061-834 9381 Moscow: Kutzowsky 14, Apartment 1, Niosco Telex 7900 Tel: 243 1635 New York: 75 Rockefeller Plaza, N.Y. 10015 Telex 66390 Tel: (212) 541 4625 | July Dec. Roberts Adlard. Roban Group Dec. July Rowlinson 10ps July Nov. Royco Group 5p Nov. May Ruberoid | 127 234 6.7 33 7.5 4.5 Feb. Aug. Ferrard 50p. 4 2.8 9.9 0.9 1.9 July Jan. Fidelity Rad. 10p. May Mor. Forward Tech. May Nov. Forward Tech. May Nov. Forward Tech. 3 1.8 6.3 1.2 4.2 1.6 0.6 0.4 2.0 6.4 0.1 3.3 may May Mor. Oct. G.E. C. 1.6 0.4 0.4 0.4 0.4 0.4 0.4 0.4 0.4 0.4 0.4 | 90 23.4 to 3.45 17 5.5151 Jan. Aug. 1 61 2916.25 65.9 2.5 9.1 May. Oct. 1 | 74 83 6231 55 4.9 42 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 | my nov. Ener Inds. 500. 249 Elbrier Jop | 85 10.0 44 60 40 1237 in 30 6 123 4 6 123 4 6 123 4 6 123 6 |
| Bons: Presshaus 11/104 Heussallee 2-10. Telex 8869542 Tel: 210039 Brussels: 39 Rue Duzale. Telex 2283 Tel: 512-9037 Calino: P.O. Box 2040. Tel: 938510 | Telex 66390 Tel: (212) 541 4625 Paris: 36 Rue du Sentier, 75002. Telex 220044 Tel: 236.57.43 Rio de Janeiro: Avenida Pres. Vargas 418-10 Tel: 253 4848 Rome: Via della Mercede 55. Telex 610032 Tel: 678 3314 | May Oct. Sheffield Brick. Dec. June Smart (J.) 10p. Southern Con. Sp. Nov. July Streeters 10p. | 671-2 | 73 27.11 0.19 27 23.25.0 June Mor. 17 221 23.52.5 3.5 3.4 9.1 July Dec. 10 July 26.1 | ctor Products 145 123 th 69 6.5 1.7 10.4 No. 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 | dar. Dec Eustart Corp. \$1.5 C157, low. Feb. Eng. & Dec \$100, 26 July April Eng. & Dec \$100, 26 July April Eng. Corps Citys City 100, low. Row. Esperanza 12:9, 200 am. Base Euro Ferries | 18 220 4 62 21 087 6 48 6 86 537 24 67 71 86 537 24 67 71 9 25 317 52 33 68 122 16 42 32 93 83 20 48 |
| Dublin: 8 Fitzwilliam Square. Telex 5414 Tel: 785321 Edinburgh: 37 George Street. Telex: 72484 Tel: 031-226 4120 Johannesburg: P.O. Box 2128 Telex 8-6257 Tel: 838-7545 Lisbon: Praca de Alegria 58-10, Lisbon 2. | Stockholm: c/o Svenska Dagbladet, Raalambsy Telex 17603 Tel: 50 60 88 Telexa: P.O. Box 13-1879 | Jan. Joly USM Group | 175 83 10.95 24 8.9 6.6 Mar. Sept. Perkin-Elizap. 5388 9.48.49 5.49 3.47 7.7 Jan. July Petbow Hidg 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 10. | 35 85 018% 21 83 50 Jan. May W 88 94 13.01 4.8 4.9 6.2 Mar. Sept. W 88 94 13.01 4.8 4.9 6.2 Dec. June W. | eir Group 85 9.4 5.72 2.8 9.5 4.0 0 eliman Engry 67.5 m 16.7 42.67 2.0 5.71225 18.6 0.0 24 6.5 9.0 A 1.5 18.6 1.0 2.4 6.5 9.0 A 1.5 18.6 1.0 2.6 2.6 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 | Ct. Abre Fathraira Lawson 305. June Ferder Agric. 100. June Ferder Ct. H.J. 351.nl July Fergisson End. 23 July Fergisson End. 29 Oct. Oct Findlay (A.R.) 29 Oct. Oct Findlay (A.R.) 275 | 1146.05 27 54 95 119 115.08 24.23.0(27) 215 11.22 34 45 87 |
| Telex 12533 Tel: 362 508 Madrid: Espronceda 32, Madrid 3. Tel: 441 6772 ADVERTISEMENT OFFICES | Telex J 27:04 Tel: 241 2920 Wazhington: 2nd Floor, 1325 E. Street, N.W., Washington D.C. 20004 Telex 440340 Tel: (202) 47 8676 Manchester: Queen's House, Queen Street, Telex 666813 Tel: 061-834 9381 | July Nov. Warts Bake | 111 94313 34 26192 lan. July Restitusion. 2114 286 521 21 65 84 July Feb. Song Co. 750 4 1 28 21 2.01 6.0 4.1 4.1 8.1 8.1 8.1 8.1 8.1 8.1 8.1 8.1 8.1 8 | BBmi 16.71 5.25 | ililams (W.) 23 23.4 1.12 4.4 7.0 3.8 4.4 ins & James 192 26.3 3.67 7.1 2.7 5.4 3.6 old Plett. Tools 81 11.9 1.43 7.9 2.6 7.8 old Plett. Tools 81 11.9 1.43 7.9 2.6 7.8 old Pletter 10.0 44 9.4 11.34 4.4 4.4 7.5 1.0 old (S.W.) 200 58.6 16.7 64.6 6 13.1 6 11.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1. | uc. De. Practame dos Zag uc. Dec. Pracello C. & W. 66 uby Jan, Flexello C. & W. 66 Or. Jane Fogarty (E.) 293 et. July Fosto Minsep 160 an. May Fodiery Urlaney 115 Als So. De. Frankila Mingl. 365 uby Mar. Frankila Nos. 107 90 | 86 U.1 6 61 6 827-951 1915-55.8 27/354 44 7.2 3.8 851.85 27 28 5.8 71/552 29 47 25 150.9 21 86 65 150.9 21 86 65 150.9 37 27 184 22 56 44 48 |
| Birminghant: George House, George Road. Telex 338650 Tel: 021-454 0922 Edinburgh: 37 George Street. Telex: 72484 Tel: 031-226 4139 Leeds: Permanent House, The Headrow. Tel: 0532 454969 | New Yurk: 75 Rockefeler Plaza, N.Y. 10019 Telex 238409 Tel: (212) 489 8300 Paris: 36 Rue du Sentier, 75002. Telex 220044 Tel: 236.86.01 Tokyo: Kasahara Building, 1-6-10 Uchikanda, Chiyoda-lur. Telex J27104 Hel: 295 4050 | CHEMICAL Akto 61 July Dec Alspinate Inds. Apr. Sept Alf'd Colloid 10p. July Nov. Anchor Chem. | S, PLASTICS Dec. James Tele, Reptals. 1. | 91 715652 20 49143 FOO 18 29113.0 3.8 45 7.4 114 18.0 596 491 4.4 - 92 263 11.63 5.4 2511.5 Dec. John A. 197 725 16.09 38 25143 Apr. Sept. As 54 21 16.55 27 29177 Apr. Sept. As 56 21 16.55 25 69 81 Feb. Oct. As | The section of the se | ct. Apr. Friedfand Dyr. 163 yr. Sept. Gerkelman (193 yr. Sept. Gerkelman (193 yr. Sept. Gerkelman (193 yr. May Gibbons Dudley, 96 yr. May Gibbons Dudley, 96 yr. July Glam Sop. 400 yr. July Glam Sop. 440 October Geospe Pinton 100 13 yr. Nov. Goldman (1) 10p 13 | 22 1021 13 15 15 12 20 20 20 44 72 38 25 44 72 38 25 44 72 38 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 2 |
| Central and South America, Africa, 1 For further det Oversess Adverti Financial Times, Bracken House, 1 | ment representatives in the Middle East, Asia and the Far East, ails, please contact: isement Department, 10, Cannon Street, London EC4P 4BY | July Nov. Bayer AG. DM.50 Oct. Apr. Blagden Noakes Nov. July Brent Crems 10p. Jan. June Brit. Berzol 10p. Feb. Aug. Brit. Tar Prd. 10p. Jan. July Carriess Capel 10p. Jan. May Carriess | 31 216 9017% 14 4.913.9 | 252 16.30 16.31 3.3 2.07 7.2 Feb. Sept. Av. 40 122 15.89 4.0 25.14.6 Kay Kar. 85 15.1 13.5 1.8 7.9 0.27 Feb. Sept. Av. 85 Jane Dec. 85 Jane Bec. 86 Feb. Sept. 86 Feb. Sep | ana Group 50 193 122 35 0 5.00 4 Mins (Schey C.) 113 99 104 1 0 20 5 1 8.8 Mins (Schey C.) 113 124 144 0 20 0 17 (A.G.) 103 1 11 124 71 133 6.0 Mins (Schey C.) 103 1 11 124 71 133 6.0 Mins (Schey Core Core Core Core Core Core Core Core | ay Nov. Goldman (H) 10p 13 a. July Gomme (H) 50 buy Gomme (H) 50 Gosforth 10p 76 Gosforth 10p 29 ov. Jame Geamplar Holes 64 pr. 0d. Seranda W 147 Grimshawe 20p 60 | 25 mi - 10 mg 45 338 119 97 7.8 674 - 120 - 99 - 254 446 13 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 |
| SUBSCRIPTIONS Copies obtainable from newsagents and book Subscription Departmen For Share Index and Business News Liverpool and Manche | estalls worldwide or on regular subscription from nt, Financial Times, London 5 Summary in London, Birmingham, ester. Tel: 246 8026 | Dec. June Coast 97.4% In Mar. Sept. Da.8%Cm8179. 4 (Mar. Sept. Da.8%Cm8179. 4 (Mar. Sept. Do.8%Cm8275. 3 February Coalite Group. Jan. July Coates Bros. Jan. July Do. 4 NV. Sept. Jane Cory (Horace) Sp. | 27 110.83 3.2 47.10.7 47.10.7 47.10.7 47.10.8 48.10.7 47.10.8 48.10.7 47.10.8 48.10.7 47.10.8 48.10. | E TOOLS Oct. Aprillie June | A pine Soft D 109 155 1112 / 133 1.97 / 100 / 138 1.98 / 100 / 148 1.98 / 100 / 148 1.98 / 100 / 148 1.98 / 100 / 148 1.98 / 100 / 148 1.98 / 100 / 148 / 14 | se. July Gerrane Hilds. 50 Goodwid (W) 10h. 76 | ## 1031 52 15 74 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 |
| First bods our sawfulg | 1 - 5 11 - 1 - 1 | Crode int. Deld. | 26 2-3 Nov. Get Alean Atominisms 12 Nov. Feb Allea (E) Ballour 1 | 28 28.2 9.9 1.211.0(9.5) June Jan Ca 61 27.11 F+2.0 6 4.71 6 Ca | TS Malung 76 384 1292 34 55 61 13 rtiers 20p 182 64 64 64 129 24 078 64 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 | n. Augustus 20p. 49 n. Augustus (PL) 20p. 118m ay Nor Harris & Shekon 42 | 20 55 25 13 44 20 55 3 51 8 20 27 22 75 88 |

For Share Index and Business News Summary in London, Birmingham, Liverpool and Manchester, Tel: 246 8026

SO PARTIES AND THE PARTIES AND

FINANCIALTIMES

Monday July 23 1979

Murray

attacks

cuts in

spending

MR. LEN MURRAY, TUC

general secretary, said yester-day that the Government was

trying to make public ex-penditure into "dirty words

Mr. Murray was speaking at the trade union Tolpuddle rally in Dorset. He made a

strong plea in favour of public spending and said the

cuts would have an adverse

effect on both the private and

doing threatens group after group of workers. When you

add all these up, the sum total

"What the Government is

scrawled on a wall."



Left-Right squabbles certain during Labour's conference

BY ELINOR GOODMAN, LOBBY STAF

conference looks like disinte- to attack the Tories. grating into precisely the kind his election defeat in May.

been causing such friction in cies the life styles of labour the party look like coming to a leaders. Others are highly critihead in Brighton in October. submitted to conference are it ignored the declared views of highly critical of the Parliamenthe party conference. tary leadership and contain proposals for clipping the powers of the party leadership.

Though Mr. Callaghan and his colleagues in the Shadow Cabi-net may succeed in fending off these threats to their authority, the debates are sure to expose all the painful divisions between Left and Right at a time when

THE LABOUR PARTY'S annual party to be using all its energies been pushing in his position as

Some criticism of the leaderof internal squabble which Mr. ship was to be expected at the James Callaghan, party leader, first conference following the has been trying to avoid since election, but the criticism goes further and deeper. One costical of the last Government's economic policies and the way

Powers

makes clear, the Left will use conference again in an attempt to ensure that in future the ignore

All the clauses which Mr. Anthony Wedgwood Benn has a member of the party's National Executive Committee are down for discussion.

Left-wingers on the NEC have already succeeded in getting the rule which prevents discussion The list of resolutions, published yesterday, shows that as demanding Mr. Callaghan's once every three years waived many of the issues which have resignation, while another critics on as to clear the way for a debate on the rules governing the election of the Labour leader and re-selection of sitting

> A total of 26 proposals have been submitted calling for the introduction of a new procedure which would mean that sitting MPs would have to go through selection procedures like new candidates. Another large batch proposes that the conference's powers over the election of the Labour leaders should be increased at the expense of the

conference last year and, though in the case of the reselection of MPs, the proposal was only lost by a very small margin, the assumption is that they will be lost again this year. posals which will probably be discussed on permanently abolishing the three year rule and, most fundamentally of all, the drafting of the party's manifesto, they will mean that much

with internal discussions.

The one Tory policy which
the conference looks like being united in condemning is its plans for seiling off State assets —though even on this issue, there looks like being disagreement over the remedy.

A total of 60 resolutions have

of the conference is taken up

been submitted calling on a Parliamentary Labour Party. future Labour Government to Both ideas were rejected by re-nationalise State assets.

Cabinet postpones EMS decision

BY PETER RIDDELL, ECONOMICS CORRESPONDENT

October or November before that review. deciding whether the UK should participate fully in the Euro- is that whatever the longer-pean Monetary System. The term desirability of Joining

The delay is for internal and external political reasons and reflects the official advice of both England that sterling should not be pegged to the exchange rates of other EEC countries in the

Just after she became Prime Margaret Thatcher said the Government would have considered its posi-EEC countries formally reviewed the system in September.

U.S. lure

hits UK

tourism industry surplus.

The U.S. could attract more

than 900,000 UK visitors this

year and is now among the

top six holiday places for

The absence of DC-10s on

the North Atlantic in recent weeks may have slowed the

growth in numbers, but the

strength of sterling against the dollar will help boost the

cent rise in Britons visiting the U.S. in the first quarter of this year, compared with

the same period last year. The number of visitors to North America was 26 per cent

The ominous news for the halance of payments is that

the first quarter figures produced by the International

Passenger Survey for the Department of Trade showed

abroad to be up 14 per cent. Spending in the UK by

foreigners was down 2 per

officials believe the trend has

continued into the summer.

coming to Britain in the first

quarter of 1979 was down 7 per cent on the previous

Continued from Page 1

endorsed the elevation of Mr. Jordan, said in an interview

yesterday that Mr. Carter will find it difficult to improve his

Mr. Strauss predicted Mr. Carter would be re-elected next

year, but said he might well

emerge from next year's Demo-

cratic Party convention "between 10 and 18 per cent"

behind his Republican chal-

Mr. Carter, who has also promised changes in the White

House staff-not expected to be

major-told reporters his first

managerial priority was to find

a new chairman for the Federal

Reserve Board, the U.S. Central

Bank. The vacancy has been

created by Mr. William Miller's

appointment as Secretary of the Treasury in place of Mr. Michael

Mr. Jordan said yesterday he

would not act as a barrier

In a television interview he

stated Cabinet members would report to the President.

Carter

standing in the polls.

lenger in the polls.

The number of foreigners

cent. Hoteliers and

nding by UK residents

Latest figures show a 39 per

The Cabinet will wait until late The UK decision will now follow

The predominant official view original intention was for a deci- EMS there is an overwhelming sion to be made by mid-Septem- short-term case for delaying a decision for as long as possible in view of the recent sharp rise

The sterling exchange rate is unsustainably high in the longterm in view of the erosion of Britain's competitive position. But they recognise that sterling could rise even higher in the

volatility and hence about the mediumterm inflation prospects, as well as by doubts over the outlook for the dollar and the possi-

bility of an early realignment of the existing EMS currencies. to allow time for differences of view within the Government to be resolved. Broadly the division is between the Foreign Office Ministers, in favour of participation, and the economic ministers who are sceptical.

The decision on EMS will be There is an obvious desire to taken in parallel with British avoid pegging the rate just negotiations to reduce its net before it might be brought down contributions to the EEC Budget. The UK hopes to resolve both fically on portfoli issues by the time of the Dublin FEC securities.

summit of EEC leaders in late

There is no significant pres sure from other EEC countries for the UK to participate now since a strong pound could cause even more serious probseries of currency relationships within the EMS.

The UK has been attempting to appear a more constructive Labour predecessor on EMS and on other economic matters. The UK has agreed to deposit a fifth currency swap facilities and has relaxed exchange controls specifically on portfolio investment in

Scottish Agency curbs hitch

BY RAY PERMAN, SCOTTISH CORRESPONDENT ...

tourism proposal to curb the investment powers of the Scottish Development Agency by involving private capital in a new joint BY ARTHUR SANDLES A SURGE in the number of Britons holidaying in the U.S. is denting Britain's financial institution.

banks, the Royal Bank, Clydesdale, and the Bank of Scotland. difficulties in operating the

Clearing Bankers. Mr. Fletcher had hoped to in industry.
make a statement about the new The plan

The three main Scottish

guidelines for the Agency channel

THE GOVERNMENT is run-week, but he is now unlikely would be a partner with the ning into problems with a to do more than indicate that private banks.

Although designed by the Labour Government Interventist body, the Scottish Agency, like its counterpart in Wales, the Welsh Development Agency, has a much wider role have already told Mr. Alec than the National Enterprise Flecther, Scottish Industry Board The Conservatives sup-Minister, that they see port its activities in factory building, clearing industrial scheme and will underline their dereliction, helping small busi-reservations shortly in a letter nesses and attracting invest-from the committee of Scottish ments from abroad, but they are dereliction, helping small busiconcerned to limit its investment

The plan in Scotland was to guidelines for the Agency channel public investment before Parliament's summer through a new Scottish investrecess starts at the end of the ment bank, in which the SDA

it was thought, would ensure that companies receiving aid had a reasonable chance of viability But the banks feel that either the new investment bank would act commercially, in which case it would merely duplicate their

less strict view and would lead them into high-risk investments. The banks do not accept that there is an "equity gap," as proposed by the SDA to the

Wilson : committee, nor that viable commercial propositions -even new ventures starting from scratch—fail because they cannot find private capital to

Stein attacks Gaming Board

BY CHRISTINE MOIR

MR CYRIL STEIN, chairman of the Ladbroke Group -which was refused licences last week for three of its London casinos has written to shareholders complaining of the Gaming Board's attitude during the Westminster Magistrate's

board, together with and other casino The board, police and operators, led the opposition to renewal of Ladbroke's licences. It will be Ladbroke's chief opponent during the company's appeal against the decision later this year.

views on such practices. He complains that "in the absence of any reasoned judgment"

BY DAVID DODWELL IN GENEVA

Indo-Chinese refugees for per-

Britain last week agreed to

manent settlement in Britain.

accept a further 10,000 refugees,

exclusively from Hong Kong

and this will take the total now

pledged by Britain to almost

News of the Home Office

mission emerged in Genevea at

the close of the two-day inter-

national meeting under UN

auspices during which Vietnam

bowed to world pressure to halt

revealed yesterday that current

between the Cabinet and the now in Hong Kong camps being and to offer concrete concessions.

accepted for resettlement in the

the chaotic exodus.

15,000.

Home Office team will

A HOME OFFICE team leaves absorb 10,000 refugees immedi-

London for Hong Kong on ately but that a large proportion

August 12 to begin processing will probably arrive in the UK

The Hong Kong Government flow in the months ahead.

talks with U.S. officials are achieved a diplomatic success likely to result in a substantial in persuading the Vietnamese

number of refugees who are to attend, to stay to the end

process Viet refugees

amounted to a review of which have never practices previously been disapproved of by any authority."

These practices—not specifi-cally described, but said by Mr. the casino industry—were aired at length during the hearing. board has previously had every opportunity to make clear its

before the end of the year, to

take pressure off Hong Kong's

There are more than 66,000

refugees in camps in Hong

Kong. About 8,000 have arrived

so far this month, though in

June refugees were at one stage

arriving at a rate of 1,000 a day.

every effort to stop illegal departures." It has, in effect,

been put on probation by the

world community, which will

closely monitor the refugee out-

In the words of U.S. Vice-

President Walter Mondale, the

Geneva conference

Vietnam agreed to "make

crowded refugee camps.

Mr. Stein says he is concerned from the London Licensing that "the hearing effectively Committee there is no indication of what factors influenced the decision. Shareholders are assured that

Ladbroke will fight to protect the licences. The casinos can continue to operate until the outcome of the appeal. Last year, Ladbroke's casinos

accounted for over 20 per cent of UK industry turnover and brought in £49m of foreign currency. Profits were also high for the first six months of this year. Interim figures will be published on August 29.

Continued from Page 1

Shipyard

package of aid would be temporary and tapering. The £85m intervention fund,

used to subsidise British bids for ship sales, will be cut at once. This should have little impact as last year British Shipbuilders managed to use

only £16m of the fund. In return, Mr. Vocul has been asked to ensure that in future his department does not unnecessarily delay applications to use the fund. Such delays are said to have resulted in lost orders.

Financial limits on British Shipbuilders are expected to be aggregated over two years, giving the corporation more room to manoeuvre this year within the framework of declining support

The overall cash limit is expected to be only slightly lower than the £250m proposed for British Shipbuilders will be The Home Office said at the world will now "watch and wait told to eliminate trading losses weekend that Britain could not and hope."

over a two to three year period.



is a large increase in mem-ployment. That is not only im-moral and unnecessary, it is absurdly wasteful. "Having people on the dole is the public expenditure we should strive to do without,"

Bad seed

He accused the Government of a confidence trick in trying to present cuts that hit public service workers as a country. He said the trade movement expose the trick.

Public spending had to be seen in its true light and fitted into the battle against inflation. Using an agricultural metaphor for his country setting, Mr. Murray said the people of Britain will be "reaping the harvest of the bad seed the Government has sown" by the end of the

It was the second major attack on the Government at the weekend. Mr. James Callaghan, the leader of the opposition, called the first three months of Mrs. Thatcher's administration

He told the Durham Miners' Gala on Saturday that Government policies were alienating could not recall any time in.
the post war period when a
Government elected by such
a large majority had forfeited
public confidence so early on.

Mr. Callaghan said present industrial policy was cutting assistance to industries and firms which needed it. Government policies added to world trends of high oil prices, high inflation and low growth. It was the utmost folly, he said. The average family's tax reductions had been swallowed up by higher Value Added Tax and higher prices.

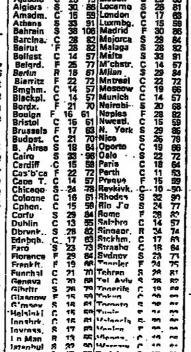
Weather

MOSTLY dry though rather cloudy. Occasional rain in the London, SE, NW, Cent. N. Eng., E. Anglia, Midlands, Lakes, N. Wales, SW Scotland, Glasgow, Argyll, L. of Man, N. Ireland Mostly dry, rather cloudy. Max 18C (64F).

NE Eng., Borders, Edinburgh and Dundee Mostly dry with periods Max. 17C (63F).

SW Eng., Rest of Scotland, S. Wales, Channel Is.
Cloudy with occasional rain.
Rather cool. Max. 18C (64F). Orkneys, Shetland

Scattered showers with sunny intervals. Rather cool. 10C (50F). Occasional rain Outlook: followed by sunny intervals.



THE LEX COLUMN

A UK eye view of German markets

premium ruled out the need even to consider spreading their funds abroad. Choice can be tantalising; they now have the chance to buy D-mark denomin ated securities with no pre-mium and with sterling at well over four marks at a time when the German market looks rela-tively cheap. There must be a atch somewhere.
At the London end they will

be receiving all the encourage ent they could possibly need The European departments of the hig stockbrokers have been working below capacity for years. They are now spiffing a good deal of potential business. the output of circulars will

Gloomier . The German reaction is ather different Characteristi-

advisers are gloomier about their own market than the foreigners who have sought marks and are looking for a home for them. For years son-Germans have complained that the German bourses were in the pocket of the big banks; over the last month the banks have become unhappily aware that footloose foreign money can move their market before

they are ready.

Much of the buying that has pushed the FAZ index into the mid-230s from its low point of 226.20 in early June has come from U.S. pension funds, and Middle Eastern money. The level of the index understates the movement, as many stocks have recently gone ex-dividend and it seems that German buyers have been following the overseas money, if not without The German equity market

has come back from last October's peak of 272 on the of the rising oil price and the steady tightening of credit by the Bundesbank. The jacking

Here again much of the impetus has come from foreign interest in D-mark fixed-interest paper: yields on 10-year state bonds have now come down to just below 8 per cent from 8.2 investor are still substantial.



most favourable point for

very flat. The relative pessimism of the German financial community, while recognising that the equity market may be dominated. by external flows for some time, reflects the likelihood that real growth in GNP and cor-porate profits will slow next

tary policy, and fears that the trade unions, faced with the fastest inflation for five years; may not behave with their proverbial restraint this winter are additional problems. The market is in two minds

strengthening from the 1.80 to the dollar level would revive the old worries about export com-petitiveness while a tougher monetary policy in Washington could bring a sudden outflow from the German markets back into dollars. The Bundesbank might be delighted, but the stock market could look rather

Engineers

thares the German banks are the Bundesbank. The jacking shares the German banks are German eguity market is product to find the back of the bond market, but heavy engineering shares for the band market, but heavy engineering shares for the band market, but heavy engineering shares for the same that their clients—Mannesmann, entering the sleepy summer the Bundesbank will continue Linde, GHH, all with strong new period when there is hittle with a restrictive policy, and order positions—and stocks with chance of prices running away, short interest rates could rise a exposure to the nuclear industrict for the long and of try, as Germany's commitment het yet touched their yets. the bond market is now begin- to a heavy nuclear investment cheapest point in sterling terms

This means Siemens and Deutsche Babcock, Siemens has been one of the star perrally. Volkswagen is almost universally preferred to the

Veba. Veba has risen less than most other international energy stocks but Frankfort bankers are expecting a rights lesse in the near future.
The chemicals have the

EIIS S

ppe

The chemicals have the advantage of high yield but their 1980 profits may be onder pressure; BASP, with spile self-sufficiency in feedstock, may be the best placed.

Last years tak changes in Correct was the changes in

1978 1979 back to the equity market but penaltsed the loseign investor.

Some German bankers believe as many companies took the

the most favourable point for There is little micage in our equities at the moment. Non There is little micage in our residents may only buy bonds ing German resident sails 69 with more than four years to —a German resident sails 69 with more than four years to —a German resident sails 69 with more than four years in per cent on BASF, for example, run, and the yield curve from per cent on BASF, for example, run, and the yield curve from per cent on BASF, for example, run, and the yield curve from per cent on BASF, for example, run, and the yield curve from per cent or even less after per cent or even less after wiftholding fax which is awkward to recision But domestic investors are yield-hungry and stock prices respond quickly to higher wings strake

levied and which offer an extradollop of yield to make up for

is the crucial one sterling has recently been more volatile deal higher yielding in moneys inquiry market terms. British funds are unlikely to intrease their overseas exposure very greatly while the pound remains on a strong upward trend, but a fund planning any sizestle exposure simply cannot expect to catch the turn in the

In the immediate future a When it comes to individual cautious policy may pay off. The German equity market is prob

ning to discount a fall in interest programme is no longer in they may not be very far off it; rates next year. It would be a shame if the formers in the market's recent British funds lack of experience: in the German market caused them through timidity or mereins per cent or so at the peak, but other motor shares, given its inertia to miss an opportunity per cent or so at the peak, but other motor shares, given its inertia to miss an opportunity the real returns to a German range of small models available, they only a short time ago would be the conditions. for the U.S. market, and many have seemed too good to be true

Stop worrying about your accounts

Rent a KIENZLE computer for £41 weekly -including programs!

INVOICING, SALES, PURCHASE & NOMINAL LEDGERS, STOCK CONTROL,

PAYROLL, COMMISSIONS, VAT DAILY-WEEKLY-MONTHLY-**ANNUAL FIGURES.** ALLSO SIMPLE WITH A

KIENZLE BOOK-KEEPING COMPUTER

you money and affecting the growth of your business. A Kienzle microprocessor computer can solve your problems, improve your. cashflow and smarten up your image! Choose the right computer! Kienzie have

fifteen models. You select your own system magnetic ledger card, high speed floppy-disk or a combination of both. Visual display mits option Rent your Kienzle from £41 to under £90

weekly or buy from £7,200 to about £15,000, The Programs included in the price. Hige selection of well proven program packages—see your company accounts running before you order!

Immediate delivery from stock It is easy to switch to a Kienzle. Easy to install - just plug it in and we'll show you how to operate it, using your existing staff. Kienzie Data Systems, 224 Bath Rd., Slough SLI 4DS

KIENZLE

Tel Slough 33355 Telex 848535 KIENZL G

Manchester, Tunbridge Wells, Washington,

All our own work

Visit other Kienzle users. Ask them unestions.

We design and build these computers at our

own factories in West Germany. We operate

company in UK and Ireland is particularly

worldwide and our highly successful

strong on programming and field

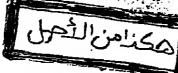
The brochures are free!

facts and figures. No obliga

servicing. Kienzie will be a reliable

Send the coupon or give us a call for

the brochures that will give you the



Computers

Mar in Party to ascheme

See and the

Protest The second second